

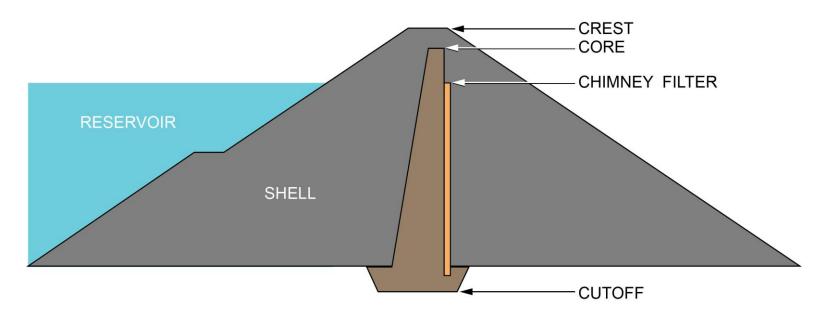


PINEY RUN WATERSHED STUDY Public Meeting

February 25, 2020

Piney Run Dam

- Completed 1974
- Zoned earthen embankment dam
- 73 feet tall, 600 feet long
- 10.6 square mile watershed
- Reservoir Capacity:
 - 290 Acres, 54 foot maximum depth
 - Normal Pool:1.7 billion gallons
 - At Crest:3.9 billion gallons
- High Hazard Designation





Piney Run Dam













Piney Run Dam Condition

- Inspected annually by County, State (MDE), and NRCS engineers
- Last inspection: November 5, 2019
- Good condition, well-maintained
- No findings in recent visual inspections that raise a safety concern



Study Drivers

- Regulatory changes
 - Flood performance requirements
 - Auxiliary Spillway performance requirements
- Specific Regulatory Concerns
 - Auxiliary Spillway Capacity
 - Auxiliary Spillway Erodibility
- Current events Oroville, California

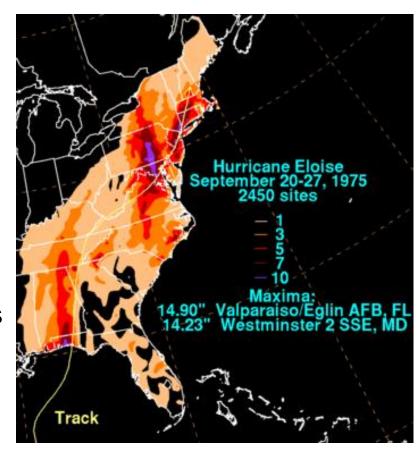


Auxiliary spillway



Spillway Capacity – What is the PMF?

- Probable Maximum Flood: the flood expected from the most severe combination of critical meteorological and hydrologic conditions that are reasonably possible in the watershed.
 - ~39 inches in 72 hours
 - Comparison:
 - Hurricane Eloise (1975): ~14.3 inches in 72 hours (Piney Run in service for less than one year)
 - Ellicott City (2016): ~6.6 inches in 2 hours
 - Hurricane Harvey TX (2017): ~50 inches in 6 days



Storm rainfall totals during Hurricane Eloise, 1975 (courtesy: NOAA)

Spillway Capacity – Why the PMF?

- PMF is the required design event for both the state of Maryland and NRCS for a high hazard dam's spillway.
- Inability of the spillway to pass the design event could lead to overtopping of the dam and subsequent failure.
- Overtopping accounts for 1/3 of all dam failures in the United States.



Courtesy: Association of State Dam Safety Officials and Ohio Dept. of Natural Resources



Spillway Erodibility

- Auxiliary spillway constructed on highly weathered rock.
- Forces on the spillway during the PMF are potentially enough to erode the weathered rock.
- Erosion the spillway could lead to a failure



Black Creek Site 53 (MS) failure from spillway erosion in 1983 (courtesy: NRCS)



Study Opportunities

- Fully-funded by the NRCS
- Fresh look at entire dam and reservoir system
- Uses
 - Flood-control
 - Recreation
 - Water supply
- Components
 - Dam
 - Spillway
 - Reservoir
 - Environment



Piney Run auxiliary spillway during Hurricane Eloise (1975)



Principal spillway outlet during Hurricane Eloise (1975)



Scope

- Phase I Field and office investigations
 - Inspections, Modeling, Analyses
 - Purpose and Need
- Phase II Development and evaluation of alternatives
- Phase III Watershed
 Plan/Environmental Assessment



Inspection of Piney Run water supply conduit rate control vault.



Timeline

Piney Run Watershed Study Project Timeline



Opportunity for Public Input



Deliverables

- Phase I
 - Investigation and Analysis Reports
 - Purpose and Need Statement
- Phase II
 - Alternatives Analysis
 - Concept Plan for Preferred Alternative
- Phase III
 - Watershed Plan/EA document

Study Investigations

- Dam Inspections
- Topographic Survey
- Sedimentation Survey
- Geologic/Geotechnical Investigations
- Environmental and Cultural Investigations
- Hydrologic and Hydraulic Analyses



Submit Your Input

- Complete a comment card and leave it with us this evening
- Submit comments via e-mail to pineyrunstudy@carrollcountymd.gov
- Mail comments to:

Bureau of Resource Management 225 North Center Street Westminster, MD 21157

For project updates, visit the website at carrollcountymd.gov/pineyrunwatershedstudy

