Carroll County Maryland



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Carroll County Mission

It is the mission of Carroll County Government to protect the Constitutional Rights of our citizens, maintain excellent public safety, infrastructure and education in a conservative and fiscally responsible manner, keeping Carroll County strong today and in the future.

Carroll County Government leads by example, respects the proper role of government, openly engages its citizens, and strives to preserve and protect the true American Spirit.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Department of the Comptroller Carroll County, Maryland

Robert M. Burk, Comptroller

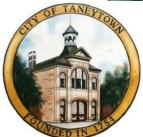


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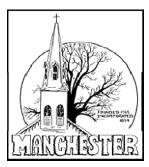


Historic Taneytown, MD Main Street



Taneytown, MD Main Street now.

Introductory Section







Manchester, MD Main Street Circa 1900

Manchester, MD Main Street now.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

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Robert M. Burk Comptroller

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Department of the Comptroller Carroll County Government 225 North Center Street Westminster, Maryland 21157

December 14, 2017

The Board of County Commissioners and
The Citizens of Carroll County, Maryland

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of audited financial statements within six months of the close of each fiscal year. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Carroll County, Maryland for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Carroll County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Carroll County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Carroll County's financial statements have been audited by CohnReznick LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that Carroll County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, are fairly presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles "GAAP". The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of Carroll County was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. The Single Audit Report starts on page 244.

Management's discussion and analysis "MD&A" immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government:

Carroll County was created pursuant to an Act of the General Assembly of the State of Maryland on January 19, 1837. Carroll County is situated in the north central part of Maryland lying south of the Pennsylvania state line, which is part of the historic Mason-Dixon line. It is bordered on the east by

Baltimore County, on the south by Howard County and on the west by Frederick County. The County is 456 square miles in area and is approximately 27 miles both in length and width with a 2017 population estimate of 173,594. The County seat and largest city is Westminster. Carroll County is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. During the last three decades, the basic character of the County's land and residents has changed from predominantly rural to suburban and rural.

Carroll County has operated under the commissioner form of government since the County was formed by the State of Maryland legislature. The County is governed by an elected five-member Board of County Commissioners (the "Board"). The Board may only exercise such powers as are conferred upon it by the General Assembly of Maryland. The Board operates under the Code of Public Local Laws of Carroll County, 2013 Edition, as amended, being Article 7 of the Code of Public Local Laws of Maryland. Both the executive and legislative functions of the County are vested in the Board of County Commissioners. The Board is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and appointing a County Administrator, a Clerk to the Board, and the directors of various departments. The County Administrator and Clerk to the Board are charged, generally, with the day-to-day management of the County. The board members serve four-year concurrent terms, limited to two consecutive terms by State law. The County is divided into five districts based on equal population. Each district elects a commissioner to represent their district.

Carroll County provides a full range of services including public safety (police, volunteer fire protection, emergency services and detention center), highways and streets, sanitation, planning and zoning, economic development, culture-recreation, education, a community college, libraries, judicial and general administrative services. The County also operates, in conjunction with the State, services related to general community health and human services. In addition, the County operates a water and wastewater utility, a solid waste operations, a septage treatment operation, an airport, a firearms facility (shooting range), and a fiber network as enterprise funds.

Carroll County is also financially accountable for a legally separate board of education, community college, library system, and economic development services to commercial enterprises, all of which are reported separately as component units within Carroll County's financial statements. Additional information on these legally separate entities can be found in Note 1 of the notes to the financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for Carroll County's financial planning and control. All agencies of the County are required to submit requests for appropriation to the Department of Management and Budget in December of each year. Management and Budget uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. Management and Budget then presents this proposed budget to the Commissioners for review prior to April 30. The Commissioners are required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than 30 days before the close of the County's current fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., general government), and department (e.g., planning). Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require the approval of the Board. A budget-to-actual comparison is provided in this report for the individual governmental funds for which a legal appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The general fund comparison is presented on page 37 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the Supplementary Information subsection of the report, which starts on page 178.

Local Economy:

Local indicators show the continued stability of Carroll County. The unemployment rate for Carroll County was at 3.2% in September 2017, compared to 5.3% nationally. This is a result of the gradual continuing economic recovery. Carroll County maintains a mix of manufacturing, industrial, and service businesses that when joined with the strong agri-business, provides for a stable business climate. The top 10 employers in the County show the diversity as it contains the County Government, County Board of Education, two hospitals, two retirement communities, two colleges, a warehouse and distribution business, and a manufacturer. Included in these employers are companies like Penguin Random House, Evapco, and Carroll Lutheran Village.

The County has a labor force of approximately 92,693 as of September 2017, which was a decrease of 2% from last year.

Long-term Financial Planning:

Real Property Tax Rate:

The Real Property Tax Rate is set by the Commissioners annually during the adoption of the budget. For fiscal year 2017, the commissioners adopted a Real Property Tax Rate of \$1.018 per \$100 of assessed value, unchanged from the prior year.

Personal Property Tax Rate:

The Personal Property Tax Rate is also set annually by the Commissioners during adoption of the budget. For fiscal year 2017, the Commissioners adopted a Personal Property Tax Rate of \$2.515 per \$100 of assessed value, unchanged from the prior year.

Income Tax Rate:

Effective January 1, 2015, the income tax rate reduced from 3.04% to 3.03% of the State taxable income. For 2017, the rate remained at 3.03% of State taxable income.

Homestead Tax Credit:

The Homestead Tax Credit is set by the Commissioners which caps the amount taxes can increase on a primary residence at five percent a year. The credit equals the County's tax rate multiplied by the amount by which the current year's assessment on residential property exceeds five percent of the previous year's taxable assessment.

Stabilization Arrangement:

The County formally adopted an ordinance for the stabilization arrangement during fiscal year 2013. The arrangement requires the County to maintain at least five percent of the upcoming fiscal year adopted general fund budget to be available to meet unforeseen emergency situations.

Operating Budget:

The County maintains a balanced six-year Operating Plan and a Community Investment Plan "CIP" for expenditures built on projected revenues. The development of six-year plans requires the County to evaluate the impact of current decisions on the long-term financial position of the County.

Capital Projects:

The County Commissioners six-year Community Investment Plan is focused on maintaining existing infrastructure. The six-year program includes \$26.9 million to continue the County's efforts in purchasing agriculture land preservation easements, \$21.3 million for watershed assessment and improvements, \$60 million to build a new Career and Technology Center, \$19 million for various public schools HVAC improvements and replacements, and \$74.5 million in road improvements for projects like several connector roads to relieve congestion in areas of growth.

The program also includes a \$11.3 million project to replace the current cast iron water mains and clay sanitary sewer lines in the Town of Sykesville where Bureau of Utilities operates and maintains both the water and sewer in the town. A funding program for water and sewer projects estimated to be needed to build-out has been put in place that would fund all needed projects through user assessments and connection fees and not require new debt financing.

Debt Administration:

The County plans long and short-term debt issuance to finance its capital budget based on cash flow needs, sources of revenue, available financing instruments, trends in bond market structures, and trends in interest rates. The County finances its capital needs on a regular basis dictated by its capital spending pattern. A financial advisor firm and bond counsel assist in developing a bond issuance strategy, preparing bond documents, and marketing bonds to investors.

The county consolidates general County improvements into Consolidated Public Improvement bonds with a term of no longer than the estimated life of the assets for which they are used to purchase. Debt obligations are generally issued through a competitive sale. However, the County may use a negotiated sale process when it deems bids received through a competitive sale are unsatisfactory or does not receive bids.

Financial Policies and Practices:

Debt Policy:

The debt policy sets forth comprehensive guidelines for the financing of capital expenditures. The policy provides parameters for issuing debt and managing outstanding debt. The policy provides guidance to decision makers regarding the timing and purpose for which debt may be issued, what types and amounts of debt are permissible, the method of sale that may be used and the debt structuring practices that may be used. The County recognizes that adherence to a debt policy helps ensure that it maintains a sound debt position and that credit quality is protected.

Investment Policy:

The County has a written investment policy and procedures manual that ensures that the investment program is strictly adhered to and the security of County investments are maximized. Cash held temporarily idle during the year by Carroll County, excluding component units, was invested in repurchase agreements, certificates of deposits, obligations of federal government agencies instrumentalities, the State of Maryland Local Government Investment Pool and a bank money rate savings account all of which are fully collateralized by United States Government obligations for periods ranging from one day to 20 years. The County also has a delivered collateral policy and a master repurchase agreement as part of its overall investment program.

Major Initiatives:

The County continues to focus on maintaining essential services. As of June 30, 2017, 70,311 acres are under permanent easement in our Agricultural Land Preservation programs supporting agribusiness, maintaining open space and our rural heritage, and avoiding the costs of services and infrastructure to serve residential development.

Carroll County continues to maintain strong ratings from the credit rating agencies (S&P AAA; Moody's Aa1; Fitch AAA) and the County's bonds are competitively sold with strong investor interest.

Pension and 401(k) Plans:

The Carroll County Employee Pension Plan, a defined benefit plan, was established by the County in 2004 and administered by the County to accumulate resources for pension benefit payments. The Carroll County Employee Pension Plan was amended October 1, 2009 to establish the Carroll County Certified Law

Officers Pension Plan. It allows eligible law enforcement officers to receive a non-reduced pension after 25 years of service. Effective October 1, 2009, the County amended the 401(k) Defined Contribution Plan and discontinued County contributions for employees that were hired July 1, 1985 or later and for those employees hired prior to July 1, 1985, who elected to participate in the Carroll County Pension Plan. Employees may still choose to voluntarily contribute to the plan. Administration of this plan is provided by the County, with recordkeeping services provided by the Lincoln Financial Group. Additional information on the plans can be found in Note 11 of the notes to the financial statements.

Awards and Acknowledgements: The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada "GFOA" awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Carroll County, Maryland for its comprehensive annual financial report "CAFR" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Carroll County, Maryland has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 32 consecutive years (fiscal years 1985-2016). The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award that recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the County also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its fiscal year 2016 adopted budget document. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The Distinguished Budget Presentation Award is valid for a period of one year only. Carroll County has received the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the last nine consecutive years (2008-2016). Currently, the County has submitted its fiscal year 2017 adopted budget document for award consideration.

The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff in the Department of the Comptroller and the cooperation of the entire organization. Each member of the department has my sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. In closing, I would like to thank the County Commissioners for their continuing interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert M. Burk, CPA

Comptroller



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

Carroll County Maryland

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

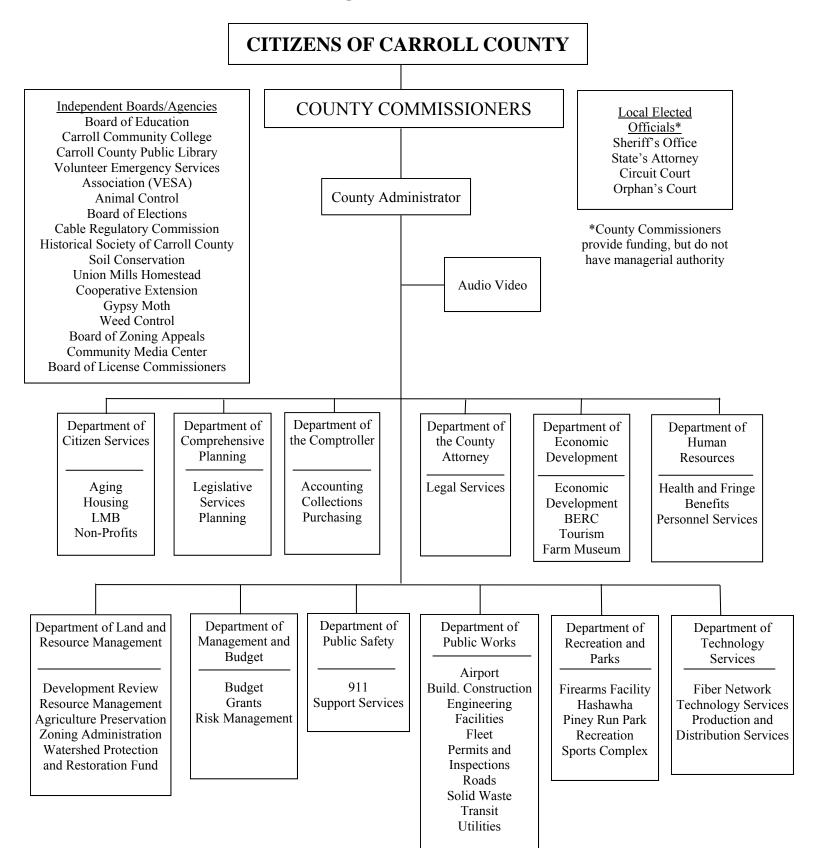
June 30, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CARROLL COUNTY GOVERNMENT

Organizational Chart



Carroll County, Maryland

225 North Center Street Westminster, Maryland 21157 Telephone (410) 386-2400 Fax (410) 386-2485 ccgovernment.carr.org

Appointed Officials

Roberta Windham
County Administrator
Shawn Reese
County Clerk
Robert M. Burk
Comptroller
Theodore Zaleski, III

Director of Management and Budget

Timothy C. Burke County Attorney Christine C. Kay

Director of Citizen Services

Jeffrey D. Castonguay Director of Public Works

Scott R. Campbell
Director of Public Safety

Philip R. Hager

Director of Comprehensive Planning

Thomas Devilbiss

Director of Land and Resource Management

Jeff R. Degitz

Director of Recreation and Parks

Kimberly L. Frock

Director of Human Resources

Mark Ripper

Director of Technology Services

John Lyburn, Jr.

Director of Economic Development

Independent Auditors

CohnReznick, LLP Baltimore, Maryland

Bond Counsel

McKennon Shelton & Henn, LLP Baltimore, Maryland

Financial Advisor

Davenport & Company, LLC Baltimore, Maryland

Board of County Commissioners



Richard Weaver President District 2



Dennis Frazier Vice President District 3



Shephen Wantz Secretary District 1



Richard Rothschild District 4



J. Douglas Howard District 5





Historic Main Street, Westminster, MD



Westminster, MD Main Street now.

Financial Section









Hampstead, MD train station now



Independent Auditor's Report

To the County Commissioners Carroll County, Maryland

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carroll County, Maryland (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Board of Education of Carroll County, Carroll Community College, and Carroll County Public Library which represent 94.7 percent, 96.1 percent, and 99.6 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues, respectively, of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Board of Education of Carroll County, Carroll Community College, and Carroll County Public Library, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carroll County, Maryland, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 16-29, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Carroll County's Contributions, and the Schedule of Investment Returns for the Carroll County Employee Pension Plan, the Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan, and the Volunteer Fireman Pension Plan, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability ("NPL") and Schedule of Pension Plan Contributions for the State of Maryland for the Carroll County Elected/Appointed Officials Pension Plan and the Carroll County Soil Conservation District Pension Plan, the Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios for the Retiree Benefit Trust and Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland, the Schedule of Carroll County's Contributions for the Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland, the Schedule of Investment Returns for the Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland and the Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions Other Post-Employment Benefits Funds on pages 162-176 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Carroll County, Maryland's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplementary information section, additional information section, and statistical sections as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as noted in the single audit section of the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary and additional information, as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial

statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States if America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the supplementary and additional information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2017, on our consideration of Carroll County, Maryland's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Carroll County, Maryland's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Baltimore, Maryland December 11, 2017

CohnReynickLLF

As management of Carroll County, MD we offer readers of Carroll County Government's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Carroll County Government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The objective of this overview and analysis is to assist readers in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the County's financial activity, identify changes in the County's financial position, identify any material deviations from the financial plan, and identify individual fund issues or concerns. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 5-9 of this report.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Carroll County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 by \$316,137,426 (total net position), compared to \$302,570,690 at June 30, 2016. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, total net position was net of the \$54,181,850 deficit in the unrestricted component of net position. The deficit occurred primarily because the County issues debt to fund construction costs for the Board of Education which is a component unit of the County. The assets are then recorded on the component unit's books and the related debt is recorded on the County's books. Of total net position at June 30, 2017, \$30,534,223 was restricted for specific purpose (restricted net position) in comparison to\$28,752,451, at June 30, 2016. The total net investment in capital assets was \$339,785,053 at June 30, 2017, compared to \$321,544,472 at June 30, 2016.
- The total net position increased by \$13,566,736 or 4.5%.

Fund level:

- At the close of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund (primary operating fund) was \$14,529,685 or 3.89% of general fund revenues.
- As of June 30, 2017, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$140,637,699, a decrease of \$5,859,974 from the prior year. Approximately 10.3% of the combined fund balance is available to meet the County's current and future needs (*unassigned*), 28.1% is assigned, indicating that it is not available for new spending because it has already been assigned for items such as existing purchase orders and construction contracts, 41.7% is committed or restricted for future use, stabilization arrangement, restricted investments and other purposes, and 19.9% is non spendable meaning it is in the form of loans receivable, inventory and notes receivable.

Long-term debt:

• Carroll County Government's total bonded debt decreased by \$16,182,373, or 5% from fiscal year 2016. For fiscal year 2017, the County paid an average interest rate of 4%.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Carroll County Government's basic financial statements. Carroll County Government's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- ✓ Government-wide financial statements.
- ✓ Fund financial statements.
- ✓ Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains required and non-required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements: The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Carroll County Government's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of Carroll County Government's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position and condition of Carroll County Government is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Carroll County Government that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of Carroll County Government include general government, public safety, public works, health, human services, education, culture and recreation, libraries, conservation of natural resources, judicial and economic development. The business-type activities of Carroll County Government include water and sewer service, solid waste operations, septage treatment, firearms facility, airport facility and a fiber network.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Carroll County Government itself (known as the *primary government*), but also legally separate component units. Carroll County Government has the following component units: Board of Education of Carroll County, Carroll Community College, Carroll County Public Library, and Industrial Development Authority of Carroll County. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 32 and 33 of this report.

Fund financial statements: A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Carroll County Government, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with

finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Carroll County Government can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Carroll County Government maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the capital projects fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements which can be found on pages 187 to 189 of this report.

Carroll County Government adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and can be found on page 37 of this report.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 34 and 35 of this report.

Proprietary funds: Carroll County Government maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Carroll County Government uses an enterprise fund to account for its Bureau of Utilities, Solid Waste, Airport, Septage, Firearms Facility and Fiber Network. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Carroll County Government's various functions. Carroll County Government uses an internal service fund to account for risk management activities and employee health benefits. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 38 to 40 of this report.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Bureau of Utilities, Solid Waste, Airport, and Fiber Network which are considered to be major funds of Carroll County Government. Individual fund data for each of the two non-major proprietary funds is provided in the form of combining statements which can be found on pages 190 to 192 of this report.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Carroll County Government's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The County has four trust funds which are the Carroll County Employee Pension Trust Fund; the Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Trust Fund; the Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland "OPEB"; and the Volunteer Firemen Length of Service Award Program "LOSAP". In addition to the four trust funds the County has two agency funds which are the Carroll County Development Corporation "CCDC" and Carroll Cable Regulatory Commission. The basic fiduciary funds financial statements can be found on pages 40 and 41 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 43 to 160 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information: Required supplementary information is not part of the basic financial statements; however it provides additional information. Required Supplementary Information can be found on pages 162 to 176.

Financial analysis of the County as a whole

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's overall financial position. In the case of Carroll County Government, total net position was \$316,137,426 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. Components for Carroll County Government's net position are divided into three categories, net investment in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The largest portion of the County's net position reflects its investment in capital assets net of depreciation (e.g., buildings, building improvements, water and sewer systems, vehicles, machinery, equipment, roads and bridges), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although, the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

It is important to note that although counties in the State of Maryland issue debt for the construction of schools, school buildings are owned by each County's Public School System. Ownership reverts to the County if the local board determines that a building is no longer needed. Therefore, while the County's financial statements include this outstanding debt, they do not include the capital assets funded by the debt. The negative unrestricted net position in governmental activities of \$37,546,612 reflect the imbalance of liabilities without corresponding assets.

Restricted net position of \$30,534,223 represents 8.9 percent of total net position. Restricted net position is resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Unrestricted net position of the total government is a deficit of \$54,181,850.

During fiscal year 2017, the County's net position increased by \$13,566,736. The increases in income tax along with the increase in investment earnings were contributing factors to the increase in net position.

Another factor for the increase was due to the real property assessments increasing which increase the amount of property tax. The State of Maryland deeded back to the County three schools and the associated land that were closed due to decrease in student population. These assets were recorded at the Board of Education's carrying amount at the time of transfer.

	Ca	arroll County Govern	nment's Net Position				
	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	oe Activities	Total Go	overnment	
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	
Current assets	\$ 192,292,019	\$ 197,536,576	\$ 23,416,435	\$ 27,526,082	\$ 215,708,454	\$ 225,062,658	
Non-current assets	28,219,985	29,496,149	-	-	28,219,985	29,496,149	
Capital assets	392,248,717	386,410,906	133,077,991	131,141,359	525,326,708	517,552,265	
Total assets	612,760,721	613,443,631	156,494,426	158,667,441	769,255,147	772,111,072	
Deferred outflows	14,323,232	15,771,164	664	227,270	14,323,896	15,998,434	
Total assets and deferred outflows	627,083,953	629,214,795	156,495,090	158,894,711	783,579,043	788,109,506	
Current liabilities	81,531,393	88,396,637	5,792,812	6,298,581	87,324,205	94,695,218	
Non-current liabilities	351,999,361	362,672,708	23,811,905	26,143,046	375,811,266	388,815,754	
Total liabilities	433,530,754	451,069,345	29,604,717	32,441,627	463,135,471	483,510,972	
Deferred inflows	4,201,239	1,653,649	104,907	374,195	4,306,146	2,027,844	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	437,731,993	452,722,994	29,709,624	32,815,822	467,441,616	485,538,816	
Net position:							
Net investment in							
capital assets	219,328,550	204,983,963	120,456,503	116,560,509	339,785,053	321,544,472	
Restricted	7,570,022	8,145,020	22,964,201	20,607,431	30,534,223	28,752,451	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(37,546,612)	(36,637,182)	(16,635,238)	(11,089,051)	(54,181,850)	(47,726,233)	
Total net position	\$ 189,351,960	\$ 176,491,801	\$ 126,785,466	\$ 126,078,889	\$ 316,137,426	\$ 302,570,690	

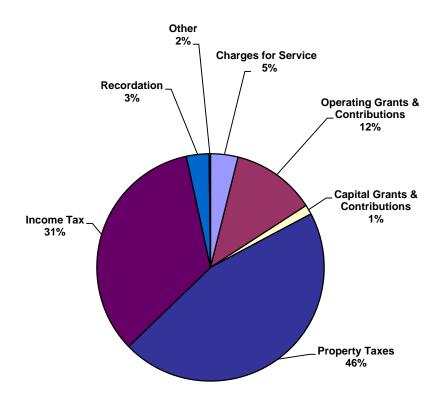
The following table indicates the changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities:

Carroll County Government's Changes in Net Position

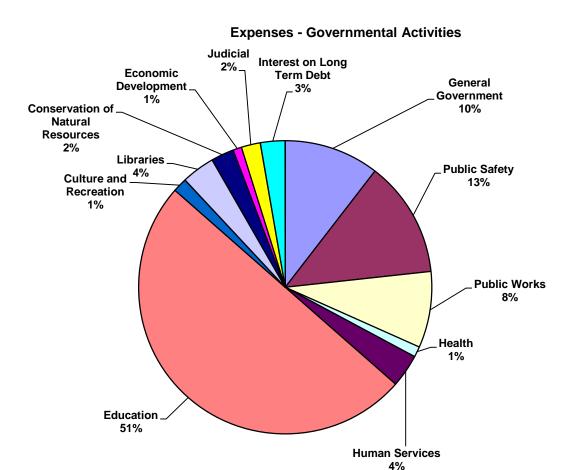
	Government	al Activities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	Total Government			
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	G June 30, 2017 June 30, 2016 June 30,			June 30, 2017	30, 2017 June 30, 2016			
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 17,256,109	\$ 19,938,43	5 \$	19,710,138	\$	18,851,827	\$	36,966,247	\$	38,790,262
Operating grants & contributions	21,016,535	14,740,10		-		-		21,016,535		14,740,101
Capital grants & contributions	6,005,593	5,339,54	5	1,972,009		2,581,093		7,977,602		7,920,638
General revenues:										
Property taxes	201,438,220	199,281,16	5	-		-		201,438,220		199,281,166
Income tax	149,896,467	146,049,67	5	-		-		149,896,467		146,049,675
Recordation tax	14,241,331	14,093,91	3	-		-		14,241,331		14,093,918
Admission & amusement tax	351,742	387,72	5	-		-		351,742		387,725
Agricultural transfer tax	179,416	143,42)	-		-		179,416		143,429
Hotel rental tax	324,144	315,31)	-		-		324,144		315,319
Investment earnings	(968,894)	4,171,19)	(363,434)		672,988		(1,332,328)		4,844,178
Gain on sale of capital asset			-	47,237		18,063		47,237		18,063
Total Revenues	409,740,663	404,460,50	3	21,365,950		22,123,971		431,106,613		426,584,474
Program Expenses:										
General government	42,244,881	41,378,68	3	-		-		42,244,881		41,378,683
Public safety	51,691,641	45,677,37)	-		-		51,691,641		45,677,379
Public works	33,927,901	31,583,09)	-		-		33,927,901		31,583,099
Health	4,654,075	4,400,38		-		-		4,654,075		4,400,381
Human services	14,679,925	14,032,99	5	-		-		14,679,925		14,032,995
Education	201,927,058	196,452,85	3	-		-		201,927,058		196,452,853
Culture and recreation	6,298,819	4,992,78	7	-		-		6,298,819		4,992,787
Libraries	14,808,509	14,452,29)	-		-		14,808,509		14,452,299
Conservation of natural resources	10,167,939	12,140,36)	-		-		10,167,939		12,140,369
Economic development	3,851,580	4,234,03)	-		-		3,851,580		4,234,039
Judicial	8,455,090	8,670,83	3	-		-		8,455,090		8,670,838
Interest on long-term debt	10,996,087	12,894,13	3	-		-		10,996,087		12,894,133
Bureau of Utilities	-		-	11,588,148		11,600,209		11,588,148		11,600,209
Solid Waste	-		-	8,784,687		9,996,571		8,784,687		9,996,571
Airport	-		-	861,147		823,047		861,147		823,047
Septage	-		-	594,277		629,136		594,277		629,136
Firearms	-		-	128,986		113,399		128,986		113,399
Fiber Network	-		-	1,321,618		1,116,618		1,321,618		1,116,618
Total Expenses	403,703,505	390,909,85	5	23,278,863		24,278,980		426,982,368		415,188,835
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	6,037,158	13,550,648		(1,912,913)		(2,155,009)		4,124,245		11,395,639
Transfer of assets from component unit	9,442,491	(2.925.21)	7)	2 (10 400		- 1		9,442,491		
Transfers	(2,619,490)	(2,835,31		2,619,490		2,835,317		12.566.726		11 205 (22
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	38,850,956	10,715,33		706,577		680,308		13,566,736		11,395,639
Net Position - Beginning, Net Position - Ending	176,491,801	165,776,47		126,078,889	Ф.	125,398,581	-	302,570,690	•	291,175,051
rict i osition - Ending	\$ 189,351,960	\$ 176,491,80	\$	126,785,466	\$	126,078,889	\$	316,137,426	\$	302,570,690

• Governmental activities: Overall revenue has increased by \$5,280,160, which is a 1.3 percent increase from fiscal year 2016. Property tax revenue increased by \$2,157,054 over last fiscal year due to the increase in real property assessments. Income tax increased by \$3,846,792 due to more income tax being collected. Investment earnings decreased by \$5,140,084 as a result of change in market values at year end on restricted investments in U.S Treasury Strips and Bonds for Installment Purchase Agreements. Operating grants and contributions increased by \$6,276,434. Due to declining enrollment, the Board of Education made the decision to close three schools for the school year 2016-2017. The schools that were closed are: Charles Carroll Elementary, New Windsor Middle and North Carroll High School. The Board of Education deeded the buildings and land back to the County. The assets were recorded at the carring cost on on the Board of Education's books at the date of transfer. This amount is shown as a transfer of assets for component units. The County also recorded \$2,827,849 of roads constructed by developers.

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

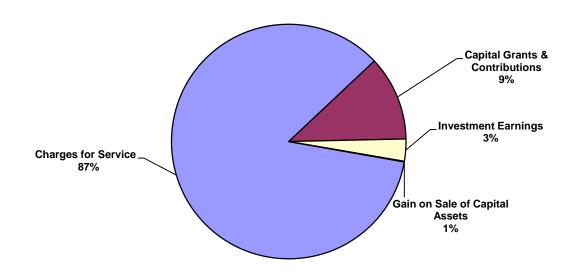


The expenses of the governmental activities have increased by \$12,793,650 or 3.3 percent from fiscal year 2016. The public safety function increased by \$6,014,262. The Public Safety Office increased by \$3,175,519 for two reasons: 1.) the completion of the digital radio communication system CIP project totaling \$20,596,232 was put in service at the end of fiscal year 2016. During fiscal year 2017, one year of depreciation expense totaling \$2,059,623. 2.) a new maintenance agreement totaling \$1,115,896 began in FY17 to cover the new digital system. The increase in Sheriff Services and Detention Center of approximately \$1,529,700 were due to additional costs for the Drug Enforcement Support Program the Sheriff Department was in its third year of implementing its compensation plan. Culture and Recreation increased by \$1,306,032 due to park construction. The County continues to review its process of allocating direct costs by function.

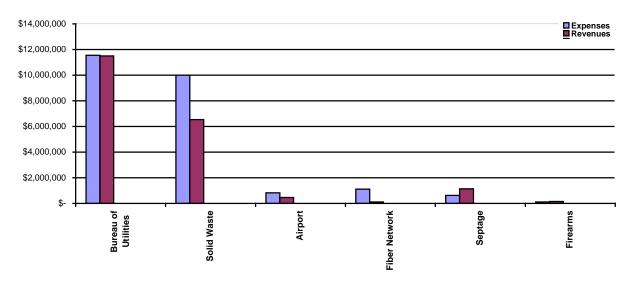


Business-type activities: There was an overall decrease in revenues of \$758,021 or 3.5 percent from fiscal year 2016. The primary reason for the decrease was due to the reduction of interest earnings. The expenses of the business-type activities have decreased by \$1,000,117 or 4.3 percent from fiscal year 2016. The primary reason for the decrease happened in the Fiber Network and the Solid Waste funds. Solid Waste purchased a new compactor which was able compress trash tighter in the landfill and reduce the amount of waste transfers. Fiber Network depreciation expense increased by \$166,370 when the CIP project for replacing equipment was put in service at the beginning of the year.

Revenues by Source-Business-Type Activities



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Carroll County Government uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of Carroll County Government's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Carroll County Government's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Carroll County Government's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$140,637,699, a decrease of \$5,859,974. Approximately 10.3 percent of this total (\$14,529,685) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for future appropriation. The *assigned fund balance*, at 28.1 percent of total fund balance is not available for new spending because it has already been assigned to encumbrances from subsequent years expenditures. The *committed fund balance*, at 15.3 percent of total fund balance is for future use, stabilization arrangement and other purposes. The *non-spendable fund balance*, at 19.9 percent, is not available for new spending because it is not expected to be converted to cash in the near future: 1) to cover loans receivable balances (\$15,607,452), 2) dedicated for inventory and advances to Industrial Development Authority (\$2,378,053), prepaid costs (\$488,096) and money due from other funds (\$9,511,158). The remaining 26.4 percent of fund balance (\$37,102,352) constitutes *restricted fund balance*, primarily investments pledged to the repayment of agricultural preservation installment purchase agreement general obligation debt.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of Carroll County Government. At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$14,529,685, while total fund balance was \$113,520,293. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 3.8 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 30 percent of that same amount.

A decrease in fund balance was budgeted with an appropriation of \$9,198,782 of fund balance. The anticipated decrease in fund balance was partially mitigated by conservative spending which resulted in \$2,054,750, less in expenditures than budgeted. Total assets decreased by \$1,624,859. Liabilities decreased by \$3,087,345 due to an decrease in the amount owed to the Board of Education at year-end.

The revenues in the General Fund have increased by \$3,277,575 compared to the prior fiscal year. The primary contributing factor to the increase was due to the increase in income tax and the increase in Real Property Tax due to the increase of assessments. Expenditures increased by \$10,489,603 compared to the prior fiscal year. The increase was due to additional funding to the Board of Education to cover operating expenditures and costs associated with the teacher pensions. Another contributing factor to the increase was in Public Safety due the third year of implementing a compensation plan for the Sheriff's department. Public Safety also increased due to the new maintenance agreement on the newly complete digital radio system. Vehicle maintenance, fuel and telephone expenditures were recognized as direct costs in the proper functions.

The Capital Projects Fund balance sheet shows a \$ 6,143,426 decrease in assets in fiscal year 2017. The decrease in cash is mainly due to several projects that began in fiscal year 2017 are being funded with future general obligation bonds not yet issued.

The Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$ 23,611,972, of which \$ 17,903,635 is assigned to liquidate purchase orders and \$5,708,337 is unspent bond proceeds which are restricted for future capital project expenditures.

The Non-Major Governmental Funds have a total fund balance of \$3,505,434 all of which is nonspendable, committed, or externally restricted for specific purposes or assigned.

Proprietary funds: Carroll County Government's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The total unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the year amounted to a deficit of \$16,635,238 and unrestricted component of net position in the Internal Service Fund totaled \$12,689,670. The total increase in net position for the proprietary funds of \$706,577 was primarily due to the operating transfers from the General Fund. The net position for the Internal Service Fund increased by \$1,765,029. Other factors concerning these funds' finances have been addressed in the discussion of Carroll County Government's business-type activities.

Fiduciary funds: Carroll County Government's fiduciary fund statements provide information regarding the County's Employee Pension Plan, the Certified Law Officers Plan, the Volunteer Firemen's Length of Service Award Program "LOSAP", the Other Post Employment Benefit Trust and agency funds. Total net position for the four plans is \$177,854,306 for fiscal year 2017. The investments in the trusts totaled \$178,238,024 at the end of fiscal year 2017, which was a 16.9 percent increase from fiscal year 2016. Agency funds had an asset total of \$696,225 at the end of fiscal year 2017. Other factors concerning trust funds are discussed in the notes to these statements starting with Note 11.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

In the original budget, the Board of Commissioners approved a reserve for contingencies of approximately 1 percent of total budget to provide funds for emergency and unforeseeable expenditures that may arise during the current fiscal year. The final budget for reserve for contingencies decreased from the original budget by \$1,474,634. This decrease was due to costs associated with addition of a position for a boiler mechanic, purchasing four buses for Carroll Transit Service, a vehicle for the Veterans Shuttle Services and additional costs with providing this service and, additional costs for the Sheriff's Department to continue to provide offsite housing for inmates. Funds can only be moved to or from the reserve during the year with approval from the Board of Commissioners. Any balance left in the reserve at year-end falls to unassigned fund balance.

The budgetary statements of the General Fund show actual revenues of \$374,141,558, compared to budgeted amount of \$367,303,978, a positive variance of \$6,837,580. The major differences between the final budgeted amounts and the actual revenues are as follows:

• Interest and gains on investments came in \$1.3 million lower than the final budget as a result of change in market values at year end on restricted investments.

• Miscellaneous revenues were \$7 million more than budget due to unbudgeted in-kind rental income associated with the Board of Education, Library, and Community College facilities.

The budgetary statements of the General Fund show actual expenditures of \$378,193,409, compared to budgeted amount of \$380,248,159, resulting in \$2,054,750 or 0.6 percent less than planned. The major differences between the final budgeted amounts and the actual expenditures are as follows:

- General Government expenditures came in \$5.7 million less than final budget primarily due to inkind services for component units being allocated to the correct functions, which decreased general government and increased Education and Library costs. The County also had savings due to a drop in prices for fuel and utilities.
- The Reserve for Contingency is set up in case funds are needed to be moved into functions to address specific problems or opportunities. For fiscal year 2017, \$2.7 million was left in the Reserve for Contingency creating a positive budget variance.
- The final budgets for each function in the expenditures were reallocated from the original budget to reflect changes made throughout the year. One of the changes made was to allocate vehicle maintenance, fuel, and telephone direct costs by function.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: Carroll County Government's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017, amounted to \$551,317,504 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The total increase in Carroll County Government's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 6.5 percent (a 8.2 percent increase for governmental activities and a 1.5 percent increase for business-type activities). Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found on pages 76-77 of this report.

Carroll County Government's Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

				(1.00	01 44	production)							
	Governmental					Business-type							
		Acti	vities			Activities				Total			
		2017	2016			2017		2016		2017		2016	
Land	\$	35,889,680	\$	34,569,392	\$	9,038,262	\$	8,968,255	\$	44,927,942	\$	43,537,647	
Construction in progress		10,184,255		9,727,788		12,386,984		9,174,076		22,571,239		18,901,864	
Building and contents		138,428,637		135,676,793		14,474,948		14,960,618		152,903,585		150,637,411	
Improvements													
other than buildings		49,650,766		47,959,931		5,942,747		6,404,386		55,593,513		54,364,317	
Auto, machinery & equipment		14,124,375		13,640,300		19,614,952		18,335,267		33,739,327		31,975,567	
Infrastructure		143,971,004		144,836,702		71,620,098		73,298,757		215,591,102		218,135,459	
Total	\$	392,248,717	\$	386,410,906	\$	133,077,991	\$	131,141,359	\$	525,326,708	\$	517,552,265	

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

• The costs associated with the Energy Performance project decreased CIP by \$0.7 million and was put into service.

- Land increased by \$5.6 million due to the County gaining the ownership the property located at North Carroll High School and New Windsor Middle School due to the Board of Education closing them as a result of decreasing student enrollment.
- Buildings increased by \$25 million due to the County gaining the ownership of buildings formerly
 known as North Carroll High School and New Windsor Middle School due to the Board of
 Education closing them as a result of decreasing student enrollment.
- The on-going costs and completion of various watershed protection projects totaled \$1.0 million which was funded by general obligation bonds proceeds, State Highway Administration revenue, State Department of Natural Resources revenue, and general fund revenue, and resulted in an increase in CIP and Improvements.
- The on-going costs associated with various Utilities capital projects totaled \$5 million which was funded by Water/Sewer user rates and resulted in an increase in CIP of Business-Type Activities.

General obligation debt:

At the end of the fiscal year, Carroll County Government had total general obligation debt outstanding of \$330,333,769, which is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

		Carroll C	ount	y Government's	s Ou	ıtstanding Ge	nera	l Obligation I	Debt		1	
		Government	al Ac	ctivities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities		T	otal	
	2017			2016		2017 2016 201		2017		2016		
General Obligation												
Bonds, net	\$	284,254,930	\$	299,706,818	\$	13,251,331	\$	15,284,816	\$	297,506,261	\$	314,991,634
General Obligation												
Debt		32,827,508		31,524,508		-		-		32,827,508		31,524,508
Total	\$	317,082,438	\$	331,231,326	\$	13,251,331	\$	15,284,816	\$	330,333,769	\$	346,516,142

During the current fiscal year, Carroll County Government's total general obligation debt decreased by \$16,182,373. During the year, the County issued general obligation bonds totaling \$20,350,000. Of these bonds, \$14,000,000 were sold to cover capital projects in the governmental activities and \$6,350,000 were issued for redeeming outstanding January 2007 bonds to achieve debt service savings. The new debt issue will be repaid over 20 years. Additional information on Carroll County Government's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of this report.

Carroll County Government was assigned an AAA credit rating in November 2016 by Fitch Ratings. Fitch cited "Carroll County's fiscal operations are well managed through long-term financial planning and frequent monitoring of revenues and expenditures, resulting in healthy reserve levels." Standard and Poor's Global Ratings assigned an AAA credit rating in November 2016, citing "We view the County's management as very strong with "strong" financial management practices under our Financial Management Assessment methodology, indicating practices are strong, well embedded, and likely sustainable." Moody's Investors Service, Inc. has continued to assign an Aa1 rating to Carroll County Government, citing "the Aa1 rating reflects the County's sound financial position, supported by comprehensive fiscal policies, and healthy available fund balance." All three rating agencies gave the County a rating outlook of stable.

For charter counties, state statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government entity may issue up to 15.0 percent of its net assessed valuation of personal and corporate property plus 6.0 percent of the total assessed valuation of real property. While Carroll County is not a charter county, and does not have a legal debt limit, it uses the state statute as a recommended guideline on debt limit. The current debt limitation for Carroll County Government is \$1,199,599,196, which is significantly in excess of the Carroll County Government's outstanding general obligation debt. Additional information on the computation of the legal debt margin can be found in Table 13 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The fiscal year 2018 adopted budget appropriation for the general fund is \$400,042,050, representing an increase of \$11.6 million or 3.0 percent increase over fiscal year 2017, with no change in tax rates.
- Real property tax is expected to increase in fiscal year 2018 due to increasing assessments.
- Income tax is expected to be higher in fiscal year 2018. The expected increase is due to expected growth in withholdings and estimated payments.
- Recordation is expected to be higher in fiscal year 2018 due to increased activity in the housing market.
- Public Safety appropriation increased in fiscal year 2018 due to a one-time funding to address recruitment and retention of volunteer firefighters and emergency services personnel.
- Education appropriation increased in fiscal year 2018 due to additional money funding teacher's pensions.
- Public Works appropriation increased for utility costs, maintenance of the buildings formerly known as Charles Carroll Elementary and North Carroll High school closures and several new positions.
- The County income tax will be reduced \$28,901 for nine months for a total of \$260,106, beginning in September 2016 due to tax refunds for the Wynne case.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Carroll County Government's budget for the 2018 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Carroll County Government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Department of the Comptroller, Carroll County Government, 225 North Center Street, Westminster, Maryland 21157 or call 410-386-2085. This report can also be found on the County's website at http://ccgovernment.carr.org/ccg/comp/default.asp.

The County's component units issue their own separately audited financial statements. These statements may be obtained by directly contacting the component unit. Contact information can be found in Note 1 of this report.



Basic Financial Statements

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

		June	June 30, 2017		Component Units	t Units	
	Primary (Primary Government			Carroll		Industrial
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Board of Education	Community College	Library	Development Authority
ASSETS							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 134,795,058	\$ 21,255,912	\$ 156,050,970	<u>'</u>	• ••	- €9	<u>-</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	356,293	66,758	423,051	15,843,870	7,600,005	1,373,104	5,586,450
restricted cash and cash equivalents Investments				- 000 000 01	9 765 304	196,67	6,301,944
Taxes and receivables, net	20,200,147	3,930,290	24,130,437	297,852	2,307,085	68,974	4,907,505
Due from component units	626,513	2,320	628,833				
Due from primary government	•	•	•	34,655,913	41,614	5,120	•
Due from other governments	31,349,080	•	31,349,080	5,889,006	•	•	
Due from fiduciary funds	385,463	- 300 300 0	383,463				
Internal balances Inventoriae	1 765 143	(2,326,226)	2 240 691	- 685 017		3 373	
Inventories Prenaid expenses	488 096	11 833	499 979	488 633	798 651	545,5	
Investments - restricted	28.219.985		28.219.985	CC0,600+	10,007	100,001	
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	35,889,680	9,038,262	44,927,942	14,142,128	i	•	7,091,170
Construction in progress	10,184,255	12,386,984	22,571,239	3,504,475			1,381,135
Art and doll collection	•	•	•	•	384,950	•	•
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation:		i i	1 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	1000000	100	000	
Buildings and contents	138,428,637	14,4/4,948	152,903,585	3 /0,862,815	1,611,6/6	3,468,186	
Improvements other man bundings Auto-machinery and equipment	14 124 375	3,942,747	33,739,313	7 889 837	- 610 232		24 963
Infrastructure	143.971.004	71.620.098	215.591,102			٠	50.
Capital assets, net of depreciation	392,248,717	133,077,991	525,326,708	396,399,255	2,606,858	3,468,186	8,497,268
Total assets	612,760,721	156,494,426	769,255,147	464,260,446	23,119,517	5,082,351	27,373,167
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Debt refunding	8,896,780	664	8,897,444		•	- 620.000	
rensions Total deferred outflows of resources	14.323.232	- 664	14.323.896	5.531.557		248,263	
Total assets and deferred outflows	627,083,953	156,495,090	783,579,043	469,792,003	23,119,517	5,330,614	27,373,167
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	5,269,449	3,123,353	8,392,802	5,480,321	952,164	225,511	2,300
Retainage and guarantees due contractors	1,110,066	•	1,110,066	1	•	1	
Due to component units Due to primary government	7+0,707,4-0		7+0,707,40	13 867	. 44	1191	612.910
Due to other governments			•	2.186,000	Ì	127,639	-
Unearned revenue	3,619,101	39,667	3,658,768	711,137	1,821,630		8,381,944
Accrued interest payable	2,089,241	100,518	2,189,759	48,288	i	•	1,142,937
Accrued expenses	2,380,200	176,213	2,556,413	33,896,316	451,384	281,397	8,138
Long-term nabunues Dua within one year	32 360 680	2 353 061	34 713 750	3 330 441	740 152		2 761 567
Due in more than one year	351.999.361	23.811.905	375.811.266	141.623.139	22,547	1.226.901	2,704,307
Total liabilities	433,530,754	29,604,717	463,135,471	187,289,509	26,891,475	1,863,059	15,912,796
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Debt refunding	•	104,907	104,907	•	•	•	
Pensions	4,201,239	1 000	4,201,239	1,324,501		16,899	
Lotal deferred inflows of resources	4,201,239	104,907	4,306,146	1,324,501		16,899	
Net investment in capital assets	219,328,550	120,456,503	339.785.053	394,147,631	2.221.908	3,468,186	7.884.358
Restricted for:							
Capital projects	5,708,337	22,964,201	28,672,538	1	•	43,523	•
Special revenue funds	1,861,685		1,861,685	- 122 838	1	•	
Food services				335,607			
Educational purposes	•	•	•		666'838'66	•	1
Unrestricted (deficit)			(54,181,850)				3,576,013
Total net position	\$ 189,351,960	\$ 126,785,466	\$ 316,137,426	\$ 281,177,993	\$ (3,771,958)	\$ 3,450,656	\$ 11,460,371

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Flogram Revenues	20						in Omits	
	•		Operating	Capital	Primary Government	vernment	٠		Carroll		Industrial
	Expenses	Charges for Service	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Board of Education	Community College	Library	Development Authority
Functions/Programs Primary government:								 			
General government	\$ 42,244,881	\$ 11,742,589	\$ 2,011,137	€	- \$ (28,491,155)	÷	\$ (28,491,155)	· ·	· ·	·	√
Public safety	51,691,641	1,918,271		•				•	•	•	•
Public works	33,927,901	1,306,602	4,713,775	2,016,419	·		(25,891,105)	•	•	•	'
Health	4,654,075	3,284	109,000	•		1	(4,541,791)	•	•	•	•
Human services	14,679,925	84,722	9,723,293	81,000			(4,790,910)	•	•	•	•
Education	201,927,058	1	1		9	-	(201,927,058)	•	•	•	•
Culture and recreation	6,298,819	2,072,530	16,828	732,384		-	(3,477,077)	•	•	1	1
Libraries	14,808,509	1 ,	1 (- (_		(14,808,509)	•	•	•	•
Conservation of natural resources	10,167,939	128,111	96,738	3,175,790			(6,767,300)	•	•	•	•
Economic development	3,851,580	•	1,108,455		- (2,743,125)		(2,743,125)	•	•	•	•
Judicial	8,455,090	•	186,668		(401,866,1)		(4,559,109)		•		
Interest on long-term debt	10,996,087	1 00 7	1 01				(10,996,087)			1	
Total governmental activities	403,703,505	17,256,109	21,016,535	6,005,593	(359,425,268)	1	(359,425,268)	•	•	•	1
Business-type activities:	11 500 140	10 578 433		1 780 784		095 077	095 022				
Solid Waste	8 784 687	7.056.453		1,760,284		(1725 930)	(17.5 930)	' '			
Airrort	861 147	464,000,7		189 722		120 334	120 334	, ,	,		
Sentage	594.277	913.330		, , , , ,		319,053	319.053				'
Firearms	128 986	157 720				28.734	28.734		•		•
Fiber Network	1.321.618	212.142		•		(1.109.476)	(1.109.476)	'			'
Total business-type activities	23,278,863	19,710,138		1.972,009		(1,596,716)	(1,596,716)	,	,	1	'
Total primary government	\$ 426,982,368	\$ 36,966,247	\$ 21,016,535	\$ 7,977,602	(359,425,268)	s	(361,021,984)		-	•	'
Component umts: Board of Education	\$ 386.857.350	\$ 4.140.446	\$ 51.260.925	\$ 8,049,319		,	,	(323,406,660)		'	'
Carroll Community College	38,822,458	_	5,367,776			1	•		(23,283,452)	•	'
Library	17,220,508	223,050	2,096,688	8,839		1	•	1	1	(14,891,931)	
Industrial Development Authority	908,017	224,932	'	1,418,605		'	'	'	'	•	735,520
Total component units	\$ 443,808,333	\$ 14,759,658	\$ 58,725,389	\$ 9,476,763	' 			(323,406,660)	(23,283,452)	(14,891,931)	735,520
Gene	General revenues:										
P	Property taxes				201,438,220	•	201,438,220	•	•	•	•
11	Income tax				149,896,467	•	149,896,467	•	•	•	•
⊻ .	Recordation tax				14,241,331	•	14,241,331	•	•	•	•
Α ·	Admission and amusement tax	ment tax			351,742	•	351,742	•	•	•	•
₹ ¤	Agricultural transfer tax	ax			324 144	1	324.16			1	'
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					724,144	•	4+1,+76	102 117 201	, 00 010 01	. 040 040	•
<i>5</i>	Local appropriations State aide							119 476 810	8 020 376	14,249,443	
n C	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	ons not restricted	to specific program	SU.	•	•	•		4460 015	•	•
9	Gain (Loss) on sale of capital asset	Capital asset	magard armada a		•	47.237	47.237	(315.889)	2.425	,	,
In	Investment earnings and miscellaneous, unrestricted	nd miscellaneous	s, unrestricted		(968,894)	9	(1,332,328)	5,114,717	1,390,697	491,079	102,863
Tran	Transfers				(2,619,490)	2,619,490				•	•
Tran	Transfer of asset from component unit	omponent unit			9,442,491		9,442,491	(9,442,491)		1	
Ţ	Total general revenues and transfers	s and transfers			372,285,427	2,303,293	365,146,229	298,504,571	23,892,519	14,740,522	102,863
;	Change in net position	Change in net position			12,860,159	706,577	13,566,736	(24,902,089)	609,067	(151,409)	838,383
							1100			11::00	

Westminster, Maryland Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

		Jun	1e 30, 20)17				
		General Fund	Ca	pital Projects	Non-Ma	jor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				_			<u> </u>	_
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	81,074,503	\$	32,990,155	\$	3,037,812	\$	117,102,470
Cash and Cash equivalents		356,293		-		-		356,293
Taxes and receivables, net		17,858,873		97,281		2,228,479		20,184,633
Due from component units		626,513		-		-		626,513
Due from other governments		28,879,852		2,469,228		-		31,349,080
Due from other governmental funds		7,147,766		-		300,166		7,447,932
Due from fiduciary funds		448,728		-		-		448,728
Due from proprietary funds		2,326,226		-		-		2,326,226
Inventories		1,765,143		-		-		1,765,143
Prepaid costs		52,000		-		436,096		488,096
Investments - restricted		28,219,985				-		28,219,985
Total assets	\$	168,755,882	\$	35,556,664	\$	6,002,553	\$	210,315,099
LIABILITIES, DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	-							
Accounts payable	\$	2,645,993	\$	1,320,835	\$	895,123	\$	4,861,951
Retainage and guarantees due contractors		1,110,066				· -		1,110,066
Due to component units		33,309,363		1,351,782		41,502		34,702,647
Due to other governmental funds		300,166		6,799,470		348,296		7,447,932
Due to internal service fund		· -		_		2,966		2,966
Accrued expenditures		2,228,136		_		152,064		2,380,200
Unearned revenue		77,449		2,472,605		1,057,168		3,607,222
Total liabilities		39,671,173		11,944,692		2,497,119		54,112,984
Deffered inflows of resources:		57,071,175		11,> 11,0>2		2,127,112		01,112,001
Unavailable revenue		15,564,416				<u>-</u> _		15,564,416
Total deferred inflows of resources		15,564,416						15,564,416
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		27,548,663		-		436,096		27,984,759
Restricted		29,656,499		5,708,337		1,737,516		37,102,352
Committed		21,402,103		-		109,396		21,511,499
Assigned		20,383,343		17,903,635		1,222,426		39,509,404
Unassigned		14,529,685		-		-		14,529,685
Total fund balances		113,520,293	-	23,611,972		3,505,434		140,637,699
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	168,755,882	\$	35,556,664	\$	6,002,553	\$	210,315,099
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Total governmental fund balance Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fire	-	sition are different	t because	e:				140,637,699
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Other long-term assets are not available to pay for curre	s.	d						392,248,717
expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailal Adjustment for net pension liabilities								15,564,416 (12,957,784)
Net other postemployment benefit obligation, which is in the governmental activities in the statement of net Deferred outflows related to pensions that are applicable	position.							(38,246,693)
future periods and, therefore, are not presented in the Deferred inflows related to pensions that are applicable		e periods						5,426,452
and, therefore, are not presented in the funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charg health, liability and Local Government Insurance Tru funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal servic	st insura							(4,201,239)
are included in governmental activities in the stateme Long-term liablilites, including bonds payable and com not due and payable in the current period and, therefo	ent of ne pensated	absences are	funds.					12,689,670
Bonds, notes payable, compensated absences,		1			\$	(319,720,037)		
Accrued interest payable					Ŧ	(2,089,241)		(321,809,278)
Net position of governmental activities						(2,007,241)	\$	189,351,960
rest position of 50 certification ded vides								107,001,700

Westminster, Maryland

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	roi the real Endee	1 June 30, 2017	Non-Major	Total
			Governmental	Governmental
	General Fund	Capital Projects	Funds	Funds
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
-local property	\$ 198,685,867	\$ 806,500	\$ 1,945,853	\$ 201,438,220
-local other	155,282,950	10,935,516	324,144	166,542,610
Licenses and permits	3,246,094	=	-	3,246,094
Intergovernmental revenues	3,210,574	5,468,423	14,973,737	23,652,734
Charges for services	3,993,056	-	448,780	4,441,836
Fines and forfeits	71,866	-	-	71,866
Interest and gain on investments	796,251	(1,355,828)	5,762	(553,815)
Miscellaneous revenues	8,448,670	423,108		8,871,778
Total revenues	373,735,328	16,277,719	17,698,276	407,711,323
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	36,361,269	-	-	36,361,269
Public safety	46,807,421	-	1,095,285	47,902,706
Public works	16,022,251	-	3,090,335	19,112,586
Health	4,640,830	-	4,228	4,645,058
Human services	4,818,024	_	9,889,352	14,707,376
Education	198,300,740	-		198,300,740
Library	14,249,443	_	_	14,249,443
Culture and recreation	4,118,902	_	418,128	4,537,030
Conservation of natural resources	1,049,610	_	1,234,088	2,283,698
Economic development	2,541,045	_	1,087,378	3,628,423
Judicial	7,693,495	_	900,435	8,593,930
Capital outlay:	,,,,,,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0,000,000
General government	_	2,273,282	_	2,273,282
Public safety	_	163,222	_	163,222
Public works	_	12,083,133	_	12,083,133
Human services		61,708		61,708
Education	_	3,247,641	_	3,247,641
Library	-	381,086	-	381,086
Culture and recreation	-	1,643,466	-	1,643,466
Conservation of natural resources	-	10,568,185	=	10,568,185
Debt service:	-	10,308,183	=	10,506,165
	20,720,050		510 514	20 120 572
Principal	28,620,058	-	518,514	29,138,572
Interest	12,814,116	20 421 722	393,478	13,207,594
Total expenditures	378,037,204	30,421,723	18,631,221	427,090,148
Excess (deficiency of revenues	(4.201.056)	(1.1.1.1.00.1)	(022.045)	(10.050.005)
over (under) expenditures	(4,301,876)	(14,144,004)	(932,945)	(19,378,825)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	44.044.504	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4.000.044	
Transfers in	11,864,524	2,990,856	1,820,914	16,676,294
Transfers out	(7,614,074)	(11,588,410)	(289,414)	(19,491,898)
Payment to escrow agent	(6,524,948)	-	-	(6,524,948)
Redemption	6,138,284	-	-	6,138,284
Bonds issued	303,200	13,696,800	-	14,000,000
Bonds premium	400,000	902,370	-	1,302,370
Issuance of debt - GO debt	1,303,000			1,303,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,869,986	6,001,616	1,531,500	13,403,102
Net change in fund balances	1,568,110	(8,142,388)	598,555	(5,975,723)
Fund balance - beginning	111,836,434	31,754,360	2,906,879	146,497,673
Increase in reserve for inventory	115,749	<u>=</u>		115,749
Fund balance - ending	\$ 113,520,293	\$ 23,611,972	\$ 3,505,434	\$ 140,637,699

Westminster, Maryland

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (5,975,723)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation, net of asset disposals, and transfers exceeded capital outlays	5,837,756
in the current period. Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(221,823)
Adjustment to the net pension liabilities.	2,157,335
Adjustment to the Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) annual OPEB cost for the net OPEB obligation.	(1,401,365)
The issuance of long-term debt (i.e. bonds, notes, installment purchase agreements) proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	13,638,555
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(58,276)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	1,765,029
Net change in deferred outflows related to pension expense reported in the Statement of Activities.	(333,739)
Net change in deferred inflows related to pension expense reported in the Statement of Activities.	(2,547,590)
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 12,860,159

Westminster, Maryland

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budgetary (NON-GAAP) Basis vs. Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	1 Amounts		Variance with Final Budget-Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)				<u>(= := g)</u>
Revenues				
Taxes:				
-local property	\$ 199,573,377	\$ 199,573,377	\$ 199,092,098	\$ (481,279)
-local other	155,393,255	155,393,255	156,165,610	772,355
Licenses and permits	3,158,790	3,158,790	3,246,094	87,304
Intergovernmental revenues	1,380,350	1,380,350	2,327,913	947,563
Charges for services	4,064,766	4,064,766	3,993,056	(71,710)
Fines and forfeits	83,000	83,000	71,866	(11,134)
Interest and gain on investments	2,184,020	2,184,020	796,251	(1,387,769)
Miscellaneous revenues	1,466,420	1,466,420	8,448,670	6,982,250
Total revenues	367,303,978	367,303,978	374,141,558	6,837,580
Other financing resources				
Appropriated fund balance	9,198,782	9,198,782	-	(9,198,782)
Transfers in	11,904,240	11,904,240	11,864,524	(39,716)
Redemptions - GO bonds	-	-	6,138,285	6,138,285
Bonds issued	-	-	303,200	303,200
Bonds premium	-	-	400,000	400,000
Issuance of debt - GO debt			1,303,000	1,303,000
Total other financing resources	21,103,022	21,103,022	20,009,009	(1,094,013)
Total Resources (Inflows)	388,407,000	388,407,000	394,150,567	5,743,567
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Expenditures Current:				
General government	58,858,120	42,483,228	36,753,837	5,729,391
Public safety	39,937,580	47,186,132	46,736,833	449,299
Public works	12,793,380	17,224,482	15,835,324	1,389,158
Health	4,640,830	4,640,830	4,640,830	-
Human services	4,457,690	4,870,950	4,831,731	39,219
Education	191,151,480	191,151,480	198,300,740	(7,149,260)
Library	9,815,120	12,153,785	14,249,443	(2,095,658)
Culture and recreation	3,438,530	4,207,053	4,128,555	78,498
Conservation of natural resources	964,250	1,073,155	1,049,611	23,544
Economic development	2,934,390	3,140,902	2,539,649	601,253
Judicial	6,308,900	7,810,998	7,693,132	117,866
Reserve for contingencies	4,219,850	2,745,216	-	2,745,216
Debt service:				
Debt service - County	29,167,910	29,167,910	29,042,136	125,774
Debt service - Board of Education	12,037,000	12,392,038	12,392,038	-
Total expenditures	380,725,030	380,248,159	378,193,859	2,054,300
Other financing uses				
Transfers out	7,681,970	8,158,841	7,614,074	544,767
Payment to escrow agent			6,524,948	(6,524,948)
Total other financing uses	7,681,970	8,158,841	14,139,022	(5,980,181)
Total charges to appropriations (outflows)	388,407,000	388,407,000	392,332,881	(3,925,881)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,817,686	\$ 1,817,686
Fund balance - beginning, as restated			115,173,312	
Fund balance - beginning, as restated Fund balance - ending			\$ 116,990,998	
			- 110,770,770	

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds					G	Sovernmental							
		_								Non-Major				Activities-
		Bureau of Utilities		Solid Waste		Airport		Fiber Network		Enterprise Funds		Total	In	ternal Service Funds
ASSETS		Oi Otilities		vvaste		Airport		Network		ruius		TOTAL		Fullus
Current assets:														
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	8,949,206	\$	9,840,765	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,465,941	\$	21,255,912	\$	17,692,588
Cash and cash equivalents		363		64,172		50		-		2,173		66,758		
Receivables, net		2,963,068		632,208		213,076		32,054		92,204		3,932,610		15,514
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,966
Due from general fund		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from component units		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Inventories		461,830		-		13,717		-		-		475,547		-
Prepaid expenses				-				11,833				11,833		
Total current assets	-	12,374,467		10,537,145		226,843		43,887		2,560,318		25,742,660		17,711,068
Noncurrent assets:	-					-,		-,				-, ,		
Capital assets:														
Land		252,341		2,083,618		6,702,298		5		-		9,038,262		
Buildings		17,676,654		1,752,296		4,569,596		-		274,051		24,272,597		
Improvements other than buildings		1,940,496		6,319,553		1,785,748		1,139,212		408,405		11,593,414		_
Auto, machinery and equipment		3,003,792		4,369,029		901,948		21,455,399		234,091		29,964,259		_
Infrastructure		103,170,779		1,000,020		-		21,100,000		201,001		103,170,779		_
Construction in progress		11,970,552								416,432		12,386,984		
Less accumulated depreciation		(43,131,182)		(6,164,523)		(3,140,309)		(4,409,548)		(502,741)		(57,348,303)		
Total capital assets (net of		(43,131,102)		(0,104,323)		(5,140,503)		(4,403,340)		(302,741)		(37,340,303)		
accumulated depreciation)		94.883.432		8,359,973		10,819,281		18.185.068		830.238		133.077.992		
Total assets		107,257,899		18,897,118	_	11,046,124		18,228,955		3,390,556		158,820,652		17,711,068
Deferred Outflows of Resources		107,237,099		10,097,110		11,040,124		10,220,933		3,390,330		136,620,632		17,711,000
										004		004		
Debt refunding Total deferred outflows of resources					_					664	_	664		
	•	107,257,899	•	18,897,118	•	11,046,124	_	18,228,955	_	3,391,220	_		•	47.744.000
Total assets and deferred outflows	3	107,257,899	\$	18,897,118	\$	11,046,124	\$	18,228,955	\$	3,391,220	\$	158,821,316	\$	17,711,068
LIABILITIES														
Current liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	2,335,385	\$	613,979	\$	71,090	\$	25,539	\$	77,360	\$	3,123,353	\$	470,762
Accrued interest payable		84,183		9,114		6,761		-		460		100,518		-
Unearned revenue		6,073		-		33,594		-		-		39,667		11,879
Accrued expenses		79,744		43,389		6,892		43,333		2,855		176,213		-
Due to other funds		-		-		78,709		2,247,517		-		2,326,226		-
Long-term liabilities due within one year:														
General obligation bonds payable		1,389,067		311,483		219,934		-		9,971		1,930,455		-
Unpaid claims		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,826,770
Loans payable		30,925		-		-		-		-		30,925		-
Landfill closure, postclosure remediation		-		239,740		-		-		-		239,740		-
Compensated absences		84,134		65,522		2,285		-		-		151,941		-
Total long-term due within one year		1,504,126		616,745		222,219		-		9,971		2,353,061		2,826,770
Total current liabilities		4,009,511		1,283,227		419,265		2,316,389		90,646		8,119,038		3,309,411
Noncurrent liabilities:										,				
General obligation bonds payable		9,890,520		759,080		618,856		-		52,420		11,320,876		
Unpaid claims		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,711,987
Loans payable		97,682		-				-				97,682		-
Landfill closure, postclosure remediation		-		12,127,069		-		-		-		12,127,069		
Compensated absences		178,813		85,980		1,485		_		_		266,278		
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	10,167,015		12,972,129		620,341				52.420		23,811,905		1,711,987
Total liabilities		14,176,526		14,255,356		1,039,606		2,316,389		143,066		31,930,943		5,021,398
Deferred Inflows of Resources		11,170,020		1 1,200,000	_	1,000,000	_	2,010,000	_	1.10,000	_	01,000,010		0,021,000
		=												
Debt refunding		54,866		45,979		4,062		-		-		104,907		
Total deferred inflows of resources		54,866		45,979		4,062		-		-		104,907		
NET POSITION														
Net investment in capital assets		83,656,310		7,864,947		9,982,336		18,402,118		767,847		120,673,558		-
Restricted for:														
Capital projects		16,021,139		4,347,065		1,983,525		12,904		599,568		22,964,201		-
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(6,650,942)		(7,616,229)		(1,963,405)		(2,502,456)		1,880,739		(16,852,293)		12,689,670
Total net position	\$	93,026,507	\$	4,595,783	\$	10,002,456	\$	15,912,566	\$	3,248,154	\$	126,785,466	\$	12,689,670
					_		_		_		_		_	

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Busin	ess-type Activitie	es-Ente	erprise Funds			Governmental
	Bureau of Utilities	Solid Waste		Airport		Fiber Network	lon-Major Enterprise Funds	Total	Activities- Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 10,578,433	\$ 7,056,		792,059	\$	212,142	\$ 1,071,050	\$ 19,710,138	\$ 18,620,568
Total operating revenues	10,578,433	7,056,	154	792,059		212,142	1,071,050	19,710,138	18,620,568
Operating expenses:									
Personal services	2,628,389	1,484,	759	248,404		-	80,712	4,442,264	-
Contractual services	4,392,048	6,463,	526	348,961		309,926	290,519	11,804,980	-
Materials and supplies	1,628,370	168,	101	44,831		-	68,394	1,909,696	-
Rents and utilities	579,075	47,	301	22,124		39,983	90,859	779,842	-
Landfill closure and post-closure	-		-	-		-	-	-	-
Insurance claims	-		-	-		-	-	-	17,338,289
Miscellaneous	63,901	14,	971	20,544		7,667	145,221	252,304	-
Depreciation	2,296,365	605,	529	176,283		964,042	47,558	4,089,777	-
Total operating expenses	11,588,148	8,784,	587	861,147		1,321,618	723,263	23,278,863	17,338,289
Operating income (loss)	(1,009,715)	(1,728,	233)	(69,088)	_	(1,109,476)	347,787	(3,568,725)	1,282,279
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):									
Penalties and interest	141,440	41,	395	_		_	7,817	191,152	55,380
Medicare Part D	_		-	_		_	-	-	231,256
Bond interest subsidy	18,210		_	_		_	_	18,210	- ,
Interest and fiscal charges	(483,441)	(46,	108)	(39,899)		-	(3,048)	(572,796)	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	11,558	22,		13,179		-	-	47,237	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(312,233)	17,	987	(26,720)			4,769	(316,197)	286,636
Income (loss) before									
contributions and transfers	(1,321,948)	(1,710,	246)	(95,808)		(1,109,476)	352,556	(3,884,922)	1,568,915
Capital contributions (Area Connection Charges & Grants)	300,231	2.	303	189,422		_	_	491,956	_
Capital contributions (Maintenance Fee)	1,480,053	_,	-	,		_	_	1,480,053	_
Transfers in	204,490	2,415,	000	_		_	_	2,619,490	196,114
Change in net position	662,826	707,		93,614		(1,109,476)	 352,556	706,577	1,765,029
Total net position - beginning of year	92,363,681	3,888,		9,908,842		17,022,042	2,895,598	126,078,889	10,924,641
Total net position - end of year	\$ 93,026,507	\$ 4,595,		10,002,456	\$	15,912,566	\$ 3,248,154	\$ 126,785,466	12,689,670

Westminster, Maryland
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Part			Bu	siness-type Activi	ities-Enterprise Fu	nds		Governmental
Cash FLOWS FROM DEFENTING CHITTIES					•			
Receips from cutomers and user as all user as place of the provided (receips from other funds (2.887,130) (7.880,701) (404,331) (302,76) (700,151) (1.10,705) (1.677,134) (1				A :			Total	
Receips from customers and users \$10.561 als \$7.183.428 \$74.884 \$19.636 \$10.2758 \$19.773.137 \$18.620.558 Receips from customers and users \$1.244 \$60.745 \$15.036 \$10.037 \$10.017.109 \$10.167.096 \$	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	of Cunties	waste	Airport	Network	<u>r unus</u>	10111	Service runus
Receipts from other funds		\$ 10,561,816	\$ 7,183,428	\$ 724,884	\$ 195,431	\$ 1,107,578	\$ 19,773,137	\$ 18,620,568
Page	•	- · · · · · -	12,431	60,745	150,639	-	223,815	(2,966)
Ner cash provided (used) by operating activities 1,578,711 1,186,530 84,105 43,307 326,562 145,315 1,345,468	Payments to suppliers	(2,587,130)	(7,580,701)	(446,351)	(302,763)	(700,151)	(11,617,096)	(16,772,134)
Page	Payments to employees	(6,416,815)	(1,481,688)	(255,173)		(80,865)	(8,234,541)	
PRINATION PRIN	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,557,871	(1,866,530)	84,105	43,307	326,562	145,315	1,845,468
Transfers in Noteash provided by noncapital financing activities 204,490 2,415,000	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL							
Net cash provided by noncupital financing activities	FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES CASH		204,490	2,415,000				2,619,490	196,114
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	noncapital financing activities	204,490	2,415,000				2,619,490	196,114
Company								
Principal paid on capital debt		(5,219,546)	(714,731)	(6,221)	(43,307)	(42,606)	(6,026,411)	-
Proceeds of metaposition of capital asset	•				-			-
Capital contributions (Area Connection Charges & Graints)	Interest paid on capital debt	(524,971)	(57,239)	(42,729)	-	(3,517)		-
Medicare Part D	Proceeds of the disposition of capital asset	11,558	22,500	13,179	-	-	47,237	-
Recordination of Operating Income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities 1,009,715 1,009		1,780,284	2,303	189,422	-	-	1,972,009	-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	Medicare Part D	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	Bond interest subsidy	18,210					18,210	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments and cash 141,440 41,895 -	Net cash provided (used) by capital							
Retrest on investments and cash	and related financing activities	(5,398,304)	(1,096,867)	(84,255)	(43,307)	(58,303)	(6,681,036)	
Net cash provided by investing activities 141,440 41,895	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Net (decrease) increase (3,494,503) (506,502) (150) - 276,587 (3,724,568) 2,096,963 Equity and pooled cash and investments at beginning of year 12,444,072 10,411,439 200 - 2,191,527 25,047,238 15,364,369 2,000,000 2,000	Interest on investments and cash							
Equity and pooled cash and investments at beginning of year Equity and pooled cash and investments at end of year 12,444,072 (8,94),569 10,411,439 (9,904),937 200 (1,411,439) 2,191,527 (25,047,238) 15,364,369 (8,34) Reconciliation of Operating Income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (1,009,715) \$ (1,728,233) \$ (69,088) \$ (1,109,476) \$ 347,787 \$ (3,568,725) \$ 1,282,279 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 8 (2,296,365) 605,529 176,283 964,042 47,558 4,089,777								
Reconciliation of Operating Income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Sacration Sacrating S		(3,494,503)		, ,	-	,		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (1,009,715) \$ (1,728,233) \$ (69,088) \$ (1,109,476) \$ 347,787 \$ (3,568,725) \$ 1,282,279 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					-			
provided (used) by operating activities: \$ (1,009,715) \$ (1,728,233) \$ (69,088) \$ (1,109,476) \$ 347,787 \$ (3,568,725) \$ 1,282,279 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation expense 2,296,365 605,529 176,283 964,042 47,558 4,089,777 - Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities: Due to/from other funds - 12,431 60,745 150,639 - 223,815 (2,966) Due to/from component units - 3,000 - - - 3,000 - Accounts receivable (16,735) 128,992 (68,125) (16,711) 36,528 63,949 (15,409) Prepaid expense - - 13,900 4,167 - 18,067 - Inventory 75,047 - 1,201 - - 21,810 - Accounts payable and accrued expenses 182,623 (536,771) (24,502) 50,646<	Equity and pooled cash and investments at end of year	\$ 8,949,569	\$ 9,904,937	\$ 50	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,468,114	\$ 21,322,670	\$ 17,461,332
Operating income (loss) \$ (1,009,715) \$ (1,728,233) \$ (69,088) \$ (1,109,476) \$ 347,787 \$ (3,568,725) \$ 1,282,279 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ 5								
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation expense 2,296,365 605,529 176,283 964,042 47,558 4,089,777 - Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities: Due to/from other funds - 12,431 60,745 150,639 - 223,815 (2,966) Due to/from component units - 3,000 - 3,000 - 3,								
income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation expense 2,296,365 605,529 176,283 964,042 47,558 4,089,777 - Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities: Due to/from other funds - 12,431 60,745 150,639 - 223,815 (2,966) Due to/from component units - 3,000 - 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 - 3,000 3,000 - 3,000 - 3,000 - 3,000 - 3,000 - 3,000 - 3,000 - 3,000 - 3,000 - 3,000 - 3	1 0	\$ (1,009,715)	\$ (1,728,233)	\$ (69,088)	\$ (1,109,476)	\$ 347,787	\$ (3,568,725)	\$ 1,282,279
by operating activities: Depreciation expense 2,296,365 605,529 176,283 964,042 47,558 4,089,777 - Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities: Due to/from other funds - 12,431 60,745 150,639 - 223,815 (2,966) Due to/from component units - 3,000 3,000 - Accounts receivable (16,735) 128,992 (68,125) (16,711) 36,528 63,949 (15,409) Prepaid expense 13,900 4,167 - 18,067 Inventory 75,047 - 1,201 76,248 Compensated absences payable 30,168 (1,099) (7,259) 21,810 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 182,623 (536,771) (24,502) 50,646 (105,311) (433,315) (69,617) Unearmed revenue 118 (5,019) 950 (3,951) 8,916 Claims liability (3,45,360) (3,45,360) Total adjustments 2,567,586 (138,297) 153,193 1,152,783 (21,225) 3,714,040 563,189								
Depreciation expense 2,296,365 605,529 176,283 964,042 47,558 4,089,777 - Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities: Due to/from other funds - 12,431 60,745 150,639 - 223,815 (2,966)								
Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities: Due to/from other funds - 12,431 60,745 150,639 - 223,815 (2,966) Due to/from component units - 3,000 - - 5 3,000 - Accounts receivable (16,735) 128,992 (68,125) (16,711) 36,528 63,949 (15,409) Prepaid expense - - 13,900 4,167 - 18,067 - Inventory 75,047 - 1,201 - - 76,248 - Compensated absences payable 30,168 (1,099) (7,259) - - 21,810 - Accounts payable and accrued expenses 182,623 (536,771) (24,502) 50,646 (105,311) (433,315) (69,617) Unearned revenue 118 (5,019) 950 - - (3,951) (3,951) Claims liability - - (345,360) - - - (345,360) - Landfill closure, postclosure, remediation costs - (345,360) - - - (345,360) - Total adjustments 2,567,586 (138,297) 153,193 1,152,783 (21,225) 3,714,040 563,189		2 206 265	605 520	176 202	064.042	47.550	4 000 777	
Due to/from other funds - 12,431 60,745 150,639 - 223,815 (2,966) Due to/from component units - 3,000 - - - 3,000 - Accounts receivable (16,735) 128,992 (68,125) (16,711) 36,528 63,949 (15,409) Prepaid expense - - 13,900 4,167 - 18,067 - Inventory 75,047 - 1,201 - - 76,248 - Compensated absences payable 30,168 (1,099) (7,259) - - 21,810 - Accounts payable and accrued expenses 182,623 (536,771) (24,502) 50,646 (105,311) (433,315) (69,617) Unearned revenue 118 (5,019) 950 - - (3951) 8,916 Claims liability - - - - - - - - 642,265 Landfill closure, postclosure, remediation costs	• •	2,290,303	003,329	170,283	904,042	47,558	4,089,777	-
Due to/from component units - 3,000 - - - 3,000 - Accounts receivable (16,735) 128,992 (68,125) (16,711) 36,528 63,949 (15,409) Prepaid expense - - 13,900 4,167 - 18,067 - Inventory 75,047 - 1,201 - - 76,248 - Compensated absences payable 30,168 (1,099) (7,259) - - 2,1810 - Accounts payable and accrued expenses 182,623 (536,771) (24,502) 50,646 (105,311) (433,315) (69,617) Unearned revenue 1118 (5,019) 950 - - (3,951) 8,916 Claims liability - - - - - - - - 642,265 Landfill closure, postclosure, remediation costs - (345,360) - - - (345,360) - - - (345,360)	0 1 0		12.421	60.745	150 620		222 015	(2.066)
Accounts receivable (16,735) 128,992 (68,125) (16,711) 36,528 63,949 (15,409) Prepaid expense - - 13,900 4,167 - 18,067 - Inventory 75,047 - 1,201 - - 76,248 - Compensated absences payable 30,168 (1,099) (7,259) - - 2,1810 - Accounts payable and accrued expenses 182,623 (536,771) (24,502) 50,646 (105,311) (433,315) (69,617) Unearned revenue 118 (5,019) 950 - - (3,951) 8,916 Claims liability - - - - - - 642,265 Landfill closure, postclosure, remediation costs - (345,360) - - - - (345,360) - - - (345,360) - - - (345,360) - - - (345,360) - - -		-		00,743	130,039	-		(2,900)
Prepaid expense - - 13,900 4,167 - 18,067 - Inventory 75,047 - 1,201 - - 76,248 - Compensated absences payable 30,168 (1,099) (7,259) - - 21,810 - Accounts payable and accrued expenses 182,623 (536,771) (24,502) 50,646 (105,311) (433,315) (69,617) Unearned revenue 118 (5,019) 950 - - (3,951) 8,916 Claims liability - - - - - 642,265 Landfill closure, postclosure, remediation costs - (345,360) - - - (345,360) - Total adjustments 2,567,586 (138,297) 153,193 1,152,783 (21,225) 3,714,040 563,189	1	(16.735)	,	(68 125)	(16.711)	36 528	,	(15.409)
Inventory 75,047 - 1,201 - - 76,248 - Compensated absences payable 30,168 (1,099) (7,259) - - 21,810 - Accounts payable and accrued expenses 182,623 (536,771) (24,502) 50,646 (105,311) (433,315) (69,617) Unearned revenue 118 (5,019) 950 - - (3,951) 8,916 Claims liability - - - - - 642,265 Landfill closure, postclosure, remediation costs - (345,360) - - - (345,360) - Total adjustments 2,567,586 (138,297) 153,193 1,152,783 (21,225) 3,714,040 563,189		(10,733)	120,992	. , , ,		30,326	,	(13,409)
Compensated absences payable 30,168 (1,099) (7,259) - - 21,810 - Accounts payable and accrued expenses 182,623 (536,771) (24,502) 50,646 (105,311) (433,315) (69,617) Unearned revenue 118 (5,019) 950 - - (3,951) 8,916 Claims liability - - - - - 642,265 Landfill closure, postclosure, remediation costs - (345,360) - - - (345,360) - Total adjustments 2,567,586 (138,297) 153,193 1,152,783 (21,225) 3,714,040 563,189	• •	75 047			4,107		,	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses 182,623 (536,771) (24,502) 50,646 (105,311) (433,315) (69,617) Unearned revenue 118 (5,019) 950 - - (3,951) 8,916 Claims liability - - - - - - 642,265 Landfill closure, postclosure, remediation costs - (345,360) - - - (345,360) - Total adjustments 2,567,586 (138,297) 153,193 1,152,783 (21,225) 3,714,040 563,189		,	(1.099)		_	_	,	-
Unearned revenue 118 (5,019) 950 - - (3,951) 8,916 Claims liability - - - - - - 642,265 Landfill closure, postclosure, remediation costs - (345,360) - - - (345,360) - Total adjustments 2,567,586 (138,297) 153,193 1,152,783 (21,225) 3,714,040 563,189		,			50.646	(105.311)	,	(69,617)
Claims liability - - - - - - 642,265 Landfill closure, postclosure, remediation costs - (345,360) - - - (345,360) - Total adjustments 2,567,586 (138,297) 153,193 1,152,783 (21,225) 3,714,040 563,189					50,040	(100,011)		
Landfill closure, postclosure, remediation costs - (345,360) - - - (345,360) - Total adjustments 2,567,586 (138,297) 153,193 1,152,783 (21,225) 3,714,040 563,189		-	(5,017)	-	_	_	(5,751)	
Total adjustments 2,567,586 (138,297) 153,193 1,152,783 (21,225) 3,714,040 563,189		-	(345,360)	-	-	-	(345,360)	- ,===
		2,567,586		153,193	1,152,783	(21,225)		563,189
	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 1,557,871	\$ (1,866,530)	\$ 84,105	\$ 43,307	\$ 326,562	\$ 145,315	\$ 1,845,468

Westminster, Maryland Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Trust and Agency Funds June 30, 2017

	Trust	Agency
	Funds	Funds
ASSETS		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ -	\$582,762
Receivables-notes	24,212	113,463
Accrued Interest	2,386	_
Investments at fair value:		
Short - term investments	590,979	_
Bond funds	26,510,428	_
Equity funds	73,645,720	_
Marketable securities	77,490,897	_
Total investments	178,238,024	
Total assets	178,264,622	\$696,225
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	24,853	91,078
Due to primary government	385,463	63,265
Deposits	-	541,882
Total liabilities	410,316	\$696,225
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		
Fiduciary net position restricted for pension, OPEB,		
and other purposes	\$177,854,306	

Exhibit K

177,854,306

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

Westminster, Maryland Statement of Change in Fiduciary Net Position Trust Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Trust Funds		
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 13,638,340		
Plan members	2,982,389		
Total contributions	16,620,729		
Investment earnings:			
Interest and dividends	39,692		
Net increase in the fair value of investments	17,155,137		
Total investment earnings	17,194,829		
Less investment expense	(86,883)		
Net investment earnings	17,107,946		
Total additions	 33,728,675		
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits and refunds paid to plan members and beneficiaries	7,505,670		
Administrative expenses	 61,688		
Total deductions	7,567,358		
Net increase in fiduciary net position	 26,161,317		
Fiduciary net position-beginning	151,692,989		

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Fiduciary net position-ending

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies

A. Description of Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

B. Reporting entity

Carroll County was created pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the State of Maryland on January 19, 1837. Both executive and legislative functions of the County are vested in the elected five-member Board of County Commissioners of Carroll County. Each commissioner represents a district in the County.

The basic financial statements include Carroll County, Maryland as the primary government, and its significant component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable.

Discretely presented component units

The financial data of the County's component units are discretely presented in a column separate from the financial data of the primary government. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The following are the County's component units that are included in the reporting:

The Board of Education of Carroll County as currently constituted was established under Title 3, Subtitle 103, Education, of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The Board is a five-member elected body responsible for the operation of Carroll County Public Schools. The Board of Education of Carroll County is a component unit of Carroll County, Maryland by virtue of the County's responsibility for levying taxes and its budgetary control over the Board of Education. The Board does not report any component units itself. The Board of Education's financial statements were audited by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditor concluded that the Board of Education's financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017. At year-end any unspent appropriation up to 5 percent of the current year operating budget are retained by the Board of Education as a component of their fund balance. Any excess above the 5 percent is returned to the County.

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued B. Reporting entity- continued

The Carroll County Library Board of Trustees is established under Title 23, Subtitle 401, Education, of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The Board of Trustees is a seven-member body and is responsible for the operation of Carroll County Public Library "the Library". The members are appointed by the County Commissioners from nominees submitted by the Library Board of Trustees. The Library is a component unit of Carroll County Government by virtue of the Library's fiscal dependency on the County. The County levies taxes and is the primary source of the Library Board of Trustees' budget. The Library's financial statements were audited by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditor concluded that the Library's financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017. At year-end any unspent appropriation up to 5 percent of the current year operating budget are retained by the Library as a component of their fund balance. Any excess above the 5 percent is returned to the County.

Carroll Community College "the College" is considered a "body politic" under Maryland state law as an instrumentality of the State of Maryland "the State". The seven-member Board of Trustees of Carroll Community College governs the College. The Board of Trustees are appointed for six-year terms by the Governor of the State with the advice and consent of the State Senate. The College is a component unit of Carroll County Government by virtue of the County's responsibility for levying taxes and its power to appropriate funds to establish and operate a community college as referenced in The Annotated Code of Maryland Education Article §16-304. The College serves the constituents of the County. At year-end any unspent appropriation up to 10 percent of the current year operating budget are retained by the College as a component of their net position. Any excess above the 10 percent is returned to the County.

Carroll Community College Foundation, a component unit of Carroll Community College, is a separate legal entity. It has a separate Board of Directors that works closely with the College. The College President, Vice-President of Administration and a College Trustee are ex-officio members of the Foundation Board. Although the College does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, all of the resources, or income thereon that the Foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the College by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of the College, the Foundation is discretely presented in the College's financial statements.

Carroll Community College's financial statements including the Carroll Community College Foundation, were audited by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditor concluded that Carroll Community College's financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued B. Reporting entity- continued

The Industrial Development Authority "IDA" of Carroll County was established pursuant to Sections 266A-1 through 266A-3 of Article 41 of the Annotated Code of Maryland, and Resolution 25-80 adopted by the Board of County Commissioners of Carroll County on October 16, 1980. The IDA provides economic development services to commercial enterprises in the County. The County Commissioners appoint a voting majority of the Authority, which is also fiscally dependent on the County. The IDA's financial statements were audited by CohnReznick LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditor concluded that The IDA's financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices listed below:

Board of Education of Carroll County 55 North Court Street Westminster, Maryland 21157 Carroll Community College 1601 Washington Road Westminster, Maryland 21157

Industrial Development Authority 225 N. Center Street Westminster, Maryland 21157 Carroll County Public Library 1100 Green Valley Road New Windsor, Maryland 21776

The above are the only entities that qualify as component units based on the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 39 and GASB Statement No. 61, amendments of GASB Statement 14.

C. Basis of presentation-government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary finds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As discussed earlier, the government has four discretely presented component units. They are shown in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued C. Basis of presentation- continued

government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

D. Basis of presentation- fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, and its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category- governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the primary operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *capital projects fund* is used to account for financial resources related to the acquisition or construction of capital assets of the County (other than those financed by proprietary fund types).

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds:

The Carroll County Bureau of Utilities provides public water and sewer services in certain areas of the County. This fund accounts for the operations, construction or acquisition of capital assets, and related debt service costs. All assets, except those available to fund current liabilities, are considered restricted for use only in this fund.

The *Carroll County Solid Waste Fund* provides solid waste disposal facilities for residential and commercial use. This fund accounts for the operations, construction or acquisition of capital assets, and related debt service costs. All assets, except those available to fund current liabilities, are considered restricted for use only in this fund.

The Carroll County Regional Airport accounts for the corporate hangar facilities and Airport operations, construction or acquisition of capital assets, and related debt service costs.

The *Carroll County Fiber Network* accounts for the operation and infrastructure development of the inter-county broadband fiber network.

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued D. Basis of presentation- fund financial statements - continued

Additionally, the government reports the following additional non-major proprietary funds:

The Carroll County Septage Treatment Facility provides septage waste disposal services. This fund accounts for the operations, construction or acquisition of capital assets, and related debt service costs. All assets, except those available to fund current liabilities, are considered restricted for use only in this fund.

The *Carroll County Firearms Facility* is located at the Northern Landfill. The Hap Baker Firearms Facility accounts for the operations, construction or acquisition of capital assets, and related debt service costs. All assets, except those available to fund current liabilities, are considered restricted for use only in this fund.

The *Internal Service Fund* is used to account for certain risk financing activities. The Internal Service Fund accounts for risk management activities for workers' compensation, general liability, environmental, vehicle and property insurance and County employee health benefits costs.

The government reports the following Non-Major Special Revenue Funds:

The *Grant Fund* primarily accounts for revenues that are formally restricted by law for a particular purpose or have specific requirements associated with eligible program costs.

The *Hotel Rental Tax Fund* is restricted by law to provide funding for tourism and promotion of the County. The Hotel Rental Tax is a five percent tax applied to the hotel room rate and paid by the hotel guest.

The Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund is committed by County Resolution to provide funding for operating expenses related to the County's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit and Watershed Restoration efforts. Property tax revenue is dedicated to the fund on an annual basis.

The County reports the following Fiduciary Funds:

Trust Funds:

Pension Trust Funds are used to account for the activities of the County's single-employer public employee retirement plans. These include the General Employee's Plan and the Certified Law Officers Plan. The plans account for member contributions, County contributions and the earnings and profits from investments. They also account for the disbursements made for employee retirements, withdrawals, disability and death benefits as well as administrative expenses. The Volunteer Firemen's Length of Service Award Program "LOSAP" accounts for the benefit program for the volunteer fire personnel serving the various independent volunteer fire companies in the County. The LOSAP Fund is treated as a trust fund but, is not a legally established trust.

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued D. Basis of presentation- fund financial statements – continued

The *Other Post Employment Benefit "OPEB" Trust* accounts for retiree contributions and County contributions to provide health benefits for the County's eligible retirees. The plan also accounts for the earnings from investments as well as the disbursements made for medical premiums, the payments of medical claims, and administrative expenses.

The Agency Fund is used to account for assets that the County holds on behalf of others as their agent. The Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities). The Carroll County Development Corporation "CCDC" Fund accounts for the transactions for economic development receivables collected by the County on behalf of a local nonprofit corporation. The Carroll Cable Regulatory Commission administers the cable franchise agreement for the County and eight towns.

All governmental and business-type activities of the County follow GASB Statement 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and American Institute of Certified Public Accountants "AICPA" pronouncements which incorporates into GASB authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance previously included in FASB, AICPA, and Accounting Principles Board Opinions "APB", guidance issued before November 30, 1989.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued E. Measurement focus and basis of accounting—continued

The government-wide financial statements, the proprietary fund financial statements, and the fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus and are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except grants and similar items which are considered available if collected within one year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when received.

F. Budgetary information

1. Budgetary basis of accounting

The annual budgets for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and the Capital Projects Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles "GAAP" except that encumbrances are treated as expenditures and real property taxes are budgeted as estimated revenues when levied. All budgetary comparisons presented in this report are on this non-GAAP budgetary basis.

The appropriated budget in the General Fund is prepared by fund, function, and department. The government's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.

Project length budgets along with the current year's portion of each project are budgeted in the Capital Projects Fund. The appropriated budgets are prepared by individual grants for Special Revenue Funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the project level for the Capital Projects fund and at the program level for the Grant Fund, Hotel Rental Tax Fund, and Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund.

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued F. Budgetary information-continued

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year-end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

2. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2017, expenditures exceeded appropriations by \$7,149,260 in Education and \$2,095,658 in Library due primarily to the recording of in-kind services provided to the Board of Education, Community College, and Library. These in-kind services are not in the budget for Education and Library.

G. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Deposits and Investments

The County operates a cash and investment pool for all funds of the Primary Government. Each fund has been allocated its respective share of pooled cash and investments as reflected in the fund financial statements as "equity in pooled cash and investments." In addition to participating in the County's cash and investment pool, each fund may maintain separate cash and investments that are specific to the individual fund. Investments are reported at fair value in accordance with applicable GASB standards.

Based on an average daily balance of each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments, investment income earned on the cash and investment pool is distributed monthly to the General, Enterprise, Special Revenue, and Fiduciary funds. Investment income earned on individual funds' separate cash and investments is recorded directly in the corresponding fund.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States Government, Federal government agency obligations, secured time deposits in Maryland banks, bankers' acceptances, the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool, repurchase agreements secured by direct government or agency obligations and mutual funds limited to a portfolio of direct obligations of the United States government and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by the United States government obligations. Statutes have clarified that obligations of federal instrumentalities are authorized investments.

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued G. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance- continued

In accordance with state law, the Pool operates in conformity with all of the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission's "SEC" Rule 2a7 as promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Accordingly, the Pool qualifies as a 2a7-like pool and is reported at amortized cost. The pool is subject to regulatory oversight by the State Treasurer, although it is not registered with the SEC.

The County has an independent third party as custodian for securities collateralizing repurchase agreements and all other investments and certificates of deposits. The County has an agreement with the custodian used for the overnight repurchase agreement whereby the County's authorization is needed to release any collateral being held in their name. The financial condition of this other custodian was monitored by the County throughout the year to mitigate the risk. Investments of the County are recorded at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices provided by Carroll County's Custodian, except for the investments in the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool "MLGIP", and Money Market funds. MLGIP investments are recorded at amortized cost. Investments in Money Market funds are valued at the closing net asset value per share on the day of valuation. Changes in fair value are reported as increases or decreases in investment income in the operating statements of the appropriate fund.

The County has in effect a master repurchase agreement, which adheres to the prototype master repurchase agreement produced by the Public Securities Association.

State statutes require uninsured deposits to be fully collateralized.

The County is a participant in the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool "MLGIP", which provides all local government units of the state a safe investment vehicle for the short-term investment of funds. The State Legislature created MLGIP within the articles of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The MLGIP, under the administrative control of the State Treasurer, has been managed by a single financial institution, PNC Institutional Investments. The pool has a AAAm rating from Standard and Poor's and maintains a \$1.00 per share value. An MLGIP Advisory Committee of current participants was formed to review, on a semi-annual basis, the activities of the Fund and to provide suggestions to enhance the pool. The fair value of the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

The MLGIP issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the MLGIP. This report can be obtained by writing: PNC Bank Institutional Investments; Maryland Local Government Investment Pool; 1 East Pratt Street 5th Floor West; Baltimore, Maryland 21201; or by calling 410-237-5629.

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued G. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance-continued

Receivables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are classified as nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories shown in the general and enterprise funds of the primary government consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost. The inventory in the General Fund of the primary government is reflected in the financial statements by the purchase method. Under the purchase method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased; however, material amounts of inventories are reported as assets of the respective fund. An amount equal to the carrying value of inventory is reported in the nonspendable fund balance category in the general fund.

The inventory of expendable supplies and food held for consumption of the Board of Education is reflected in the financial statements by the consumption method and is valued at the lower of cost (first in, first out) or market. Under this method, the expenditure is recognized when inventory is used. In the fund financial statements, these inventories are offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute available expendable resources, even though they are a component of assets.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The general fund reports fund balance for prepaid items under the nonspendable fund balance category. The general fund uses consumption method.

Restricted assets

Certain assets of the governmental activities are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet. Included as restricted assets are investments in U.S. Treasury Bonds and Strips held to maturity for the principal payment on the installment purchase of agricultural land easements. Deposits with Farmers and Merchants Bank is pledged collateral for the low interest energy efficient loan program.

Capital assets

Capital assets include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items). Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued G. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance- continued

with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized on donated assets. Assets donated from component units are recorded at the carrying value of the asset at the time of donationg. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Capital Assets</u>	
Buildings	50 years
Building improvements	10 years
Water and sewer systems	50-75 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Machinery and equipment	5–10 years
Roads	50-75 years
Bridges	30-50 years
Fiber optic system	25-50 years

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. One such item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The County also recognizes deferred outflows of resources for differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in actuarial assumptions, and contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. These amounts are being amortized over a one-five year period.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County recognizes deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position for differences between expected and actual experience and the differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments of the MSRA plans. These amounts are being amortized over a 5-10 year period. In addition, this includes the deferred loss on debt when refunded. The deferred loss is amortized over the life of the bonds.

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued G. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance- continued

The government has one such item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in the deferred outflow or inflow of resources. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet for taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available

Net position

Government-wide:

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets, represents all capital assets, including infrastructure reduced by accumulated depreciation and the outstanding debt directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets. Restricted component of net position represents external restrictions by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted component of net position of the County, is not restricted for any project or purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The County issues debt to finance the construction of school facilities for the Board of Education component unit because the Board of Education does not have borrowing or taxing authority. The County reports this debt, whereas the Board of Education reports the related capital assets. The County also issues debt to finance the construction of facilities and various equipment purchases for the County's Volunteer Fire Companies because the Fire Companies do not have taxing authority. The sources of repayment of the debt are secured notes receivable due from the Volunteer Fire Companies.

Maryland State Retirement Pension "MSRP" - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the MSRP and additions to/deduction from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MSRP. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Carroll County Employee Pension, Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension, and Volunteer Firemen's Length of Service Award Program - For purposes of measuring the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each of the County Pension Plans and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of these Pension Plans and additions to/deductions from each of the fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by each Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued G. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance- continued

contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

In July 2004, the County issued taxable general obligation bonds to pay the entirety of the County's unfunded accrued liability to the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Maryland. These bonds were refunded in December 2013. The County realized savings on a present value basis rather than paying the liability under the amortization plan offered by the Employees' Retirement System. This debt is not related to any capital assets.

Business-Type:

In prior years, the Solid Waste Fund issued debt to finance the construction of closing of several County landfills. The costs were not capitalized as assets. Of the total outstanding debt of \$1,070,563 in the solid waste fund, \$575,538 is associated with landfills closing costs.

The Bureau of Utilities fund collects certain fees that are subject to restrictions imposed by law. As of June 30, 2017, fees collected through water/sewer user rates, area connection charges and maintenance fees totaling \$16,021,139 have been restricted for future capital projects. The Solid Waste, Airport, Fiber Network and Septage funds have restricted component of net position for capital projects in the amounts of \$4,347,065, \$1,983,525, \$12,904 and \$599,568, respectively. These amounts totaling \$22,964,201 are restricted in the business-type activities of the Statement of Net Position.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report limitations of fund balance for amounts that are nonspendable and are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties or creditors for use for a specific purpose. Commitments of fund balance represent limitations placed on spending that are imposed by and may be removed by the adoption of County Ordinance by the Board of County Commissioners. Assignments of fund balance reflect tentative plans by Board that may be subject to change. The Board of County Commissioners delegates authority to the Comptroller and the Director of Management and Budget to establish assignments of fund balance. Residual net resources are reported as unassigned fund balance and are the excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. The County considers restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which the fund balance classifications could be used. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance.

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies

G. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance- continued

Stabilization Arrangement

The Board of County Commissioners adopted ordinance number 2013-07 to establish the Stabilization Arrangement which must total a minimum of five percent of the following fiscal year adopted general fund budget. Requests for appropriations from the Stabilization Arrangement shall occur only after exhausting current year's budgetary flexibility and spending of the current year's appropriated contingency. The funds can be spent if one of the following events occurs:

1.) A sudden and unexpected decline in total general fund revenues that exceed one percent of the original projected revenues, **AND** actual revenues for two of the following major revenue sources are projected in the current year to fall below the actual amount from the prior year: property taxes, income tax, recordation tax, state shared taxes, investment interest.

OR

2.) One of the following events occurs that creates a significant financial difficulty for the County and are in excess of the current year's appropriated contingency: a.) Declaration of a State of Emergency by the Governor of Maryland; b.) Unanticipated expenditures as a result of legislative changes from State/Federal governments in the current fiscal year; c.) Acts of Terrorism declared by the Governor of Maryland or the President of the United States; or d.) Acts of nature, which are infrequent in occurrence and unusual in nature.

H. Estimated Liability for Claims in Process

The liability for claims in process in the Internal Service Fund includes estimates for personal injury, worker's compensation, property damage and medical claims as of June 30, 2017. The liability is based on estimates made on an individual claim basis plus an actuarial estimate of the liability for claims incurred but not reported.

I. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued

J. Revenues and expenditures/expenses

1.)Program Revenues

The statement of activites demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

2.) Proprietary Funds, Operating & Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Bureau of Utilities, Solid Waste, Fiber Network, Septage Treatment, the Firearms Facility and the Airport are charges to customers for sales and services. The Bureau of Utilities also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of hookup fees and lateral fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

3.) Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

4.)Property Taxes

Full year taxes and first semi-annual installments are billed and due on July 1st and may be paid without interest on or before September 30th. For fiscal year 2017, the following discounts were allowed: 1 percent on full year tax payments made on or before July 31st and 0.5 percent on full year tax payments made on or before August 31st. Semi-annual tax payments are not eligible for the discount. Second semi-annual installments are due on December 1st and may be paid without interest on or before December 31st. A service charge is payable with the second installment unless both installments are paid by September 30th. Delinquent accounts are issued final bills and legal notices on April 1st. Following the required advertisements and notices, the appointed tax collector conducts a Tax Sale on the last business day of the fiscal year.

Real and personal property taxes are levied at rates enacted by the County Commissioners in the annual budget process on the assessed value as determined by the Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation. The rates of levy cannot exceed the constant yield tax rate furnished by the Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation without public notice and only after public hearings.

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies- continued J. Revenues and expenditures/expenses- continued

The real property tax rate during the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$1.018 per \$100 of assessed value and the personal property rate was \$2.515 per \$100. Real property taxes for the County, State and Towns are billed to property owners and collected by the County.

5.) Other Taxes & Fees

Impact fees are included in the capital projects fund to provide funding to capital projects for schools and parks that are eligible to receive impact fee funding. In order for a project to be eligible it must be created to alleviate pressures related to growth as described in the impact fee ordinance. Impact Fees are collected at the time a permit is issued for the construction of a new residential dwelling.

Like impact fees Agricultural Transfer Tax is included in the capital projects fund and is restricted by law to provide funding for the Agricultural Land Preservation Program. Agricultural Transfer Tax is collected on the sale of agricultural property that is changing use from agriculture to another classification.

6.) Compensated Absences

Employees of the County earn vacation, compensatory and sick leave in varying amounts. Upon separation, employees are reimbursed for accumulated unused vacation and compensatory leave.

County employees who are participants in the State retirement program are given credited service days toward their retirement benefits for accumulated sick leave. County employees who are not in the State retirement program may be eligible to claim a portion of their unused sick days upon retirement.

Accrued unused vacations, compensatory, and sick leave, along with the employer paid portion of taxes and benefits, are reported as expenses and/or liability of the activity and function that will pay it. A liability for these amounts is reported in the funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Earned but unused vacation and compensatory leave of proprietary funds are recorded as an expense and liability of those funds.

7.) Component Units

Board of Education employees hired prior to July 1, 1997 meeting specified service requirements are eligible to accumulate sick time and upon retirement, are entitled to payment for unused sick time at 50% of their accrued sick leave balance at their previous three year average daily rate. The remaining employees, hired prior to July 1, 1997, may accumulate unused sick time and will be paid for a maximum of 250 days or their accumulated balance at June 30, 2003, whichever is greater. Employees hired July 31, 1997 and later are eligible to accumulate unlimited sick time, but are not entitled to payment for unused sick time upon retirement. There is a maximum accrual of 30 paid vacation days for those employees eligible to earn and accumulate vacation time. Library and Community College employees are permitted to accumulate vacation time and carry it over to future periods. Upon separation, employees are reimbursed for accumulated vacation. Employees are not reimbursed for accumulated unused sick leave.

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued

J. Revenues and expenditures/expenses- continued

8.) Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures in General Government. It is the County's internal policy that refunding bond premiums and discounts are allocated to the general fund. Premiums related to new bond issues are allocated to the capital fund. Discounts are recorded as general fund expenditures. Issuance costs are allocated to the general fund.

9.) Arbitrage Payable

Arbitrage rebate requirements under Internal Revenue Code Section 1.148-3 apply to general obligation bond issuances of 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012, 2011, 2010, 2009, 2008, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004, and 2003, respectively.

The law requires the computation and payment of arbitrage profits on unspent proceeds of a bond issue if the current investment of these funds yields a higher rate of return than the original bond issue. The County calculates arbitrage internally every six months. As of June 30, 2017, there is no arbitrage liability due to the Internal Revenue Service.

K. New Accounting Pronouncements

Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68.

This Statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of GASB 68. The County has implemented the effects of this Statement for reporting period ending June 30, 2017 with no affect

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued K. New Accounting Pronouncements- continued

Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans* The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions included in general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. The County has implemented the effects of this Statement for reporting period ending June 30, 2017.

Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures

This Statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose a brief description of the agreement, the amount of taxes being abated and commitments made by government other than abated taxes that are part of the tax abatement agreement. The County has implemented the effects of this Statement for reporting period ending June 30, 2017, with no effect.

Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans This Statement addresses a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68. The County has implemented the effects of this Statement for reporting period ending June 30, 2017, with no affect.

Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units-an amendment of GASB No. 14 This Statement will improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14. The Statement was not applicable to the County and therefore was implemented for reporting period ending June 30, 2017 with no effect.

Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements

This Statement will improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The Statement was not applicable to the County and therefore was implemented for reporting period ending June 30, 2017 with no effect.

Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues- an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No.73* This Statement will provide guidance for applying fair value to investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The County has implemented the effects of this Statement for reporting period ending June 30, 2017.

Future Accounting Pronouncements

GASB has issued the following Statements which will become effective in future years as shown below. Management is currently evaluating the effect of the implementation of these Standards.

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions. This Statement will become effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued K. New Accounting Pronouncements- continued

Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). This Statement will become effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018.

Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities

The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement will become effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018.

Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017

The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). This Statement will become effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues

The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources-resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt-are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purposes of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is deceased in substance. This Statement will become effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 87, Leases

The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. his Statement will become effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.

L. Prior Period Adjustment

Component Units

Board of Education's net position of statement of activities were restated because accumulated depreciation on capital assets, specifically school buildings was not correctly calculated and recorded for financial statement purposes. An adjusting journal entry totaling \$4,861,330 was recorded to increase beginning net position. Therefore, the total net position of the Statement of activities was previously reported as \$301,218,752, and was restated with a net increase of \$4,861,330 to a restated amount of \$306,080,082.

Note 2 – Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements A. Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, compensated absences, and pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds."

The details of bonds payable and compensated absences difference are as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$262,840,938
General Obligation Debt-Installment Purchases	32,827,508
Purchase Agreements Payable	5,334,709
Compensated Absences	6,199,670
Premium on Bonds	21,413,992
Total long-term debt and compensated absences	328,616,817
Deferred Charges	(<u>8,896,780</u>)
Total Long Term Liabilities & Deferred Charges	\$319,720,037

The details of net pension liabilities differences are as follows:

Net Employee Pension Liability		\$ 8,501,249
Net Certified Law Officer Pension	2,596,538	
Net LOSAP Pension Liability		1,343,404
Net MSRA Pension Liability:		
CC Officials State of MD	\$279,129	
Soil Conservation	237,464	516,593
		\$12,957,784

Another element of that reconciliation states "Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable in the funds."

Property Taxes- unavailable	\$ 779,333
Income Taxes- unavailable	14,785,083
	<u>\$15,564,416</u>

B. Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between the *net change in fund balances* – *total governmental funds* and *change in net position - governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Purchase of capital assets	\$ 10,881,443
Donated assets	2,832,224
Depreciation	(17,201,690)
Disposal of assets	(116,657)
Transferred from Component unit:	(110,037)
Land 910,175	
Building & Improvements 20,802,164	
Accumulated depreciation (12,269,848)	
Net book value	9,442,491
	\$ 5,837,811

Another element of that reconciliation states "Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds." The detail of this \$(221,823) difference represents the net change of \$375,349 Property Taxes-unavailable plus \$(597,172) in Income Taxes-unavailable in the fund statements.

Another element of that reconciliation states "The issuance of long-term debt (i.e., bonds, notes, installment purchase agreements) proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this difference are as follows:

Debt Issued or Incurred:

Issuance of new installment purchase agreements	\$ (1,303,000)
Issuance of new general obligation bonds	(20,516,961)
Principal payments on general obligation bonds	35,332,127
Principal payments on purchase agreements	331,392
Net change in amortization of	
deferred loss on refunding bonds	(1,114,139)
Net change in amortization of bond premium	636,722
Net change in accrued interest expense	272,414
	<u>\$ 13,638,555</u>

Note 2 – Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements-continued B. Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities - continued

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of some expense differences are as follows:

Increase in Compensated Absences Accrual	\$ (174,025)
Difference between accrual method used in	
Government wide Statements and the Purchase	
Method of inventory used in the Fund Statements	115,749
Č	\$ (58,276)

The details of adjustment to the net pension liabilities are as follows:

County Employee Pension Liability	\$ 2,075,707
Certified Law Officer Pension Liability	68,656
LOSAP Pension Liability	73,916
MSRA Pension Liability:	
CC Officials \$(77,310)	
Soil Conservation 16,366	(60,944)
	<u>\$2,157,335</u>

Note 3 – Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments, Cash Equivalents and Investments

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Custodial Credit Risk Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. At year-end, the collected bank balance was \$18,931,965. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation "FDIC" insured \$250,000 and the balance of \$18,681,965 was collateralized with investments held in the County's name at the Federal Reserve Bank. At June 30, 2017, the County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The following table reconciles the County's deposits and investments to the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of fiduciary net position at June 30, 2017.

Primary Government						
		Primary				
		Government Fiduciary				Total
Equity in Pooled Cash & Investments	\$	156,050,970	\$	582,762	\$	156,633,732
Cash and Cash Equivalents		423,051		-		423,051
Restricted Assets-Investments		28,219,985	17	8,238,024		206,458,009
Total Cash and Investments	\$	184,694,006	\$ 17	8,820,786	\$	363,514,792
Bank balances and cash on hand					\$	18,931,965
Investments						344,582,827
Total Balances at June 30, 2017					\$	363,514,792

COMPONENT UNITS

The following table reconciles the Component Unit's deposits and investments to the government-wide statement of net position at June 30, 2017:

			Carroll			
		Carroll	Community	Total Carroll		Industrial
	Board of	Community	College	Community		Development
	Education	College	Foundation	College	Library	Authority
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 15,843,870	\$ 7,307,887	\$ 292,118	\$ 7,600,005	\$ 1,373,104	\$ 5,586,450
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-	-	-	29,987	8,381,944
Investments	10,000,000		9,765,304	9,765,304		
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 25,843,870	\$ 7,307,887	\$ 10,057,422	\$ 17,365,309	\$ 1,403,091	\$ 13,968,394
Bank balances and cash on hand	\$ 15,843,870	1,343,945	\$ 1,029,291	\$ 2,373,236	\$ 1,403,091	\$ 13,968,394
Investments	10,000,000	5,963,942	9,028,131	14,992,073		
Total Balances at June 30, 2017	\$ 25,843,870	\$ 7,307,887	\$ 10,057,422	\$ 17,365,309	\$ 1,403,091	\$ 13,968,394

All of the collected bank balance was insured by the FDIC and/or collateralized by securities held by the component unit or its agent, in the component unit's name.

Note 3 – Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments, Cash Equivalents and Investments-continued PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Investment Risk

Interest Rate Risk: The County plans its investments to match cash flow requirements. In accordance with the investment policy, the County does not invest in securities maturing more than two years from the date of purchase and only 30 percent of the lowest investment balance can be invested between one and two years (as of June 30, 2017 the 30 percent was \$47,000,000). The only exception is the purchase of U.S Treasury bonds and U.S. Treasury strips for the Agricultural Land Preservation Program. These securities have no coupon and have long-term maturity lengths; therefore, they are very interest rate sensitive. If market rates were to rise, the market value of these securities would decline further than a similar coupon-paying Treasury security. Conversely, if market interest rates were to fall, the market value of these securities would rise further than a similar coupon-paying Treasury security. The County plans to hold these securities to their maturity to pay off the related debt when due.

Credit Risk: State law limits investments in bankers' acceptances and commercial paper to the highest letter and numerical rating by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. As of June 30, 2017, the County did not invest in any of these types of investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The County places no limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer. Under state law, the County cannot invest more than 10 percent of its portfolio in commercial paper.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, or not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the government's name. County and State statutes require that securities underlying all certificate of deposits, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements have a market value of at least 102 percent of the cost plus accrued interest of the investment. County policies require that a third party custodian hold investment securities and the collateral underlying all investments, in the government's name. As of June 30, 2017, the County's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The following table displays the fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy by investment type established by generally accepted accounting principles. Investments for the primary government and fiduciary funds have the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017.

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under the accounting guidance are listed below:

Level 1

Inputs that are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the County can access at the measurement date.

Note 3 – Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments, Cash Equivalents and Investments-continued

Level 2

Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Inputs that are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement for an asset or liability.

Primary Government: Investments by fair value level Debt Securities	Fair Value/ Amortized Costs	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Federal agencies (2)	\$ 64,777,050	\$ -	\$ 64,777,050	\$ -
U.S. government securities (1)	26,788,985		26,788,985	
Total debt securities	91,566,035		91,566,035	
Equity Securities Money rate savings account Total Equity Securities	10,002,239	10,002,239 10,002,239	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Primary Government Investments	101,568,274	10,002,239	91,566,035	
Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) and Pension Funds: Investments by fair value level Debt Securities				
Corporate Bonds	26,510,428	26,510,428		
Total debt securities	26,510,428	26,510,428		
Equity Securities				
Equities (3)	73,645,720	73,645,720	-	-
Short-term investments (3)	590,979	590,979	-	-
Marketable securities	77,490,897	77,490,897		
Total Equity Securities	151,727,596	151,727,596		
Total OPEB and Pension Funds	178,238,024	178,238,024		
Total Investments at fair value	\$ 279,806,298	\$ 188,240,263	\$91,566,035	\$ -
Investments at amortized costs				
MLGIP	64,776,529			
Total Investments	\$ 344,582,827			

⁽¹⁾ These investments are backed by full faith & credit of the U.S. Government

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies the County used to measure investments at fair value and determine which level the investment belongs in for the fair value hierarchy.

Equity Securities are valued at the last sales price or if no sale price is available and the market is active then the last transaction price before year-end is used. These securities are in level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Debt Securities are valued at the most recent price of the equivalent quoted yield. Debt securities are in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

⁽²⁾ These agencies mature in fiscal year 2018/2019 but are callable monthly, quarterly, semi-annually until maturity.

⁽³⁾ These investments are unrated.

Note 3 – Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments, Cash Equivalents and Investments-continued

Fiduciary Funds

Investment Risk

Fiduciary funds for Carroll County are the Carroll County Employee Pension Plan, the Carroll County Certified Law Officer Pension, LOSAP, & OPEB "the Trust Funds". The Trust Funds operate under one investment policy that is designed to provide benefits as anticipated through a carefully planned and executed investment program that achieves a reasonable long-term total return consistent with the level of risk assumed. Investments for the Trust Funds are reported at fair value.

The Trust Funds invest in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such a change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of fiduciary net position available for benefits.

Established by generally accepted accounting principles, the accounting guidance provides direction for measuring fair value. A fair value hierarchy is used to measure fair value of the investments. There are three levels in the fair value hierarchy. With Level 1 being the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in the markets for identical assets and Level 3 being the lowest priority.

Component Units

At year-end, the carrying value of the Board of Education's combined deposits was \$16,124,906 and cash on hand was \$3,513. The bank balance of deposits was \$17,226,135. The bank balance was covered either by federal depository insurance or collateral held by the financial institution's trust department in the Board's name. Statutes authorize secured time deposits in Maryland banks. Statutes require uninsured deposits to be fully collateralized. Therefore, under the reporting requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 40, the Board's deposits are not subject to custodial or credit risk at year-end. Because of the short-term maturity and type of investments, there is limited interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2017, the cash on hand for petty cash and change in funds for Carroll Community College was \$3,300.

At June 30, 2017, the College's cash and cash equivalents balance by type were as follows:

Cash on hand	\$	3,300
Cash in bank		1,340,645
Bank money market		1,034,221
Maryland Local Government Investment Pool		<u>4,929,721</u>
	<u>\$</u>	7,307,887

Note 3 – Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments, Cash Equivalents and Investments-continued

As of June 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the Library's deposits was \$1,403,091 and the bank balance was \$1,586,348. There is no custodial credit risk for either of these investments as the amounts are fully collateralized

Restricted cash consists of amounts previously contributed to the Library. The funds were established in 1996 by the Board of Trustees of the Library for the purpose of establishing a fund that enables the Library both to continue and to expand programs that are or will be authorized in accordance with its mission. The funds are segregated from operating funds.

As of June 30, 2017, the Industrial Development Authority bank balance was \$13,968,394. All deposits were covered by Federal Depository Insurance and/or collateral held in the Authority's name by the financial institution.

Note 4 – Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In April, the budget officer presents recommendations to the County Commissioners for review in a public session at which time estimates of revenues and budget requests are assembled for preparation of a proposed budget.

In May, a public hearing is scheduled on the budget. Taxpayers may comment on the operating and capital budgets and presentation of a proposed tax rate.

Following the hearing, a public meeting is held with the County Commissioners for reviewing the comments made at the hearing. The proposed budget is adopted at this time.

In June, certifications of the adoption are made to the Director of Management and Budget who is charged with implementing those phases of operation which will ensure that the approved budgets are submitted to all departments, bureaus, or agencies prior to July 1 as well as to ensure that the tax billing, effective July 1, reflects the tax rate as set by the County Commissioners. Annual budgets are adopted for the General, Capital and Special Revenue Funds.

The appropriated budget for the General Fund is prepared by function, department, activity and object. The legal level of budgetary control for the County's General Fund is at the department level. Project-length budgets along with the current year's portion of each project are budgeted in the Capital Projects Fund. The appropriated budgets are prepared by individual grants for the Special Revenue Funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the project level for the Capital Projects Fund and at the program level for the Grant Fund and on an annual basis for Hotel Rental Tax Fund and Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund.

Transfers in the General Fund can be made between departments and functions with the approval of the Board.

Note 4 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting-continued

A public hearing is necessary for supplemental budgetary appropriations excluding those pertaining to Grant Funds. Unused budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds and at the end of each project in the Capital Projects Fund.

The budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the County Commissioners. There were no supplemental budgetary appropriations adopted for the year ending June 30, 2017.

Note 5 – Receivables and Deferred Inflows/Outflows

Receivables

Most of the receivables in the Governmental Funds are liens on real property that will be collected via the annual tax sale process if not paid. Receivables as of yearend for the government's individual major funds and non-major and internal service funds in the aggregate, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Tax	Accounts	Interest	Notes	Total
Governmental funds					
General fund	\$ 535,804	\$ 249,729	\$ 349,898	\$ 16,772,842	\$ 17,908,273
Capital Projects fund	-	94,978	2,303	-	97,281
Non-major funds		2,038,083		190,396	2,228,479
	535,804	2,382,790	352,201	16,963,238	20,234,033
Uncollectible allowances	(49,400)				(49,400)
Total governmental funds	\$ 486,404	\$ 3,327,568	\$ 352,201	<u>\$ 16,963,688</u>	\$ 20,184,633
Amount not scheduled for					
collection during subsequent year	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ 16,054,206	<u>\$ 16,054,206</u>

	Ac	counts
Proprietary funds	· ·	
Bureau of Utilities	\$2,9	963,068
Solid Waste	ϵ	529,888
Airport	2	213,076
Fiber Network		32,054
Non-major funds		92,204
Internal Service Fund		15,514
Total proprietary funds	\$3,9	945,804
Amount not scheduled for		
collection during subsequent year	\$	

Most of the receivables in the Enterprise Funds are liens on real property that will be collected via the annual tax sale process if not paid.

Note 5 - Receivables and Deferred Inflows/Outflows-continued

Balances for the component units for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

		ecounts estricted	a	Accounts nd Notes restricted	(Other	Stu	ıdents	Contr	ibutions	Total
Component Units											
Board of Education	\$	-	\$	297,852	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 297,852
Carroll Community College		-		-	1	34,816	7	82,439	1,8	352,488	2,769,743
Library		61,377		7,597		-		-		-	68,974
Industrial Development Authority		-		7,294,968				-		-	7,294,968
		61,377		7,600,417	1	34,816	7	82,439	1,8	352,488	10,431,537
Less: allowances		-	((2,387,463)			(4	62,658)		-	(2,850,121)
Total component unity activities	\$	61,377	\$	5,212,954	\$ 1	34,816	\$ 3	319,781	\$ 1,8	352,488	\$ 7,581,416
Amount not scheduled for	-										
collection during subsequent year	\$	-	\$		\$			-	\$ 1,5	842,948	\$ 1,842,948

Unearned Revenues

Governmental and Enterprise Funds also report unearned revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At June 30, 2017, the various components of unearned revenue reported were as follows:

Governmental funds		
General Fund:		
City of Westminster	\$	77,449
Capital Fund:		
Highway user revenue	1	,328,418
Developer Contributions		138,845
Impact fees		800,484
Community Support		5,003
BOE restricted		199,855
Grants Fund:		
Draws in excess of expenditures	1	,057,168
Total governmental funds	\$ 3	3,607,222
Proprietary funds		
Bureau of Utilities	\$	6,073
Airport		33,594
Internal Service Fund:		
Future benefit payments from retirees		11,879
Total proprietary funds	\$	51,546

Note 5 - Receivables and Deferred Inflows/Outflows-continued

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>

In the government-wide statement of net position, deferred outflows of resources are reported as follows: Deferred Outflows of Resources:

Government-Wide		<u>Defe</u>	erred Outflows
Governmental activities			_
Deferred charge on refunding		\$	8,896,780
Deferred charge for pension:		•	-,,
Carroll County Employee Pension	\$4,074,268		
Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension	871,404		
Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP)	324,113		
State employee pension- cc officials	76,550		
State employee pension- soil conservation	80,117		
Total deferred charge for pension		\$	5,426,452
Business-type activities			
Deferred charge on refunding			664
Total government-wide		\$	14,323,896

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred Inflows are as follows:

Government-Wide		Deferred Inflows
Governmental activities		2 010110 01 11110 1115
Carroll county employee pension	\$2,961,909	
Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension	921,238	
LOSAP	281,198	
MSRA-CC Officials	14,084	
MSRA- Soil Conservation	22,810	
Total deferred inflows for pension		4,201,239
Business-type activities		
Deferred charge on refunding		104,907
Total government-wide		\$ 4,306,146

Governmental funds reported unearned revenues in connection with receivables for revenues not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

Governmental funds	<u>Unavailable Revenue</u>
General Fund:	
Income taxes	\$ 14,785,083
Property taxes	779,333
Total governmental funds	\$ 15,564,416

Note 6 – Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Interfund Transfers

At June 30, 2017, the Interfund transfers between primary government major and non-major funds were as follows:

Interfund Transfers

	Transfers Out						
		Capital					
	General	Projects	Non-Major				
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total			
Transfers In:							
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 11,588,410	\$ 276,114	\$11,864,524			
Capital Projects Fund	2,977,556	=	13,300	2,990,856			
Bureau of Utilities	204,490	=	-	204,490			
Solid Waste	2,415,000	=	-	2,415,000			
Internal Service Fund	196,114	=	-	196,114			
Non-Major Governmental Funds	1,820,914			1,820,914			
Total transfers	\$ 7,614,074	\$ 11,588,410	\$ 289,414	\$ 19,491,898			

The primary reason Interfund Transfers are made between the general fund to other major and non-major funds is for the continuation of operations and/or the funding of capital projects. 9.09 percent of Income Tax is dedicated to the capital fund and is transferred to the general fund to cover debt service for school construction.

Due from/to Component Units

The due from/to component units at June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

	Due From		Due To
Primary Government:			
Board of Education	\$	13,867	\$ 34,655,913
Carroll Community College		445	41,614
Library		1,611	5,120
Industrial Development Authority		612,910	
	\$	628,833	\$ 34,702,647
Component Units:			
Primary Government (Board of Education)	3	34,655,913	13,867
Primary Government (Carroll Community College)		41,614	445
Primary Government (Library)		5,120	1,611
Primary Government (IDA)			612,910
	\$ 3	34,702,647	\$ 628,833

Note 6 – Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers-continued

Due from/to Fiduciary Funds

Due to/from primary government and due from fiduciary funds:

	Due From	Due To
Trust Funds: General Fund Governmental Activities:	\$ -	\$ 385,463
Other Postemployment Benefit Trust	385,463	_
	\$ 385,463	\$ 385,463
Due from/to Other Governmental Funds Governmental Funds:	Due From	Due To
General Fund	\$ 300,166	\$ 7,147,766
	. ,	Ψ 7,117,700
Capital Fund	6,799,470	-
Non-Major Governmental Funds (Grants)	348,296	300,166
	\$ 7,447,932	\$ 7,447,932
		<u></u>

<u>Internal Balances</u>

Due from/to Business-type funds:

Internal Balances

]	Due From	D	ue To
Business-type Activities:				
General Fund	\$	-	\$ 2,	326,226
Grant Fund		2,966		_
	\$	2,966	\$2,	326,226
Governmental Activities:				
Fiber Network	\$	2,247,517	\$	-
Airport		78,709		-
Internal Service Fund				2,966
Total Governmental Activities	\$	\$ 2,326,226		2,966

The Airport Fund, Fiber Network and OPEB trust fund overdrew their share of Equity in Pooled Cash accounts. The overdraw was covered by the General Fund. The General Fund had an outstanding accounts receivable with the Airport, Fiber Network and OPEB trust fund at June 30, 2017.

Note 7 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Net of						
	Balance		Transfers and	Balance		
	June 30, 2016	Additions*	Retirements	June 30, 2017		
Governmental activities:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 34,569,392	\$ 1,360,675	\$ (40,387)	\$ 35,889,680		
Construction in progress	9,727,788	6,434,264	(5,977,797)	10,184,255		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	44,297,180	7,794,939	(6,018,184)	4 6,073,935		
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and contents	193,393,561	18,477,933	-	211,871,494		
Improvements other than buildings	73,666,509	2,868,309	5,624,102	82,158,920		
Automobiles, machinery and equipment	46,727,086	3,456,977	(1,222,111)	48,961,952		
Infrastructure	572,280,713	2,827,848		575,108,561		
Total capital assets, being depreciated	886,067,869	27,631,067	4,401,991	918,100,927		
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and contents	57,716,768	15,726,089	-	73,442,857		
Improvements other than buildings	25,706,578	6,801,576	-	32,508,154		
Automobiles, machinery and equipment	33,086,786	3,250,327	(1,499,536)	34,837,577		
Infrastructure	427,444,011	3,693,546		431,137,557		
Total accumulated depreciation	543,954,143	29,471,538	(1,499,536)	571,926,145		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	342,113,726	(1,840,471)	5,901,528	346,174,782		
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 386,410,906</u>	<u>\$ 5,954,468</u>	<u>\$ (116,657)</u>	<u>392,248,717</u>		
Business-type activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 8,968,255	\$ 70,007	\$ -	9,038,262		
Construction in progress	9,174,076	4,988,483	(1,775,575)	12,386,984		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	18,142,331	5,058,490	(1,775,575)	21,425,246		
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and contents	24,272,597	-	-	24,272,597		
Improvements other than buildings	11,550,808	42,606	-	11,593,414		
Automobiles, machinery and equipment	27,487,207	2,700,889	(223,837)	29,964,259		
Infrastructure:						
Water facilities	55,439,328	-	-	55,439,328		
Sewer facilities	47,731,450			47,731,450		
Total capital assets, being depreciated	166,481,390	2,743,495	(223,837)	169,001,048		
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and contents	9,311,979	485,670	-	9,797,649		
Improvements other than buildings	5,146,422	504,245	-	5,650,667		
Automobiles, machinery and equipment	9,151,940	1,421,204	(223,837)	10,349,307		
Infrastructure:						
Water facilities	12,332,305	968,616	-	13,300,921		
Sewer facilities	17,539,716	710,043		18,249,759		
Total accumulated depreciation	53,482,362	4,089,778	(223,837)	57,348,303		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	112,999,028	(1,346,283)		111,652,745		
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 131,141,359	\$ 3,712,207	\$ (1,775,575)	\$ 133,077,991		

^{*}Additions to accumulated depreciation includes the transfer of capital assets of \$20,802,164 from the Board of Education along with accumulated depreciation of \$12,269,848.

Note 7 – Capital Assets-continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

- 1	
Governmental	activities.
OUVEIIIICIII	activities.

General Government	\$ 6,748,752
Public Safety	3,858,165
Public Works	4,720,590
Health	9,017
Culture & Recreation	1,163,288
Judicial	74,141
Economic Development	231,792
Conservation of Natural Resources	395,138
Human Services	807
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	<u>\$17,201,690</u>
Business-type activities:	
Bureau of Utilities	\$ 2,296,365
Solid Waste	605,529
Septage	19,273
Airport	176,283

Septage 19,273
Airport 176,283
Firearms Facility 28,285
Fiber Network 964,043

Total depreciation expense-business-type activities \$4,089,778

Component units

Activity for the Board of Education for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Balance		Net	
	June 30, 2016		Transfers and	Balance
	Restated	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2017
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land and improvements	\$ 15,052,303	\$ -	\$ (910,175)	\$ 14,142,128
Construction in Progress	225,711	6,066,984	(2,788,220)	3,504,475
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	15,278,014	6,066,984	(3,698,395)	17,646,603
Capital assets being depreciated				
Building and improvements	602,483,454	2,858,271	(20,802,164)	584,539,561
Equipment	44,081,119	1,362,726	(2,703,733)	42,740,112
Total capital assets being depreciated	646,564,573	4,220,997	(23,505,897)	627,279,673
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	211,274,490	14,672,104	(12,269,848)	213,676,746
Equipment	34,377,094	2,861,025	(2,387,844)	34,850,275
Total accumulated depreciation	245,651,584	17,533,129	(14,657,692)	248,527,021
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	400,912,989	(13,312,132)	(8,848,205)	378,752,652
Capital assets, net	\$416,191,003	\$(7,245,148)	\$(12,546,600)	\$396,399,255

Note 7 – Capital Assets-continued

Component units-continued

Activity for the Carroll Community College for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

			Net		
	Balance at		Transfers and	Balance at	
	June 30, 2016	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2017	
Capital assets not being depreciated	<u> </u>				
Foundation	\$ 382,525	\$ 3,925	\$ (1,500)	\$ 384,950	
Capital assets being depreciated					
Building improvements	2,563,943	194,909	-	2,758,852	
Equipment	3,742,831	303,324	(81,566)	3,964,589	
Vehicles	128,692	58,224	-	186,916	
Library books	1,602,476	34,801	(44,217)	1,593,060	
Total capital assets being depreciated	8,037,942	591,258	(125,783)	8,503,417	
Less accumulated depreciation					
Building improvements	1,041,414	158,648	-	1,200,062	
Equipment	3,305,742	184,246	(81,566)	3,408,422	
Vehicles	125,618	7,233	-	132,851	
Library books	1,541,479	42,060	(43,365)	1,540,174	
Total accumulated depreciation	6,014,253	392,187	(124,931)	6,281,509	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	2,023,689	199,071	(852)	2,221,908	
Capital assets, net	\$ 2,406,214	\$ 202,996	\$ (2,352)	\$ 2,606,858	

Foundation

The art collection consists of various paintings and drawings by Hiram Williams. These donated items were recorded at their fair value, as determined by independent appraisal, at \$384,950, as of June 30, 2017, and \$381,025 as of June 30, 2016, and adjusted accordingly in the financial statements. Collectibles and artwork with indeterminate useful lives are not depreciated.

Since the donors placed no restriction on their gift of these collections, they are included in Unrestricted Net Position.

Note 7 – Capital Assets-continued

Activity for the Carroll County Public Library for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

.

	Balance at June 30, 2016		Additions		Net Transfers and Retirements		Balance at June 30, 2017	
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 13	222	¢.		ø	(12.222)	¢.	
Construction in progress	\$ 13	,232	\$	-	\$	(13,232)	\$	-
Capital assets being depreciated by location								
Headquarters	1,135	,350		52,074		(43,589)	1	,143,835
Westminster	1,241	,372		-		(50,676)	1	,190,696
Eldersburg	432	,521		-		(4,170)		428,351
Mt. Airy	961	,465		-		-		961,465
North Carroll	293	,936		-		(2,025)		291,911
Taneytown	138	,432		-		-		138,432
Finksburg	124	,214		-		-		124,214
Circulation materials	3,260	,040	1,	100,402	(]	1,107,836)	3	,252,606
Total capital assets, being depreciated	7,587	,330	1,	152,476	(1	1,208,296)	7	,531,510
Less accumulated depreciation	3,924	,462	1,	338,106	(]	1,199,244)	4	,063,324
Capital assets, net	\$3,676,1	00	\$((185,630)		\$(22,284)	\$3	,468,186

Activity for the Industrial Development Authority of Carroll County for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2016	Additions	Net Transfers and Retirements	Balance June 30,2017
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 7,274,323	\$ -	\$ (183,153)	\$ 7,091,170
Construction in Progress	1,779,929	9,076	(407,870)	1,381,135
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	9,054,252	9,076	(591,023)	8,472,305
Capital assets being depreciated				
Equipment	37,886			37,886
Total capital assets being depreciated	37,886	_		37,886
Less accumulated depreciation				
Equipment	9,495	3,428		12,923
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	28,391	(3,428)		24,963
Capital assets, net	\$ 9,082,643	\$ 5,648	\$ (591,023)	\$ 8,497,268

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt

The following is an analysis of the changes in long-term obligations of the reporting entity for the year ended June 30, 2017:

			Principal		
	Balance		Repayments/	Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2016	Additions	Amortization	June 30, 2017	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Purchase Agreements	\$ 5,666,101	\$ -	\$ 331,392	\$ 5,334,709	\$ 296,536
General Obligation Debt	31,524,508	1,303,000	-	32,827,508	-
General Obligation Bonds	277,656,104	20,516,961	35,332,127	262,840,938	27,491,643
Bonds premium/discount	22,050,714	1,302,370	1,939,092	21,413,992	1,745,740
Subtotal	336,897,427	23,122,331	37,602,611	322,417,147	29,533,919
Net other post employments					
benefit obligation	36,845,328	1,401,365	-	38,246,693	-
Net LOSAP liability	1,417,320	484,089	558,005	1,343,404	-
Net employee pension liability	10,576,956	8,117,562	10,193,269	8,501,249	-
Net certified law officers pension liability	2,665,194	2,277,063	2,345,719	2,596,538	-
Net pension liability (CC Officials State of MD)	201,819	77,310	-	279,129	-
Net pension liability (Soil Conservation- State)	253,830	-	16,366	237,464	-
Estimated liability	2 126 520	1.762.027	022 406	2.076.070	1 270 710
for claims in process-worker's comp	2,136,529	1,763,037	923,496	2,976,070	1,279,710
for claims in process-insurance	1,971,577	15,820,148	16,229,038	1,562,687	1,547,060
Compensated Absences	6,025,644	3,052,766	2,878,740	6,199,670	
Governmental activity	\$ 398,991,624	\$ 56,115,671	\$ 70,747,243	\$384,360,051	e 22.260.690
Long-term liabilities	398,991,024	30,113,071	3 70,747,243	\$384,300,031	\$ 32,360,689
Desires a terre a state a					
Business-type activities: Loans Payable	\$ 158,748	\$ -	\$ 30,141	\$ 128,607	\$ 30,925
General Obligation Bonds	15,284,816	211,715	2,245,200	\$ 128,607 13,251,331	1,930,455
Subtotal	15,443,564	211,715	2,275,341	13,379,938	1,961,380
Landfill closure/post closure	12,712,169	211,/13	345,360	12,366,809	239,740
Compensated Absences	396,409	154,171	132,361	418,219	151,941
Business-type activity	390,409	134,171	132,301	410,219	131,941
Long-term liabilities	\$ 28,552,142	\$ 365,886	\$ 2,753,062	\$ 26,164,966	\$ 2,353,061
Long term me miles	0 20,002,112	\$ 200,000	<u> </u>	0 20,101,700	+ 2,353,001
Component Units:					
Board of Education:					
Net other post employment					
benefit obligation	\$ 93,788,726	\$ 26,930,000	\$ 12,241,106	\$ 108,477,620	\$ -
Compensated Absences	15,778,411	1,657,783	1,829,095	15,607,099	2,400,000
Net pension liability (State of MD)	17,874,365	2,732,743	1,483,375	19,123,733	-
Capital Lease Obligations	2,615,846	· -	870,718	1,745,128	930,441
Total Board of Education	\$ 130,057,348	\$ 31,320,526	\$ 16,424,294	\$ 144,953,580	\$ 3,330,441
		-			
Carroll Community College					
Net other post employment					
benefit obligation	\$ 20,150,543	\$ 2,640,880	\$ -	\$ 22,791,423	\$ -
Compensated Absences	889,948	_	15,519	874,429	740,152
Total Carroll Community College	\$ 21,040,491	\$ 2,640,880	\$ 15,519	\$ 23,665,852	\$ 740,152
Library					
Compensated Absences	\$ 523,475	\$ 24,401	\$ -	\$ 547,876	\$ -
Net pension liability	581,213	153,739	55,927	679,025	-
Total Library	\$ 1,104,688	\$ 178,140	\$ 55,927	\$ 1,226,901	\$ -
Industrial Development Authority					
Loans	\$ 5,764,567	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,764,567	\$ -
Total Industrial Dev. Authority	\$ 5,764,567	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,764,567	\$ -

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt-continued

A.) Governmental Activities

Payments on the non-current liabilities above (excluding compensated absences), that pertain to the County's governmental activities are made by the General Fund. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund. The additions to the unamortized premium on bonds payable for governmental activities are recorded as an Other Financing Source in the General Fund for refunding bonds issued, and in the Capital Projects Fund for new bonds issued.

Payments are made to the pension and other post-employment trust funds from the General Fund as an employer contribution to help reduce the liability.

For governmental activities, compensated absences and arbitrage liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund. Claims liabilities typically have been liquidated in the Internal Service Fund.

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2017 consist of the following:

Purchase Agreements

In March 2006, the County entered into phase two with Suntrust Equipment Finance/AAIG Johnson Controls to purchase and install energy saving fixtures for various County buildings. The maturity date for this purchase agreement is February 15, 2021. Payments are due quarterly at an interest rate of 4.04%. The principal sources of repayment for this debt are general revenues of the County including property taxes and income taxes and the debt is secured by the equipment acquired.

In March 2015, phase three was entered into between the County and AAIG/Johnson Controls to continue purchasing and installing energy saving fixtures for various County buildings. The maturity date for this purchase agreement is December 15, 2031. Payments are due quarterly at an interest rate of 2.353%. The principal sources of repayment for this debt are general revenues of the County including property taxes and income taxes and the debt is secured by the equipment acquired.

Issue	Interest Rate	Year Series Matures	Amount of Original Issue	Outstanding June 30, 2017	Due Within One Year
General Government:					
SunTrust/AAIG Johnson Controls	4.040%	2021	\$ 2,649,079	\$ 909,188	\$ 228,704
AAIG Johnson Controls	2.353%	2031	4,536,852	4,425,521	67,832
Total Purchase Agreements				\$ 5,334,709	\$ 296,536

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt-continued

A.) Governmental Activities-continued

A.) Governmental Activities

Years Ending June 30,	Principal		 Interest	Total		
2018	\$	296,536	\$ 138,025	\$	434,561	
2019		316,017	126,594		442,611	
2020		336,498	114,513		451,011	
2021		391,245	101,461		492,706	
2022		344,966	91,064		436,030	
2023-2027		2,057,960	316,342		2,374,302	
2028-2031		1,591,487	71,015		1,662,502	
Total purchase agreement	\$	5,334,709	\$ 959,014	\$	6,293,723	

General Obligation Debt

The County issues general obligation debt for the Agricultural Preservation Program to enter Installment Purchase Agreements for land easements. This debt is an obligation of the County for which its full faith and credit are pledged. The sources of repayment for this debt are the general revenues of the County including property taxes, income taxes and dedicated interest earnings and restricted principal from federal obligation securities with a maturity of 10-20 years. These loans range in maturity dates from fiscal year 2019 to fiscal year 2037. The interest rates on these purchase agreements range from 4.641% to 6.00%.

Years Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ -	\$ 1,818,826	\$ 1,818,826
2019	1,201,211	1,818,826	3,020,037
2020	-	1,746,753	1,746,753
2021	-	1,746,753	1,746,753
2022	246,000	1,746,753	1,992,753
2023-2027	7,797,488	7,982,046	15,779,534
2028-2032	17,885,220	5,092,368	22,977,588
2033-2037	5,697,589	756,859	6,454,448
Total purchase agreement	\$32,827,508	\$22,709,184	\$55,536,692

General Obligation Bonds

The County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for construction of major capital facilities such as libraries, parks and schools, to loan to the volunteer fire companies and for other general county uses such as construction of roads and bridges. The bonds are obligations of the County for which its full faith and credit are pledged. The principal sources of repayment for the bonds are the general revenues of the County including property taxes and income taxes and to the extent bond proceeds are used to finance loans to the volunteer fire companies' loan payments from such entities.

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt–continued A.) Governmental Activities-continued

	Interest	Year Series	Amount of Original	Outstanding June 30,	Due Within
Issue	Rate	Matures	Issue	2017	One Year
General Government:	2.5020/	2022		4.70.046	0.7.0
FHA Loan of 1972-Watershed Bonds	3.502%	2022	\$ 769,700	\$ 158,846	\$ 27,266
FHA Loan of 1974- Watershed Bonds	3.649%	2024	253,000	79,663	9,218
FHA Loan of 1979- Watershed Bonds	3.649%	2031	678,800	321,131	18,008
2006 Public Improvement Bonds	3.50%-4.00%	2021	20,260,000	-	-
2007 Refunding Bonds (January)	3.50%-5.00%	2020	23,165,983	-	-
2007 Public Improvement Bonds	3.75%-5.25%	2022	20,430,000	1,159,156	1,159,156
2007 Refunding Bonds (November)	3.75%-5.25%	2022	6,670,000	2,640,000	620,000
2008 Public Improvement Bonds	3.25%-5.00%	2028	28,294,094	3,695,547	1,802,615
2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A	2.00%-4.00%	2019	14,759,547	4,945,275	1,578,534
2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B	4.70%-5.625%	2029	17,631,476	17,159,565	-
2010 Refunding Bonds Series A	0.30%-1.70%	2018	6,044,297	485,273	485,273
2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D	1.03%-3.51%	2030	8,841,618	7,108,432	419,313
2011 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-4.25%	2031	11,042,955	8,558,303	441,494
2011 Refunding Bonds	2.00%-4.25%	2031	9,104,764	5,124,029	1,842,190
2012 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2032	13,600,000	10,075,197	631,201
2012 Refunding Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2032	13,685,415	12,120,859	2,586,369
2013 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2033	23,412,567	18,078,596	1,101,902
2014 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2034	14,099,475	10,764,158	598,009
2014 Refunding Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2029	19,078,563	15,447,052	1,105,502
2015 Public Improvement Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2035	25,448,730	20,998,085	1,105,802
2015 Refunding Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2022	5,529,176	5,516,503	,, -
2016 Public Improvement Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2036	11,291,144	9,722,736	486,137
2016 Refunding Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2020	2,617,306	2,617,306	912,966
Subtotal General Government	3.0070 3.0070	2020	2,017,500	\$ 156,775,712	\$ 16,930,955
Subtour General Government				ψ 130,773,712	Ψ 10,750,755
Board of Education:					
2006 Public Improvement Bonds	3.50%-4.00%	2021	\$20,260,000	\$ -	\$ -
2007 Refunding Bonds (January)	3.50%-5.00%	2020	23,165,983	=	=
2007 Public Improvement Bonds	3.75%-5.25%	2022	20,430,000	102,101	102,101
2008 Public Improvement Bonds	3.25%-5.00%	2028	43,613,906	4,361,275	2,127,433
2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A	2.00%-4.00%	2019	8,305,513	2,846,077	908,469
2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B	4.70%-5.625%	2029	15,946,285	15,946,284	-
2010 Refunding Bonds Series A	0.30%-1.70%	2018	6,054,056	486,057	486,057
2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D	1.03%-3.51%	2030	10,272,510	8,269,136	526,929
2011 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-4.25%	2031	6,957,045	5,610,127	289,417
2011 Refunding Bonds	2.00%-4.25%	2031	769,193	336,233	160,508
2012 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2032	6,400,000	5,117,740	320,565
2012 Refunding Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2032	2,347,757	2,138,034	428,724
2013 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2033	1,852,433	1,566,365	95,471
2014 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2034	2,347,757	810,473	45,026
2014 Refunding Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2029	1,852,433	31,079,281	745,518
2015 Public Improvement Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2035	1,736,270	1,649,407	86,863
2015 Refunding Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2022	485,905	485,905	-
2016 Public Improvement Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2036	2,405,656	2,405,656	120,283
2016 Refunding Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2020	3,520,979	3,520,979	1,228,184
Subtotal Board of Education	5.00/0-5.00/0	2020	5,520,719	\$ 86,731,130	\$ 7,671,548
Subtotal Doard of Education				ψ 60,731,130	Ψ /,0/1,340

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt–continued A.) Governmental Activities-continued General Obligation Bonds

	Interest	Year Series	Amount of Original	Outstanding June 30,	Due Within
Issue	Rate	Matures	Issue	2017	One Year
Volunteer Fire Companies:					
2003 Fire Company Bonds	2.00%-3.85%	2018	\$ 2,100,000	\$ 345,000	\$ 170,000
2004 Fire Company Bonds	4.13%	2019	2,065,000	517,628	165,609
2005 Fire Company Bonds	3.50%-4.125%	2020	2,900,000	760,000	190,000
2006 Public Improvement Bonds	3.50%-4.00%	2021	20,260,000	_	_
2007 Public Improvement Bonds	3.75%-5.25%	2022	20,430,000	170,000	170,000
2008 Public Improvement Bonds	3.25%-5.00%	2028	180,000	27,600	13,462
2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A	2.00%-4.00%	2019	270,000	92,522	29,533
2010 Refunding Bonds Series A	0.30%-1.70%	2018	381,976	30,667	30,667
2010 Refunding Bonds Series B	0.30%-1.70%	2018	2,210,000	275,000	275,000
2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D	3.75%-4.90%	2030	535,000	335,000	55,000
2011 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-4.25%	2031	750,000	604,800	31,200
2012 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2032	1,460,000	1,167,436	73,141
2012 Refunding Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2032	187,173	187,173	29,913
2013 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2033	735,000	621,494	37,880
2014 Refunding Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2024	60,458	60,458	-
2015 Public Improvement Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2035	815,000	730,000	85,000
2016 Public Improvement Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2036	303,200	303,200	15,160
Subtotal Volunteer Fire Companies				\$ 6,227,978	\$ 1,371,565
2013 Taxable Pension Bonds	2.24%	2019	\$ 4,524,000	\$ 2,670,000	\$ 917,000
Subtotal Taxable Pension Bonds				\$ 2,670,000	\$ 917,000
Watershed:					
2007 Public Improvement Bonds	3.75%-5.25%	2022	20,430,000	\$2,663	\$2,663
2008 Public Improvement Bonds	3.25%-5.00%	2028	28,294,094	61,333	29,917
2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A	2.00%-4.00%	2019	14,759,547	112,428	35,887
2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B	4.70%-5.625%	2029	17,631,476	471,910	-
2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D	1.03%-3.51%	2030	8,841,618	104,531	6,661
2011 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-4.25%	2031	11,042,955	346,770	17,889
2012 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2032	13,600,000	799,627	50,093
2013 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2033	23,412,567	1,718,545	104,746
2014 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2034	14,099,475	1,925,370	106,965
2014 Refunding Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2029	19,078,563	134,350	-
2015 Public Improvement Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2035	25,448,730	3,177,510	167,334
2015 Refunding Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2022	5,529,176	12,673	-
2016 Public Improvement Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2036	11,291,144	1,568,408	78,420
Subtotal Board of Education				\$ 10,436,118	\$ 600,575
Subtotal General Obligation Bonds				\$ 262,840,938	\$ 27,491,643
Bond premium/discount				21,413,992	1,745,740
Total				\$ 284,254,930	\$ 29,237,383

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Annual Requirements to amortize general obligation bonds

Years Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 27,491,643	\$ 10,482,088	\$ 37,973,731
2019	25,649,440	9,330,711	34,980,151
2020	24,223,753	8,261,056	32,484,809
2021	21,154,371	7,252,343	28,406,714
2022	17,655,879	6,354,601	24,010,480
2023-2027	75,765,334	21,004,065	96,769,399
2028-2032	56,135,518	6,967,818	63,103,336
2033-2037	14,765,000	859,847	15,624,847
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 262,840,938	\$ 70,512,529	\$ 333,353,467

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt-continued

B.) Business-type activities

Bureau of Utilities

Loans Payable-Special Assessment Debt with Governmental Commitment

The County has issued the following special assessment debt to provide funds for upgrading the Freedom District Sewer Treatment Plant and the Filters and Clarifiers for the Hampstead Wastewater Treatment Plant. These bonds are being repaid from Area Connection Charges and Front Foot Assessments charged to the users of the plants. In the event revenues collected for Front Foot Assessments and Area Connection Charges do not cover the debt service payment when due, the County must provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources are received. This debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

	Interest	Year Series	Amount of Original	Outstanding June 30,	Due Within
Issue	Rate	Matures	Issue	2017	One Year
Maryland Water Quality Financing:				_	
2002 Revolving Loan - Hampstead	2.60%	2021	\$ 532,680	\$ 128,607	\$ 30,925
Total Loans Payable				\$ 128,607	\$ 30,925

The annual requirements to repay the loans payable outstanding as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total
2018	\$	30,925	\$ 5,059	\$ 35,984
2019		31,728	4,255	35,983
2020		32,554	3,430	35,984
2021		33,400	2,583	35,983
Total Loans Payable	\$	128,607	\$15,327	\$143,934

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds have been issued for enterprise activities in addition to those of the general government. Bonds reported in the enterprise funds are expected to be repaid from enterprise revenues.

Note 8 - Long-Term Debt-continued

B.) Business-type activities-continued

Year Amount Outstanding June 30, Due Within Interest Series of Original One Year 2017 Rate Issue Issue Matures Bureau of Utilities: 2006 Public Improvement Bonds 3.50%-4.00% 2021 \$ 200,000 \$ \$ 2007 Public Improvement Bonds 3.75%-5.25% 2022 9,401,000 625,867 625,867 2008 Public Improvement Bonds 399,435 3.25%-5.00% 2028 7,616,000 818,858 2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A 2019 255,450 81,540 2.00%-4.00% 745,461 1,072,240 2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B 4.70%-5.625% 2029 1,072,240 2010 Refunding Bonds Series A 0.30%-1.70% 2018 6,371 512 512 2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D 3.75%-4.90% 2030 13,742 11,062 705 2011 Refunding Bonds 2021 100,225 2.00%-4.25% 484,430 228,821 2012 Refunding Bonds 2.00%-5.00% 2022 198,550 181,169 36,179 2024 2014 Refunding Bonds 2.00%-5.00% 5,446,358 5,050,753 124,963 2015 Refunding Bonds 3.00%-5.00% 2022 2,978,549 2,978,548 2016 Refunding Bonds 3.00%-5.00% 2020 56,307 56,307 19,641 Subtotal Bureau of Utilities 11,279,587 1,389,067 Solid Waste Fund 2007 Refunding Bonds (January) 3.50%-5.00% 2020 345,658 2007 Public Improvement Bonds 2022 40,211 40,211 3.75%-5.25% 604,000 2008 Public Improvement Bonds 3.25%-5.00% 2028 296.000 45,386 22,138 2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A 2019 9,479 2.00%-4.00% 3,248 1,037 2011 Refunding Bonds 2.00%-4.25% 2021 789,648 475,148 158,221 2014 Refunding Bonds 2.00%-5.00% 2024 406,860 223,611 57,928 2015 Refunding Bonds 2022 3.00%-5.00% 191,370 191,370 31,948 2016 Refunding Bonds 3.00%-5.00% 2020 91,589 91,589 Subtotal Solid Waste Fund 1,070,563 311,483 Airport Fund 2001 Public Improvement Bonds 3.25%-4.75% 2021 2,200,000 550,000 110,000 2007 Refunding Bonds (January) 3.50%-5.00% 2020 240,854 2010 Refunding Bonds Series A 2018 93,300 7,491 7,491 0.30%-1.70% 2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D 3.75%-4.90% 2030 27,130 21,839 1,392 2011 Refunding Bonds 2021 2.00%-4.25% 286,966 145,769 58,856 2012 Refunding Bonds 2.00%-5.00% 2022 18,716 15,374 3,843 2014 Refunding Bonds 2020 34,498 16,091 2.00%-5.00% 85,400 2016 Refunding Bonds 3.00%-5.00% 2020 63,819 63,819 22,261 Subtotal Airport Fund 838,790 219,934 Septage Fund 2006 Public Improvement Bonds 2021 200,000 3.50%-4.00% 2012 Refunding Bonds 2.00%-5.00% 2022 62,391 62.391 9.971 9,971 Subtotal Septage Fund 62,391 Total General Obligation Bonds \$ 13,251,331 \$ 1,930,455

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt-continued

B.) Business-type Activities-continued

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
Business-type activities:			
2018	\$ 1,930,455	\$ 574,188	\$ 2,504,643
2019	1,714,447	485,426	2,199,873
2020	1,752,272	404,948	2,157,220
2021	1,461,175	325,349	1,786,524
2022	1,436,831	263,544	1,700,375
2023-2027	3,638,243	498,621	4,136,864
2028-2031	1,317,908	26,836	1,344,744
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 13,251,331	\$2,578,912	\$ 15,830,243

Advanced Refunding

The County issued general obligation refunding bonds during the current year. The County issued \$6,350,000 on November 10, 2016 of general obligation refunding bonds to redeem the January 2007 outstanding bonds. The net proceeds of \$6,786,228(after payment of \$76,364 for issuance costs) were used to redeem \$6,750,000 of general obligation bonds from January 2007 bonds. The November 2016 redemption was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments by \$284,580. The economic gain or net present value of savings from redeeming general obligation bonds was \$36,228

Advance Refunding – Prior Years

In prior years, the County defeased certain general obligation and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. At June 30, 2017, \$58,827,875 of defeased bonds remains outstanding.

Bond Authorization

The County has authorization to sell approximately \$153,037,698 in additional bonds for the construction and renovation of several public schools; numerous general public projects and various road and bridge projects. The County has already appropriated \$110,611,278 of the available authorization.

C.) Component Units

In October of 2004, the Board of Education entered into a 10-year energy management plan to provide air conditioning to three elementary schools. Additionally, the plan will upgrade water and lighting fixtures. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, no new capital leases were entered into by the Board of Education.

The Board of Education leases energy management equipment pursuant to capital lease agreements entered into in prior years. Payments made on capital leases are recorded in the General Fund. Future minimum lease obligations are as follows:

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt-continued

Board of Ed energy management equipment

	Energy
	Management
Years Ending June 30,	Equipment
2018	\$992,243
2019	844,235
	1,836,478
less interest	(91,350)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 1,745,128

Interest expense related to capital leases was \$92,625 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

On January 5, 2005, the IDA entered into an Investment Agreement with the State of Maryland department of Business and Economic Development to fund the rehabilitation of the Warfield Complex. The proceeds were reloaned to the Warfield Development Corporation. The total amount of the Note is \$4,000,000. Repayment is based upon a nineteen-year amortization with interest at 3.0%, but payments are based upon actual cash flow from the Warfield Complex. This payment structure allows for the deferral of payments in years of insufficient cash flow. In the event payments are deferred, they become due and payable in the subsequent payment period. At loan maturity, December 31, 2025, any unsatisfied deferred payments may be considered for forgiveness, provided all the terms of the agreement have been met. During fiscal year 2017, all terms of the agreement have been met and the Warfield Complex generated no cash flow; therefore, no principal payments were due at June 30, 2017. On November 29, 2017, the IDA and the State of Maryland Department of Commerce negotiated and executed a final settlement of the loan outstanding. To satisfy the loan, a payment of \$3,764,567 was made and the interest payable on the loan, which was \$1,142,937 as of June 30,2017, was forgiven.

On June 30, 2016, the IDA entered into a \$2,000,000 investment agreement with the State of Maryland and the Department of Commerce to develop the North Carroll Business park project, located in Hampstead, Maryland. The proceeds of the loan are to be used for eligible project costs to develop the infrastructure of the approximately 80 acre park. The agreements states the loan will be interest free for a period of twenty four months beginning on the date of disbursement of the proceeds. Beginning on the day following the end of the 24 month period, the outstanding balance of the investment shall bear interest at 3% per annum.

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt–continued

The annual requirements to amortize notes payable outstanding as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Years ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2018	\$ 3,764,567	\$ -	\$ 3,764,567
2019	-	60,000	60,000
2020	-	60,000	60,000
2021	-	60,000	60,000
2022	-	60,000	60,000
2023-2026	<u>2,000,000</u>	240,000	2,240,000
	\$5,764,567	\$480,000	\$ 6,244,567

Note 9 – Lease Obligations

Operating Leases

Governmental Activities

The County is committed under various leases to rent office space, parking and a storage facility as lessee. All leases are considered for accounting purposes to be operating leases. Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2017 for the County amounted to \$297,630. Future lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	
2018	\$ 301,000
2019	310,030
2020	319,331
2021	328,911
2022	338,778
2023-2026	1,459,841

The County is committed under various rental lease agreements as lessor. All leases are considered for accounting purposes to be collectable leases. Lease revenues for the year ended June 30, 2017 amounted to \$391,641. Future lease revenues for these rentals are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	
2018	\$ 304,049
2019	304,049
2020	304,049
2021	304,049
2022	304,049
2023-2027	1,520,244
2028-2097	70

In Kind Services

The primary government owns facilities that are used in the operation by their component units (related parties). For the fiscal year 2017, the County recorded \$1,559,430 for the Library; \$3,534,200 for Carroll Community College and \$1,615,574 for the Board of Education as in kind revenue and additional support to the component units.

Note 9 – Lease Obligations-continued

In 2006, the County entered into an Energy Performance Operating Lease with Johnson Controls, Inc. for the first and second phases of the energy project. The lease agreement requires a performance guarantee and service maintenance contract payment which if the County terminates payment before the term ends, the assured performance guarantee shall automatically terminate. The total lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2017 for the County totaled to \$374,764 and has a six-year commitment remaining. The total future minimum payments are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,

2018	\$386,008
2019	397,587
2020	409,045
2021	421,318
2022	433,959

In February 2015, the County signed a new 15-year Energy Performance Operating Lease with Johnson Controls, Inc. to start the third phase of the energy project. The total lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2017 for the County totaled \$109,570 and has a 14-year commitment remaining. The total future minimum payments are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,

2018	\$112,856
2019	116,242
2020	119,730
2021	123,321
2022	127,021
2023-2027	694,602
2028-2031	550,437

Business Type Activities

The County is committed under various business-type rental lease agreements as lessor. All leases are considered for accounting purposes to be collectable leases. Lease revenues for the year ended June 30, 2017 amounted to \$359,507. Future lease revenues for these rentals are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	
2018	\$298,808
2019	301,032
2020	302,559
2021	304,699
2022	306,727
2023-2027	313,552

Note 9 – Lease Obligations-continued

The cost and carrying amount of the leased assets are as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type Activities	<u>Total</u>
Land	\$13,461,837	\$512,770	\$13,974,607
Buildings	123,544,313	-	123,544,313
Less: Accumulated depreci	ation (42,343,943)		(42,343,943)
Net carrying value	\$94,662,207	\$512,770	\$95,174,977

Component Units

The Board of Education leases equipment under agreements reported as operating leases. The annual lease payments are recorded as expenses in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Expenditures in the General Fund. Operating lease terms extend through the year ended June 30, 2019.

Future minimum payments on operating leases with an initial or remaining noncancellable term in excess of one year are as follows:

Minimum

	TVIIIIIIIIIIIIII
Years Ending June 30,	Annual Lease
	<u>Payments</u>
2018	\$294,141
2019	171,725
2020	89,963
2021	5,814
Total	\$ 561.643

Operating lease expenditures/expenses for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$415,332.

The Library leases various office equipment under noncancelable operating leases that extend through the year ending June 30, 2022. Total rental expenditures were \$26,897 for leases for the year ended June 30, 2017. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	
2018	\$26,609
2019	26,609
2020	22,176
2021	22,176
2022	1,848
Total	\$99,418

Note 9 – Lease Obligations-continued

The Community College entered into a ninety-nine year lease agreement with the County for instructional facilities commencing December 30, 1993 with annual rent in the amount of \$1.

The College has also entered into an operating lease with the Xerox Corporation for copier services. The total lease expense was \$182,882 for the year ended June 30, 2017. The College renewed its operating lease in July 2013, extending the lease agreement until July 2018.

Future minimum payments on operating leases are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,

2018	\$ 169,620
2019	14,135
Total	\$ 183,755

Note 10 – Landfill Closure, Postclosure and Remediation Costs

The County operates one public disposal facility, Northern Landfill that opened in 1988. The landfill currently has four closed cells and one active cell, which opened in April 2008 and is 26.5 percent filled. Two of the four closed cells have been permanently capped. The two remaining closed cells will be capped after the active cell and remaining two cells are constructed and filled. Beginning July 1, 1997, the County elected to transfer the majority of solid waste out-of-state. The remaining life of the landfill's active and new cells cannot be projected at this time.

Total closure and postclosure costs of Northern landfill are estimated to be \$5,838,213, of which 100 percent has been accrued as of June 30, 2017. In 1994, the County stopped accepting solid waste at its Hoods Mill landfill, with only 30 of 60 acres available being used for landfill deposits.

In addition, the County has recorded an estimated liability of \$1,528,596 for annual monitoring costs of closed landfills. An additional \$5,000,000 had been accrued for remedial care of two landfills closed in prior years, as well as other environmental concerns, for total accrued costs of \$12,366,809.

The County is currently in compliance with a consent order with the Maryland Department of the Environment requiring remedial action. The County is currently working with the department to comply with the consent order and the estimated costs to comply are included in the postclosure and remediation cost liability stated above.

The County uses the local government financial test to demonstrate financial assurance for closure and post-closure costs, as specified by the Environment Protection Agency, subpart G of 40 CFR part 258. The current costs of closure and postclosure care are estimates and are subject to change resulting from inflation/deflation, technology or changes in applicable laws or regulations. These costs are subject to annual evaluation. The County intends on using tipping fee user revenues and General Fund transfers to fund this liability.

Note 11– Pension Plans

Carroll County Employee Pension Plan

Plan administration. The Carroll County Employee Pension Plan "CCEPP" is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers regular employees employed on or after July 1, 2003, who are not eligible to participate in the Maryland State Pension or Retirement Plans. The Carroll County Government does not issue a separate audited financial statement for CCEPP.

The Retirement Plan Committee serves as the administrator of the plan on behalf of Carroll County Government and has the full power and authority to manage the plan. The Retirement Plan Committee consists of those individuals who hold the following positions in the employment of the County or the Carroll County Sheriff's Office:

- Director, Department of Management and Budget
- Director, Department of Human Resources
- County Attorney
- Bureau Chief, Benefits; and
- Two participants participating in either the CCEPP or CCCLOPP (Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan) selected by the County Commissioners of Carroll County, Maryland

Plan membership. The most current actuarial valuation was completed as of July 1, 2016. The membership data related to the plan was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	241
Terminated plan members entitled to, but not yet	
receiving benefits	188
Active plan members	733
Total	<u>1,162</u>

Benefits provided. The defined benefit is determined by the creditable years of service an employee has. After July 1, 2003, creditable service is provided for each pay period worked, with service pro-rated for employees with less than 60 hours worked in a pay period. For those employees with service between July 1, 1985 and June 30, 2003, creditable service is based on the amount of time between their date of hire and June 30, 2003. The basic monthly pension benefit is determined by final average salary multiplied by .007 multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, divided by 12 for service earned prior to October 1, 2009 plus final average salary multiplied by .016 multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, divided by 12 (for years of serviced earned after October 1, 2009). "Final Average Salary" refers to the average annualized base salary in the highest 78 consecutive pay periods. Employees are eligible to begin

Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Employee Pension Plan-continued

drawing their pension when they retire after 30 years of service or at age 62. The County does provide an early retirement at age 55 if the employee has at least three years of Eligibility Service and the sum of age and the employee's service years equals or exceeds 80. This plan has a tax exempt status. The retirement plan committee recommends any amendments to benefits provided. In order to be effective, all amendments must be approved by majority vote of the Commissioners.

The plan provides retirement and death benefits to plan members or the plan member's beneficiaries.

Participants who have reached the 12-month anniversary of their Benefit Commencement Date are subject to the cost of living adjustment "COLA". The adjustment shall not exceed a two percent increase in the Participant's annual retirement income determined as of the first day of the preceding plan year.

Contributions. Plan members are required to contribute five percent of their annual base pay. The County contributed 7.7 percent of the employees' annual base pay. For fiscal year 2017, the County contributed \$2,636,200 to the Carroll County Employee Pension Plan.

Investment Policy: Fiduciary funds for Carroll County are the Carroll County Employee Pension Plan, the Carroll County Certified Law Officer Pension, LOSAP, & OPEB "the Trust Funds". The Trust Funds operate under one investment policy that is designed to provide benefits as anticipated through a carefully planned and executed investment program that achieves a reasonable long-term total return consistent with the level of risk assumed. Investments for the Trust Funds are reported at fair value, as described in Note 1. The retirement plan committee has the authority to establish or amend investment policy decisions.

The Trust Funds invest in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such a change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of fiduciary net position available for benefits.

Interest rate risk: The Trust Funds do not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Fluctuating rates of return are characteristic of the securities markets; the Trust Funds greatest concern is long-term appreciation of assets and consistency of portfolio returns. However, cash and cash equivalent investments are limited to maturities of one year or less.

Foreign currency risk: The Carroll County Employee Pension Plan had the following unrated mutual fund investments with exposure to foreign currency risk from various international currency denominations including European Countries:

Causeway International Value Fund Harding Loevner International Equity Fund Fair Value in U.S. Dollars \$3,769,341 3,743,572

Note 11– Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Employee Pension Plan-continued

Credit risk: The investment manager is allowed substantial discretion within a broad framework of approved investment choices. Equity holdings may be selected from those listed on the major securities markets. The manager may purchase any cash instruments having a quality rating of A-2, P-2 or higher by either Moody's or Standard and Poor's. Time deposits and repurchase agreements are also acceptable investment vehicles. Any idle cash not invested by the investment managers shall be invested daily through an automatic interest-bearing sweep vehicle.

		Allocation at
<u>Ratings</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
AAA/Aaa	100%	100%
AA/Aa	100%	0%
A/A	100%	0%
BAA/Baa	20%	0%
BBB	20%	0%

Concentration of credit risk: As a means of minimizing risk and providing a consistent return, the investment policies require diversification. U.S. corporate bonds shall be diversified by issuer type with no more than 10% of the portfolio invested in obligations of any one issuer. International bonds shall not exceed more 5% of the International Equity portfolio. Investments by security type for all of the County Trust Funds are to be diversified as follows:

Carroll County Employee Pension Plan

ľ	Minimum	Maximum
Domestic Large Cap Equities	35.0%	55.0%
Domestic Mid Cap Equities	0%	10.0%
Domestic Small Cap Equities	0%	10.0%
Real Estate Equities	5.0%	15.0%
International Equities	5.0%	15.0%
Domestic Fixed Income	20.0%	30.0%
Cash Equivalents	0.0%	15.0%

Rate of return: For the year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the CCEPP investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 11.19 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Employee Pension Plan-continued

Net Pension Liability of the County

The components of the net pension liability of the County at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

Total pension liability \$85,408,335 CCEPP fiduciary net position (76,907,086) County's net pension liability \$8,501,249

CCEPP fiduciary net position as a percentage

of the total pension liability 90.05%

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to the periods included in the measurements:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Rates vary by participant age

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense including

inflation

Mortality RP-2014 with generational projections using scale MP-2014

Changes since prior valuation: None

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Note 11– Pension Plans-continued

<u>Carroll County Employee Pension Plan-continued</u>

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equities	45%	5.60%
U.S. Small/Mid Cap Equities	10%	6.70%
Foreign Equities	10%	6.80%
Real Estate (REITs)	10%	6.10%
Core Fixed Income	25%	1.25%
Cash	0%	0.00%
Inflation		3.00%
Total	100%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was seven percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 11– Pension Plans-continued Carroll County Employee Pension Plan-continued

Changes in Net Pension liability:

	То	tal Pension Liability <u>(a)</u>		an Fiduciary et Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (<u>a) - (b)</u>
Balances at 6/30/16	\$	77,290,773	\$	66,713,817	\$10,576,956
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		3,859,961		-	3,859,961
Interest		5,345,393		_	5,345,393
Changes of benefit terms		-		_	· · · · · · -
Differences between expected and actual experience		768,238			768,238
Changes of assumptions				-	-
Contributions - employer		=		2,636,200	(2,636,200)
Contributions - member		-		1,773,107	(1,773,107)
Net investment income		-		7,682,570	(7,682,570)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,856,030)		(1,856,030)	-
Administrative expense		-		(42,578)	42,578
Other			_	<u>-</u>	
Net Changes					
- I		8,117,562		10,193,269	<u>(2,075,707)</u>
Balances at 6/30/17		\$ 85,408,335	\$	76,907,086	\$ 8,501,249

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%		
	Decrease	Discount	Increase		
	(6.0%)	Rate (7.0%)	(8.0%)		
County's net pension liability	\$21,694,016	\$8,501,249	\$ (2,206,632)		

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$3,327,477 At June 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Note 11– Pension Plans-continued
Carroll County Employee Pension Plan-continued

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 614,590 981,107	\$	622,127
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investment	 2,478,571		2,339,782
Total	\$ 4,074,268	\$	2,961,909

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30:	
2018	\$610,494
2019	610,492
2020	322,671
2021	(431,298)

Basis of Accounting: The Carroll County Employee Pension Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are made on a long-term basis investing in various securities which are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks.

Note 11– Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Employee Pension Plan-continued

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Carroll County Employee Pension Plan

Assets:		
Investments at fair value:		
Short-term investments	\$	264,158
Bond funds		18,889,081
Equity funds		57,764,263
Total assets		76,917,502
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		10,416
Total liabilities		10,416
Fiduciary Net Position:		
Net position held in trust for pension benefit	ts	
and other purposes	\$	76,907,086

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Carroll County Employee Pension Plan

ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 2,636,200
Plan Members	1,773,107
Total Contributions	4,409,307
Investment earnings:	
Net increase in the fair value of investments	 7,729,314
Total investment earnings	7,729,314
Less investment expense	(46,744)
Net investment earnings	7,682,570
Total additions	12,091,877
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits	1,856,030
Administrative expenses	42,578
Total deductions	1,898,608
Change in net position	10,193,269
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR COUNTY PENSION	
Beginning of year	66,713,817
End of year	\$ 76,907,086

Note 11– Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Employee Pension Plan-continued

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to the periods included in the measurements:

Projected payroll increases 3% per year

Salary valuation 36-month average highest pay

Post retirement cost-of-living adjustments 1.8% Inflation rate 3.0%

Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan

The Carroll County Government established the Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan "CCCLOPP" for eligible law enforcement officers on October 1, 2009.

Plan Description

Plan administration. The Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan "CCCLOPP" is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers Carroll County Sheriff's Certified Law Officers who are not eligible to participate in the Maryland State Pension or Retirement Plans. The Carroll County Government does not issue a separate audited financial statement for CCLOPP.

The Retirement Plan Committee serves as the administrator of the plan on behalf of Carroll County Government and has the full power and authority to manage the plan. The Retirement Plan Committee consists of those individuals who hold the following positions in the employment of the County or the Carroll County Sheriff's Office:

- Director, Department of Management and Budget
- Director, Department of Human Resources
- County Attorney
- Bureau Chief, Benefits; and
- Two participants participating in either the CCEPP or CCCLOP (Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan) selected by the County Commissioners of Carroll County, Maryland

Plan membership. The most current actuarial valuation was completed as of July 1, 2016. The membership data related to the plan was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	9
Terminated plan members entitled to, but not yet	
receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	<u>105</u>
Total	<u>114</u>

Note 11– Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan-continued

Benefits provided. For officers hired October 1, 2009 or later, the Certified Law Officers Pension Plan would replace 50.5% of final average salary after 25 years of service and will replace a smaller percentage of final average salary for officers hired prior to October 1, 2009 (who previously received employer contributions to their 401(k) Plan accounts). Employees are eligible to begin drawing their pension when they retire after 25 years of service or at age 55 with at least 15 years of service. Employees who retire prior to age 55 with at least 15 years of service may begin drawing their pension at age 62. The plan does not provide early retirement benefits. The retirement plan committee recommends any amendments to benefits provided. In order to be effective all amendments must be approved by majority vote of the Commissioners.

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members or the plan member's beneficiaries. This plan has a tax exempt status.

Participants who have reached the 12-month anniversary of their Benefit Commencement Date are subject to the cost of living adjustment "COLA". The adjustment shall not exceed a two percent increase in the Participant's annual retirement income determined as of the first day of the preceding plan year.

Contributions. Plan members are required to contribute eight percent of their annual base pay. The County contributed 14.3 percent of the employees' annual base pay.

Investment Policy: Fiduciary funds for Carroll County are the Carroll County Employee Pension Plan, the Carroll County Certified Law Officer Pension, LOSAP, & OPEB "the Trust Funds". The Trust Funds operate under one investment policy that is designed to provide benefits as anticipated through a carefully planned and executed investment program that achieves a reasonable long-term total return consistent with the level of risk assumed. Investments for the Trust Funds are reported at fair value, as described in note 1. The retirement plan committee has the authority to establish or amend investment policy decisions.

The Trust Funds invest in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such a change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of fiduciary net position available for benefits.

Interest rate risk: The Trust Funds do not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Fluctuating rates of return are characteristic of the securities markets; the Trust Funds greatest concern is long-term

Note 11– Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan-continued

appreciation of assets and consistency of portfolio returns. However, cash and cash equivalent investments are limited to maturities of one year or less.

Foreign currency risk:

The Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan had the following unrated mutual fund investments with exposure to foreign currency risk from various international currency denominations including European Countries:

	<u>Fair Value in U.S. Dollars</u>
Causeway International Value Fund	\$609,036
Harding Loevner International Equity Fund	605,050

Credit risk: The investment manager is allowed substantial discretion within a broad framework of approved investment choices. Equity holdings may be selected from those listed on the major securities markets. The manager may purchase any cash instruments having a quality rating of A-2, P-2 or higher by either Moody's or Standard and Poor's. Time deposits and repurchase agreements are also acceptable investment vehicles. Any idle cash not invested by the investment managers shall be invested daily through an automatic interest-bearing sweep vehicle.

		Allocation at
<u>Ratings</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	June 30, 2017
AAA/Aaa	100%	100%
AA/Aa	100%	0%
A/A	100%	0%
BAA/Baa	20%	0%
BBB	20%	0%

Concentration of credit risk: As a means of minimizing risk and providing a consistent return, the investment policies require diversification. U.S. corporate bonds shall be diversified by issuer type with no more than 10% of the portfolio invested in obligations of any one issuer. International bonds shall not exceed more 5% of the International Equity portfolio. Investments by security type for all of the County Trust Funds are to be diversified as follows:

Note 11– Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan-continued

Carroll County Certified Law Officer Trust Fund

I	Minimum	Maximum
Domestic Large Cap Equities	35.0%	55.0%
Domestic Mid Cap Equities	0%	10.0%
Domestic Small Cap Equities	s 0%	10.0%
Real Estate Equities	5.0%	15.0%
International Equities	5.0%	15.0%
Domestic Fixed Income	20.0%	30.0%
Cash Equivalents	0.0%	15.0%

Rate of return. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the CCCLOPP investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 10.99 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability of the County

The components of the net pension liability of the County at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$15,084,074
CCCLOPP fiduciary net position	(12,487,536)
County's net pension liability	(12,707,30)
	\$ <u>2,596,538</u>
CCCLOPP fiduciary net position as a percentage	
of the total pension liability	82.79%

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to the periods included in the measurements:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Rates vary by participant age

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

Mortality RP-2014 with generational projections using scale of MP-2014

Changes since prior valuation: None.

Note 11– Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan-continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equities	45%	5.60%
U.S. Small/Mid Cap Equities	10%	6.70%
Foreign Equities	10%	6.80%
Real Estate (REITs)	10%	6.10%
Core Fixed Income	25%	1.25%
Cash	0%	0.00%
Inflation		3.00%
Total	100%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was seven percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan-continued

Changes in Net Pension Liability:

,	Increase (Decrease)		ase)
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at 6/30/16	\$ 12,807,011	\$ 10,141,817	\$ 2,665,194
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	1,090,452	-	1,090,452
Interest	887,392	_	887,392
Changes of benefit terms	-	_	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	559,179	-	-
Changes of assumptions	-	-	559,179
Contributions - employer	-	798,560	(798,560)
Contributions - member	-	619,466	(619,466)
Net investment income	-	1,195,894	(1,195,894)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(259,960)	(259,960)	-
Administrative expense	-	(8,241)	8,241
Net Changes	2,277,063	2,345,719	(68,656)
Balances at 6/30/17	\$ 15,084,074	\$ 12,487,536	\$ 2,596,538

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the CCCLOPP, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the CCCLOPP net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	(6.0%)	Rate (7.0%)	(8.0%)
CCCLOPP net pension liability	\$5,253,386	\$2,596,538	\$489,924

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$646,121.

Note 11– Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan-continued

At June 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	erred Outflows of Resources	_	erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investment	\$	503,261 - 368,143	\$	473,420 91,240 356,578
Total	\$	871,404	\$	921,238

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resource related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30:	
2018	\$ 29,673
2019	29,671
2020	(11,712)
2021	(106,835)
2022	(17,692)
Thereafter	27,061

Basis of Accounting: The CCCLOPP's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are made on a long-term basis investing in various securities which are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks.

Note 11– Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan-continued

The actuarially determined contribution was determined as part of the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7% investment rate of return compounded annually (b) projected salary increases due to inflation and seniority/merit raises as follows:

<u>Age</u>	<u>Rate</u>
25	8.75%
35	5.75%
45	5.25%

(c) projected disability rate as follows:

<u>Age</u>	<u>Rate</u>
25	.110%
35	.205%
45	.530%
55	1.44%

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2016 ranges from 15 to 20 years.

Note 11– Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan-continued

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan

Assets:		
Investments at fair value:		
Short-term investments	\$	104,795
Bond funds		3,052,984
Equity funds		9,334,375
Total assets		12,492,154
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		4,618
Total liabilities		4,618
Fiduciary Net Position:		
Net position held in trust for pension benefit	S	
and other purposes	\$	12,487,536

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan

ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 798,560
Plan members	 619,466
Total contributions	1,418,026
Investment earnings:	
Net increase in fair value of investments	 1,217,489
Total investment earnings	1,217,489
Less investment earnings	(21,595)
Net investment earnings	1,195,894
Total additions	2,613,920
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits and refunds paid to	
plan members and beneficiaries	259,960
Administrative expenses	 8,241
Total deductions	268,201
Change in net position	 2,345,719
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR LAW OFFICERS	
PENSION	
Net position-beginning of year	10,141,817
Net position-end of year	\$ 12,487,536

Note 11– Pension Plans-continued

Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)

The Carroll County Government established the Volunteer Fireman Pension Plan Length of Service Award Program "LOSAP" for volunteer firefighters in June 1997.

Plan Description

Plan administration. The Volunteer Fireman Pension Plan "LOSAP" is a single-employer defined benefit length of service award program that covers all volunteer members of all Carroll County Fire Companies or Departments. Members are eligible to participate in the service award plan if they are certified as an active member and attain 50 points through various functions for each year of service.

Plan membership. The most current actuarial valuation was completed as of January 1, 2017. The membership data related to the plan was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	226
Terminated plan members entitled to, but not yet	
receiving benefits	22
Active plan members	<u>660</u>
Total	<u>908</u>

Benefits provided. The defined length of service benefit is determined once members reach 25 years of service and age 60, they may begin receiving disbursements from LOSAP. Benefits are calculated at \$125 per month for life for the first 25 years of service. An additional payment of \$8 per month shall be added to the benefits for each full year of service in excess of 25 years. LOSAP provides a burial benefit of \$5,000 for qualified volunteer firemen upon their death. This plan has tax exempt status. The retirement plan committee recommends any amendments to benefits provided. In order to be effective, all amendments must be approved by majority vote of the Commissioners.

Contributions. Carroll County must provide annual contributions that satisfy the required amount to fund this program. Funding of this program shall be reviewed every 5th year to determine if any changes should be made. There are not participant-financed benefits in this plan. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

Investment Policy: Fiduciary funds for Carroll County are the Carroll County Employee Pension Plan, the Carroll County Certified Law Officer Pension, LOSAP, & OPEB "the Trust Funds". The Trust Funds operate under one investment policy that is designed to provide benefits as anticipated through a carefully planned and executed investment program that achieves a reasonable long-term total return consistent with the level of risk assumed. Investments for the Trust Funds are reported at fair value, as described in note 1. Carroll County Government has the authority to establish or amend investment policy decisions.

The Trust Funds invest in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)-continued

securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such a change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of fiduciary net position available for benefits.

Interest rate risk: The Trust Funds do not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Fluctuating rates of return are characteristic of the securities markets; the Trust Funds greatest concern is long-term appreciation of assets and consistency of portfolio returns. However, cash and cash equivalent investments are limited to maturities of one year or less.

Foreign currency risk: The Volunteer Fireman Pension Plan "LOSAP" had the following unrated mutual fund investments with exposure to foreign currency risk from various international currency denominations including European Countries:

	Fair Value in U.S. Dollars
Causeway International Value Fund	\$453,115
Harbor International Fund	465,170

Credit risk: The investment manager is allowed substantial discretion within a broad framework of approved investment choices. Equity holdings may be selected from those listed on the major securities markets. The manager may purchase any cash instruments having a quality rating of A-2, P-2 or higher by either Moody's or Standard and Poor's. Time deposits and repurchase agreements are also acceptable investment vehicles. Any idle cash not invested by the investment managers shall be invested daily through an automatic interest-bearing sweep vehicle.

		Allocation at
<u>Ratings</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	June 30, 2017
AAA/Aaa	100%	100%
AA/Aa	100%	0%
A/A	100%	0%
BAA/Baa	20%	0%
BBB	20%	0%

Concentration of credit risk: As a means of minimizing risk and providing a consistent return, the investment policies require diversification. U.S. corporate bonds shall be diversified by issuer type with no more than 10% of the portfolio invested in obligations of any one issuer. International bonds shall not exceed more 5% of the International Equity portfolio. Investments by security type for all of the County Trust Funds are to be diversified as follows:

Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)-continued

Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)

	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
Domestic Large Cap Equities	35.0%	55.0%
Domestic Mid and Small Cap Equities	0.0%	10.0%
Real Estate Equities	5.0%	15.0%
International Equities	5.0%	15.0%
Domestic Fixed Income	10.0%	30.0%
Cash Equivalents	0.0%	10.0%

Rate of return. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the LOSAP investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 9.57 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability of the County

The components of the net pension liability of the County at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 9,805,694
LOSAP fiduciary net position	
County's net pension liability	(8,462,290)
	\$ <u>1,343,404</u>
LOSAP fiduciary net position as a percentage	
of the total pension liability	86.30%

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to the periods included in the measurements:

Actuarial Cost Method	Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level payments over a period of 10 years
Remaining Amortization Period	10 years
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	Not Applicable
Investment rate of return	7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including
	inflation
Retirement Age	The later of 25 years of service and age 60
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy tables with Blue Collar
	adjustments, blended 75% male and generational projection
	using Scale AA

Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)-continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equities	45%	5.60%
U.S. Small/Mid Cap Equities	10%	6.70%
Foreign Equities	10%	6.80%
Real Estate (REITs)	10%	6.10%
Core Fixed Income	20%	1.25%
Cash	5%	0.00%
Inflation		3.00%
Total	100%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was seve percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active volunteer firemen. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 11– Pension Plans-continued Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)-continued

Changes in Net Pension Liability:

		Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		oility Net Position		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at 6/30/16	\$	9,722,079	\$	8,304,759	\$	1,417,320		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		147,110		-		147,110		
Interest		681,084		-		681,084		
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		
Differences between expected and actual experience		(44,119)		-		(44,119)		
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-		
Contributions - employer		-		100,000		(100,000)		
Net investment income		-		766,560		(766,560)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(700,460)		(700,460)		-		
Administrative expense		-		(8,569)		8,569		
Other				-				
		83,615		157,531		(73,916)		
Balances at 6/30/17	\$	9,805,694	\$	8,462,290	\$	1,343,404		

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of LOSAP, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the LOSAP net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	(6.0%)	Rate (7.0%)	(8.0%)
LOSAP net pension liability	\$2.179.072	\$1.343.404	\$627.841

Note 11– Pension Plans-continued

Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)-continued

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$271,750.

At June 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		ed Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$38,604
Change of assumptions		-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investment	32	4,113	242,594
Total	\$ 32	4,113	\$ 281,198

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Y ears	Ending	g June	30:
	-		

2017	\$ 17,945
2018	17,497
2019	65,804
2020	(42,237)
2021	(5,515)
Thereafter	(11,029)

Basis of Accounting: The Volunteer Fireman Pension Plan "LOSAP" financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are made on a long-term basis investing in various securities which are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks.

The Carroll County Government does not issue a separate audited financial statement for LOSAP.

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)-continued

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)

Assets:		
Investments at fair value:		
Short-term investments	\$	222,026
Bond funds		1,700,501
Equity funds		6,547,082
Total assets		8,469,609
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		7,319
Total liabilities		7,319
Fiduciary Net Position:		
Net position held in trust for pension be	enefits	
and other purposes	\$	8,462,290

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)

ADDITIONS		
Contributions:	\$	100,000
Investment earnings:		
Net increase in the		
fair value of investments		775,104
Total investment earnings		775,104
Less investment expense		(8,544)
Net investment earnings		766,560
Total additions		866,560
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits		700,460
Administrative expenses		8,569
Total deductions		709,029
Change in net position		157,531
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR LOSAP	•	
Net position-beginning of year		8,304,759
Net position-end of year	\$	8,462,290

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System

Plan Description

The County participates in the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System "the System" and qualifies as a Participating Governmental Unit "PGU". The System was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, teachers, police, judges, legislators, and employees of participating governmental units. Responsibility for the system's administration and operation is vested in a 15-member Board of Trustees.

The State of Maryland is the statutory guarantor for the payment of all pensions, annuities, retirement allowances, refunds, reserves, and other benefits of the System. The State is obligated to annually pay into the accumulation fund of each State system at least an amount that, when combined with the System's accumulation funds, is sufficient to provide benefits payable under each plan during that fiscal year. The System is accounted for as one defined benefit plan as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board "GASB" Statement No. 67, "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25." Additionally, the System is fiscally dependent on the State by virtue of the legislative and executive controls exercised with respect to its operations, policies, and administrative budget. Accordingly, the System is included in the State's reporting entity and disclosed in its financial statements as a pension trust fund. The Schedule of Employer Allocations and the Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer can be found at www.sra.maryland.gov/employers. The System's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 can be found at www.sra.state.md.us/Agency/Downloads/CAFR/CAFR-2016.pdf.

The System is comprised of the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems, Employees' Retirement and Pension systems, State Police Retirement System, Judges' Retirement System, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System.

The County adopted GASB Statement No. 68-"Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" ("GASB 68"). GASB 68 requires that a PGU recognize its proportionate share of the System's net pension liability (i.e. unfunded pension liability) and pension expense.

The County adopted GASB Statement No. 71-"Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date-AN Amendment of GASB No. 68" ("GASB 71"). GASB 71, which is only applicable during the year which GASB 68 was adopted, requires that contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date be recognized as a deferred outflow of resources.

On June 30, 1985, the Board of Carroll County Commissioners elected to withdraw from the Maryland State Retirement Agency "Agency". Employees participating in the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems at that time continued their participation in those Systems. Employees hired July 1, 1985 and after were not permitted to enroll. After the County's withdrawal, the Agency calculated an unfunded accrued liability owed by the County and instituted a payment schedule whereby the County would make annual payments until the liability was paid. The balance of the unfunded accrued liability was paid to the Agency with the proceeds from taxable pension funding bonds issued in 2004. As of June 30, 2016, 48 employees participate in the Employees' Retirement Systems.

Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-continued

In addition, certain "State Elected Officials" and "Soil Conservation District" employees hired after June 30, 1985 are entitled to participate in Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems. As of June 30, 2016, three Officials and seven Soil Conservation District employees participate. State Elected Officials and Soil Conservation District employees who participate in the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems contributed 7 percent of their compensation during fiscal year 2017 as stipulated by the System.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the County reported a total liability of \$516,593 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability: \$279,129 for County Elected/Appointed Officials and \$237,464 for County Soil Conservation District. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability "NPL" was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on actual employer contributions billed to participating government units for the year ending June 30, 2016. The contributions were increased to adjust for differences between actuarial determined contributions and actual contributions by the State of Maryland. As of June 30, 2016, the County's proportionate share was 0.0011831% for CC Elected Officials and 0.0010065% for Soil Conservation employees.

At June 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the MSRA System for CC Elected Official from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 9,103	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	41,020	14,084
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>26,427</u>	<u>=</u>
Total	\$ 76,550	\$ 14,084

\$26,427 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:

2018	\$ (8,600)
2019	(8,599)
2020	(11,948)
2021	(7,504)
2022	612

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-continued

Carroll County Elected/Appointed Officials allocated net pension liability and related information:

County Elected/Appointed Officials Contribution	\$23,047
St. of MD total adjusted contributions	\$ <u>1,948,083,000</u>
County's proportion of total contributions	0.0011831%
Total Net Pension Liability –St. of MD	\$23,594,027,000
County Elected/Appointed Officials share of NPL	\$279,129
Total Pension Expense – St. of MD	\$2,708,535,670
County Elected/Appointed Officials share pension exp.	\$78,016

At June 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the MSRA for Soil Conservation from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 16,928	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	41,441	22,810
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>21,748</u>	<u>-</u> _
Total	\$80,117	\$ 22,810

\$21,748 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:

2018	\$ (6,698)
2019	(6,697)
2020	(11,342)
2021	(11,343)
2022	521

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-continued

Carroll County Soil Conservation Dist. allocated net pension liability and related information:

County Soil Conservation Dist. Contribution	\$19,607
St. of MD total adjusted contributions	\$ <u>1,948,083,000</u>
County's proportion of total contributions	0.0010065%
Total Net Pension Liability – St. of MD	\$23,594,027,000
County Soil Conservation Dist. share of NPL	\$237,464
Total Pension Expense – St. of MD	2,708,535,670
County Soil Conservation Dist pension expense	\$(16,381)

Each actuarial valuation takes into account all prior differences between actual and assumed experience in each risk area and adjusts the contribution rates as needed. The States Consulting Actuary performed an experience study of MSRPS for the period 2010-2015 after completion of the June 30, 2015 valuations. Assumptions from the experience study including investment return, inflation, COLA increases, mortality rates, retirement rates, withdrawal rates, disability rates, and rates of salary increase were adopted by the Board for first use in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. As a result, an investment return assumption of 7.55% and an inflation assumption of 2.70% were used for the June 30, 2016 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-range expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the Board after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s). For each major asset class that is included in the System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Long-Term

		Long-1 crim
	Target	Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	<u>of Return</u>
Public Equity	37%	6.60%
Private Equity	10%	7.40%
Rate Sensitive	20%	1.30%
Credit Opportunity	9%	4.20%
Real Assets	15%	4.70%
Absolute Return	<u>9%</u>	3.70%
Total	<u>100%</u>	3.7070

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-continued

Investments

The above was the System's Board of Trustees adopted asset allocation policy and best estimate of geometric real rates for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of the pension plan expense was 1.10%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate. The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55%. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.</u> The net pension liability sensitivity to changes in the single discount rate is as follows:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.55%)	(7.55%)	(8.55%)
St. of MD CC Elected Officials. St. of MD Soil Conservation.	\$383,408 \$326,177	\$279,129 \$237,464	\$192,353 \$163,641

Pension plan fiduciary net positon. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued System's financial report.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of the Maryland State Retirement Pension System "the System" pension plans and additions to/deductions from the plans have been determined on the same basis they are reported by the System. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System

Component Units

Plan description. The employees of the Board are covered by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System "the System", which is a cost sharing employer public employee retirement system. While there are five retirement and pension systems under the System, employees of the Board are a member of either the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems or the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems. The System was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, teachers, police, judges, legislators, and employees of participating governmental units. The Plans are administered by the State Retirement Agency. Responsibility for the System's administration and operation is vested in a 15-member Board of Trustees. The System issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.sra.state.md.us/.

Benefits provided. The System provides retirement allowances and other benefits to State teachers and employees of participating governmental units, among others. For individuals who become members of the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems and the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems on or before June 30, 2011, retirement/pension allowances are computed using both the highest three years Average Final Compensation "AFC" and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. For individuals who become members of the Teachers' Pension System and Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, pension allowances are computed using both the highest five years AFC and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. Various retirement options are available under each system which ultimately determines how a retirees' benefits allowance will be computed. Some of these options require actuarial reductions based on the retirees' and/or designated beneficiary's attained age and similar actuarial factors.

A member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Retirement System is generally eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 60 or accumulating 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance equals 1/55 (1.81%) of the member's average final compensation "AFC" multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service.

A member of either the Techers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2011 is eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 62, with specified years of eligibility service, or accumulating 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age. An individual who becomes a member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, is eligible for full retirement benefits if the members' combined age and eligibility service equals at least 90 years or if the member is at least age 65 and has accrued at least 10 years of eligibility service.

For most individuals who retired from either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998, plus 1.4% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. With certain exceptions, for individuals who are members of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on

Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued Component Units

or after July 1, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the member's AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998 plus 1.8% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. Beginning in July 1, 2011, any new member of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System shall earn an annual pension allowance equal to 1.5% of the member's AFC multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated as a member of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System.

Contributions. The Board and covered members are required by State statute to contribute to the System. Members of the Teachers' Pension System and Employees' Pension System are required to contribute 7% annually. Members of the Teachers' Retirement System and Employees' Retirement System are required to contribute 5-7% annually, depending on the retirement option selected. The contribution requirements of the System members, as well as the State and participating governmental employers are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees for the System.

Beginning in FY2017, the Board pays the normal cost for their teachers in the Teachers Retirement and Pension System while the State contributes on behalf of the Board, the unfunded liability portion of the Board's annual required contribution to the Teachers Retirement and Pension System. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Board's contribution was \$6,934,964. The State's contributions on behalf of the Board for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$20,917,175. The fiscal 2017 contribution made by the State on behalf of the Board have been included as both revenues and expenditures in the general fund in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and are also included as revenues and expenses in the Statement of Activities.

The Board's contractually required contribution rate for the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems for the year ended June 30, 2017, was 6.73% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Board made its share of the required contributions during the year ended June 30, 2017 of \$1,483,375.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems

At June 30, 2017, the Board reported a liability of \$19,123,733 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the System. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on actual employer contributions billed to participating government units for the year ending June 30, 2016. The contributions were increased to adjust for differences between actuarial determined contributions and actual contributions by the State of Maryland. As of June 30, 2016, the Board's proportionate share was 0.0810533%, which is a decrease of .0049568 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-continued

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Board recognized pension expense of \$2,352,771. At June 30, 2017, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Defer	red Inflows
	<u>of</u>]	<u>Resources</u>	<u>of]</u>	<u>Resources</u>
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	500,420
Changes in assumptions		815,054		-
Change in proportion		562,550		824,081
Net difference between project and actual earnings				- ,
On Pension Plan Investments		2,290,767		-
Net difference between actual and proportionate share of				
contributions		379,811		-
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,483,375		<u> </u>
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>55,531,557</u>		\$ <u>1,324,501</u>

\$1,483,375 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

0,033

2018	\$ 71
2019	71
2020	0.5

Years ending June 30:

 2019
 710,033

 2020
 954,795

 2021
 523,620

 2022
 (174,800)

Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems

At June 30, 2017, the Board did not report a liability related to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems due to a special funding situation. The State of Maryland pays the unfunded liability for the Board and the Board pays the normal cost related to the Boards members in the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems; therefore, the Board is not required to record its share of the unfunded pension liability but instead, that liability is recorded by the State of Maryland. The amount recognized by the Board as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Board were as follows:

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-continued

State's proportionate share of the net pension liability
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability
Total

\$241,411,271

\$241,411,271

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Board recognized pension expense of \$27,852,139 and revenue of \$20,917,175 for support provided by the State. Due to the special funding situation noted above related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems, the Board did not report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.70% general, 3.20% wage

Salary increases 3.20% to 9.20%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.55%

Mortality rates were based on RP-2014 Mortality Table with generational mortality projections using scale MP-2014, calibrated to the System's experience.

The economic and demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were adopted by the System's Board of Trustees based upon review of the System's experience study for the period 2010-2014, which was completed during FY 2014. Assumptions from the experience study including investment return, inflation, COLA increases, mortality rates, retirement rates, withdrawal rates, disability rates and rates of salary increase were adopted by the Board for the first use in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. As a result, an investment return assumption of 7.55% and an inflation assumption of 2.70% were used in the June 30, 2016 valuation.

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued Component Units

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-range expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the Board after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s). For each major asset class that is included in the System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	<u>of Return</u>
Public Equity	37%	6.60%
Private Equity	10%	7.40%
Rate Sensitive	20%	1.30%
Credit Opportunity	9%	4.20%
Real Assets	15%	4.70%
Absolute Return	<u>9%</u>	3.70%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

The above was the System's Board of Trustees adopted asset allocation policy and best estimate of geometric real rates for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of the pension plan expense was 1.10%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate. The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55%. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued Component Units

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability. Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the Board's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the Board's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher for the Employees Retirement and Pension Systems:

Current
1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase
(6.55%) (7.55%) (8.55%)

Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability

\$ 26,268,113 \$ 19,123,733 \$ 13,178,548

Due to the special funding situation noted above related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems, the Board did not record a net pension liability related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems.

Pension plan fiduciary net positon. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued System's financial report.

Component Unit- Community College

Plan description. The employees of the College are covered by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System "the System", which is a cost sharing employer public employee retirement system. While there are five retirement and pension systems under the System. The System was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, teachers, police, judges, legislators, and employees of participating governmental units. The Plans are administered by the State Retirement Agency. Responsibility for the System's administration and operation is vested in a 15-member Board of Trustees. System issues publically available financial a report that can obtained at http://www.sra.state.md.us/.

Benefits provided. The System provides retirement allowances and other benefits to State teachers and employees of participating governmental units, among others. For individuals who become members of the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems and the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems on or before June 30, 2011, retirement/pension allowances are computed using both the highest three years Average Final Compensation "AFC" and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. For individuals who become members of the Teachers' Pension System and Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, pension allowances are computed using both the highest five years AFC and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. Various retirement options are available under

Note 11– Pension Plans–continuedMaryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued

Component Units

each system which ultimately determines how a retirees' benefits allowance will be computed. Some of these options require actuarial reductions based on the retirees' and/or designated beneficiary's attained age and similar actuarial factors.

A member of the Teachers' Retirement System is generally eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 60 or accumulating 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance equals 1/55 (1.81%) of the member's average final compensation "AFC" multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service.

A member of either the Techers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2011 is eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 62, with specified years of eligibility service, or accumulating 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age. An individual who becomes a member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, is eligible for full retirement benefits if the members' combined age and eligibility service equals at least 90 years or if the member is at least age 65 and has accrued at least 10 years of eligibility service.

For most individuals who retired from either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998, plus 1.4% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. With certain exceptions, for individuals who are members of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the member's AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998 plus 1.8% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. Beginning in July 1, 2011, any new member of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System shall earn an annual pension allowance equal to 1.5% of the member's AFC multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated as a member of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System.

Contributions. The Board and covered members are required by State statute to contribute to the System. Members of the Teachers' Pension System and Employees' Pension System are required to contribute 7% annually. Members of the Teachers' Retirement System and Employees' Retirement System are required to contribute 5-7 % annually, depending on the retirement option selected. The contribution requirements of the System members, as well as the State and participating governmental employers are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees for the System.

The State makes a substantial portion of the College's annual required contribution to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems on behalf of the College. The State's contributions on behalf of the College for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, was \$864,945 and \$885,072, respectively. The fiscal 2017 contributions made by the State on behalf of the college have been included as both revenues

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued Component Units

and expenditures in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position (Deficit).

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems

At June 30, 2017 and 2016, the College did not report a liability related to Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems due to a special funding situation. The State of Maryland pays the unfunded liability for College and the College pays the normal cost related to the Colleges members in the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems; therefore, the College is not required to record its share of the unfunded pension liability but instead, that liability is recorded by the State of Maryland. The amount recognized by the College as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the College were as follows:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$10,719,468	\$8,861,075
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability		<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$10,719,468</u>	<u>\$8,861,075</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Due to the special funding situation noted above related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems, the College did not report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the following actuarial valuations was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Inflation-general	2.7%	2.7%
Inflation-wage	3.2%	3.2%
Salary increases	3.2% to 9.2%, including inflation	3.2% to 9.2%, including inflation
Investment rate of	return 7.55%	7.55%

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued

Component Units

Mortality Rates RP-2014 Mortality Tables with

Projected generational mortality
Improvements based on the RP-2014

2-dimensional mortality improvement

Scale

RP-2014 Mortality Tables with Projected generational mortality Improvements based on the RP-2014 2-dimensional mortality improvement

Scale

The economic and demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were adopted by the System's Board of Trustees based upon review of the System's experience study for the period 2010-2014, completion of the June 30, 2014 valuations. Assumptions from the experience study included investment return inflation, COLA increases, mortality rates, retirement rates, withdrawal rates, disability rates and rates of salary increase were adopted by the College for the first use in actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. As a result, an investment return assumption of 7.55% and an inflation assumption of 2.70% were used for the June 30, 2016 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-range expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the College after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s). For each major asset class that is included in the System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

	<u>2017</u>		<u>20</u>	<u>16</u>
Asset	Target	Long-Term Expected	Target	Long-Term Expected
<u>Class</u>	Allocation	Real Rate of Return	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	35%	5.00%	35%	6.30%
Fixed Income	10%	2.00%	10%	0.60%
Credit Opportunity	10%	3.00%	10%	3.20%
Real Return	14%	3.00%	14%	1.80%
Absolute Return	10%	5.00%	10%	4.20%
Private Equity	10%	6.00%	10%	7.20%
Real Estate	10%	5.00%	10%	4.40%
Cash	1%	1.00%	1%	0.00%
Total	100%		100%	

The above was the System's Board of Trustees adopted asset allocation policy and best estimate of geometric real rates for each major asset class as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued

Component Units

For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of the pension plan expense was 1.10% and 2.71%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate. The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55% and 7.55% as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.55% as of June 30, 2017 and 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability. Due to the special funding situation noted above related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems, the College did not record a net pension liability related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems.

Pension plan fiduciary net positon. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued System's financial report.

Optional Defined Contribution Plan (ORP)

Professional employees otherwise eligible to join the State of Maryland Plan may choose instead to join the Optional Retirement Plan administered by the State of Maryland. This Plan is a noncontributory defined contribution plan. The Plan provides for retirement and death benefits. The Plan was established by, and can be amended by, the State Legislature. The State of Maryland contributes 7.25% of eligible salaries on behalf of the College. For 2017 and 2016, the contribution was \$546,861 and \$549,009, and the covered payroll was \$7,542,910 and \$7,572,543, respectively.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The College offers a defined contribution 403(B) retirement plan to all of its eligible employees. The Plan is contributory on a voluntary basis with all contributions being paid to the trustee. The College makes no basic or matching contributions on behalf of its employees.

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued

Component Units

Component Unit-Library:

Plan description. The employees of the Library are covered by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System "the System", which is a cost sharing employer public employee retirement system. While there are five retirement and pension systems under the System, employees of the Board are a member of either the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems or the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems. The System was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, teachers, police, judges, legislators, and employees of participating governmental units. The Plans are administered by the State Retirement Agency. Responsibility for the System's administration and operation is vested in a 15-member Board of Trustees. The System issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.sra.state.md.us/.

Benefits provided. The System provides retirement allowances and other benefits to State teachers and employees of participating governmental units, among others. For individuals who become members of the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems and the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems on or before June 30, 2011, retirement/pension allowances are computed using both the highest three years Average Final Compensation (AFC) and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. For individuals who become members of the Teachers' Pension System and Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, pension allowances are computed using both the highest five years AFC and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. Various retirement options are available under each system which ultimately determines how a retirees' benefits allowance will be computed. Some of these options require actuarial reductions based on the retirees' and/or designated beneficiary's attained age and similar actuarial factors.

A member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Retirement System is generally eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 60 or accumulating 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance equals 1/55 (1.81%) of the member's average final compensation "AFC" multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service.

A member of either the Techers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2011 is eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 62, with specified years of eligibility service, or accumulating 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age. An individual who becomes a member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, is eligible for full retirement benefits if the members' combined age and eligibility service equals at least 90 years or if the member is at least age 65 and has accrued at least 10 years of eligibility service.

For most individuals who retired from either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998, plus 1.4% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. With

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued Component Units

certain exceptions, for individuals who are members of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the member's AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998 plus 1.8% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. Beginning in July 1, 2011, any new member of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System shall earn an annual pension allowance equal to 1.5% of the member's AFC multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated as a member of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System.

Contributions. The Library and covered members are required by State statute to contribute to the System. Members of the Teachers' Pension System and Employees' Pension System are required to contribute 7% annually. Members of the Teachers' Retirement System and Employees' Retirement System are required to contribute 5-7% annually, depending on the retirement option selected. The contribution requirements of the System members, as well as the State and participating governmental employers are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees for the System.

The State makes a substantial portion of the Library's annual required contribution to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems on behalf of the Board. The State's contributions on behalf of the Board for the year ended June 30, 2017, was \$857,186. The fiscal 2017 contributions made by the State on behalf of the Board have been included as both revenues and expenditures in the General Fund in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and are also included as revenues and expenses in the Statement of Activities.

The Library's contractually required contribution rate for the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems for the year ended June 30, 2017, was 6.73% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Library made its share of the required contributions during the year ended June 30, 2017 of \$55,927.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Employees Retirement and Pension Systems

At June 30, 2017, the Library reported a liability of \$679,025 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the System. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on actual employer contributions billed to participating government units for the year ending June 30, 2015. The contributions were increased to adjust for differences between actuarial determined contributions and actual contributions by the State of Maryland. As of June 30, 2016, the Library's proportionate share was 0.002878000%, which was an increase of 0.000812 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

<u>Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued</u> <u>Component Units</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Library recognized pension expense of \$103,376. At June 30, 2017, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 26,086	\$ -
Changes in proportions		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	70,981	
on pension plan investments	83,316	-
Net difference between actual and proportionate share of		
contributions	11,953	-
Net difference between expected and actual experience	-	16,899
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>55,927</u>	
Total	\$ 248,263	<u>\$ 16,899</u>

\$55,927 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:

2018	\$43,829
2019	43,829
2020	50,806
2021	35,480
2022	1,493

Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems

At June 30, 2017, the Board did not report a liability related to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems due to a special funding situation. The State of Maryland pays the unfunded liability for the Board and the Board pays the normal cost related to the Boards members in the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems; therefore, the Board is not required to record its share of the unfunded pension liability but instead, that liability is recorded by the State of Maryland. The amount recognized by the Board as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Board were as follows:

State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	9,945,403
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability		-
Total	<u>\$</u>	5 9,945,403

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued Component Units

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Board recognized pension expense of \$857,186 and revenue of \$857,186 for support provided by the State. Due to the special funding situation noted above related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems, the Board did not report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.70% general, 3.20% wage

Salary increases 3.30% to 9.20%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.55%

Mortality rates were based on RP-2014 Mortality Tables with generational mortality projections using scale MP-2014, calibrated to the System's experience.

The economic and demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were adopted by the System's Board of Trustees based upon review of the System's experience study for the period 2010-2014, which was completed during FY 2014. Certain assumptions from the experience study including mortality rates, retirement rates, withdrawal rates, disability rates and rates of salary increase were adopted by the Board for the first use in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. As a result, an investment return assumption of 7.55% and an inflation assumption of 2.70% were used for the June 30, 2016 valuation.

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-range expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the Board after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s). For each major asset class that is included in the System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued

Component Units

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	<u>of Return</u>
Public Equity	37%	6.30%
Private Equity	10%	7.40%
Real Return	20%	1.30%
Credit Opportunity	9%	4.20%
Real Assets	15%	4.70%
Absolute Return	_9%	3.70%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

The above was the System's Board of Trustees adopted asset allocation policy and best estimate of geometric real rates for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of the pension plan expense was 1.10%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate. The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55%. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability. Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the Board's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the Board's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher for the Employees Retirement and Pension Systems:

Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued Component Units

Current			
1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
(6.55%)	(7.55%)	(8.55%)	

Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability

\$ 932,700 \$ 679,025 \$ 467,930

Pension plan fiduciary net positon. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued System's financial report.

401(k) Retirement Plan

The County offers a defined contribution 401(k) retirement plan to all its eligible employees. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings/losses. This plan is self-administered, with record keeping provided through the Lincoln Financial Group. This plan is governed by regulations and statutes promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service. The plan was amended on October 1, 2009.

Employees are eligible to participate upon hire if employment is at least at the half-time level. Employees hired prior to January 1, 1980 who participate in the "Maryland State Employees' Retirement System" are not eligible to participate in the 401(k) Plan.

Eligible employees can contribute up to an amount allowed by applicable federal law, and not in excess of a member's annual compensation. The plan is contributory on a voluntary basis with all contributions being paid to the trustee Prior to October 1, 2009, the County made quarterly contributions to the accounts of each participant. Starting October 1, 2009, the County stopped contributing to the 401(k) Plan accounts of employees enrolled in either of the County's pension plans. Eligible employees hired prior to July 1, 1985 who are not enrolled in either of the County's pension plans remain eligible for County contributions to their 401(k) Plan accounts. These contributions range from 2% to 8% of base salary, depending upon the amount contributed by the employee.

The County's and the employees' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$135,189 and \$2,063,404 respectively.

The Plan also offers a "Roth" option which allows employees to make after-tax contributions. Approximately 13.8 percent of employee contributions to the plan are being made as "Roth" contributions as of June 30, 2017.

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland Plan Description

Plan administration: The Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland "RBTCCCC" is a single-employer defined benefit plan that provides access to medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees who retire from County service in accordance with County policy. The Carroll County Government does not issue a separate audited financial statement for RBTCCCC.

Management of the RTCCCC is vested in the appointed Board of Trustees to serve at the pleasure of the County Commissioners, which consists of the Comptroller of Carroll County Government and the Bureau Chief of Benefits of Carroll County Government.

Plan membership. The most recent actuarial valuation was completed as of July 1, 2016. The membership data related to the plan was as follows:

Number of Participants

Active employees	922
Deferred vested terminations	-
Retirees in pay status (pre Medicare)	123
Retirees in pay status (Medicare age)	<u>296</u>
Total	1,341

Benefits provided: To be eligible for benefits under this plan, employees, former employees, or beneficiaries of Carroll County Government must meet the following eligibility requirements:

- Age plus service equals at least 75,
- Has at least 10 years of total County service (15 years if hired after May1, 2005 or later)
- Has at least 5 years of continuous County service through the date of retirement, and
- Was eligible for County provided health care coverage as a regular employee for at least 5 years immediately preceding the date of retirement.

Full-time employees who retire can also insure their spouses. Retirees who are eligible for County contributions toward the cost of their medical plan may elect to discontinue coverage and re-enroll at future "open enrollment" periods. This plan has a tax exempt status.

Contributions: Retirees contribute a portion of their health care cost which is based on their age and years of service with the County. In fiscal year 2017, the County contributed \$12,124,000 towards the ARC for the Other Postemployment Benefit fund. Administrative costs of the RBTCCCC are financed through investment earnings.

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued

Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland-continued

Investment Policy: Fiduciary funds for Carroll County are the Carroll County Employee Pension Plan, the Carroll County Certified Law Officer Pension, LOSAP, & OPEB "the Trust Funds". The Trust Funds operate under one investment policy that is designed to provide benefits as anticipated through a carefully planned and executed investment program that achieves a reasonable long-term total return consistent with the level of risk assumed. Investments for the Trust Funds are reported at fair value, as described in Note 1. The retirement plan committee has the authority to establish or amend investment policy decisions.

The Trust Funds invest in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such a change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of fiduciary net position available for benefits.

Interest rate risk: The Trust Funds do not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Fluctuating rates of return are characteristic of the securities markets; the Trust Funds greatest concern is long-term appreciation of assets and consistency of portfolio returns. However, cash and cash equivalent investments are limited to maturities of one year or less.

Foreign currency risk: The Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County had the following unrated mutual fund investments with exposure to foreign currency risk from various international currency denominations including European Countries:

Causeway International Value Fund Harding Loevner International Equity Fund Fair Value in U.S. Dollars \$4,918,693 4,886,667

Credit risk: The investment manager is allowed substantial discretion within a broad framework of approved investment choices. Equity holdings may be selected from those listed on the major securities markets. The manager may purchase any cash instruments having a quality rating of A-2, P-2 or higher by either Moody's or Standard and Poor's. Time deposits and repurchase agreements are also acceptable investment vehicles. Any idle cash not invested by the investment managers shall be invested daily through an automatic interest-bearing sweep vehicle.

		Allocation at
<u>Ratings</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
AAA/Aaa	100%	100%
AA/Aa	100%	0%
A/A	100%	0%
BAA/Baa	20%	0%
BBB	20%	0%

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued

Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland-continued Concentration of credit risk: As a means of minimizing risk and providing a consistent return, the investment policies require diversification. U.S. corporate bonds shall be diversified by issuer type with no more than 10% of the portfolio invested in obligations of any one issuer. International bonds shall not exceed more 5% of the International Equity portfolio. Investments by security type for all of the County Trust Funds are to be diversified as follows:

Retire Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioners of Carroll County

<u>N</u>	<u> Iinimum</u>	Maximum
Domestic Large Cap Equities	35.0%	55.0%
Domestic Mid Cap Equities	0.0%	10.0%
Domestic Small Cap Equities	4.5%	10.0%
Real Estate Equities	5.0%	15.0%
International Equities	5.0%	15.0%
Domestic Fixed Income	20.0%	30.0%
Cash Equivalents	0.0%	15.0%

Rate of return: For the year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the RBTCCCC investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 27.39 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net OPEB Liability of the County: The components of the net OPEB liability of Carroll County at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability	\$	198,924,027
RBTCCCC fiduciary net position		(79,997,394)
RBTCCCC's net OPEB liability	\$	118,926,633

RBTCCCC fiduciary net position as a percentage 40.22% of the total OPEB liability

Actuarial assumptions: The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued

Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland-continued

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.0 percent, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Healthcare cost trend rates Based on Society of Actuaries Long-Term

Medical Trend Model, the 2012 rate is 6.00% decreasing gradually. The ultimate rate is 4.39%

and is attained in 2050.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equities	45%	5.60%
U.S. Small/Mid Cap Equities	10%	6.70%
Foreign Equities	10%	6.80%
Real Estate (REITs)	10%	6.10%
Core Fixed Income	25%	1.25%
Cash	0%	0.00%
Inflation		3.00%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the County total and net OPEB liability. We also present the Total and Net OPEB liability if it is calculated using a

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued

Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland-continued

discount rate that is 1-percentage –point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)	
County's total OPEB liabiltiy	\$229,116,582	\$198,924,027	\$174,586,087	
County's net OPEB liabiltiy (Asset)	149,119,188	118,926,633	94,588,693	

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the County's total and net OPEB liability. We also present the total and net OPEB liability if it is calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage –point lower (3.40 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.40 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase	
	3.40%	4.40%	5.40%	
County's total OPEB liabiltiy	\$ 171,692,709	\$ 198,924,027	\$ 233,041,129	
County's net OPEB liability	91,695,315	118,926,633	153,043,735	

Basis of Accounting: The Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland "RBTCCCC" financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Medicare Part D funds are recognized in the period in which they are received. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the term of the plan. Investments are made on a long-term basis investing in various securities which are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks.

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued

Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland-continued

Annual other postemployment benefit cost "AOPEBC" and net other post employment benefit obligation of the Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioners of Carroll County, Maryland are as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$	11,353,000
Interest		2,579,173
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(2,427,228)
Annual OPEB cost		11,504,945
Contributions made		(10,103,580)
Change in net OPEB obligation		1,401,365
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		36,845,328
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	<u>\$</u>	38,246,693

The annual required contribution was determined as part of the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.0 percent investment rate of return compounded annually, (b) projected turnover rates are as follows:

General Government:

<u>Age</u>	<u>Rate</u>
25	11.14%
35	6.21%
45	3.06%

Law Officers:

	Years of Service			
<u>Age</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>20</u>	
25	6.55%	3.28%	0.50%	
35	3.65%	1.83%	0.50%	
45	1.80%	0.90%	0.50%	
55	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%	

The actuarial value of assets was determined using the fair value as of July 1, 2016.

The County's annual OPEB cost, percentage of OPEB cost contributed, and net other post-employment benefit obligation for the plan for the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Trend Information for the last six years for RBTCCCC:

Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	% of AOPEBC	Actual	Net OPEB
Ended	Cost (AOPEBC)	Contributed	Contribution	Obligation
2011	\$12,496,803	58%	\$7,298,000	\$28,249,507
2012	12,347,059	64%	7,852,800	32,743,766
2013	10,487,348	81%	8,438,080	34,793,034
2014	10,774,859	94%	10,056,900	35,510,993
2015	10,381,487	92%	9,632,900	36,259,580
2016	10,689,328	95%	10,103,580	36,845,328
2017	11,504,945	88%	10,103,580	38,246,693

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued

Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland-continued

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Carroll County Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Benefits (OPEB)

Assets:	
Receivables-notes	\$ 24,212
Accrued interest	2,386
Investments at fair value:	
Bond funds	2,867,862
Marketable securities	77,490,897
Total assets	 80,385,357
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	2,500
Due to primary government	 385,463
Total liabilities	387,963
Fiduciary Net Position:	
Net position restricted for postemployment	
benefits other than pensions	\$ 79 997 394

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Carroll County Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Benefits (OPEB)

ADDITIONS:

Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 10,103,580
Plan members	589,816
Total contributions	10,693,396
Investment earnings:	
Interest and dividends	39,692
Net increase or decrease in the fair	
value of investments	 7,433,230
Total investment earnings	7,472,922
Less investment expense	(10,000)
Net investment earnings	7,462,922
Total additions	 18,156,318
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits	4,689,220
Administrative expenses	 2,300
Total deductions	4,691,520
Change in net position	 13,464,798
Net position restricted for	
postemployment benefits other	
than pensions:	66,532,596
Beginning of year	
End of year	\$ 79 997 394

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued Component Units

Library

Plan Description. The Library provides medical insurance benefits to eligible employees who retire from employment with the Carroll County Public Library in accordance with a contractual agreement through the County.

Retirees with at least 10 years of service (15 years for those hired after May 1, 2005) are eligible for medical insurance coverage during retirement. The cost of this coverage is subsidized by the employer for those who meet certain age and service requirements. Spousal coverage is also available for eligible full time employees who retire. Retirees who are eligible for this subsidy may elect to discontinue and re-enroll at a later date.

Funding Policy. Retirees pay between 6 percent and 100 percent of the County's full premium equivalent cost, based upon age and years of service at retirement. The County pays the Library's share of the employer contribution on behalf of the Library based on the annual required contribution of the employers "ARC", an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45.

The ARC represents the level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed 30 years. The payments made by the County on behalf of the Library which are included in the Statement of Activities for the year ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$1,439,256, \$1,277,560, and \$1,243,684, respectively.

Board of Education

The Board provides medical benefits to eligible employees who retire from employment with the Carroll County Public School System. The employer's contributions are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis and any amounts budgeted to be contributed towards meeting the annual required contribution per the actuarial valuation. The future payment of these benefits is contingent upon the annual approval of the operating budget.

The Board provides medical benefits to retirees pursuant to two medical benefit plans for retired employees based on negotiated agreements with various bargaining groups. For retirees over the age of 65 who retired prior to September 1, 1988, the percentage of the premium paid by the Board is dependent upon the retiree's years of service and ranges from 10% to 100%. For retirees who retired after September 1, 1988, the percentage of the premium paid by the Board is dependent upon the retiree's years of service and ranges from 0% to 100%. These percentages are applied to premiums established annually by the Board for individual, husband/wife, parent/child, and family coverages. Only Carroll County Board of Education years of service are considered. As of June 30, 2017, 1,066 eligible participants were receiving benefits.

The Board's annual other postemployment benefit "OPEB" cost (expense) is calculated based on the *annual required contribution of the employer "ARC"*, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes the Board's net OPEB obligation:

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued Component Units-continued

Annual required contribution	\$22,475,000
Interest	4,455,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution	<u>(4,878,000)</u>
Annual OPEB cost	22,052,000
Contributions made	(7,363,106)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	14,688,894
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	93,788,726
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	<u>\$108,477,620</u>

The Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal year 2017 and the two preceding fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	% of AOPEBC	Net OPEB
Ended	Cost (AOPEBC)	Contributed	Obligation
2015	\$20,904,000	22.22%	\$75,142,431
2016	23,535,000	20.77%	93,788,726
2017	22,052,000	33.39%	108,477,620

Funding Policy:

As of July 1, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plan was 6.2% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$261,573,000 and the actuarial value of assets was \$16,135,200 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability "UAAL" of \$245,438,000. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$194,800,080, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 126.0%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress below, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued Component Units-continued

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (1)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (2)	Percentage Funded (1)/(2) (3)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2)-(1) (4)	Annual Covered Payroll (5)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((2-1)/5) (6)
July 1, 2010	\$3,722,000	\$ 110,803,000	3.40%	\$ 107,081,000	\$ 200,942,793	53.3%
July 1, 2011	7,369,200	181,428,000	4.10%	174,058,800	187,912,812	92.6%
July 1, 2012	9,277,000	192,349,000	4.80%	183,072,000	198,512,177	92.2%
July 1, 2013	12,385,000	231,734,000	5.30%	219,349,000	199,323,185	110.0%
July 1, 2014	13,252,000	245,811,000	5.40%	232,559,000	199,079,448	116.8%
July 1, 2015	15,566,200	285,881,000	5.40%	270,314,800	193,498,864	139.7%
July 1, 2016	6,135,200	251,573,200	6.20%	245,438,000	194,800,080	126.0%

Schedule of Employer Contributions:

Year	Annual		Net
Ended	Required	Percentage	OPEB
June 30:	<u>Contribution</u>	Contributed	Obligation
2011	\$9,725,000	53.53%	\$ 21,373,441
2012	15,475,000	32.03%	31,956,508
2013	16,499,000	32.14%	43,190,699
2014	19,744,000	19.95%	58,881,226
2015	21,182,000	22.22%	75,142,431
2016	24,020,000	20.77%	93,788,726
2017	22,475,000	32.76%	108,477,620

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to the point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2016, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method, with linear pro-ration to assumed benefit commencement method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00% investment rate of return, which assumes that benefits will be funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and that General Fund investments earn 4.00% over the long-term. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open bases. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016, was 24 years.

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued

Component Units-continued

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation Date July 1, 2016

Actuarial Cost Method Projected unit method

Amortization Method Level percentage of projected payroll over a 30-year period

Asset Valuation Method Market value

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 4% Payroll Growth Rate 3%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

Pre-65 Medical 7.0% initial / 5.1% ultimate (not applicable to Life) Post-65 Medical 7.0% initial / 4.8% ultimate (not applicable to Life)

The Board has adopted GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*. The Statement enhances the Board's footnote disclosures and expands the required supplemental information (RSI) data with new schedules. It was issued to improve financial reporting by state and local government other postemployment pension plans.

Plan Description

Plan administration. The Board administers the Carroll County Public Schools Retiree Health Plan (the Plan), a single employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) to eligible employees who retire from employment with the Carroll County Public School System.

Management of the Plan is vested in the Board of Education of Carroll County.

<i>Plan membership.</i> At June 30, 2017, plan membership consisted of the following:	
Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefit Payments	1,076
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not Yet Receiving Benefit Payments	-
Active Plan Members	<u>2,576</u>
Total Plan Members	3,652

Benefits provided. The Board provides medical benefits to retirees pursuant to two medical plans for retired employees based on negotiated agreements with various bargaining groups. For retirees over the age of 65 who retired prior to September 1, 1988, the percentage of the stipend paid by the Board was dependent upon the retiree's years of service and ranged from 10% to 100%. For retirees who retired after September 1, 1988, the percentage of the stipend paid by the Board is dependent upon the retiree's years of service and ranges from 0% to 100%. These percentages are applied to stipends established annually by the Board for individual, husband/wife, parent/child, and family coverages. Only Carroll County Board of Education years of service are considered.

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued

Component Units-continued

Contributions.

Employer contributions are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis and any amounts budgeted to be contributed towards meeting the annual required contribution per the actuarial valuation.

Investments

Investment policy.

The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2017:

	rargei
Asset Class	Allocation
U.S. Large Cap Equities	45%
U.S. Small/Mid Cap Equities	10%
Foreign Equities	10%
Real Estate (REITs)	10%
Core Fixed Income	25%
Cash	0%
Total	<u>100%</u>

Rate of return. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 11.1 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. Net OPEB Liability of the Board

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Board at June 30, 2017 were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 344,293,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	20,174,665
Board's Net OPEB Liability	\$ 324,118,335

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability

5.86%

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.20%
Salary increases	3.00%
Investment rate of return	3.81%
Haalthaara aget trand rates:	

Healthcare cost trend rates:

Pre-65 medical 7.0% initial / 5.1% ultimate (not applicable to life) Post-65 medical 7.0% initial / 4.8% ultimate (not applicable to life)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males and Females, adjusted for morality improvements based on Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2010-2014 after completion of the June 30, 2014 valuations.

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued Component Units-continued

The long term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equities	5.6%
U.S. Small/Mid Cap Equities	6.7%
Foreign Equities	6.8%
Real Estate (REITs)	6.1%
Core Fixed Income	1.3%
Cash	0.0%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.81%. The benefit payment stream for the Plan is discounted based on an index rate for 20-year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher for years when the projected benefit payouts are expected to be unfunded and 7.00% for years when the projected benefit payouts are expected to be funded. The long-term expected rate of return on assets of 7.00% and a long-term expected rate of return on internal fund rate of 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 was used for the calculations.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Board, as well as what the Board's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (2.81%) or one-percentage point higher (4.81%) than the current discount rate:

1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
(2.81%)	(3.81%)	<u>(4.81%)</u>		
Net OPEB Liability \$ 392,831,335	\$ 324,118,335	\$ 269,674,335		

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Board, as well as what the Board's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
Net OPEB Liability \$ 261,553,335	\$ 324,118,335	\$ 406,918,335

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued Component Units -continued

Carroll Community College

Plan Description. Carroll Community College administers a single employer defined benefit health care plan. The College allows employees who retire with at least 10 years of continuous service to continue participation in some benefit program. To be eligible for post retirement benefits, an employee must collect a retirement benefit from his/her retirement system immediately following separation. Retirees who collect a benefit from the ORP must meet the age and service requirements for early or normal retirement as defined in the Maryland State Teachers Pension/Retirement System. Services for retirees include the following:

Medical Insurance – Retired employees and their spouses under age 65 may continue to be covered by medical insurance offered to current employees at regular group rates. Interested retirees and/or their spouses age 65 or over must convert to coverage under a College contract which supplements Medicare.

The College continues contributions toward the premiums for medical insurance for such employees with at least 10 years of service. Contributions by the College are made as follows:

10 to 14 years of service	35%
15 to 19 years of service	55%
20 to 24 years of service	70%
25 or more years of service	80%

Employees with less than 10 years of service may continue coverage at the full cost of the specified plan.

Life Insurance – All employees who are participants in the Group Life Insurance Plan at retirement are eligible for continued life insurance coverage. The College currently pays one-half of premium costs.

Vision and Dental Insurance – Retirees and their spouses may also continue coverage under the College's policies after retirement, but must pay 100% of the premium. This arrangement may continue for the spouse following a retiree's death, provided the spouse was covered at the time of death.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of plan members and the college are established and may be amended by the Carroll Community College Board of Trustees. The College's contribution is based on a pay as you go basis with no funds set aside for future post retirement funding. For fiscal year 2017 and 2016, Carroll Community College contributed \$460,897 and \$500,561, respectively, to the plan, which is recorded in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets allocated (deficit) among the functional expense accounts.

Annual OPEB Cost and net OPEB Obligation. The College's annual other post employment benefit "OPEB" cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution "ARC", an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued Component Units-continued

The following table shows the component of the College's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the institution's net OPEB obligation:

-	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Annual required contribution	\$3,593,000	\$ 3,339,000
Interest	802,000	699,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(1,092,000)	(912,000)
Annual OPEB costs (expense)	3,303,000	3,126,000
Contributions made- (current premiums)	(460,897)	(500,561)
Contributions made- (to the trust to prefund)	(201,223)	
Increase in net OPEB obligation	2,640,880	2,625,439
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	20,150,543	17,525,104
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$22,791,423	\$20,150,543

The College's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation were as follows:

Fiscal	Annual	Percentage of	
Year	OPEB	Annual OPEB	Net OPEB
Ended	<u>Cost</u>	Cost Contributed	Obligation
6/30/15	\$2,971,000	16.5%	\$17,525,104
6/30/16	3,126,000	16.0%	20,150,143
6/30/17	3,303,000	20.0%	22,791,423

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued

<u>Component Units</u>-continued Schedule of Funding Progress

			Actuarial			Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Actuarial		Accrued	Percentage		AAL			of Covered
Valuation	Value of	Li	ability (AAL)	Funded		(UAAL)		Covered	Payroll
Date	Assets		Entry Age	(1)/(2)		(2)-(1)		Payroll	((2-1)/5)
	(1)		(2)	(3)		(4)		(5)	(6)
	Ф	Φ.	10.605.000	0.000/	ф	10.605.000	ф	0.621.525	20.40/
June 30, 2008	\$ -	\$	19,685,000	0.00%	\$	19,685,000	\$	9,631,527	204%
June 30, 2009	-		21,673,000	0.00%		21,673,000		9,631,527	225%
June 30, 2010	-		20,410,000	0.00%		20,410,000		12,452,217	164%
June 30, 2011	-		22,589,000	0.00%		22,589,000		12,850,358	176%
June 30, 2012	-		21,261,000	0.00%		21,261,000		13,212,157	161%
June 30, 2013	-		22,998,000	0.00%		22,998,000		13,832,855	166%
June 30, 2014	-		26,013,000	0.00%		26,013,000		14,526,437	179%
June 30, 2015	-		28,202,000	0.00%		28,202,000		14,234,818	198%
June 30, 2016	-		29,403,000	0.00%		29,403,000		14,334,394	205%
June 30, 2017	201,223		31,831,000	0.60%		31,629,777		14,483,592	218%

Funded Status and Funding Progress. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$31.831 million at June 30, 2017 and the actuarial value of assets was \$201,223, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability "UAAL" of \$31.630 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$14,403,404, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 218 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in to the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented above, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods of Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each plan member to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2015 biennial actuarial valuation, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions utilized an interest discount rate of 4% return due to the plan being unfunded. Payroll is assumed to increase at 3% annually. Healthcare cost trends are based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Trend Model, with the initial rate being 4.70%, decreasing gradually to 3.12% in 2075. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization at June 30, 2017, was 22 years.

Note 13 – Fund Equity

A summary of fund balances as of June 30, 2017 follows:

	General Fund	Capital Projects Funds	Non Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:		_		
Inventory	\$ 1,765,143	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,765,143
Prepaid costs	52,000	-	436,096	488,096
Loans to community organizations	6,034,578	=	=	6,034,578
Loans to fire companies	9,423,837	=	=	9,423,837
Loans to municipalities	149,037	-	-	149,037
Due from other funds	9,511,158	=	=	9,511,158
Advances and proceeds to Industrial	612.010			612.010
Development Authority	612,910		426,006	612,910
Total nonspendable fund balance	27,548,663		436,096	27,984,759
Restricted:				
Weed control	123,498	-	-	123,498
Agricultural preservation investments	27,989,985	-	-	27,989,985
Loans collectible within one year	1,313,016	-	-	1,313,016
Farmers & Merchants - collateral	230,000	=	-	230,000
Unspent bond proceeds	=	5,708,337	=	5,708,337
Grants	-	-	1,061,998	1,061,998
Hotel Rental tax		<u> </u>	675,518	675,518
Total restricted fund balance	29,656,499	5,708,337	1,737,516	37,102,352
Committed:				
Stabilization arrangement	20,002,103	-	-	20,002,103
ISF health	1,400,000	-	-	1,400,000
Watershed Protection and Restoration			109,396	109,396
Total committed fund balance	21,402,103		109,396	21,511,499
Assigned:				
Encumbrances:				
General government	1,332,477	594,524	-	1,927,001
Public safety	64,384	968,782	-	1,033,166
Public works	1,065,567	8,965,797	-	10,031,364
Social Services	13,707	-	-	13,707
Culture and recreation	21,050	150,973	-	172,023
Conservation of natural resources	=	640,665	-	640,665
Economic Development	25,000	=	-	25,000
Subsequent year's expenditure:				-
Use in fiscal year 2018 budget	10,157,850	-	-	10,157,850
Use in fiscal year 2019-2020 budget	7,000,000	-	-	7,000,000
Capital	-	6,582,894	-	6,582,894
Grants	-	-	1,222,426	1,222,426
Community Media Center loan	703,308			703,308
Total assigned fund balance	20,383,343	17,903,635	1,222,426	39,509,404
Unassigned:				
General fund	14,529,685	=	-	14,529,685
Total unassigned fund balance	14,529,685	-		14,529,685
Grand total fund balances	\$ 113,520,293		\$ 3,505,434	\$ 140,637,699

Note 13 – Fund Equity- continued

The County has loaned to various Carroll County fire companies for expansion and equipment acquisition. The loans are repayable over terms of from 5 to 20 years, bearing interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.26 percent to 5.09 percent. The balance of these loans at June 30, 2017 is \$10,736,853 and is secured by land, buildings and equipment. The County made loans to various community organizations. The balance of these loans at June 30, 2017 is \$6,034,578 and they are secured through promissory notes.

The General Fund incurred a due from the Capital Fund for the future payouts of Installment Purchase Agreements, a due from OPEB, a due from Fiber Network and a due from the Airport Fund at June 30, 2017 in the amount of \$9,511,158.

Note 14 - Budgetary Basis to GAAP Reconciliation

A reconciliation of the revenues and expenditures of the General Fund Budgetary Basis to the statement of revenues and expenditures on a GAAP basis is as follows:

Budgetary Funds	General Fund
Revenues	Turu
Actual amount (budgetary basis) "revenues" from the	
budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 374,141,558
Unavailable property tax revenues	(406,230)
Total revenues as reported on the Statement	
of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balance-General Fund	\$ 373,735,328
Expenditures	
Actual amount (budgetary basis) "expenditures"	
from the budgetary comparison	\$378,193,859
Encumbrance adjustment	(156,655)
Total expenditure as reported on the Statement	
of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balance-General Fund	<u>\$378,037,204</u>

Note 15 – Commitments and Contingencies

Primary Government

Management and the County attorney estimate that potential claims against the County, not covered by insurance, resulting from various claims and lawsuits would not materially affect the financial statements of the County.

The County participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs, principal of which are the Housing and Urban Development, Commission on Aging, and the Workforce Investment Act programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the County's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although management expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

As of June 30, 2017, the County had the following commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects:

				Required
	Project	Total	Amount	Future
	Appropriation	Expenditures	<u>Funded</u>	Funding
General Government	\$ 40,694,760	\$ 33,057,940	\$ 35,076,979	\$ 5,617,781
Public Safety	42,878,581	35,481,727	35,297,411	7,581,170
Health	81,388	64,708	81,388	-
Public Works	82,461,759	58,624,620	59,596,318	22,865,441
Board of Education	218,277,357	197,000,700	211,742,591	6,534,766
Carroll Community College	7,670,600	7,229,438	7,510,057	160,543
Culture and Recreation	17,350,763	13,850,527	15,355,313	1,995,450
Library	4,182,905	3,632,347	4,101,905	81,000
Conservation of Natural Resources	231,991,229	200,908,016	200,901,260	31,089,969
Water Resources	24,879,284	12,215,624	12,378,988	12,500,296
Governmental Activities	670,468,626	562,065,647	582,042,210	88,426,416
Wastewater Treatment Facilities	11,247,615	11,591,323	7,933,525	3,314,090
Other Water Projects	31,276,967	8,388,459	8,386,079	22,890,888
Other Wastewater Projects	16,506,001	7,922,962	13,105,982	3,400,019
Landfill Upgrades	4,408,000	3,961,463	4,408,000	-
Landfill Remediations	3,520,244	2,995,271	3,520,244	-
Fiber Network	1,100,000	1,087,096	1,100,000	-
Septage	4,500,000	416,432	1,016,000	3,484,000
Airport	50,354,447	856,357	2,501,180	47,853,266
Business Type Activities	122,913,273	37,219,363	41,971,010	80,942,264
Total Funds	\$ 793,381,900	\$ 599,285,010	\$ 624,013,220	<u>\$ 169,368,679</u>

Note 15 – Commitments and Contingencies - continued

Primary Government-continued

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. Amounts, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by grantors cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any to be immaterial.

The County participates in a joint venture named The Maryland Rural Counties Coalition, LLC. The joint venture is to promote and protect the interests of the Rural Counties of the State of Maryland and any and other activities as may be permitted by Limited Liability Companies under the laws of the State of Maryland. As of June 30, 2017, the County's share in the limited liability company totaled \$4,976.

The Supreme Court ruled in favor of the Wynnes case which wrongly exposed some Maryland residents with out-of-state income to double taxation by not allowing the full tax credit for income tax paid outside of the state. The effect of this ruling on the County is income tax will be reduced \$28,901 for nine quarters for a total of \$260,106 beginning in September 2016 to refund those residents in Carroll County that were eligible for the credit but didn't receive it for the tax returns filed between 2006 and 2014.

Component Units

Board of Education

Several law suits have been filed arising from personnel grievances, personal injury, and other matters. It is anticipated by the Board that an adverse decision in excess of insurance coverage on any or all of these suits would not have a material adverse effect on these financial statements.

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. Amounts, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by grantors cannot be determined at this time, although the Board expects such amounts, if any to be immaterial.

Note 16 – Risk Management

Primary Government

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. As of January 2003, the office of Risk Management initiated an enterprise wide risk management program. This program includes review of all legal contracts for insurance sufficiency and verification of certificates of insurance from all vendors. This program helps ensure that all vendors maintain sufficient insurance coverage to protect the County from loss.

The County's risk financing techniques include participation in the Local Government Insurance Trust "LGIT", a public entity risk pool, for its property, cyber, and business automobile.

LGIT is a joint association of Maryland local governments established to provide an alternative to the diminishing availability of insurance coverages to the public sector and the increasing premium costs in the municipal insurance market. LGIT is owned by the members and is directed by the trust agreement effective July 1, 1992.

The Trust Agreement provides that funds in the Capital Account may be used to satisfy obligations of LGIT if monies are not otherwise available in the General and Surplus Account to meet obligations. If the amount of deposit in the Capital Account falls below a certain level, the Capital Account must be replenished. The means for replenishing Capital Account balances would be: (a) one-time assessment not to exceed two times the participant's annual premium in the year of the deficit, (b) prospective premium increases, or (c) the issuance of Certificates of Participation.

Subscribers to coverage provided by LGIT share the risk among participants of the pools. As a result, the County's annual premium requirements will be affected by the loss experience of the various insurance pools in which it participates. Also, the County may be subject to additional assessments from time-to-time. These amounts would be recorded as expenditures when they are probable and can be reasonably estimated. Conversely, favorable performance of certain insurance pools may result in reduced premiums.

LGIT uses reinsurance agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses on all types of insured events. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from reinsurers, up to certain per occurrence limits.

The County is self-insuring its medical coverage for eligible employees. A commercial insurer administers the plan. In addition, the County's contract with this insurer includes a \$300,000 stop-loss per claim. To further minimize its risks, the County's contract provides for an overall cap on claims it must pay in a given year. The cap is determined by reference to pre-agreed rates, times the number of covered employees. Dental benefits are also administered by a commercial insurer. One dental plan is self-insured, and the other is fully insured.

Note 16 – Risk Management-continued

Primary Government-continued

The County is using an internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. All funds of the County make payments to the internal service fund based on historical cost data. The payments from all funds cover at least prior and current year claims.

Claims liabilities at June 30, 2017 for the deductible portions of general, auto, police, legal and public officials covered under LGIT and employee health care coverage are \$10,500 and \$1,552,187 respectively.

The total claims liability of \$1,562,687 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2017 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability was incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The claims liabilities are calculated based on historical claim settlement trends and analysis of all outstanding and potential claims.

Changes in the claims for employee health care coverage and the deductible portions of liability and property claims under LGIT were as follows:

	Beginning- of-Fiscal Year <u>Liability</u>	Current-Year Claims and Changes in <u>Estimates</u>	Claim <u>Payments</u>	Balance at Fiscal Year-End
Liability and property:				
July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2015	\$ 9,138	\$50,962	\$(30,100)	\$30,000
July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2016	30,000	(3,310)	(8,441)	18,249
July 1, 2016 – June 30, 2017	18,249	9,504	(17,253)	10,500
Employee Health Care Coverage:				
July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2015	\$1,951,436	\$13,461,255	\$ (13,450,706)	\$1,961,985
July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2016	1,961,985	15,484,758	(15,493,416)	1,953,327
July 1, 2016 – June 30, 2017	1,953,327	15,810,644	(16,211,784)	1,552,187

The County is self-insured for its worker's compensation. Premiums are paid into the internal service fund by all other funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves and administrative costs of the program. These interfund premiums are used to reduce the amount of claim expenditures reported in the internal service fund. As of June 30, 2017, such interfund premiums did not exceed reimbursable expenditures. The County contracts with a third party administrator to pay all worker's compensation cost. The County purchases a specific excess and aggregate excess worker's compensation and employer's liability indemnity policy.

To date the County has not exceeded its retention limits.

Note 16 – Risk Management-continued

The self-insured plan is administered by a commercial insurer. The County's contract with this insurer includes a \$600,000 Self Insured Retention for all occurrences. The total claims liability of \$2,976,070 has been reported at June 30, 2017. This liability is calculated based on historical claim settlement trends.

Changes in the claims for worker's compensation were as follows:

	Beginning- Of-Fiscal Year	Current- Year Claims and Changes	Claim	Balance at Fiscal
Worker's Compensation:	<u>Liability</u>	in Estimates	<u>Payments</u>	Year-End
July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2015	\$2,078,649	\$ 1,864,656	\$ (1,668,542)	\$ 2,274,763
July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2016	2,274,763	1,023,380	(1,161,614)	2,136,529
July 1, 2016 – June 30, 2017	2,136,529	1,763,037	(923,496)	2,976,070

Due to specific exclusions in the County's property insurance, the County also has commercial insurance coverage for its boilers and machinery. Employees are bonded through commercial insurance carriers to limit the loss to the County in the event of employees committing acts of embezzlement or theft

Component Units

The Board of Education, the Library and the Community College are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Library is included in the commercial insurance and self-insurance programs of the County. The Board of Education and the Community College use commercial policies to provide insurance coverage excluding health care. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

The Board of Education established a limited risk management program for health care insurance. In the past, health care insurance was covered by a third party carrier. Effective January 1, 1998, the Board, with Aetna U.S. Healthcare, established a new arrangement for providing coverage for future medical claims. Effective July 1, 2005, employees contribute 15% towards this coverage. Deposits are made by the Board into a bank account used only for payments resulting from health insurance claims.

Note 16 – Risk Management-continued

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities not including actuarial liabilities were as follows:

	Beginning- Of-Fiscal	Claims and Changes in	Claim	Balance at Fiscal
Health Care:	Year Liability	<u>Estimates</u>	<u>Payments</u>	Year-End
July 1, 2014 June 30, 2015	\$4,590,000	\$50,984,357	\$(47,333,257)	\$8,241,100
July 1, 2015 June 30, 2016	8,241,100	48,327,654	(48,318,754)	8,250,000
July 1, 2016 – June 30, 2017	8,250,000	49,701,630	(50,201,630)	7,750,000

Required Supplementary Information

Westminster, Maryland SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE CARROLL COUNTY EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

Total pension liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected	\$ 3,860	\$ 3,513 4,825	\$ 3,301	\$ 3,085	2013 2012 2011 Information for FY 13 and earlier is not available	2011	2010 Zolo	1	2009	2008
and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benfit payments including refunds of member contributions Net change in total pension liability	768 - (1,856) 8,117	(953) 1,635 (1,300) 7,720	(100) - (1,086) 6,492	- (925) 6,115						
Total pension liability- beginning Total pension liability- ending	77,291 \$ 85,408	69,571 \$ 77,291	63,079 \$ 69,571	\$ 63,079						
Plan fiduciary net position Contribution-employer Contributions-member Net investment income	\$ 2,636 1,773 7,683	\$ 2,542 1,688 1,306	\$ 2,558 1,619 2,645	\$ 2,367 1,573 7,867						
Deficit payments, including return of member contributions Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(1,856) (43) 10,193	(1,300) (37) 4,199	(1,086) (37) 5,699	(925) (45) 10,837						
Plan fiduciary net position- beginning Plan fiduciary net position- ending	\$ 76,907	62,515 \$ 66,714	56,816 \$ 62,515	45,979 \$ 56,816						
Net pension liability - ending	\$ 8,501	\$ 10,577	\$ 7,056	\$ 6,263						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	115.28%	106.72%	110.03%	123.57%						
Covered- payroll	\$ 34,841	\$ 33,047	\$ 32,278	\$ 30,699						
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-payroll	24.40%	32.01%	21.86%	20.40%						
Expected average remaining service years for all participants	S	s	9	9						
Notes to Schedule: Benefit changes: Changes of Assumptions:	There were no changes for FY 2017 There were no changes for FY 2017	nges for FY 2017 nges for FY 2017								

FOR THE CARROLL COUNTY EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CARROLL COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS Westminster, Maryland

(Dollar amounts in thousands) Last 10 Fiscal Years

800	921	586	(64)	26,845	3.67%
70	∞		S	↔	
5009	878	856	(80)	29,792	3.22%
7	S		S	↔	
2010	1,302	2,660	(1,358)	32,402	8.21%
	∽		S	⇔	
2011	2,810	3,000	(190)	34,986	8.57%
	∞		S	⇔	
2012	2,550	2,741	(191)	32,267	8.49%
	∞		S	⇔	
2013	2,253	2,586	(333)	30,414	8.50%
	∞		S	⇔	
2014	2,366	2,367	(1)	30,699	7.71%
	∞		S	⇔	
2015	2,538	2,558	(20)	32,278	7.92%
	∞		S	S	
2016	2,542	2,542		33,047	7.69%
	⇔		S	€	
2017	\$ 2,636	2,636	- -	\$ 34,841	7.57%
	Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	actuarially determined contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered-payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-payroll

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year (July 1) for the year immediately following the fiscal year.

Actuarial valuations are performed every year.

20 years for gains and losses (closed), 20 years for prior plan and assumption changes Level Percentage of Payroll 5-year smoothed market Projected Unit Credit Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Actuarial cost method Amortization method

Salary increases

Investment rate of return Retirement age Mortality

7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation 100% when first eligible for unreduced benefits RP-2014 with generational projection using scale MP-2014

Rates vary by participant age

3.0 percent

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS FOR THE CARROLL COUNTY EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN Last 10 Fiscal Years

2008	
2009	
2010	
2011	vailable
2012	2013 and earlier is not a
2013	Information for FY 2
2014	16.32%
2015	4.53%
2016	2.08%
2017	11.19%
	Annual money-weighted rate of retum, net of investimet expense

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE CARROLL COUNTY CERTIFIED LAW OFFICERS PENSION PLAN

Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

Total sources In 15 billion	2017	1	2016	9	2015	\$	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
I otal pension hability Service cost Interest	s 1,0	1,090	∞	1,000	S	983 726	\$ 904	Information fo	Information for FY 13 and earlier is not available	r is not available			
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumption	41			(380)		(242)							
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Net change in total pension liability	2,3	(260) 2,277		(244)		(199)	(124)						
Total pension liability- beginning Total pension liability- ending	12,807 \$ 15,084	807	S	11,733 12,807	S	10,465	9,055 \$ 10,465						
Plan fiduciary net position Contribution-employer Contributions-member Net investment income	& 	799 619 1,196	s	681 416 191	S	835 415 368	\$ 870 580 978						
Denoit payments, including retund or member contributions Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position	2,3	(260) (8) 2,346	'	(244) (7) 1,037		(199) (7) 1,412	(124) (124) (7) (7)						
Plan fiduciary net position- beginning Plan fiduciary net position- ending	10,142	10,142 12,488		9,105 10,142		7,693 9,105	5,396 7,693						
Net pension liability - ending	\$ 2,5	.596	S	2,665	S	2,628	\$ 2,772						
Notes to Schedule Benefit changes:	There were no	changes for FY	. There we	There were no changes for FY There were no changes for FY 2017	FY 2017								
Changes of Assumptions:	RP-2014 with	RP-2014 with generational pr	RP-2014	pro RP-2014 with generational projection using scale MP 2014	rojection usir	ig scale MP 2	.014						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.7	82.79%		79.19%		77.60%	73.51%						
Covered- payroll	8 5,5	5,586	S	4,974	S	5,552	\$ 5,295						
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	46.	46.48%		53.58%		47.33%	52.35%						
Expected average remaining service years of all participants	10		10		10		10						

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland SCHEDULE OF CARROLL COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE CARROLL COUNTY CERTIFIED LAW OFFICERS PENSION PLAN

Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

2008					
2009					
2010	•	250	(250)	5,295	4.72%
2	⇔		S	s	
2011	544	590	(46)	5,295	11.14%
	⇔		S	S	
2012	\$ 520	700	\$ (180)	\$ 5,295	13.22%
2013	\$ 505	787	\$ (282)	\$ 5,295	14.86%
2014	\$ 558	820	\$ (312)	\$ 5,295	16.43%
2015	989		\$ (149)	\$ 5,552	15.04%
2016	\$ 683	681	\$ 2	\$ 4,974	13.69%
2017	\$ 645	799	\$ (154)	\$ 5,586	14.30%
	Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	actuarially determined contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered-payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

1 Per GASB 82, the amounts shown reflect pensionable earnings only

The Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan started in fiscal year 2010.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year (July 1) for the year immediately following the fiscal year. Actuarial valuations are performed every year.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method

Amortization method

Remaining amortization period

Asset valuation method Inflation

Salary increases

Investment rate of return

Retirement age Mortality

Rates vary by participant age

20 years for gains and losses (closed), 20 years for prior plan and assumption changes 5-

Projected Unit Credit (Entry Age used for GASB 67 purposes)

Level Percentage of Payroll

year smoothed market

3.0 percent

7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation 100% when first eligible for unreduced benefits

RP-2014 with generational projection using scale MP2014

Westminster, Maryland
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS
FOR THE CARROLL COUNTY CERTIFIED LAW OFFICERS PENSION PLAN

Last 10 Fiscal Years

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

2008	
2009	
2010	
2011	lable
2012	3 and earlier is not avai
2013	Information for FY 1
2014	15.33%
2015	4.51%
2016	2.11%
2017	10.99%
	Annual money-weighted rate of retum, net of investmet expense

Schedules of Required Supplementary information SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE VOLUNTEER FIREMEN PENSION PLAN LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

2012 2011 2010 2069 2008	Information for FY 2014 and earlier is not available											
2013	or FY 2014 and											
2014	Information f											
2015	\$ 146	(181)	9,767 9,586	\$ 250	874	(886)	(20)	8,348	\$ 1,122	88.30%	N/A	N/A
2016	\$ 151 8	(687)	9,586	\$	484	(289)	(159)	8,464	\$ 1,417	85.42%	N/A	N/A
2017	\$ 147 681 (44)	(701)	9,722	° s	992	(700)	(9)	8,305	\$ 1,343	86.30%	N/A	N/A
Total rension liability	Service cost Interest Difference between actual and expected	Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Net change in total pension liability	Τσα pension liability-beginning Τσα pension liability-ending	Plan fiduciary net position Contribution-employer	Net investment income	Benefit payments, including refund of member contributions	Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position	Plan fiduciary net position-beginning Plan fiduciary net position-ending	Net pension liability ending	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension lability	Covered payroll	Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll

Expected average remaining service years

of all participants

ω

ω

Notes to Schedule:
Benefit changes: There were no changes for FY2017.
Change of Assumptions: There were no changes for FY2017.

Schedules of Required Supplementary information SCHEDULE OF CARROLL COUNTYS' CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE VOLUNTEER FIREMEN PENSION PLAN Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2017	2016	91	2015		2014		2013	3	20	2012	2011		2	2010	2	5009	2008	
Actuarally determined contribution	\$ 276	≪	276	89	436	se.	436	89	436	se.	380	∻	380	S	380	S		S	
actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 176	S	\$ 226	S	250	S	250	S	436	S	380	S	380	S	380	S	1,000	S	11
Covered-payroll	N/A	N/A	A	NA		N/A		N/A	-	N/A	A	N/A	₹	Z	N/A	Z	N/A	N/A	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	NA	V	NA		N/A		N/A	_	N/A	V	N/A	<	Z	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of the beginning of the calendar year (January 1) for the following two fiscal years.

Actuarial valuations are expected to be performed every other year.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

RP-2000 Combined Healthy tables with Blue Collar adjustment, blended 75% male 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation Unit Credit (Entry Age used for GASB 67 purposes) and generational projection using Scale AA The later of 25 years of service and age 60 Level payments over a period of 10 years Not Applicable Market Value 10 years 3.0% Remaining amortization period Investment rate of return Asset valuation method Actuarial cost method Amortization method Salary increases Retirement age Mortality Inflation

Schedules of Required Supplementary information SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS FOR THE VOLUNTEER FIREMEN PENSION PLAN Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

2008	
2009	
2010	
2011	
2012	lable
2013	4 and earlier is not avai
2014	Information for FY 1.
2015	4.43%
2016	%80'9
2017	9.57%
	Annual money-weighted rate of retum, net of investrmet expense

Westminster, Maryland SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (NPL) FOR THE STATE OF MARYLAND – CARROLL COUNTY ELECTED/APPOINTED OFFICIALS PENSION PLAN

Last 10 Fiscal Years

0102	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
County's proportionate share (%) of collective net pension liablility (0.0011831% (0.00097119) (County's proportionate share (\$) of collective net pension liablility (Sovered-payroll (\$) (Sovered-payroll (\$) (Sollective net pension liablility (Sovered payroll (\$) (Sollective net pension liablility net pension liablility (Sollective net pension liablility (Sollective net pension liablility net pension liablility (Sollective net pension liablility net pension liablility net pension liablility (Sollective net pension liablility net pensi	0.0009711% C 201,819 \$ 140,701 143.44% 68.78%	0.0000795% 141,030 131,805 107.00%			Information f	formation for FY 14 and earlier is not available	arlier is not av	ailable	

FOR THE STATE OF MARYLAND – CARROLL COUNTY ELECTED/APPOINTED OFFICIALS PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUITIONS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2017			2014	2013	2013 2012	2011	2011 2010	2009	2008
Contractually required contribution	\$ 23,047	\$ 20,469	\$ 18,519							
Contributions in relation to the					Information	Information for FY 14 and earlier is not available	nd earlier is n	ot available		
contractually required contribution	23,047	20,469	18,519							
Contribution deficiency (excess)	· S	-	-							
Covered payroll	\$ 144,568	\$ 140,701	140,701 \$ 131,805							
Contributions as a percentage										
of covered- payroll	15.94%	14.55%	14.05%							

Westminster, Maryland

FOR THE STATE OF MARYLAND – CARROLL COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (NPL)

Last 10 Fiscal Years

1	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
County's proportonate share (%) of collective net pension liablility County's proportonate share (\$) of collective net pension liablility County's covered-payroll (\$) County's proportonate share (%) of collective net pension liablility of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.0010065% 237,464 261,489 90.81% 65.79%	0.0012214% \$ 253,830 225,564 112.53% 68.78%	\$ 195,496 260,994 74.90%		Information for	nformation for FY 14 and earlier is not available	is not available			

FOR THE STATE OF MARYLAND – CARROLL COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUITIONS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Contractually required contribution	\$ 19,607	\$ 25,744	\$ 25,671							
Contributions in relation to the	10,607	147.30	1671		Informatio	Information for FY 14 and earlier is not available	d earlier is no	ot available		
contractually required contribution	19,007	72,/44	7,0,07							
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	- \$	- \$							
Covered-payroll Contributions	\$ 261,489	\$ 225,564	\$ 260,994							
as a percentage of covered-										
pavroll	7.50%	11.41%	9.84%							

Westminster, Maryland SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE RETIREE BENEFIT TRUST, BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONER OF CARROLL COUNTY, MARYLAND

Last 10 Fiscal Years

2008									
2009									
2010									
2011									
2012									
2013									
2014									
2016 2015 2014 Information for FY 16 and earlier is not available									
2016 Information fo									
\$ 3,871,389 12,894,546 - (4,099,405) 12,666,530	186,257,497 \$ 198,924,027	\$ 10,103,580 7,460,623 (4,099,405) 13,464,798	66,532,596 \$ 79,997,394	\$ 118,926,633	40.22%	· •	%00.0	9	None None 7% 7%
Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benfit payments including refunds of member contributions Net change in total OPEB liability	Total OPEB liability- beginning Total OPEB liability- ending	Plan fiduciary net position Contribution-employer Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position	Plan fiduciary net position- beginning Plan fiduciary net position- ending	Net OPEB liability - ending	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	Covered- payroll	Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-payroll (1)	Expected average remaining service years for all participants	Notes to Schedule: Benefit changes: Changes of Assumptions: Discount Rate: 6/30/2016 6/30/2017

Westminster, Maryland
SCHEDULE OF CARROLL COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS
FOR THE RETIREE BENEFIT TRUST, BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONER OF CARROLL COUNTY, MARYLAND

Last 10 Fiscal Years

2008		
2009		
2010		
2011		
2012		
2013	lable	
2014	ormation for FY2016 and earlier is not available	
2015	nformation for FY2016	
2016	-	
2017	\$ 11,333,000 10,103,580 \$ 1,249,420	N/A N/A
	Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered payroll 1 Contributions as a percentage of covered-payroll

Notes to Schedule

Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll $^{\mathbf{1}}$

1-Because this OPEB plan does not depend on salary, we do not have salary information.

Westminster, Maryland SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

FOR THE RETIREEE BENEFIT TRUST, BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONER OF CARROLL COUNTY,

Last 10 Fiscal Years MARYLAND

Annual money-weighted rate of retum,

net of investmmet expense

Information for FY 2016 and earlier is not available 27.39%

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

The Schedule of funding progress from the current and two preceding actuarial valuations, presents trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Schedule of Funding Progress:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (1)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (2)	Percentage Funded (1)/(2) (3)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2)-(1) (4)	Annual Covered Payrol (5)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((2-1)/5) (6)
July 1, 2010	\$ 12,612,050	\$ 132,526,000	9.52%	\$ 119,913,950	\$ 44,405,390	270.04%
July 1, 2012	25,999,300	132,709,000	19.60%	106,709,700	44,548,939	239.53%
July 1, 2014	47,996,872	144,903,000	33.12%	96,906,128	47,677,710	203.25%
July 1, 2016	66,532,596	174,401,000	38.15%	107,868,404	51,577,434	209.14%

Schedule of Employer Contributions:

Year	Annual	Amount	Percentage		Total
Ended	Required	Contributed	Contributed	Federal	Percentage
June 30:	Contribution	by Employer	by Employer	Subsidy	Contributed
2011	\$ 11,937,000	\$ 7,298,000	61%	\$ 172,559	63%
2012	11,661,000	7,852,800	67%	184,061	69%
2013	10,142,000	8,438,080	83%	197,696	85%
2014	10,457,000	10,056,900	96%	226,975	98%
2015	10,111,000	9,632,900	95%	251,701	98%
2016	10,474,000	10,103,580	96%	-	96%
2017	11,353,000	10,578,580	89%	-	89%

Supplementary Information

Schedule 1-1

THE COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)- BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget
	Budget	Budget	Actuals	Positive(Negative)
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)				
Revenues				
Taxes - Local Property				
Real property	. , ,	\$ 184,399,190 \$	184,762,338	\$ 363,148
Real property - prior years	300,000	300,000	(510,732)	(810,732)
Personal property	250,000	250,000	386,040	136,040
Railroad and public utilities	6,850,300	6,850,300	7,161,059	310,759
Ordinary business corporations	7,931,000	7,931,000	7,356,171	(574,829)
Penalties and interest-delinquent taxes	800,000	800,000	818,257	18,257
Semi-annual service charges	65,000	65,000	140,388	75,388
	200,595,490	200,595,490	200,113,521	(481,969)
Deductions	(000,000)	(000,000)	(000.540)	(7.10)
Discounts allowed on taxes	(800,000)	(800,000)	(800,540)	(540)
Property Tax Rebate	-	-	(211)	(211)
Senior tax credit	(20,000)	(20,000)	(7,103)	12,897
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	25,960	25,960	6,729	(19,231)
Homestead tax credit	(228,073)	(228,073)	(220,297)	7,776
	(1,022,113)	(1,022,113)	(1,021,422)	691
Net Taxes - Local Property	199,573,377	199,573,377	199,092,098	(481,278)
Taxes - Local Other				
Income tax	139,692,655	139,692,655	139,476,252	(216 402)
				(216,403)
911 service fees	1,030,000	1,030,000	1,087,610	57,610
Recordation tax	13,500,000	13,500,000	14,241,331	741,331
Heavy equipment tax	100,000	100,000	126,016	26,016
Admissions and amusement tax	306,000	306,000	351,742	45,742
Police Aid-Regular Total Taxes - Local Other	764,600 155,393,255	764,600 155,393,255	882,661 156,165,610	118,061 772,355
Total Taxes - Local Other	133,393,233	133,393,233	130,103,010	112,333
Licenses and Permits				
Beer, wine and liquor licenses	201,600	201,600	213,164	11,564
Amusement	5,500	5,500	1,845	(3,655)
Traders			132,314	
Animal	130,000 75,000	130,000 75,000	60,881	2,314
				(14,119)
Buildings	1,050,400	1,050,400	1,057,250	6,850
Mobile home licenses	63,700	63,700	61,890	(1,810)
Cable Franchise Fee	1,561,090	1,561,090	1,645,750	84,660
Marriage	32,000	32,000	32,890	890
Grading Kennel Licenses	21,500	21,500	20,887	(613)
Total Licenses and Permits	18,000 3,158,790	18,000 3,158,790	19,225 3,246,094	1,225 87,304
- San Erection and I crimin	5,150,770	5,150,770	5,210,071	07,504
Intergovernmental Revenues				
Federal	-	-	745,706	745,706
Build America Bonds Subsidy	773,350	773,350	776,990	3,640
State Aid-Fire Companies	400,000	400,000	388,587	(11,413)
Security Interest Filing Fee	-	-	16,828	16,828
State Dept/ Health & Mental Hygiene	-	-	375	375
Grand & Petit Jury Reimburse	56,000	56,000	52,570	(3,430)
St Dept/Health & Mental Hygiene	151,000	151,000	168,611	17,611
911 Traning Reimbursement	-	-	109,000	109,000
Circuit Court Master Reimb	-	-	27,812	27,812
Westminster	<u> </u>	-	41,433	41,433
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	1,380,350	1,380,350	2,327,913	947,563

Variance with

THE COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER

FINANCING SOURCES (USES)- BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actuals	Variance with Final Budget Positive(Negative)
harges for Services				
General Government				
Lien certificates	\$ 210,000	\$ 210,000	\$ 211,306	\$ 1,306
Data processing	5,500	5,500	2,081	(3,419)
Hearing fees-zoning appeals	12,000	12,000	14,595	2,595
Copy fees and code books	14,000	14,000	11,167	(2,833)
Health depart-telephone and janitorial	61,800	61,800	44,854	(16,946)
Hearing fees-zoning administration	10,000		8,400	(1,600)
Total Serv Chrg - General Government	313,300	313,300	292,403	(20,897)
Public Safety				
Sheriff's services-salary recovery	1,000	1,000	2,321	1,321
Sheriff's services-fees	103,000	103,000	103,577	577
Sheriff's services-detention center	171,600	171,600	174,507	2,907
Sheriff- Town Deputies	102,500	102,500	103,274	774
Inspection fees-roads	150,000		51,038	(98,962)
Inspections fees-development review	5,000		31,414	26,414
Detention center-commissary	43,000	43,000	72,142	29,142
Detention center-work release	80,000	80,000	81,915	1,915
Sheriff/ICE transport	-	· -	23	23
Sheriff-Citations	5,000	5,000	6,200	1,200
Fire Protection Plan Review Fee	· -	· -	53,708	53,708
Soc. Sec. Admin. Incentive Program	-	-	200	200
Sheriff-home detention	15,500	15,500	18,840	3,340
Juvenile transport	45,000	45,000	36,404	(8,596)
State criminal alien asstistance program	8,000	8,000	5,682	(2,318)
Sheriff's Sex Offender Fees	25,200	25,200	25,200	0
Inspection fees-fire safety	45,000	45,000	-	(45,000)
Total Serv Chrg - Public Safety	799,800	799,800	766,445	(33,355)
Public Works				
Road maintenance	120,000	120,000	87,991	(32,009)
Fuel reimbursements	630,000	630,000	581,889	(48,111)
Vehicle maintenance	478,850	478,850	463,582	(15,268)
Courthouse Annex-Rent/Heat	13,000	13,000	12,994	(6)
Engineering review fees	24,000	24,000	9,640	(14,360)
Development review fees	100,000	100,000	150,129	50,129
Total Serv Chrg - Public Works	1,365,850	1,365,850	1,306,225	(59,625)
Conservation of Natural Resources				
Stormwater/environment review fee	33,500	33,500	29,649	(3,851)
Flood plain review fees	4,000		3,000	(1,000)
Forest conservation review fee	26,000		17,807	(8,193)
Tower location analysis fee	-	· -	15,000	15,000
Weed control spraying	45,000	45,000	62,656	17,656
Total Serv Chrg- Conservation of Natural Resources	108,500		128,113	19,612
Human Services				
Westminster Sr. Ctr. Classes	14,500	14,500	9,425	(5,075)
North Carroll Sr. Ctr. Classes	22,000		22,542	542
South Carroll Sr. Ctr. Classes	24,000		30,059	6,059
Taneytown Sr. Ctr. Classes	4,000		3,516	(484)
Mt. Airy Sr. Ctr. Classes	14,000		12,581	(1,419)
Total Serv Chrg- Human Services	78,500		78,122	(377)

Schedule 1-1

THE COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING

SOURCES (USES)- BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actuals	Variance with Final Budget Positive(Negative)
Culture and Recreation				
Farm museum		. ,	\$ 181,055	\$ 41,055
Piney Run Park	332,316	332,316	345,826	13,510
Bear Branch Programs	4,000	4,000	15,074	11,074
Culture and Recreation-continued				
Hashawha environmental center	250,800	250,800	255,427	4,627
General public & school/youth programs	6,000	6,000	16,030	10,030
Outdoor school meals/concessions	164,000	164,000	157,939	(6,061
Sports complex	52,000	52,000	55,794	3,794
Pavilion & facility rentals	55,400	55,400	68,707	13,307
Bus Trips	-	-	5,489	5,489
Wine Festival	390,000	390,000	315,707	(74,293
Dog Park memberships	4,300	4,300	4,700	400
Total Culture and Recreation	1,398,816	1,398,816	1,421,748	22,932
Total Charges for Services	4,064,766	4,064,766	3,993,056	(71,710
Fines and Forfeits				
Circuit Court Fines	35,000	35,000	31,402	(3,598
Liquor license fines	10,000	10,000	7,500	(2,500
HS Fines/Violations	12,000	12,000	10,300	(1,700
Humane society impoundment fees	25,000	25,000	20,964	(4,036
Parking violations-sheriff	1,000	1,000	200	(800
Build/zoning/health violations	, <u>-</u>		1,500	1,500
Total Fines and Forfeits	83,000	83,000	71,866	(11,134
Interest and gain on investments	2,184,020	2,184,020	796,251	(1,387,769
Miscellaneous Revenues				
Rents and concessions	218,600	218,600	7,100,845	6,882,245
Equipment sales	135,000	135,000	189,367	54,367
Postage	20,000	20,000	27,086	7,086
Pension Recovery	347,000	347,000	310,846	(36,154
Health department	6,000	6,000	3,284	(2,716
County attorney fees	194,820	194,820	-	(194,820
OPEB Recovery	280,000	280,000	354,918	74,918
State Retire Recovery	9,000	9,000	10,090	1,090
Grant Cost Recovery	_ ·		2,474	2,474
Aging Bus Cost Recovery	_	_	20,487	20,487
Insurance Recovery	_	_	728	728
Jury Duty	_	_	502	502
Land Sales	_	_	1,000	1,000
Advertising	6,000	6,000	8,000	2,000
Miscellaneous	250,000	250,000	419,042	169,042
Total Miscellaneous Revenues	1,466,420	1,466,420	8,448,670	6,982,249

TTHE COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING

SOURCES (USES)- BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original Final Budget Budget				Actuals	Variance with Final Budget Positive(Negativ		
		Duuget		Budget		Actuals	1 081	iive(ivegalive)
Other financing resources Appropriated fund balance (Intrafund) Transfers In (Interfund) Redemptions (GO Bonds)	\$	9,198,782 11,904,240	\$	9,198,782 11,904,240	\$	- 11,864,524 6,441,485	\$	(9,198,782) (39,716) 6,441,485
Bonds issued Bonds Premium		-		-		400,000		400,000
Non-cash Note Proceeds (Issuance of GO Debt) Total Other Financing Resources		21,103,022		21 102 022		1,303,000		1,303,000
Total Resources (Inflows)	\$	388,407,000	\$	21,103,022 388,407,000	\$	20,009,009 394,150,567	\$	(1,094,013) 5,743,567
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Expenditures General Government								
County Commissioners County Commissioners	\$	972,220	\$	1,195,117	\$	1,094,773	\$	100,344
Audio/Video Production	Φ	160,410	Ψ	200,455	Φ	196,525	Φ	3,930
Zoning Administrator		233,930		376,759		371,584		5,175
Technology Services		4,353,110		4,775,580		4,686,665		88,915
Production/Distribution Service		465,020		514,066		468,431		45,635
Total County Commissioners		6,184,690		7,061,978		6,817,978		244,000
Carroll County Board of Elections		1,033,330		1,033,330		938,713		94,617
County Attorney		877,850		977,499		769,662		207,837
Comptroller								
Comptroller Administration		392,900		462,726		457,591		5,135
Accounting		921,540		1,131,005		1,126,334		4,671
Purchasing		428,680		499,918		427,289		72,629
Independent Post - Auditing		47,750		47,750		46,383		1,367
Bond Issuance Expense		189,550		189,550		137,068		52,482
Collections Office		1,283,280		1,458,633		1,356,456		102,177
Total Comptroller		3,263,700		3,789,582		3,551,121		238,461
Human Resources & Personnel Services Human Resources Administration		821,700		1,020,827		1,020,823		4
Fringe Benefits		18,368,660		733,112		549,480		183,632
Personnel Services		112,570		168,127		158,780		9,347
Total Human Resources & Personnel Services		19,302,930		1,922,067		1,729,083		192,984
Management and Budget								
Management and Budget Administration		254,840		301,405		299,364		2,041
Risk Management		2,241,920		1,903,357		1,744,559		158,798
Budget		614,190		734,609		709,548		25,061
Grant Management		142,990		172,332		168,786		3,546
Total Management and Budget		3,253,940		3,111,703		2,922,257		189,446
Land Use, Planning & Development		711.2 60		000 (1)		0.00.000		10.000
Land Use, Planning & Dev. Administration		711,260		888,616		868,680		19,936
Comprehensive Planning		880,510		1,059,250		915,982		143,268
Development Review		515,080		654,088		602,384		51,704
Resources Management Total Land Use, Planning & Development	-	710,120 2,816,970		948,574 3,550,528		943,720 3,330,766		4,854 219,762
rotai Land Ose, Franning & Development		2,810,9/0		3,330,328		3,330,700		219,702

THE COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING

SOURCES (USES)- BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actuals	Fin	iance with al Budget ve(Negative)
		<u> </u>				
General Services						
Permits & Inspections	\$	1,523,970	\$ 2,026,390 \$	2,023,832	\$	2,558
Building Construction		250,050	306,628	286,774		19,854
Facilities Administration		7,248,120	7,862,737	6,331,990		1,530,747
Facilities		2,972,080	3,285,719	1,403,602		1,882,117
Fleet Management	-	7,243,040	4,628,391	3,740,652		887,739
Total General Services		19,237,260	18,109,864	13,786,850		4,323,014
Miscellaneous						
Board of License Commissioners		87,350	91,874	80,563		11,311
Administrative Hearings		85,040	104,742	100,573		4,169
Property tax payments to municipalities		15,530	15,530	15,526		4
Permits and fee payments to municipalities		15,000	15,000	8,642		6,358
Liquor license payments to municipalities		25,000	25,000	27,123		(2,123)
Town programs		2,659,530	2,674,530	2,674,531		(1)
Total Miscellaneous		2,887,450	2,926,676	2,906,958		19,718
Total General Government		58,858,120	42,483,228	36,753,387		5,729,841
Public Safety Police Protection						
Detention Center		9,176,590	11,692,440	11,668,206		24,234
Sheriff Services		11,395,920	15,433,146	15,274,901		158,245
Total Police Protection	-	20,572,510	27,125,586	26,943,107		182,479
		20,072,010	27,120,000	20,5 13,107		102,175
Fire Department						
Volunteer Emergency Services Association		8,336,460	8,451,400	8,421,456		29,944
EMS24/7 Services		4,224,690	4,224,690	4,224,690		-
Total Fire Department		12,561,150	12,676,090	12,646,146		29,944
Emergency Services						
Emergency Service Operations		2,808,610	2,641,596	2,500,678		140,918
911 - Emergency Service		2,446,610	3,045,278	2,957,332		87,946
Total Emergency Services		5,255,220	5,686,875	5,458,010		228,865
Other Protection						
Animal Control		914,900	1,125,800	1,125,800		
CC Advocacy & Investigation		144,800	182,782	175,182		7,600
LOSAP Funding		100,000	380,000	200 507		412
State aid-fire protection Total Other Protection	-	389,000 1,548,700	389,000 1,697,581	388,587 1,689,569		8,013
Total Public Safety		39,937,580	47,186,132	46,736,833		449,300
Public Works						
Public Works-Administration		921,010	1,174,717	1,154,436		20,281
Roads Operations		7,946,060	11,667,003	11,105,725		561,278
Traffic Control		389,820	389,820	307,540		82,280
Engineering-Design		382,520	472,322	447,538		24,784
Engineering-Construction Inspection		364,320	522,912	515,176		7,736
Storm Emergencies		2,072,600	2,037,744	1,361,878		675,866
Engineering		396,470	499,667	487,107		12,560
Engineering-Survey		285,190	424,909	420,539		4,370
Road Grant - Local		35,390	 35,390	35,385		5
Total Public Works		12,793,380	17,224,482	15,835,324		1,389,158

Schedule 1-1

THE COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER

FINANCING SOURCES (USES)- BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Orig Bu	ginal dget		Final Budget	Actuals		Fina	ance with al Budget ve(Negative)
Judicial Services	Ф	105 000	œ.	254.070	251.6	01.6	œ.	2 154
Volunteer Community Services Circuit Court	\$	195,880 2,109,970	\$	254,970 S 2,471,118			\$	3,154 106,528
Circuit Court Masters	•	514,130		637,762	2,364,5 635,0			2,679
State's Attorney	,	3,428,410		4,386,638	4,384,4			2,079
Orphans Court	•	60,510		60,510	57,2			3,309
Total Judicial Services		6,308,900		7,810,998	7,693,1			117,866
Total Judicial Services	·	0,500,700		7,010,770	7,075,1	132		117,000
Health								
Health Department		3,296,100		3,296,100	3,296,1			-
Family and Children's Services-DV		188,280		188,280	188,2			-
Change, Inc.		250,240		250,240	250,2			-
Family and Children's Services-SA		181,280		181,280	181,2			-
CCARC		250,240		250,240	250,2			-
Flying Colors of Success		88,290		88,290	88,2			-
Target,Inc.		250,240		250,240	250,2			-
Rape Crisis Total Health		136,160 4,640,830		136,160 4,640,830	136,1 4,640,8			<u>-</u> _
rotai neatui	•	+,040,630		4,040,630	4,040,0	530		-
Human Services								
Social Services-Local Funds		20,000		20,000	20,0			-
Human Services		1,147,100		1,147,100	1,147,1			2.020
Citizen Services Administration		380,440		406,514	402,6			3,820
Youth Services Bureau		792,360		792,360	792,3			419
Recovery Support Services		845,630 1,146,670		856,430	856,0 1,488,1			34,944
Aging and Disabilities Access Carroll		20,000		1,523,056 20,000	20,0			34,944
Mosaic Community Services		105,490		105,490	105,4			-
Victim Witness Assistance		105,490		0		(36)		36
Total Human Services		4,457,690		4,870,950	4,831,7	 -		39,219
Education								
CC Public Ed & Gov Cable Access		776,110		776,110	776,1	110		-
CC Board of Ed-Local Funds	18	1,852,000		181,852,000	183,671,4	124		(1,819,424)
Community College-Direct Support	:	8,523,370		8,523,370	8,523,3	370		-
Community College-In-Kind-Support		-		-	5,029,8			(5,029,836)
Community College-Additional Approp		-		-	300,0			(300,000)
Total Education	19	1,151,480		191,151,480	198,300,7	740		(7,149,260)
Library	9	9,815,120		12,153,785	14,249,4	143		(2,095,658)
Culture and Recreation								
Recreation & Parks-Administration		348,590		438,991	437,3			1,604
Recreation		509,110		615,331	607,4			7,833
Piney Run		560,170		737,848	732,8			4,952
Hashawha		777,000		966,600	956,4			10,144
Farm Musuem		939,590		1,082,194	1,028,2			53,960
Sports Complex		214,070		276,089	276,0			5
Historical Society		65,000		65,000	65,0			-
Homestead Museum		25,000		25,000	25,0			
Total Culture and Recreation	-	3,438,530		4,207,053	4,128,5	555		78,498

Schedule 1-1

THE COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING

SOURCES (USES)- BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		iginal udget	Final Budget		Actuals	Fi	riance with nal Budget ive(Negative)
Conservation of Natural Resources							
Agriculture Extension Service	\$	474,430 \$	474,430	\$	469,192	\$	5,238
Weed Control		41,000	63,500		63,011		489
Gypsy Moth Control		30,000	7,500		6,285		1,215
Soil Conservation Service		418,820	527,725		511,123		16,602
Total Conservation of Natural Resources		964,250	1,073,155		1,049,611		23,544
Economic Development							
Economic Development-Administration		914,760	1,031,298		1,000,993		30,305
Econ Devl-Industrial Grants		1,504,440	1,504,440		990,604		513,836
Business & Employment Resource Center		219,290	289,542		273,334		16,208
Tourism		295,900	315,622		274,718		40,904
Total Economic Development		2,934,390	3,140,902		2,539,649		601,253
Reserve for Contingencies		4,219,850	2,745,216		-		2,745,216
Debt Service							
Debt service-County		29,167,910	29,167,910		29,042,136		125,774
Debt service- Board of Education		12,037,000	12,392,038		12,392,038		
Total Debt Service		41,204,910	41,559,948		41,434,174		125,774
Total Expenditures	3	80,725,030	380,248,159		378,193,409		2,054,751
Other Financing Uses							
Payment to Escrow Agent Transfers Out:		-	-		6,524,948		(6,524,948)
Transfer to Capital Fund		2,977,556	2,977,556		2,977,556		_
Transfer to Special Revenue Funds - Grants		1,888,810	2,365,681		1,820,914		544,767
Transfer to Enterprise Funds		2,619,490	2,619,490		2,619,490		-
Transfer to Internal Service Fund		196,114	196,114		196,114		-
Total Other Financing Uses		7,681,970	8,158,841		14,139,022		(5,980,181)
Total charges to appropriations (outflows)	3	88,407,000	388,407,000		392,332,431		(3,925,431)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	- \$	-	- -	1,818,136	\$	1,818,136
Fund Balance - Beginning					115,173,312		
Fund Balance - Ending				\$	116,991,448		

Westminster, Maryland Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds

June 30, 2017

		Watershed		
	Hotel Rental	Protection and	_	
	Tax	Restoration	Grant	TD 4.1
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Assets				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 675,518	\$ 145,510	\$ 2,216,784	\$ 3,037,812
Accounts receivable	-	-	2,038,083	2,038,083
Note receivable	-	-	190,396	190,396
Due from general fund	-	-	300,166	300,166
Prepaid costs	<u> </u>		436,096	436,096
Total assets	\$ 675,518	\$ 145,510	\$ 5,181,525	\$ 6,002,553
Liabilities and fund balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 1,912	\$ 893,211	\$ 895,123
Due to component unit	-	-	41,502	41,502
Due to other governmental funds	-	-	348,296	348,296
Due to internal service fund	-	-	2,966	2,966
Accrued expenditures	-	34,202	117,862	152,064
Unearned revenue			1,057,168	1,057,168
Total liabilities		36,114	2,461,005	2,497,119
Fund balances				
Non-spendable	_	-	436,096	436,096
Restricted	675,518	-	1,061,998	1,737,516
Committed	-	109,396	-	109,396
Assigned			1,222,426	1,222,426
Total fund balances	675,518	109,396	2,720,520	3,505,434
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 675,518	\$ 145,510	\$ 5,181,525	\$ 6,002,553

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Hotel Rental Tax Fund	Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund	Grant Fund	Total
Revenues		Tuna		
Taxes:				
Local property	\$ -	\$ 1,945,853	\$ -	\$ 1,945,853
Hotel rental tax	324,144	· -	-	324,144
Charges for services:				
Farm museum	-	-	-	-
Recreation and parks	-	-	448,780	448,780
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Commission on aging	-	-	1,643,106	1,643,106
Housing & community development	-	-	5,683,679	5,683,679
Business employment resource center	-	-	997,859	997,859
Sheriff	-	-	552,597	552,597
Citizen services	-	-	2,396,508	2,396,508
States attorney	-	-	69,063	69,063
Circuit court	-	-	826,918	826,918
Public works	-	-	1,885,878	1,885,878
Emergency operations center	-	-	485,294	485,294
Planning	-	-	225,569	225,569
Tourism	-	-	39,332	39,332
Economic development	-	-	71,264	71,264
Municipalities	-	96,670	-	96,670
Interest	1,402	4,360		5,762
Total revenues	325,546	2,046,883	15,325,847	17,698,276
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public safety	-	-	1,095,285	1,095,285
Public works	-	-	3,090,335	3,090,335
Health	-	-	4,228	4,228
Human services	-	-	9,889,352	9,889,352
Culture and recreation	-	-	418,128	418,128
Conservation of natural resources	-	1,234,088	-	1,234,088
Economic development	-	-	1,087,378	1,087,378
Judicial	-	-	900,435	900,435
Debt service:				
Principal	-	518,514	-	518,514
Interest		393,478		393,478
Total expenditures		2,146,080	16,485,141	18,631,221
Other Financing Sources (uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	1,820,914	1,820,914
Transfers out	(276,114)		(13,300)	(289,414)
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)	(276,114)		1,807,614	1,531,500
Net change in fund balances	49,432	(99,197)	648,320	598,555
Fund balances - beginning	626,086	208,593	2,072,200	2,906,879
Fund balances - ending	\$ 675,518	\$ 109,396	\$ 2,720,520	\$ 3,505,434

Westminster, Maryland Hotel Rental Tax Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance Budgetary (NON-GAAP) Basis vs. Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Variance with Final Budget-	
	Budgeted Amounts			Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)					
Revenues					
Hotel Rental Tax	\$ 315,830	\$ 315,830	\$ 324,144	\$ 8,314	
Interest	-	-	1,402	1,402	
Total revenues	315,830	315,830	325,546	9,716	
Total Resources (Inflows)	315,830	315,830	325,546	9,716	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLO) Expenditures Total expenditures	WS)	-	-	_	
			-	-	
Other financing uses					
Transfers out	(315,830)	(315,830)	(276,114)	39,716	
Total other financing uses	(315,830)	(315,830)	(276,114)	39,716	
Total charges to appropriations (outflows)	(315,830)	(315,830)	(276,114)	39,716	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	49,432	\$ 49,432	
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending			\$ 626,086 \$ 675,518		

Variance with

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

Westminster, Maryland

Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance Budgetary (NON-GAAP) Basis vs. Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts		Final Budget- Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)					
Revenues					
Taxes:					
Local property	\$ 1,945,853	\$ 1,945,853	\$ 1,945,853	\$ -	
Intergovernmental revenues:				-	
Municipalities	213,667	213,667	96,670	(116,997)	
Interest	600	600	4,360	3,760	
Total revenues	2,160,120	2,160,120	2,046,883	(113,237)	
Total Resources (Inflows)	2,160,120	2,160,120	2,046,883	(113,237)	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLO Expenditures Current:	WS)				
Conservation of natural resources Debt service:	(2,160,120)	(2,160,120)	(1,234,088)	926,032	
Principal			(518,514)	(518,514)	
Interest			(393,478)	(393,478)	
Total expenditures	(2,160,120)	(2,160,120)	(2,146,080)	14,040	
Total charges to appropriations (outflows)	(2,160,120)	(2,160,120)	(2,146,080)	14,040	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	(99,197)	\$ (99,197)	
Fund balance - beginning			208,593		
Fund balance - ending			\$ 109,396		

Variance with

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

Westminster, Maryland

Grant Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance Budgetary (NON-GAAP) Basis vs. Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	ъ. т	. 1.4		Final Budget-	
	Original	ted Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	Original	Tillal	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Charges for service:					
Recreation and parks	\$ 206,900	\$ 133,434	\$ 448,780	\$ 315,346	
Intergovernmental revenues:	ŕ	,	,	ŕ	
Office on aging	1,197,704	1,644,492	1,643,106	(1,386)	
Housing & community development	5,964,842		5,683,679	290,939	
Business employment resource center	1,539,320		997,859	(591,599)	
Sheriff	138,990		552,597	(751,802)	
Citizen services	1,211,260		2,400,702	1,519,414	
States attorney	66,000	56,109	69,063	12,954	
Circuit court	514,360	766,234	826,918	60,684	
Public works	1,308,974		1,885,878	458,039	
Emergency operations center tourism	527,520		593,995	98,122	
Planning	70,000		225,570	155,570	
Tourism	35,000	·	39,332	9,943	
Economic development	-	32,000	71,263	39,263	
Total revenues	12,780,870		15,438,742	1,615,487	
Other financing resources	12,700,070	15,025,255	13,130,712	1,015,107	
Transfers in	1,860,810	2,049,828	1,820,914	(228,914)	
Total other financing resources	1,860,810		1,820,914	(228,914)	
Total Resources (Inflows)	14,641,680		17,259,656	1,386,573	
10 10.00 (1				1,500,675	
CHARGES TO ARREST ON A STREET OF	THE)				
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLO Expenditures	WS)				
Current:	500 120	1 106 193	1 006 602	100 400	
Public safety	580,120		1,006,693	189,489	
Public works Health	2,555,974		3,320,679	(409,216)	
	4,000	· ·	4,228	(228)	
Culture and recreation	215,000		418,128	(299,644)	
Economic development	1,874,320		1,087,378	682,845	
Judicial	798,671	801,926	900,435	(98,509)	
Human Services	8,613,595	9,057,505	9,885,157	(827,652)	
Capital outlay	14 641 600	15.050.502	16 600 600	(5(0,015)	
Total expenditures	14,641,680	15,859,783	16,622,698	(762,915)	
Other Financing resources		(10.000)	(4.2.2.2.2)		
Transfer out	-	(13,300)	(13,300)	-	
Total charges to appropriations (outflows)	(14,641,680	(15,873,083)	(16,635,998)	(762,915)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	623,658	\$ 623,658	
Fund balanca baginning			1 050 205		
Fund balance - beginning			1,959,305		
Fund balance - ending			\$ 2,582,963		

Westminster, Maryland Combining Statement of Net Position Non-Major Enterprise Funds June 30, 2017

	Septage	Firearms	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,042,387	\$ 423,554	\$ 2,465,941
Cash and cash equivalents	-	2,173	2,173
Accounts receivables, net	92,204		92,204
Total current assets	2,134,591	425,727	2,560,318
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Buildings	-	274,051	274,051
Improvements other than buildings	185,278	223,127	408,405
Autos, machinery, equipment	181,839	52,252	234,091
Construction in progress	416,432	-	416,432
Less accumulated depreciation	(347,045)	(155,696)	(502,741)
Total capital assets (net of		·	
accumulated depreciation)	436,504	393,734	830,238
Total assets	2,571,095	819,461	3,390,556
Deferred Outflows of Resources		·	
Deferred charge on refunding	664	-	664
Total deferred outflows of resources	664		664
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 2,571,759	\$ 819,461	\$ 3,391,220
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 77,046	\$ 314	\$ 77,360
Accrued interest payable	460	ψ 311 -	460
Accrued expenses	-	2,855	2,855
Long-term liabilities due within one year:		2,033	2,000
General obligation bonds payable	9,971	_	9,971
Total current liabilities	87,477	3,169	90,646
		3,107	70,010
Noncurrent liabilities: General obligation bonds payable	52,420		52,420
Total noncurrent liabilities	52,420	 _	52,420
Total liabilities	139,897	3 160	143,066
Total Habilities	139,097	3,169	143,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u> </u>		
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	374,113	393,734	767,847
Restricted for capital projects	599,568	- , · · -	599,568
Unrestricted	1,458,181	422,558	1,880,739
Total net position	\$ 2,431,862	\$ 816,292	\$ 3,248,154
•			

Westminster, Maryland

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Non-Major Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Septage	Firearms	Total
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 913,330	\$ 157,720	\$ 1,071,050
Total operating revenues	913,330	157,720	1,071,050
Operating expenses:			
Personal services	-	80,712	80,712
Contractual services	288,007	2,512	290,519
Materials and supplies	53,719	14,675	68,394
Rents and utilities	88,057	2,802	90,859
Miscellaneous	145,221	-	145,221
Depreciation	19,273	28,285	47,558
Total operating expenses	594,277	128,986	723,263
Operating income	319,053	28,734	347,787
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Penalties and interest	6,286	2,042	8,328
Interest and fiscal charges	(3,048)	(511)	(3,559)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	3,238	1,531	4,769
Change in net position	322,291	30,265	352,556
Total net position- beginning of year	2,109,571	786,027	2,895,598
Total net position- end of year	\$ 2,431,862	\$ 816,292	\$ 3,248,154

Westminster, Maryland

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Non-Major Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Septage	Firearms	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 949,858	\$ 157,720	\$ 1,107,578
Payments to suppliers and other funds	(680,112)	(20,039)	(700,151)
Payments to employees		(80,865)	(80,865)
Net cash provided by operating activities	269,746	56,816	326,562
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND			
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	_	(42,606)	(42,606)
Principal paid on capital debt	(12,180)	-	(12,180)
Interest paid on capital debt	(3,006)	-	(3,006)
Net cash used by capital			
and related financing activities	(15,186)	(42,606)	(57,792)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING			
ACTIVITIES			
Interest on investments and cash	6,286	1,531	7,817
Net cash provided by investing activities	6,286	1,531	7,817
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	260,846	15,741	276,587
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,781,541	409,986	2,191,527
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 2,042,387	\$ 425,727	\$ 2,468,114
Reconciliation of Operating Income to			
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 319,053	\$ 28,734	\$ 347,787
Adjustments to reconcile operating	Ψ 317,033	Ψ 20,731	\$ 517,707
income to net cash provided (used)			
by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	19,273	28,285	47,558
Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities:	19,273	20,202	17,550
Accounts receivable	36,528	_	36,528
Accounts payable and accrued expense	(105,108)	(203)	(105,311)
Total adjustment	(49,307)	28,082	(21,225)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 269,746	\$ 56,816	\$ 326,562

Westminster, Maryland

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Trust Funds June 30, 2017

	Employee Pension Plan	Certified Law Officers Pension	LOSAP	Other Post Employment Benefits	Totals		
ASSETS							
Accounts receivable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,212	\$ 24,212		
Accrued interest	-	-	-	2,386	2,386		
Investments, at fair value:							
Short-term investments	264,158	104,795	222,026	-	590,979		
Bond funds	18,889,081	3,052,984	1,700,501	2,867,862	26,510,428		
Equity funds	57,764,263	9,334,375	6,547,082	-	73,645,720		
Marketable securities	· · ·	· · ·	-	77,490,897	77,490,897		
Total investments	76,917,502	12,492,154	8,469,609	80,358,759	178,238,024		
Total assets	76,917,502	12,492,154	8,469,609	80,385,357	178,264,622		
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	10,416	4,618	7,319	2,500	24,853		
Due to primary government	-	-	-	385,463	385,463		
Total liabilities	10,416	4,618	7,319	387,963	410,316		
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Fiduciary net position held in trust for pension, OPEB benefits and other purposes	\$ 76,907,086	\$ 12,487,536	\$ 8,462,290	\$ 79,997,394	\$ 177,854,306		

Schedule 4-2

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

Westminster, Maryland

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Trust Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Employee Pension Plan	Certified Law Officers Pension	LOSAP	Other Post Employment Benefits	Totals	
ADDITIONS						
Contributions:						
Employer	\$ 2,636,200	\$ 798,560	\$ 100,000	\$ 10,103,580	\$ 13,638,340	
Plan members	1,773,107	619,466	-	589,816	2,982,389	
Total contributions	4,409,307	1,418,026	100,000	10,693,396	16,620,729	
Investment earnings:						
Interest and dividends	-	-	-	39,692	39,692	
Net increase in the fair						
value of investments	7,729,314	1,217,489	775,104	7,433,230	17,155,137	
Total investment earnings	7,729,314	1,217,489	775,104	7,472,922	17,194,829	
Less investment expense	(46,744)	(21,595)	(8,544)	(10,000)	(86,883)	
Net investment earnings	7,682,570	1,195,894	766,560	7,462,922	17,107,946	
Total additions	12,091,877	2,613,920	866,560	18,156,318	33,728,675	
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefits and refunds paid to						
plan members and beneficiaries	1,856,030	259,960	700,460	4,689,220	7,505,670	
Administrative expenses	42,578	8,241	8,569	2,300	61,688	
Total deductions	1,898,608	268,201	709,029	4,691,520	7,567,358	
Net increase in fiduciary net position	10,193,269	2,345,719	157,531	13,464,798	26,161,317	
Fiduciary net position-beginning	66,713,817	10,141,817	8,304,759	66,532,596	151,692,989	
Fiduciary net position-ending	\$ 76,907,086	\$ 12,487,536	\$ 8,462,290	\$ 79,997,394	\$ 177,854,306	

Westminster, Maryland

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Carroll County Development Corporation	Balance						Balance
	July 1, 2016		Additions		Deductions	Ju	ne 30, 2017
ASSETS		_					_
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	310,476	\$	13,145	\$ 43,249	\$	280,372
Receivables-notes, mortgages and leases		118,132			4,669		113,463
Total assets	\$	428,608	\$	13,145	\$ 47,918	\$	393,835
LIABILITIES							
Deposits	\$	428,608	\$	8,476	\$ 43,249	\$	393,835
Total liabilities	\$	428,608	\$	8,476	\$ 43,249	\$	393,835
Carroll Cable Regulatory Commission	I	Balance					Balance
	Ju	ly 1, 2016	A	dditions	Deductions	. Ju	ne 30, 2017
ASSETS							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	203,492	\$ 1	,022,095	\$ 923,197	\$	302,390
Total assets	\$	203,492	\$ 1	,022,095	\$ 923,197	\$	302,390
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	3,377	\$	523,693	\$ 372,727	\$	154,343
Deposits		200,115		498,402	550,470		148,047
Total liabilities	\$	203,492	\$ 1	,022,095	\$ 923,197	\$	302,390
Totals - All Agencies	I	Balance					Balance
	Ju	ly 1, 2016	A	dditions	Deductions	. Ju	ne 30, 2017
ASSETS							_
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	513,968	\$ 1	,035,240	\$ 966,446	\$	582,762
Receivables-notes, mortgages and leases		118,132		-	4,669		113,463
Total assets	\$	632,100	\$ 1	,035,240	\$ 971,115	\$	696,225
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	3,377	\$	523,693	\$ 372,727	\$	154,343
Deposits		628,723		506,878	593,719		541,882
Total liabilities	\$	632,100	\$ 1	,030,571	\$ 966,446	\$	696,225

Westminster, Maryland Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activites - Internal Service Funds									
ASSETS	Health Benefits	Ma	Risk magement	Auto Damage	<u>e</u> .	Insurance Deductibles		Workers ompensation		Total
ASSETS										
Current assets:										
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 11,440,703	\$	643,888	\$ 323,29	0	\$ 166,297	\$	5,118,410	\$	17,692,588
Due from other funds	2,767		-		-	-		199		2,966
Receivables, net	15,514				<u>-</u>			_	_	15,514
Total assets	\$ 11,458,984	\$	643,888	\$ 323,29	0	\$ 166,297	\$	5,118,609	\$	17,711,068
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$ 463,112	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	7,650	\$	470,762
Unearned revenue	11,879		-		-	-		-		11,879
Long-term liabilities due within one year:										
Unpaid claims due within one year	1,536,665		10,395			<u>-</u>		1,279,710		2,826,770
Total long-term due within one year	1,536,665		10,395		-	-		1,279,710		2,826,770
Total current liabilities	2,011,656		10,395		-	-		1,287,360		3,309,411
Noncurrent liabilities:										
Unpaid claims	15,522		105		-	-		1,696,360		1,711,987
Total noncurrent liabilities	15,522		105		-	_		1,696,360		1,711,987
Total liabilities	2,027,178		10,500		-	_		2,983,720		5,021,398
NET POSITION										
Unrestricted	9,431,806		633,388	323,29	0	166,297		2,134,889		12,689,670
Total net position	\$ 9,431,806	\$	633,388	\$ 323,29	0	\$ 166,297	\$	2,134,889	\$	12,689,670

Westminster, Maryland

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Governmental Activites - Internal Service Funds

O continuo de contra	Health Benefits	Risk Management	Auto Damage	Insurance Deductibles	Workers Compensation	Total
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 17.204.625	\$ 8.274	\$ 82,236	•	\$ 1.135.423	¢ 19 620 569
S	\$ 17,394,635			\$ -	+ 1,100,100	\$ 18,620,568
Total operating revenues	17,394,635	8,274	82,236	-	1,135,423	18,620,568
Operating expenses:						
Insurance claims	15,644,504	24,077	86,646	5,811	1,577,251	17,338,289
Total operating expenses	15,644,504	24,077	86,646	5,811	1,577,251	17,338,289
Operating income (loss)	1,750,131	(15,803)	(4,410)	(5,811)	(441,828)	1,282,279
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Penalties and interest Medicare Part D Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) Income (loss) before transfers	55,380 231,256 286,636 2,036,767	(15,803)	- - - (4,410)	(5,811)	(441,828)	55,380 231,256 286,636 1,568,915
Transfers in		<u> </u>			196,114	196,114
Change in net position	2,036,767	(15,803)	(4,410)	(5,811)	(245,714)	1,765,029
Total net position - beginning of year	7,395,039	649,191	327,700	172,108	2,380,603	10,924,641
Total net position - end of year	\$ 9,431,806	\$ 633,388	\$ 323,290	\$ 166,297	\$ 2,134,889	\$ 12,689,670

Westminster, Maryland Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activites - Internal Service Funds						
	Health Benefits	Risk Management	Auto Damage	Insurance Deductibles	Workers Compensation	Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 17,394,635	\$ 8,274	\$ 82,236	\$ -	\$ 1,135,423	\$ 18,620,568	
Receipts from other funds	(2,767)	-	-	-	(199)	(2,966)	
Payments to suppliers	(16,093,794)	(34,757)	(87,001)	(5,811)	(550,771)	(16,772,134)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,298,074	(26,483)	(4,765)	(5,811)	584,453	1,845,468	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Medicare Part D	221.256					221.256	
Transfers in	231,256	-	-	-	196,114	231,256 196,114	
Net cash provided by					190,114	190,114	
noncapital financing activities	231,256	-	_	-	196,114	427,370	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Medicare Part D							
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Interest on investments and cash	55,381	_	_	-	_	55,381	
Net cash provided by investing activities	55,381					55,381	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,584,711	(26,483)	(4,765)	(5,811)	780,567	2,328,219	
Equity in pooled cash and investments at beginning of year	9,855,992	670,371	328,055	172,108	4,337,843	15,364,369	
Equity in pooled cash and investments at end of year	\$ 11,440,703	\$ 643,888	\$ 323,290	\$ 166,297	\$ 5,118,410	\$ 17,692,588	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,750,131	\$ (15,803)	\$ (4,410)	\$ (5,811)	\$ (441,828)	\$ 1,282,279	
Adjustments to reconcile operating	Ψ 1,700,101	ψ (15,005)	Ψ (1,110)	ψ (5,011)	ψ (::1,020)	<u> </u>	
income (loss) to net cash provided (used)							
by operating activities:							
Effect of Changes in operating assets and liabilities:							
Due to / from other funds	(2,767)	_	_	_	(199)	(2,966)	
Accounts receivable	(15,409)	_	_	-	-	(15,409)	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(41,657)	(18,430)	(355)	-	(9,175)	(69,617)	
Unearned revenue	8,916	-	-	-	-	8,916	
Claims Liability	(401,140)	7,750	-	-	1,035,655	642,265	
Total adjustments	(452,057)	(10,680)	(355)		1,026,281	563,189	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 1,298,074	\$ (26,483)	\$ (4,765)	\$ (5,811)	\$ 584,453	\$ 1,845,468	

Westminster, Maryland

Capital Projects Fund

D	Total	Prior Years	Current Year	T 1 1	Unexpended
<u>Description</u> Governmental Activities:	Appropriation	Expenditures	Expenditures	Encumbered	Appropriation
4021 General Government					
8006 ** IT Sys Comp Replacement 03	\$ 2,920,666	\$ 1,857,471	\$ 11,625	\$ 34,489	1,017,081
8199 Government Complex	7,000,000	2,808,624	253,493	-	3,937,883
8274 Records Management	461,800	394,929	2,921	_	63,950
8361 Voting Machines - Optical Scan	449,458	97,553	113,567	_	238,338
8412 ** County Phone System Replacemnt		901,576	278,182	10,360	59,882
8451 ** Circuit Court - New Courtroom	2,820,000	2,619,848	127,640	44,175	28,337
8485 Piney Run Dam Repairs	290,000	88,791	5,000	-	196,209
8579 Energy Performance Ph III	4,541,852	3,981,618	555,235	-	4,999
8589 Courthouse Annex Renov	152,400	-	-		152,400
8590 Payroll/HR System Rplcmnt	1,000,000	263,609	357,614	201,789	176,988
8702 ** Orphan's Court Renovations	90,000	-	87,228	-	2,772
9418 Handicapped Accessibility 92	909,600	839,124	-	-	70,476
9648 Computer System Improvements	10,035,082	8,870,351	428,884	-	735,847
9921 Parking Lot Overlays (Fr 9658)	1,718,144	1,639,144	-	-	79,000
9954 Cnty Bldg Systemic Renovations	7,024,101	5,827,496	51,893	303,711	841,001
9957 General Government Unallocated	31,657	-	-	-	31,657
Total	40,694,760	30,190,134	2,273,282	594,524	7,636,820
Total General	40,694,760	30,190,134	2,273,282	594,524	7,636,820
4023 Health					
8519 SIP-ADA Restroom Addition	81,388	3,000	61,708	_	16,680
Total Health	81,388	3,000	61,708		16,680
Total House	01,500	2,000	01,700		10,000
4031 Public Safety					
8003 * EOC Relocation 03	6,158,064	6,158,064	-	-	_
8163 ** CC Public Safety Training Cntr	7,025,000	6,760,093	78,242	161,052	25,613
8166 Public Safety TC-Renovations	167,000	-	-	-	167,000
8264 ** Carroll County 800 MHz & 911	21,057,287	20,647,232	12,880	102,000	295,175
8480 PS Emergency Crisis Mgmt	275,000	107,875	44,000	-	123,125
8518 Humane Scty Parking Stormwater	300,000	825	-	-	299,175
8592 Army Reserve Renovations	6,100,000	-	22,500	-	6,077,500
8596 911 BU System Refresh	696,430	-	-	696,430	-
9022 Regional Water Supply	1,099,800	675,634	5,600	9,300	409,266
Total	42,878,581	34,349,723	163,222	968,782	7,396,854
Total Public Safety	42,878,581	34,349,723	163,222	968,782	7,396,854
4041 Highways & Streets					
8308 Ridenour Way 08	20,000	-	-	_	20,000
8321 ** Ridge Road Improvements	160,600	100,449	20,206	1,266	38,679
8353 Londontown Blvd Improvements	3,700,000	80	-	-	3,699,920
8438 Windy Hills	81,000	2,100	-	_	78,900
8440 Pavement Management FY13	9,333,358	9,228,685	-	_	104,673
8474 * Pavement Management FY14	9,456,318	9,456,318	-	_	-
8476 ** Rohrbaugh Road	800,000	333,366	-	_	466,634
8494 Pooledale	10,500	-	-	_	10,500
8504 ** Pavement Management FY15	9,790,326	9,084,420	61,331	-	644,575
8505 * Pavement Preservation FY15	1,040,021	1,040,021	-	-	-
8506 Gorsuch Rd Relocation	1,000,000	-	29,160	-	970,840

Westminster, Maryland

Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures and Encumbrances Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Description	Total Appropriation	Prior Years Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Encumbered	Unexpended Appropriation
8507	Unpaved Roads	2,524,761	1,239,152	411,994	762,764	110,851
8508	Road Improvmnts-Challendon	203,976	203,975	-	-	1
8511	Washington Rd-Sidewalk	143,000	-	20,766	3,914	118,320
8585	Pavement Management FY16	10,675,936	881,751	8,415,646	341,898	1,036,641
8586	Pavement Preservation FY16	1,110,000	-	1,087,591	-	22,409
8587	Safe Routes - Johnsville Rd	319,456	-	-	-	319,456
8609	Monroe Avenue	32,240	-	-	-	32,240
8624	Pavement Management Prog FY17	11,180,001	-	474,220	7,485,890	3,219,891
8625	Pavement Preservation FY17	1,080,000	-	-	-	1,080,000
8626	Ramp and Sidewal Upgrades	75,000	-	-	-	75,000
8629	Transportation/State Projects	100,000	-	-	-	100,000
9604	Ridge Road Relocation	50,000	3,102	-	-	46,898
9674	Highway Safety Improvements	1,205,585	970,338	-	-	235,247
9847	Small Drainage Structures	2,160,207	1,789,529	265,850	_	104,828
	Total	66,252,285	34,333,286	10,786,764	8,595,732	12,536,503
4043	Bridges					
8032	Silver Run Valley Rd-BigSilRun	790,300	36,249	-	-	754,051
8322	Babylon road over Silver Run	902,000	45,350	19,296	-	837,354
8323	McKinstry'sMill Rd/Sam's Creek	947,000	-	-	-	947,000
8332	Hughes Shop over Bear Branch	1,428,000	_	_	_	1,428,000
8383	Bixler's Church Rd/Big Pipe Cr	721,000	25,107	14,853	_	681,040
8384	Shepard Mill/Little Pipe Crk	3,990,400	11,301	267	-	3,978,832
8385	White Rock Rd/Piney Run	1,210,000	96,054	691,758	296,364	125,824
8512	Cape Horn Rd	501,000	-	71,355	53,696	375,949
8588	Stone Chap Rd/Little Pipe Crk	207,000	_	-	-	207,000
8628	Hollingsworth Rd/Unname Tributa		_	_	_	200,000
9684	Bridge Inspection & Inventory	448,605	370,030	20,116		58,459
9686	Clean & Paint Structural Steel	1,413,250	1,021,715		7,505	384,030
9882	Bridge Maint/Structural Repair	710,200	556,641	_	-	153,559
9916	Saw Mill Rd Bridge/Bear Run	745,758	281,491	_	_	464,267
,,,10	Total	14,214,513	2,443,938	817,645	357,565	10,595,365
4044	Storm Drains					
8627	Strom Drain Rehabilitation	374,725	_	178,175	_	196,550
	Total	374,725	-	178,175	-	196,550
4045	Buildings					
8591	Maint Center Vehicle Wash	700,000	322,159	300,549	12,500	64,792
9956	Fleet-Lifts Replacements	488,915	476,307	-	-	12,608
	Total	1,188,915	798,466	300,549	12,500	77,400
4049	General Public Works					
9902	Public Works-Unallocated	431,321	-	-	-	431,321
	Total	431,321	-	-	-	431,321
	Total Public Works	82,461,759	37,575,690	12,083,133	8,965,797	23,640,589
4061	Board of Education					

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Westminster, Maryland

Capital Projects Fund

	Description	Total Appropriation	Prior Years Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Encumbered	Unexpended Appropriation
8041	* School Surveillance	692,446	692,446	Expenditures	Encumbereu	Appropriation
8133	Manchester Valley High School	70,685,300	69,135,942	_	_	1,549,358
8288	Full Day K-Freedom ES	1,801,601	1,801,377		_	224
8289	SC High School Fine Arts Add	17,815,941	15,965,792		_	1,850,149
8290	Westminster HS HVAC Replace	11,880,118	9,963,961		_	1,916,157
8270	westimister its it vac replace	11,000,110	7,703,701	-	-	1,710,137
8292	Open Space Classroom Enclosure	8,000,000	7,549,385	89,705	-	360,910
8325	William Win Elem Kinder Additi	2,430,997	1,341,132	-	-	1,089,865
8326	Winfield Elem Kindergarten Add	1,301,000	870,256	-	-	430,744
8348	Mt. Airy Middle School	19,907,260	19,367,784	1,138	-	538,338
8349	Full Day K-Robert Moton ES	1,871,420	1,479,853	-	-	391,567
8350	Hampstead ES-HVAC Replace	1,478,559	1,395,128	-	-	83,431
8351	Hampstead ES Roof Replace	787,000	385,648	-	-	401,352
8377	Charles Carroll Ele Heat Plant	200,000	79,687	-	-	120,313
8378	Freedom Elem Roof Replacement	780,000	232,457	-	-	547,543
8379	BOE - Roof Replacements	118,000	-	-	-	118,000
8404	Freedom ES Heat Plant Convrsn	1,462,000	618,531	-	-	843,469
8405	William Winchester ES Roof Rpl	543,000	206,524	-	-	336,476
8424	West Middle Roof Replacement	1,289,000	687,358	-	-	601,642
8481	Carroll Springs Roof Replemnt	417,000	208,580	-	-	208,420
8482	Taneytown ES Roof Replacmnt	550,000	268,340	-	-	281,660
8483	Manchester ES HVAC Replc	2,146,000	1,866,214	100,538	-	179,248
8484	Manchester ES Roof Replemnt	672,000	16,879	409,016	-	246,105
8486	BOE Energy Efficiency Project	642,243	573,661	-	-	68,582
8501	CareerTech Cntr Roof Replcmnt	1,250,000	734,398	-	-	515,602
8502	Mechanicsville Rood	719,000	418,375	65,875	-	234,750
8503	Sykesville Middle Windows	164,000	160,014	-	-	3,986
8581	S. Carroll HS-Roof Replemnt	2,062,755	35,532	468,190	-	1,559,033
8582	Westminster Elem-Roof Rplcmnt	848,000	23,924	425,330	-	398,746
8583	Westminster HS-Roof Rplcmnt	2,045,000	56,128	289,135	-	1,699,737
8619	Career & Technology Ctr Replac	100,000	-	54,183	-	45,817
8620	FSK High Roof Replacement	1,844,000	-	22,730		1,821,270
8621	Friendship Valley Elm Roof Rep	791,100	-	17,685		773,415
8622	Piney Ridge Elem Roof Replacem	556,200	-	16,962		539,238
8623	Westminster High ElecEqu Repl	60,000	-	164		59,836
9554	Handicapped Accessibility	1,504,684	1,324,582	69,087	-	111,015
9745	Relocatables	5,772,376	5,596,226	42,989	-	133,161
9746	BOE-General Roofing Improvemen	1,852,936	1,273,700	48,385	-	530,851
9748	BOE-Paving	5,642,241	4,836,593	600,525	-	205,123
9792	BOE Technology Improvements	9,042,105	8,474,216	10,569	-	557,320
9850	School Construction-General	-	296,886	209,610	-	(506,496)
9885	Winters Mill High School	25,252,267	25,165,238	-	-	87,029
9973	NC Middle School Renovations	11,130,621	10,955,969	-	-	174,652
9974	HVAC-Improvement & Replacement	169,187		169		169,018
	Total	218,277,357	194,058,716	2,941,985	-	21,276,656
4062	Community College	(70.000	(40.102			20.017
8516	2 1	670,000	649,183	4 20 4	-	20,817
8517	CCC-Systemic Renovations	150,000	7,529	4,394	-	138,077
9782	Comm Coll-Technology	6,850,600	6,267,070	301,262		282,268

Westminster, Maryland

Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures and Encumbrances Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	<u>Description</u> Total	Total Appropriation 7,670,600	Prior Years Expenditures 6,923,782	Current Year Expenditures 305,656	Encumbered -	Unexpended Appropriation 441,162
	Total Education	225,947,957	200,982,498	3,247,641		21,717,818
	Total Education	223,717,737	200,502,150	3,217,011		21,717,010
4071	Recreation & Parks					
8121	Leister Park	1,963,299	1,824,532	16,266	-	122,501
8175	Westminster Veterans Mem Park	3,357,596	1,341,683	30,365	27,353	1,958,195
8232 **	T dirk restoration I dire	1,168,435	824,139	302,718	7,574	34,004
8282 *	Westminster Comm Pond Renovate	392,300	392,300	-	-	-
8330 *	Bennett Cerf Park Revitalize	231,951	231,951	_		
8411 *		198,000	198,000	_	_	_
	Winfield Property Project	253,259	242,011	507	_	10,741
8477	Union Mills Restoration	248,900	107,342	-	_	141,558
8510 *		-	-	-	-	-
8513	Gov Brown Trail Phase I	100,000	-	_	-	100,000
8514	MacBeth Trail Connection	359,600	27,045	263,433	50,439	18,683
8515	Westminster Comm Trail PhsII	-	-	-	-	-
8577	MD Bikeways Program	-	-	-	-	-
8631	Deer Park & Sandymount Ct Resu	223,150	-	177,874	2,000	43,276
8632	Union Mills Main House Renovat	510,000	-	-	-	510,000
8633	Mayeski Park Ent Rd Overlay	100,000	-	49,567	-	50,433
8687	Wmster Comm Trl-Cmrc Cntr	85,000	7,990	50,037	-	26,973
8688	Indoor Track-Shipley Arena	50,000	-	-	-	50,000
8701	Deer Park Extension	400,000	-	216,418	-	183,582
9139	Recs & Parks/Local-Unallocated	45,693	-	-	-	45,693
9736	Town Fund	377,286	305,070	6,859	-	65,357
9925 **	1	521,876	466,788	-	-	55,088
9926 **	C	6,159,633	5,947,242	134,046	54,268	24,077
	Total	16,745,978	11,916,093	1,248,090	141,634	3,440,161
4073	Hashawha/Bear Branch					
8630	Bear Branch Tot Lot	150,000		147,093		2,907
	Total	150,000	-	147,093	-	2,907
4076	Self-Help Projects					
8426 *	Hodges/Eldbg Elem Ballfld Mix	8,400	8,400	-	-	-
8446 *	Charles Car Storage/Ball Mix	5,212	5,212	-	-	-
8447 *	N. Carroll Bat Cage/Bleachers	-	-	-	-	-
8466 *	Ball Field Mix Multiple Loc SH	5,784	5,784	-	-	-
8470 *	C11115 C411 1 10011 1/140/1 (005 511	5,637	5,146	491	-	-
8489 *	Sana jino ana Bi Tiota Itopan Sii	5,390	3,665	-	1,725	-
8491 *	1 100doin 1 110d 1 10ld/ 50d/ 11ll/ 511	3,440	3,440	-	-	-
8492 *	mayeski i ik ropsom mik sii	3,330	3,330	-	-	-
8493 *	ivia y com i in Bananio a ivim oii	3,300	3,300	-	-	-
8497 *	The Bushetoun BB 511	4,336	4,336	-	-	-
8498 *	Trefree Shear ia Hamp Sir	-	-	-	-	-
8499 *	THE THIRD THE TIRTING SIT	-	-	-	-	-
8571	Hampstead Lions Clb Trail-SH	13,794	-	12,890	-	904
8573 *	Jaycee Park Storage Shed-SH	8,203	8,203		-	-

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Westminster, Maryland

Capital Projects Fund

	<u>Description</u>	Total Appropriation	Prior Years Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Encumbered	Unexpended Appropriation
	Mayeski Park Ball Mix	4,725	4,725		-	-
	S. Carroll HS Backstop-SH	10,750	10,750		-	-
	Carroll Arts-Console Lghtng SH	11,006	11,006		-	-
	Charles Car-Fence ChrTwnRd SH	3,043	3,043		-	-
	N Carroll-SGar Elem HghtAdj SH	1,968	1,968		-	-
	N Carroll-Soccer Goal SH	6,280	6,280		-	-
	West-Bleacher Jaycee Pk SH	10,209	10,209		-	-
	West-Wrestling Mats SH	8,002	8,002		-	-
	West-Avondale Bsbl Fld SH	11,591	11,591	504	-	-
	Charles Car-Soccer Goals SH	3,446	2,852	594		-
	Freedom Soccer Storage SH	2,110	-	2,110	-	-
	NC Field Hockey Goals SH	2,080	2,080	-	-	-
8612 *	NC Flat Goals SH	-	-	-	-	-
8613 *	Westminster JC Prk Fence SH	6,780	6,780	<u>-</u>	-	-
	Westminster Field Expand SH	11,786	- -	11,786	-	-
8615	Mayeski Baseball Fld Mix SH	5,144	-	6,129	-	(985)
	Mayeski Softball Fld Mix SH	3,674	-	3,250	-	424
8617 *	Winfield Lions Club Fld Mix SH	-	-	-	-	-
8618 *	Bohde's Tot Lot-Krimgold SH	-	-	-	-	-
8689 *	Playground-Krimgold	154,959	-	154,959	-	-
	Westminster Rec Infield Mix-SH	12,700	-	12,517	-	183
8695	Winfield Park Field-SH	20,000	-	-	-	20,000
8696	NC Rec Soccer Goals-SH	3,383	-	2,951	-	432
	NC Rec Infield Mix-SH	11,437	-	8,506	2,931	-
	Carroll Arts Video Projetn-SH	20,000	-	20,000	-	-
	Charles Carroll Infield Mix-SH	1,800	-	-	-	1,800
	Chrls Carroll Scoreboard-SH	4,840	-	-	-	4,840
	NC Rec BallMix/Fencing-SH	6,824	-	-	-	6,824
	Taneytown Memorial Prk-SH	13,120	-	9,965	713	2,442
	Wmnstr Rec Wrestling Brd-SH	5,000	-	-	-	5,000
8707	Windfield Krimgold Prk1/3-SH	5,100	-	-	-	5,100
	Mayeski Batting Cage-SH	3,970	-	-	3,970	-
	Saltbox Prk-Mix/Pav Rpr-SH	2,200	-	2,135	-	65
	New Winds Mid Schl Storage-SH	9,893	9,893	-	-	-
9735	Community Self Help	10,138				10,138
	Total	454,784	139,995	248,283	9,339	57,167
	Total Culture and Recreation	17,350,762	12,056,088	1,643,466	150,973	3,500,235
4081	Library/Senior Centers	_				
8479	Taneytown Sr Cntr Add'l Park	567,005	174,272	372,247	-	20,486
9822	Library-Technology Improvemnts	3,615,900	3,076,989	8,839		530,072
	Total	4,182,905	3,251,261	381,086	-	550,558
	Total Library/Senior Centers	4,182,905	3,251,261	381,086	-	550,558
	Conservation & Open Space	_				
9002 **	Land Bank	22,089,803	15,960,248	-	-	6,129,555
			203			

Westminster, Maryland

Capital Projects Fund

	<u>Description</u>	Total Appropriation	Prior Years Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Encumbered	Unexpended Appropriation
9007	Ag Land Preservation	154,086,010	144,890,838	5,944,463	-	3,250,709
9701	Infrestructure/Plan Studies	407,167	328,087	13,694	-	65,386
9702	Traffic Impact Studies/Develop	137,692	130,629	-	-	7,063
9851	Rural Legacy-Easement Purchase	22,026,728	21,918,418	4,887		103,423
	Total	198,747,400	183,228,220	5,963,044	-	9,556,136
4092	Water Resources	_				
8294	Reservoir Development	20,611,401	8,933,571	-	-	11,677,830
8295	Storm Water Facility Maint	2,913,382	2,913,282	-	-	100
8328	Environmental Compliance	1,354,500	325,492	29,117	14,162	985,729
	Total	24,879,283	12,172,345	29,117	14,162	12,663,659
4093	Watershed Improvements					
8521 *	Carrolltowne 2A Barnes Fill 1	987,341	956,326	31,015	-	-
8523	Elderwood Village Sec F&B	2,279,355	128,334	9,278	-	2,141,743
8524	Manchester Skate Park	826,043	67,028	12,190	-	746,825
8526	Finksburg Industrial Park	2,599,909	224,073	2,246,937	127,885	1,014
8528	Carroll Co Tree Planting #1	139,579	98,408	3,735	12,235	25,201
8529	Carroll Co Tree Planting #2	255,161	190,417	10,603	17,977	36,164
8530	Carroll Co Tree Planting #3	534,676	398,108	29,162	57,940	49,466
8531 **		2,674,495	2,527,650	1,500	3,000	142,345
8532	Sullivan Rd Phase 2	99,098	88,187	-	-	10,911
8533	Miller/Watts Pond	1,279,053	965,692	287,976	_	25,385
8534 *		31,343	31,343	-	_	-
8536	Langdon Property	1,890,943	62,949	308,271	21,912	1,497,811
8537	Braddock Manor West	491,632	491,632	-	-	-
8538	Carroll Co Maint Center Pond	904,545	286,262	588,067	-	30,216
8540	Eldersburg Estates Sec 3-5	486,837	485,732	1,105	-	-
8543	Willow Pond/Eden Farms	242,200	40,849	74,717	74,927	51,707
8551 *		15,123	14,423	700	_	, -
8561	Piney Run Sediment Study	25,800	23,805	_	_	1,995
8576	Farm Museum ESD	312,372	108,577	168,668	_	35,127
8578	Blue Ridge Manor	539,313	4,383	28,145	_	506,785
8584	Stormwtr Facility Renovat FY16	280,000	72,649	157,444	_	49,907
8593	Shannon Run/Hawks Ridge	1,255,813	67,060	21,220	_	1,167,533
8594	Watershed Plan Review	31,000	24,733	147	5,713	407
8595	Local Watershed Modeling	65,000	53,327	8,034	3,219	420
8605	8 Small Crossings	690,210	19,108	162,483	220,888	287,731
8606	6 Whispering Valley	812,958	19,575	8,140	-	785,243
8607	13 Merridale Gardens	919,028	16,121	52,824	_	850,083
8608	1 Roberts Mill Regional Pond	2,183,313	3,800	32,555	_	2,146,958
8634	Stormwtr Renova FY17	331,500	-	126,619		204,881
8635	Central MD Wet Pond	50,000	_	44,145		5,855
8690	Locust Street	234,313	_	500		233,813
8691 *		175,730	_	94,923	80,807	
8692	Northern Landfill Fill Site	65,000	_	64,922	30,007	78
8703	Eldersburg Business Cntr	25,000	_	- 1,722		25,000
8736	Shiloh Middle School	199,855	_	_		199,855
9920	Watershed Assessment & Improve		_	<u>-</u>	-	9,310,293
0	improve				-	

Schedule 6

Westminster, Maryland

Capital Projects Fund

<u>Description</u>	Total Appropriation	Prior Years Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Encumbered	Unexpended Appropriation
Total	33,243,831	7,470,551	4,576,025	626,503	20,570,753
Total Conservation and Natural Resources	256,870,514	201,914,790	10,568,185	640,665	42,790,548
Total Governmental Activities	\$670,468,626	\$521,279,510	\$30,421,724	\$11,320,741	\$107,250,102

Westminster, Maryland

Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures and Encumbrances Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Total	Prior Years	Current Year		Unexpended
	<u>Description</u>	Appropriation	Expenditures	Expenditures	Encumbered	Appropriation
	Business-type Activities:					
(211	Bureau of Utilities	2 022 072	2.062.200	067.164		2.410
6311	Water & Sewer Meters	3,832,862	2,963,288	867,164	-	2,410
6332	Tank Painting	1,388,032	438,798	54,068	6,900	888,266
6344	HWWTP-Effluent Chillers	2,436,967	621,844	-	-	1,815,123
6358 6359	8-12-16 Mains/Hydraulic Loop Hydrant Replacement	634,221	1 272 521	162,653	-	634,221
6374	Relief Sewer No. 2	1,569,350 164,000	1,373,521	•	0.500	33,175
6376	Relief Sewer No. 4	108,500	12,000 26,777	138,875 113	9,500	3,625 16,048
6378	Relief Sewer No. 6	3,162,000	324,815	113	65,562	2,837,185
6382	Relief Sewer No. 10	930,800	324,613	77,280	7,070	846,450
6385	Sewer Study Update	765,000	187,647	363,610	173,450	40,293
6390	Sykesville Eleva W/Tank #6 04	62,000	107,047	303,010	175,450	62,000
6403	Sanitary Sewer Manhole Rehab	1,954,200	1,124,307	150,295	65,562	614,036
6409	FD Looping Monroe (Okla-Benn)	74,800	1,124,307	130,293	03,302	74,800
6413	Hampstead Sludge Tank Renovate	158,200	138,392	-	-	19,808
6418	North Pump Station Wet Well	730,000	334,102	-	-	395,898
6419	Freedom Waste Water TP-ENR	10,500,000	5,433,543	3,676,643	-	1,389,815
6421	Sanitary Sewer Main Lining	2,499,701	1,689,945	348,714	65,562	395,480
6422	Gravity Sewer Main	1,980,400	252,170	456,595	1,121,025	150,611
6423	N Carroll Farms Pump Stat Rehb	266,000	248,743	430,393	1,121,023	17,257
6425	Water Main Loops FY12	590,622	6,877	(6,877)	-	590,622
6426	W. Hampstead Sewer Upgrade	1,845,000	5,100	347,356	-	1,492,544
6428	Water Main Blow-Off Replemts	661,800	275,636	227,040	-	159,124
6429	Water Service Line Replacement	937,300	632,490	269,088	_	35,723
6430	Hampstead Grit Removal	18,340,000	1,177,885	207,350	474,058	16,480,707
6431	Sykesville Sewer Upgrade	550,000	1,177,003	207,330	-74,036	550,000
6432	Asset Management System	200,000	102,828	27,190	69,540	442
6433	Bark Hill WTP-Improvmnts	194,000	69,024	24,542	07,540	100,434
6434 *	-	776,250	- 706,289	24,542	_	69,961
6435	Freedom WTP-Sludge Press	285,000	700,207	_	_	285,000
6436	Piney Run Pump Station Imprv	365,000	12,500	_	_	352,500
6437	Stone Manor Pump Station Rehab	302,500.00	-	_	_	302,500
6442	Roberts Fld Pump Station Rehab	396,000.00	_	33,747	58,929	303,324
6443	Standby Generator Replemnt	266,700.00	_	83,218	30,727	183,482
6450	McBeth Looping	92,157.82	_	100,339	6,841	(15,022)
6451	Linton Looping	11,220.00	_	11,220	-	(13,022)
0.01	Total	59,030,583	18,158,521	7,620,223	2,124,999	31,127,840
	1000	0,000,000	10,100,021	7,020,223	2,121,,,,,	31,127,040
	Solid Waste					
6520	Hoods Mill Remediation	1,174,626	943,499	930	4,978	225,219
6521	Northern Landfill Remediation	1,014,000	904,448	12,000	-	97,552
6528	John Owings LF Remediation	800,000	617,675	-	3,858	178,467
6534	Nrthn Landfill-Cap Cells 1&2	3,948,000	53,413	551,948	3,029,383	313,256
6536	Northern LF-Leachate Ponds	460,000	-	46,376	280,343	133,281
6537	Bark Hill Remediation/Maint	13,506	-	-	-	13,506
6538	Hodges Remediation/Maint	518,112	41,465	409,425	56,993	10,229
	Total	7,928,244	2,560,500	1,020,679	3,375,555	971,510
	Ethan National					
6602	Fiber Network	1 100 000	000 217	07.000		12 004
6602	Fiber Equipment Replacement	1,100,000	990,216	96,880		12,904
	Total	1,100,000	990,216	96,880	-	12,904

206 continued

Schedule 6

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

Westminster, Maryland

Capital Projects Fund

	Description	Total Appropriation	Prior Years Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Encumbered	Unexpended Appropriation
	Septage					
6704	Westminster Sept Screen/Grit	4,500,000	416,432	<u> </u>		4,083,568
	Total	4,500,000	416,432	-	-	4,083,568
	Airport					
6818	Grounds & Facility Impr (9541)	365,180	310,546	32,110	-	22,524
6821	Airport Runway Extension	49,655,934	15,852	(15,852)	-	49,655,934
6822	AP Master Plan Study Phase 1	333,332	302,400	-	-	30,932
6824	Master Plan Updated AIP30	-	-	49,853	-	(49,853)
6825	Land Services AIP31	-	-	213,737	-	(213,737)
	Total	50,354,446	628,798	279,848	-	49,709,390
	Total Business-type Activities	\$ 122,913,273	\$ 22,754,466	\$ 9,017,631	\$ 5,499,555	\$ 85,905,211

^{*} Completed CIP projects put into service during FY17

^{**} Partially completed CIP projects put into service during FY17

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Schedule of Long-Term Indebtedness Schedule By Source June 30, 2017

	Amount Outstanding	New Debt	Principal Payments	Amount Outstanding	Interest Payments
Governmental Activities	July 1, 2016	Activity	For Year 2017	June 30, 2017	For Year 2017
General Obligation Bonds					
· ·	\$ 505,000	\$ -	\$ 160,000	\$ 345,000	\$ 16,033
Volunteer Fire Dept. Project - 2003 Volunteer Fire Dept. Project - 2004	676,665	5 -	159,041	517,624	24,661
Volunteer Fire Dept. Project - 2004 Volunteer Fire Dept. Project - 2005	950,000	-	190,000	760,000	35,625
General Obligation Bonds-2006	1,348,376	=	1,348,376	700,000	26,967
General Obligation Refunding Bonds- Jan 2007	8,801,430	_	8,801,430		180,513
General Obligation Bonds-2007	2,862,840	_	1,428,920	1,433,920	109,206
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2007	3,230,000	_	590,000	2,640,000	127,288
General Obligation Bonds-Nov 2008	11,933,811	_	3,788,056	8,145,755	501,989
General Obligation Bonds-Nov 2009 Series A	10,432,487	_	2,436,184	7,996,303	368,576
General Obligation Bonds-Nov 2009 Series B	33,577,761	_	2,430,104	33,577,761	1,734,776
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Oct 2010 Series A		_	1,785,741	1,001,998	37,897
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Oct 2010 Series E	,,	_	285,000	275,000	8,350
General Obligation Bonds-Oct 2010 Series D	16,805,044	_	987,945	15,817,099	648,799
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2011	7,424,736	_	1,964,474	5,460,262	277,727
General Obligation Bonds-2011	15,880,000	_	760,000	15,120,000	578,850
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-2012	16,220,345	_	1,774,279	14,446,066	651,424
General Obligation Bonds-2012	18,235,000	_	1,075,000	17,160,000	596,862
General Obligation Bonds-2013	23,325,000	_	1,340,000	21,985,000	1,004,575
General Obligation Refunding Bonds- Taxable Pension	3,612,000	_	942,000	2,670,000	70,358
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-2014	49,610,536	_	2,889,396	46,721,140	2,082,123
General Obligation Bonds- 2014	14,250,000	_	750,000	13,500,000	536,250
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-2015	6,015,081	_	750,000	6,015,081	240,603
General Obligation Bonds- 2015	28,000,000	_	1,445,000	26,555,000	1,028,981
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-2016	28,000,000	6,138,285	1,445,000	6,138,285	135,554
General Obligation Bonds- 2016	_	14,000,000		14,000,000	234,967
Total General Obligation Bonds	277,043,851	20,138,285	34,900,842	262,281,294	11,258,954
Farmers Home Administration					
Federal Loan - 1972	185,191	-	26,343	158,848	6,485
Federal Loan - 1974	88,556	-	8,893	79,663	3,231
Federal Loan - 1979	338,506		17,373	321,133	12,352
Total Farmers Home Administration	612,253		52,609	559,644	22,068
General Obligation Debt					
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2002	396,000	-	-	396,000	21,937
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2003	530,930	-	-	530,930	27,354
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2004	100,000	-	-	100,000	4,937
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2005	2,179,934	-	-	2,179,934	106,200
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2006	1,346,000	-	-	1,346,000	62,012
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2007	2,584,000	-	-	2,584,000	136,980
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2009	2,215,126	-	-	2,215,126	132,908
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2010	4,662,430	-	-	4,662,430	243,702
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2011	13,115,500	-	-	13,115,500	786,930
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2013	445,320	-	-	445,320	23,379
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2014	3,475,344	-	-	3,475,344	182,456
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2016	473,924	-	-	473,924	24,881
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2017		1,303,000		1,303,000	32,575
Total General Obligation Debt	31,524,508	1,303,000		32,827,508	1,786,251
Purchase Agreements	1 120 525		210.252	202 122	42.051
Johnson Controls/Suntrust	1,128,537	-	219,350	909,188	43,951
Johnson Controls/AAIG	4,537,564		112,043	4,425,521	103,726
Total Purchase Agreements	5,666,101	e 21 441 205	331,393	5,334,709	147,677
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 314,846,713	\$ 21,441,285	\$ 35,284,844	\$ 301,003,154	\$ 13,214,950

Westminster, Maryland Schedule of Long-Term Indebtedness Schedule By Source June 30, 2017

	Amount Outstanding July 1, 2016	New Debt Activity	Principal Payments For Year 2017	Amount Outstanding June 30, 2017	Interest Payments For Year 2017
Business-Type Activities					
General Obligation Bonds					
Bureau of Utilities					
General Obligation Bonds - 2006	\$ 14,441	\$ -	\$ 14,441	\$ -	\$ 286
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Jan 2007	80,737	-	80,737	-	1,656
General Obligation Bonds- 2007	1,251,737	-	625,869	625,868	47,722
General Obligation Bonds- 2008	1,199,712	-	380,854	818,858	50,464
General Obligation Bonds- 2009 Series A	333,275	-	77,826	255,449	11,774
General Obligation Bonds- 2009 Series B	1,072,240	-		1,072,240	55,397
General Obligation Bonds- 2010 Series A	1,423	-	912	511	19
General Obligation Bonds- 2010 Series D	11,753	-	691	11,062	454
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2011	325,052	-	96,232	228,820	12,080
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2012	198,550	-	17,380	181,170	8,139
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2014	5,245,814	-	195,062	5,050,752	210,753
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2015	2,978,549		-	2,978,549	119,142
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2016	-	56,307	-	56,307	1,243
Solid Waste Fund					
Gereral Obligation Refunding Bonds- Jan 2007	131,326	-	131,326	-	2,693
General Obligation Bonds- 2007	80,424	-	40,211	40,213	3,066
General Obligation Bonds- 2008	66,477	-	21,090	45,387	2,797
General Obligation Bonds- 2009 Series A	4,238	-	990	3,248	150
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2011	632,396	-	157,250	475,146	23,733
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2014	314,034		90,424	223,610	15,123
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2015	191,370	-	-	191,370	7,655
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2016	-	91,589	-	91,589	2,023
Airport Fund					
General Obligation Bonds - 2001	660,000	-	110,000	550,000	27,899
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-2007	91,507	-	91,507		1,877
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-2010 Series A	20,842	-	13,350	7,492	283
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-2010 Series D	23,202	-	1,364	21,838	896
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2011	202,814	-	57,044	145,770	7,560
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2012	18,716	-	3,342	15,374	704
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2014	59,615	- (2.010	25,118	34,497	2,102
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2016	-	63,819	-	63,819	1,409
Septage Fund					
General Obligation Bonds - 2006	12,179	-	12,179	-	247
General Obligation Refunding Bonds- Nov 2012	62,391			62,391	2,759
Total General Obligation Bonds	15,284,814	211,715	2,245,199	13,251,331	622,105
Notes Payable- Bureau of Utilities					
Water Quality Loan - Maryland Department					
of the Environment - 2000	158,748		30,141	128,607	5,842
Total Notes Payable	158,748		30,141	128,607	5,842
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 15,443,562	\$ 211,715	\$ 2,275,340	\$ 13,379,937	\$ 627,947

Westminster, Maryland

Schedule of Investments for

Governmental Activities, Business Type Activities, and Trust Funds June 30, 2017

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES and BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES	Length (in Days)	Maturity Date	Rate (%)	Market Value	Totals
Federal Home Loan Bank	360	8-May-18	1.13	\$ 4,991,800	
Federal Home Loan Bank	720	24-May-19	1.45	5,000,300	
Federal Home Loan Bank	720	23-Aug-18	1.13	4,988,900	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	720	27-Oct-17	0.80	4,996,050	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	720	24-Aug-18	0.88	4,989,450	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	720	28-Aug-18	1.03	4,972,450	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	720	13-Sep-18	1.10	4,980,900	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	720	26-Oct-18	1.05	29,857,200	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-Nov-21	5.66	214,234	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-Aug-22	5.69	142,597	
Treasury Bonds Treasury Bonds	20 yrs 20 yrs	15-Aug-22 15-Nov-22	5.44 5.05	213,895 256,678	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-Nov-22 15-Aug-23	5.05	98,315	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-Nov-24	4.86	1,414,002	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-Nov-24	4.73	522,987	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-Aug-25	4.75	1,218,440	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-Nov-26	4.93	1,754,148	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-Feb-27	4.72	1,100,184	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-Aug-29	4.36	2,346,216	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-21	5.83	70,059	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Aug-22	5.92	31,606	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Aug-22	5.78	57,062	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-22	5.39	90,648	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Aug-23	5.42	18,458	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-24	5.12 4.99	460,212	
Treasury Strips Treasury Strips	20 yrs 20 yrs	15-Nov-24 15-Nov-25	4.76	187,974 168,075	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-25	4.60	197,306	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-26	4.95	235,475	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Feb-27	4.73	158,344	
Treasury Strips	8yrs	15-May-24	4.39	736,134	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-May-29	4.42	79,946	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Feb-30	4.76	942,337	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Feb-30	4.61	193,009	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Aug-29	4.55	562,038	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-29	4.76	467,327	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-May-30	4.11	1,366,582	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Aug-30	3.90	1,566,965	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-30	4.44 4.46	1,902,637	
Treasury Strips Treasury Strips	20 yrs 20 yrs	15-May-31 15-May-31	4.33	1,929,487 2,455,711	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-32	2.91	295,231	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-33	3.88	1,993,176	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Feb-34	3.69	238,373	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-35	2.90	285,484	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Aug-36	2.44	766,633	
State and Local Government Series	15 yrs	15-May-24		51,000	
Maryland Local Government Investment Pool			0.95	64,776,529	
Branch Banking & Trust-Money Rate Savings			0.35	10,002,239	\$ 166,344,803
TRUST FUNDS Pension					
Wilmington Trust Employee Pension Account				76,917,502	
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) Maryland Local Government Investment Pool-OPEB				2,867,862	
Wilmington Trust Master OPEB Investment Trust LOSAP				77,490,897	
Wilmington Trust LOSAP account Law Officer's Pension				8,469,609	
Wilmington Trust Law Officer's Pension Account				12,492,154	178,238,024
TOTAL					\$ 344 582 827

Westminster, Maryland Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule By Source (1) June 30, 2017

Governmental funds capital assets:

Land	\$ 35,889,680
Buildings and contents	211,871,494
Improvements other than buildings	82,158,920
Automobiles, machinery and equipment	48,961,952
Roads and bridges	575,108,561
Construction in progress	10,184,255_
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 964,174,862

Investments in governmental funds capital assets by source:

General fund revenues	\$ 534,362,100
Special revenue funds	836,729
State grants	72,156,077
Federal grants	22,619,513
General obligation bonds	166,331,819
Contributions	167.868.624
Total investments in governmental funds capital assets by source	\$ 964,174,862

(1) This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY	Westminster, Maryland	Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds	Schedule By Function	June 30, 2017
THE COUNTY C		Capital Assets U		

Schedule 9-2

	Land	Buildings and Contents	Improve Than	Improvements Other Than Buildings	A A	Automobiles, Machinery and Equipment	Roads and Bridges	Construction in Progress	Total
General government	\$ 19,853,439	\$ 184,804,279	€	24,102,746	∞	13,937,986	S	€	\$ 242,698,450
Public safety	1,773,156	19,372,698		29,073,082		17,349,823	ı	1	67,568,759
Public works	3,186,323	770,185		1		14,725,432	568,191,322		586,873,262
Judicial	•	211,861		773,772		751,301	ı	1	1,736,934
Health	43,709	16,844		695'86		87,286	ı	ı	246,408
Human Services	٠	•		24,195		116,100	ı	1	140,295
Education	•	•		•		43,412	ı	1	43,412
Culture and recreation	3,827,148	4,000,555		15,764,767		1,771,150	ı	1	25,363,620
Conservation and natural resources	7,205,905			8,828,745		1	ı	•	16,034,650
Economic development	•	2,695,072		3,493,044		179,462	6,917,239	1	13,284,817
Construction in progress				•		•	ı	10,184,255	10,184,255
Subtotal	35,889,680	211,871,494		82,158,920		48,961,953	575,108,561	10,184,255	964,174,862
Less accumulated depreciation	•	(73,442,857)		(32,508,154)		(34,837,577)	(431,137,557)		(571,926,145)
Net governmental funds capital assets	\$ 35,889,680	\$ 138,428,637	÷	49,650,766	S	14,124,375	\$ 143,971,004	\$ 10,184,255	\$ 392,248,717

Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller

Schedule 9-3

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

Westminster, Maryland

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes By Function For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		ror u	ic I cai Endea sanc	50, 201	•		
	(ernmental Funds Capital Assets July 1, 2016	Additions	Net and	of Transfers Retirements	Governmenta Funds Capita Assets June 30, 201	al
General government	\$	216,156,035	\$ 23,894,603	\$	2,647,812	\$ 242,698,45	50
Public safety		66,815,710	362,807		390,242	67,568,75	59
Public works		583,790,420	3,831,725		(748,883)	586,873,20	62
Judicial		642,724	300,748		793,462	1,736,93	34
Health		147,839	-		98,569	246,40	08
Human Services		84,270	31,830		24,195	140,29	95
Education		43,412	-		-	43,43	12
Culture and recreation		24,869,257	347,961		146,402	25,363,62	20
Conservation and natural resources		14,823,277	201,568		1,009,805	16,034,65	50
Economic development		13,264,317	20,500		-	13,284,8	17
Construction in progress		9,727,788	6,434,264		(5,977,797)	10,184,25	55
	-	930,365,049	35,426,006		(1,616,193)	964,174,86	62
Less accumulated depreciation		(543,954,143)	(29,471,538)		1,499,536	(571,926,1	<u>45)</u>
Net governmental funds capital assets	\$	386,410,906	<u>\$ 5,954,468</u>	\$	(116,657)	\$ 392,248,71	<u>17</u>







Main Street, Union Bridge, MD



Main Street, Union Bridge, MD now.

Statistical Section





Calvert College, New Windsor, MD established 1851



The oldest standing college building in Carroll County today. No longer used as a college.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Carroll County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the County's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u> <u>Page</u>	<u>e(s)</u>
Financial Trends These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. 216-2	223
Revenue Capacity These tables contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue sources and property tax	226
Debt Capacity These tables contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future. 227-2	230
Economic and Demographic Information These tables offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place. 231-2	232
Operating Information These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs. 233-	242

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland (accrual basis of accounting) Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2017	2016	2015		2014		2013	ا ا	2012		2011	20	2010	2009		2008
Governmental Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets	€\$	219,328,550 \$	204,983,963	\$ 218,185,52	,521 \$	204,437,083	,083 \$	211,40	211,465,620 \$	3 215,928,941	S	224,468,499	\$ 249	249,331,687 \$	269,641,878	\$ 8/	255,882,342
Restricted		7,570,022	8,145,020	1,765,56	,563	7,792,322	,322	8,3:	8,354,576	6,438,836		6,438,332		7,402,357	8,561,570	20	13,278,406
Unrestricted		(37,546,612)	(36,637,182)	(54,174,61	,614)	(44,518,647)	(,647)	$(50,1^{2})$	(50,148,292)	(45,963,471)		(51,077,932)	(4)	(45,926,141)	(7,378,808)	(80	84,677,964
Total Governmental Activities Net Position		189,351,960	176,491,801	165,776,470	,470	167,710,758	,758	169,6	169,671,904	176,404,306		179,828,899	210	210,807,903	270,824,640	40	353,838,712
Business-Type Activities		120 456 503	116 560 500	111 057 711	-	102 606 222	22	102 10	03 100 740	900 300 001		104 569 703	0	02 559 512	210 127 20	7	801 373 68
Restricted		22,964,201	20,607,431	25,663,794	,794	22,938,152	3,222 3,152	1,501	17,019,197	12,503,774		370,116	N	1,308,820	9,435,295	95	6,788,158
Unrestricted		(16,635,238)	(11,089,051)	(12,222,927)	,927)	1,599,083	,083	(4,1	(4,118,863)	(3,535,427)		5,063,524	7	4,257,842	(5,246,129)	29)	6,594,607
16			000 000					-	0000					i	0.000		
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position		126,785,466	126,078,889	125,398,58	,581 	127,233,457	5,457	116,0	116,010,082	111,174,175	ٳ	110,002,423	9	99,125,175	99,844,012	 	95,957,873
Primary government			!	:	;		;						;				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		339,785,053	321,544,472	330,143,23	,235	307,133,305	3,305	314,5	314,575,368	318,134,769		329,037,282	34.	342,890,200	365,296,724	24	338,457,450
Restricted		30,534,223	28,752,451	27,429,35	,357	30,730,474	,474	25,3	25,373,773	18,942,610		6,808,448	.,	8,711,117	17,996,865	9	20,066,564
Unrestricted		(54,181,850)	(47,726,233)	(66,397,54	,541)	(42,919,564	,564)	(54,2)	(54,267,155)	(49,498,898)		(46,014,408)	4)	(41,668,299)	(12,624,937)	37)	91,272,571
Total Primary Government Net Position	⇔	316,137,426 \$		302,570,690 \$ 291,175,05	,051 \$	294,944,215	1,215 \$	285,6	285,681,986	3 287,578,481	∞	289,831,322	\$ 30	309,933,078 \$	370,668,652	\$2	449,796,585

Fiscal years 2008-2012 were reclassified per GASB standards. Fiscal year 2012 was restated to reflect unearned revenue. Fiscal year 2014 was restated to reflect a correction to net Investment in Capital Assets. Fiscal year 2014 and prior have not been restated for GASB 68 and 71. Fiscal year 2015 was restated to reflect a correction to unrestricted net position.

Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

Source:

Westminster, Maryland Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

9,269,078 17,487,058 4,715,075 \$ 395,087,006 395,824 74,497 70,411,246 35,583,985 30,496,143 4,454,550 1,228,095 188,609,030 2,596,212 10,056,546 7,648,918 3,097,618 8,963,131 373,813,603 2008 7,740,076 29,125,383 388,398 77,475 16,900,665 2,606,230 777,692 38,658,117 4,868,271 1,346,366 219,824,282 5,988,296 7,487,843 74,296,486 30,238,005 10,282,801 424,974,313 8,169,257 2009 9,971,261 14,288,096 20,830,747 \$ 434,873,473 209,838,466 4,143,870 12,553,680 8,961,015 79,073,880 37,798,060 33,974,607 4,963,980 1,418,139 414,042,726 10,489,645 474,195 829,611 6,018,687 20103,257,483 11,277,792 20,163,969 5,370,598 \$ 422,151,811 475,718 79,627 37,244,642 29,582,890 4,939,762 1,249,949 185,038,583 12,522,525 400,042,734 8,830,209 618,045 215,017 89,394,541 11,890,461 2011 37,356,463 28,764,355 1,204,489 186,244,744 3,418,694 11,540,245 4,701,163 2,239,352 532,369 \$ 391,859,495 92,935 75,568,819 13,401,465 4,666,495 369,106,284 11,090,468 8,727,891 1,769,112 2012 24,919,266 \$ 402,105,236 13,150,071 5,116,229 489,064 97,706 12,108,283 74,177,030 36,029,829 29,857,345 4,546,895 1,208,120 192,972,220 3,208,030 12,347,384 10,801,048 689,380 4,572,817 377,185,970 2013 13,909,531 11,395,342 6,723,025 6,222,691 42,220,945 35,383,930 536,068 100,324 19,758,861 57,641,753 4,504,233 1,234,170 192,529,402 2,617,282 11,328,410 6,319,530 800,811 386,889,145 12,506,841 2014 14,145,909 8,936,174 4,822,656 7,283,903 23,272,302 \$ 409,541,357 106,373 43,979,786 4,280,644 6,875,694 191,534,142 4,637,178 11,046,657 9,550,820 733,816 604,130 1,230,506 \$ 49,409,874 38,511,223 11,851,872 386,269,055 2015 4,992,787 14,452,299 12,140,369 4,234,039 24,278,980 \$ 415,188,835 45,677,379 31,583,099 629,136 113,399 823,047 14,032,995 196,452,853 8,670,838 12,894,133 11,600,209 1,116,618 41,378,683 4,400,381 390,909,855 9,996,571 2016 14,808,509 10,167,939 3,851,580 8,455,090 23,278,863 128,986 1,321,618 4,654,075 201,927,058 6,298,819 11,588,148 8,784,687 861,147 594,277 14,679,925 10,996,087 42,244,881 51,691,641 33,927,901 403,703,505 2017 Total Business-Type Activities Expenses Total Governmental Activities Expenses Conservation of natural resources Total Primary Government Expenses Interest on long-term debt Economic development Culture and recreation Business-Type Activities: General government Governmental Activities: Bureau of Utilities Human services Septage 1Firearms Fiber Network Program Revenues Public works Public safety Solid Waste Education Libraries Airport Health Judicial Expenses Governme

Charges for Services:										
General government	11,742,589	11,743,274	17,670,046	14,450,607	14,820,757	7,466,568	8,361,578	7,579,919	7,483,309	10,755,039
Public safety	1,918,271	2,665,141	1,950,898	1,836,510	1,891,508	2,048,892	2,305,294	2,544,149	2,938,203	3,294,542
Public works	1,306,602	3,491,642	216,246	1,781,862	1,559,051	1,588,668	1,560,090	1,530,974	1,520,812	1,672,368
Health	3,284	5,391	6,684	55,405	58,946	124,065	44,320	12,190	15,541	12,492
Human Services	84,722	79,675	86,275	009'9	009'9	009'9	6,600	284,014	367,238	367,238
Education				257,816	480,685	487,464	457,698	393,951	425,150	409,266
Culture and recreation	2,072,530	1,867,103	1,621,589	832,906	928,603	1,008,187	875,200	860,865	772,204	818,931
Conservation of natural resources	128,111	86,209	41,587							
Economic development				525,158						
Operating Grants and Contributions	21,016,535	14,740,101	16,502,681	16,136,623	16,116,178	16,372,579	17,944,093	16,201,809	14,075,463	13,824,732
Capital Grants and Contributions	6,005,593	5,339,545	7,396,017	8,372,841	3,282,495	6,177,426	10,461,443	17,297,018	3,212,403	6,797,218
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	44,278,237	40,018,081	45,492,023	44,256,328	39,144,823	35,280,449	42,016,316	46,704,889	30,810,323	37,951,826

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

ò	<u>2016</u> <u>2015</u> <u>2014</u> <u>2013</u> <u>2012</u> <u>2011</u> <u>2010</u>	\$ 10,233,000 \$ 8,906,129 \$ 8,490,173 \$ 8,630,730 \$ 7,843,041 \$ 7,519,559 \$ 7,668,003 6,637,638 6,801,739 7,243,944 7,307,108 5,907,344 6,534,243 6,626,896 727,987 649,572 650,660 675,683 5,807,344 6,534,243 6,626,896 946,123 710,536 682,663 608,688 603,550 449,263 387,636 153,687 7,619,387 - - - - - 37,558 7,619,387 2,012,594 2,073,793 1,908,142 1,963,862 20,706,084 27,768,776 19,225,733 19,422,698 16,892,642 17,242,898 60,724,165 73,260,799 63,482,061 58,567,521 66,188,482 19,480,553	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ 195,465,262 \$ 197,220,873 \$ 203,601,066 \$ 208,296,512 \$ 201,573,213 \$ 189,079,529 \$ 174,354,873 144,994,220 131,714,052 118,168,038 121,921,970 95,516,527 99,973,903 120,230,118 11,888,637 10,576,850 8,520,674 7,612,907 91,54,578 9,9973,903 120,230,118 353,937 262,098 296,890 379,990 246,184 335,125 386,186 59,588 365,510 159,227 24,977 24,189 181,458 419,48,705 284,101 309,992 298,498 284,602 281,89 11,749,91 311,449,91 2,068,767 1,721,180 3,048,631 782,346 2,107,298 4,563,217 8,753,090 336,5153 16,247,601) 330,401,242 337,447,414 307,321,100 311,149,918 3311,149,918	404,594 756,859 383,547 582,930 422,785 751,926 2,279,730 1,695 9,000 3,677 - 35,395 - 93,425 325,053 2,447,601 4,892,30 12,980,697 2,761,088 2,791,980 3,314,850 355,520,771 343,885,131 335,100,472 340,611,041 310,540,368 314,633,824 335,41,405 3,897,655 (105,361) (12,231,575) (10,993,733) (26,504,735) (46,876,500) (39,484,437) 4,166,106 7,644,573 6,746,873 6,746,873 6,746,873 6,746,873 4,644,654 6,746,873 6,746,873 6,746,873 6,746,873
	2017	Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services: Charges for Services: Bureau of Utilities	Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities (1.596,716) Total Primary Government Net Expense CAGemeral Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Germmental Activities:	Taxes: Property taxes \$ 201,438,220 Income tax 149,896,467 Recordation 351,742 Admission and amusement tax 14,241,331 Admission and amusement tax 351,742 Agricultural transfer tax 351,742 State shared, unrestricted 324,144 State shared, unrestricted 968,894 Transfer of asset from component unit 9,442,491 Transfers (2,619,490) Covernmental Activities (2,619,490)	Business-Type Activities: Investment earnings and miscellaneous, unrestricted Gain on sale of capital asset Transfers Total Business-Type Activities Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities 734,588,720 Governmental Activities 12,860,159 Business-Type Activities 776,577 776,1 Printany Congruent Change in Not Desirion 12,660,139

Note:

Fiscal year 2011 and 2012 was restated to reflect GASB standards.

Fiscal year 2015 reflects the reclassification of activities by functions.

Fiscal year 2014 was restated to reflect a correction to Net Investments in Capital Assets.

Fiscal year 2015 was restated to reflect a correction to net position.

Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY (modified accrual basis of accounting) Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Westminster, Maryland Last Ten Fiscal Years

2008							34,265,738 30,997,138 14,858,762 80,121,638	39,912,191 45,904,401 85,816,592	2,340,051 2,340,051 168,278,281
							€9		\$
2009							\$ 34,538,703 34,623,762 8,103,281 77,265,746	19,967,975 25,951,067 45,919,042	3,338,527 3,338,527 \$ 126,523,315
2010							\$ 39,429,507 27,868,281 7,993,646 75,291,434	14,173,039 29,143,318 43,316,357	4,940,003 4,940,003 \$ 123,547,794
2011	\$ 30,274,746 18,998,982 20,165,000 9,782,490 16,809,377 96,030,595	- 33,780,969 33,780,969	4,361,704 603,723	4,943,851	\$ 134,755,415	5.5%	11	11	11
2012	\$ 27,853,715 25,272,233 19,777,263 20,946,437 14,827,375 108,677,023	37,134,531 37,134,531	2,227,030 911,792	3,138,822	\$ 148,950,376	4.8%			
2013	\$ 29,140,848 23,584,205 19,765,000 16,264,913 16,132,542 104,887,508	40,629,996	1,159,415	2,435,372	\$ 147,952,876	5.2%			
2014	\$ 29,209,160 26,052,436 19,825,000 22,035,700 6,922,173 104,044,469	36,834,193 36,834,193	1,543,563	3,149,894	\$ 144,028,556	2.4%			
2015	\$ 29,004,124 27,423,603 20,398,120 18,458,967 7,628,502 102,913,316	292,775 29,083,530 29,376,305	1,472,788 2,203,593 821,612	4,497,993	\$ 136,787,614	2.5%			
2016	\$ 26,668,918 30,926,309 20,820,350 22,580,717 10,840,140 111,836,434	7,518,934 24,235,426 31,754,360	626,086 672,372 1,608,421	2,906,879	\$ 146,497,673	2.9%			
2017	\$ 27,548,663 29,656,499 21,402,103 20,383,343 14,529,685 113,520,293	5,708,337 17,903,635 23,611,972	436,096 1,737,516 109,396 1,222,426	3,505,434	\$ 140,637,699	3.8%			
	General Fund (1) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund	Captial Projects Fund Restricted Assigned Total Captial Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds: (1) Special Revenues Fund Nonspendable Restricted Committed Committed Assigned	Unassigned Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds- as restated	Unassigned General Fund Balance as a Percentage of General Fund Expenditures	General Fund Reserved Unreserved and designated Unreserved, undesignated Total General Fund	Captial Projects Fund Reserved for Incumbrances Unreserved and designated Total Captial Projects Fund Total Captial Projects Funds:	Special Revenues Fund Unreserved, undesignated Total Other Governmental Funds Total Governmental Funds

Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

(1) In FY 2011 GASB 54 was implemented.

In FY 2014 there was a change in law of how unassigned fund balanced must be used. Part of what would have gone to unassigned is now assigned for future fiscal years. FY 2015 was restated to reflect corrections in fund balances.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Local Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal		Property		Income	2	Recordation	Amusement		911 Service		Other		
Year		Taxes		Tax		Tax	Tax		Fees-Tax		Tax		Total
2008	S	174,354,873	⊗	117,976,994	S	14,948,705	\$ 386,186	∞	1,240,906	S	1,757,335	S	310,664,999
2009		189,079,529		112,763,102		9,220,249	335,125		1,196,731		1,797,810		314,392,546
2010		201,526,399		108,140,073		9,154,578	246,184		1,163,737		1,478,009		321,708,980
2011		208,296,512		116,171,871		7,612,907	379,990		1,039,337		1,172,805		334,673,422
2012		203,601,066		127,249,915		8,520,674	296,890		1,037,075		1,718,042		342,423,662
2013		197,727,477		127,555,768		10,021,395	288,173		1,028,501		1,751,744		338,373,058
2014		195,528,915		131,659,596		10,576,850	262,098		1,039,244		2,065,786		341,132,489
2015		194,029,688		139,356,969		11,888,637	353,937		1,089,823		1,912,584		348,631,638
2016		199,281,166		148,005,117		14,093,918	387,725		1,092,094		676,830		363,536,850
2017		201,438,220		150,118,290		14,241,331	351,742		1,087,610		743,637		367,980,830
Change 2008-2017		15.5%		27.2%		-4.7%	%6.8-		-12.4%		-57.7%		18.4%

In fiscal year 2014, personal property tax rate reduced from \$2.545 to \$2.515 per \$100 of assessed value. In fiscal year 2012, personal property tax rate reduced from \$2.62 to \$2.57 per \$100 of assessed value. In fiscal year 2013, personal property tax rate reduced from \$2.57 to \$2.545 per \$100 of assessed value. In fiscal year 2012, real property tax rate reduced from \$1.048 to \$1.028 per \$100 of assessed value. In fiscal year 2013, real property tax rate reduced from \$1.028 to \$1.018 per \$100 of assessed value. Effective January 1, 2015 income tax rate reduced from \$3.04% to 3.03% of taxable income.

Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY
Westminster, Maryland
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
REVENUES										
Taxes-Local (see Table 4)	\$367,980,830	\$363,536,850	\$348,631,638	\$341,132,489	\$338,373,058	\$342,423,662	\$334,673,422	\$321,708,980	\$314,392,546	\$310,664,999
Taxes-State Shared	•	•	•	952,204	1,635,475	1,236,284	1,447,227	1,219,154	10,800,922	12,244,961
Impact fees	•	•	184,605	206,711	295,755	1,575,933	1,148,592	1,304,575	869,347	1,350,460
Licenses and permits	3.246.094	3.033.852	1.600.930	1,475,869	1.518.884	1.382.219	1.364.820	1.310.176	1.288.525	1.666.970
Interdovernmental revenues	23 652 734	19.316.866	20,290,637	22,898,130	18.978.536	15,316,915	26 455 936	30.841.686	15 042 612	16 773 453
	4 444 626	467.004	4 4 45 707	4 576 704	722,000	4 640 440	4 004 440	5 000 757	2,0,0,0,0	5 700 040
Charges for services	4,441,830	4,107,021	4,440,797	4,576,701	4,732,420	4,810,478	4,981,149	2,000,0	5,233,048	5,788,013
Fines and forfeits	71,866	78,600	99,840	92,532	95,487	92,355	101,128	89,168	90,840	100,509
Interest and gain on investments	(553,815)	4,597,299	2,477,109	2,225,527	(829,835)	6,800,763	1,244,055	2,989,913	5,463,426	10,537,502
Miscellaneous revenues	8,871,778	9,383,285	9,808,553	10,054,257	5,840,925	3,758,082	3,249,099	4,396,040	3,349,723	4,101,008
Total revenues	407,711,323	404,113,773	387,539,109	383,614,420	370,640,705	377,396,691	374,665,428	368,865,449	356,536,990	363,227,875
EXPENDITURES								1		
Current:										
General government	36.360.819	37.065.282	44.974.142	60.974.579	63.738.334	69.611.957	69.373.934	72.086.446	69.035.233	65.771.932
Public safety	47 902 706	44 211 285	42 721 116	41 484 155	35 585 271	35 914 325	35 396 452	34 748 084	35 256 843	34 222 625
Public works	10 112 586	17 086 907	17 130 202	13 275 887	9 565 709	8 831 776	10,649,104	12 586 032	11 325 405	10.861.774
	7 E A E O E O	100,000,11	4 260 673	707,707	7 207 709	7 404 455	10,040,101	4 7 1 2 600	724,050	10000
- במפונו	4,040,030	1,400,301	4,203,07.5	4,001,492	4,507,905	4,494,100	4,707,232	4,7 12,000	4,731,930	4,000,120
Human services	14,707,376	14,017,504	6,855,878	1,232,576	1,199,706	1,185,304	1,226,927	1,391,110	1,319,630	1,200,206
Education	198,300,740	191,621,893	186,866,867	185,008,583	180,570,971	173,557,501	174,935,761	177,855,179	172,156,658	155,480,987
Library	14,249,443	14,084,487	13,687,211	13,417,275	11,000,246	8,497,632	8,645,019	8,413,733	8,170,171	7,717,198
Culture and recreation	4,537,030	4,236,257	4,182,624	1,759,651	2,721,536	2,569,590	2,639,789	1,877,029	1,665,731	1,648,268
Conservation of natural resources	2,283,698	2,084,571	2,000,988	966,448	856,440	839,957	822,510	792,207	800,054	821,409
Economic development	3,628,423	4,004,475	4,586,843	6,484,527	4,324,885	1,970,523	5,089,136	5,640,224	5,690,821	4,351,843
Judicial	8,593,930	8,710,327	7,310,970	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Capital outlay	30.421.723	36.972.429	41.331.365	48.515.249	33.646.285	30.304.655	44.842.000	77.047.071	127.778.575	86.014.727
Debt service:										
Principal	29.138.572	28.171.532	28.145.359	26.984.558	25.641.361	27.087.742	23.431.934	22.889.828	24.029.542	23.487.007
Interest	13 207 594	13 339 242	13 339 130	13,656,778	13,646,029	14 154 056	13 914 992	12 802 086	10 470 693	9 543 326
Total expenditures	427.089.698	420.906.572	417.411.458	418.061.758	386.804.756	379.019.173	395.674.850	432.841.709	472.431.314	405,490,027
Expess (deficiency) of revenues	2226226			20.11.21.21		2		22.4		
over (under) expenditures	(19.378.375)	(16.792.799)	(29.872.349)	(34,447,338)	(16.164.051)	(1.622.482)	(21.009.422)	(63.976.260)	(115.894.324)	(42.262.152)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	٦	(22.12.12.1	(2)	(222)	(, ()	(/	/	7	(
Transfers in	16.676.294	20,549,077	22,733,370	24,670,471	26.836.782	21.745.757	13,778,283	12.035.023	16,037,191	26,594,904
Transfers out	(19 491 898)	(25,232,077)	(23,058,423)	(25,978,861)	(35 484 572)	(26,057,763)	(16,018,252)	(14 780 223)	(18 829 171)	(29,909,754)
Refunding bonds issued	6 138 284	6.015.081	52 576 682	4 524 000	16 220 345	9 873 957	14 690 327	(7 936 995)	(() () () () ()
Redemption of bonds	(6 524 948)	(6 727 641)	(59 780 169)	(4 478 621)	(19,357,902)	(11 299 208)	(14 593 220)		•	(8 786 798)
Bonds issued	14,000,000	28.000.000	15.000.000	26.000.000	21.460.000	18.750.000	21.192.091	64.508.850	72.088.000	27,100,000
Bonds premium	1.302.370	3.145,496	8.549.374	2,480,740	5,152,394	2,756,696	2.894	2.371.214	1,874,448	672.349
Issuance of debt-long-term notes	1,303,000	473,924	4.536.852	3,475,344	445,320		13,115,500	4.662,430	2,956,796	2,495,343
Total other financing sources	13,403,102	26,223,860	20,557,686	30,693,073	15,272,367	15,769,439	32,167,623	60,860,299	74,127,264	20,166,044
s	\$ (5,975,273)	\$ 9,431,061	\$ (9,314,663)	\$ (3,754,265)	\$ (891,684)	\$ 14,146,957	\$ 11,158,201	\$ (3,115,961)	\$ (41,767,060)	\$ (22,096,108)
Debt Service as a percentage of										
Noncapital Expenditures	10.3%	10.2%	10.4%	10.2%	10.3%	%6.6	8.7%	8.6%	7.5%	8.3%

Note: Implementation of GASB 43 & 45 was fiscal year 2008. Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY
Westminster, Maryland
Assessed Valuation and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Real Property	Real Property	al Property				055 V	A seesed Volus	Personal Property	operty		Į.	Stimotod		ئ	and Total	Total
Assessed Estimated Direct	Estimated		Direct			ASSI	cssen va	Public				darket Jarket	Direct	i ii	Estimated	Direct
Value Market Value Tax Rate Unincorporated	Tax Rate U	Tax Rate U		Unincorporate	σĺ	Incorporated		Utilities	Total	la I		Value	Tax Rate	Maı	farket Value	Tax Rate
\$ 17.292.769.748 \$ 17.292.769.748 1.048% \$ 11.266.340	\$ 17.292.769.748 1.048% \$ 11.266	1.048% \$ 11.266	\$ 11.266	\$ 11.266	0	\$ 267.238.630	9	277.840.350	\$ 556.3	556.345.320 \$	4,	556.345.320	2.620%	-S	17.849.115.068	1.097%
19,863,606,197 1.048 11,958	19,863,606,197 1.048 1	1.048	_	_	96	273,972,690	_	271,526,820	557,4	158,300		57,458,300	2.620	. 7	20,421,064,497	1.091
21,523,794,240 1.048	21,523,794,240 1.048	1.048		11,285,65	0	276,475,340	_	266,070,820	553,8	553,831,810	4,	53,831,810	2.620	2	22,077,626,050	1.087
20,362,487,659 20,362,487,659 1.048 10,631,520	20,362,487,659 1.048	1.048		10,631,520		258,758,007	4	275,237,500	544,6	527,027	4,	544,627,027	2.620	2	20,907,114,686	1.089
19,164,115,652 1.028	19,164,115,652 1.028	1.028		10,201,300	_	388,879,330	_	266,415,290	665,4	195,920	•	65,495,920	2.570	1	19,829,611,572	1.080
18,276,387,823 1.018	18,276,387,823 1.018	1.018		10,738,930		253,571,870	_	268,124,550	532,4	135,350	4,	32,435,350	2.545	1	18,808,823,173	1.061
18,023,463,105 1.018	18,023,463,105 1.018	1.018		10,646,05	0	248,768,830	_	266,503,440	525,5	918,320	۷,	25,918,320	2.515	1	18,549,381,425	1.060
1.018	17,942,543,249 1.018	1.018		10,629,22	97	268,730,010	_	273,646,180	553,(05,416	۷,	53,005,416	2.515	1	18,495,548,665	1.063
18,171,558,916 1.018	18,171,558,916 1.018	1.018		13,124,97	0,	268,899,780	_	279,437,200	561,4	161,950	۷,	61,461,950	2.515	1	18,733,020,866	1.063
1.018 15,349	18,502,136,221 1.018 15,349	1.018 15,349	15,349	15,349,5	,500	292,491,830	_	288,632,150	596,4	596,473,480	4,	596,473,480	2.515	1	19,098,609,701	1.065

In fiscal year 2013, real property tax rate reduced from \$1.028 to \$1.018 per \$100 of assessed value. In fiscal year 2012, personal property tax rate reduced from \$2.62 to \$2.57 per \$100 of assessed value. In fiscal year 2013, personal property tax rate reduced from \$2.57 to \$2.545 per \$100 of assessed value. In fiscal year 2014, personal property tax rate reduced from \$2.545 to \$2.515 per \$100 of assessed value. In fiscal year 2012, real property tax rate reduced from \$1.048 to \$1.028 per \$100 of assessed value. Real property is reassessed every three years. Real property is assessed at market value. The total personal property assessed value is equal to the estimated market value.

Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Real Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$100 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	New Union Mt.	Bridge	\$ 0.30	0.2000 0.30 0.1650	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.35
		Hampstead	\$ 0.20			0.20						
Overlapping Rates		Westminster	\$ 0.44	0.44	0.44	0.58	0.58	0.57	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56
Ove		Manchester	\$ 0.184	0.184	0.184	0.204	0.216	0.216	0.216	0.216	0.216	0.216
		Sykesville	\$ 0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35
		Taneytown	\$ 0.32	0.32		0.32						
	State of			0.112								
Direct Rate	Carroll	County	3, 1.048	1.048	1.048	1.048	1.028	1.018	1.018	1.018	1.018	1.018
		Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

The real property tax rates indicated for the incorporated towns only apply within town limits and are in addition to the county and state taxes.

Sources: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller. Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation.

Westminster, Maryland Principal Taxpayers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

2017

		Assessed	T	ax Amount	% of Total
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Valuation		Paid	Assessed Value
Baltimore Gas & Electric	Utilities	\$ 195,821,590	\$	4,921,173	1.03%
Colonial Pipeline	Pipeline transrefined petroleum	28,022,050		704,755	0.15%
Verizon-Maryalnd	Communications	25,864,640		650,496	0.14%
Comcast of California	Communications	22,066,620		554,975	0.12%
Penguin Random House Inc.	Warehouse Distribution	38,326,843		538,385	0.20%
Potomac Edison Company	Utilities	17,883,460		449,769	0.09%
Carroll Lutheran Village	Retirement Village	41,770,233		425,221	0.22%
Lehigh Portland Cement	Manufacturer	31,647,272		424,418	0.17%
Wal-Mart	Retail	23,744,077		362,323	0.12%
Stag Hampstead	Warehouse Distribution	 33,835,600		344,446	0.18%
		\$ 458,982,385	\$	9,375,961	2.42%
	Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 19,098,609,701			

2008

	2008				
		Assessed	T	ax Amount	% of Total
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Valuation		Paid	Assessed Value
Baltimore Gas & Electric	Utilities	\$ 160,579,530	\$	4,207,184	0.90%
Verizon-Maryland	Communications	60,919,930		1,596,102	0.34%
Carroll Lutheran Village	Retirement Village	53,923,640		859,416	0.30%
Colonial Pipeline Co.	Pipeline transrefined petroleum	19,217,460		503,497	0.11%
Potomac Edison	Electric Utility	17,305,350		453,400	0.10%
Cranberry Mall Properties LLC	Mall	42,601,812		447,382	0.24%
AT&T	Utilities	15,986,970		418,859	0.09%
Fairhaven Inc.	Assisted Living	35,926,900		376,514	0.20%
Random House	Warehouse Distribution	33,289,432		349,001	0.19%
Hampstead 2004 LLC	Power Tools	33,144,300		347,352	0.19%
		\$ 472,895,324	\$	9,558,707	2.66%
	Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 17,902,568,898			

Property is reassessed every three years.

Westminster, Maryland Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total	Collected with Fiscal Year of the		(Collected in	Total Collection to Date	ns	Outstanding	Percent of Deliquent
Ended June 30,	Tax Levy for Fiscal Year	Amount	Percent of Levy		Subsequent Years	Amount	Percent of Levy	Deliquent Taxes	Taxes to Tax Levy
2008	\$ 195,748,704	\$ 194,780,453	99.51%	\$	968,251	\$ 195,748,704	100.00%	\$ -	0.00%
2009	222,097,553	221,514,565	99.74%		581,691	222,096,256	99.99%	1,297	0.01%
2010	239,658,139	238,543,223	99.53%		1,111,274	239,654,497	99.99%	3,642	0.01%
2011	227,186,753	226,056,851	99.50%		1,119,989	227,176,840	99.99%	9,913	0.01%
2012	210,196,472	209,114,927	99.49%		1,036,082	210,151,009	99.98%	45,463	0.02%
2013	198,647,854	197,845,421	99.60%		775,481	198,620,902	99.99%	26,952	0.01%
2014	195,960,124	195,202,000	99.61%		715,809	195,917,809	99.98%	42,315	0.02%
2015	195,674,029	194,784,554	99.55%		780,795	195,565,349	99.94%	108,680	0.06%
2016	198,052,870	197,837,002	99.89%		34,665	197,871,667	99.91%	181,203	0.09%
2017	202,417,960	201,772,465	99.68%		-	201,772,465	99.68%	645,495	0.32%

The total Tax Levy is adjusted each year based on prior year abatements.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

Westminster, Maryland Water and Sewer Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years Bureau of Utilities

				Water	er							Sewer	i			
	Œ Œ	Juarterly							Qu	Quarterly						
	3as	Base Rate	T	Tier 1*	Ţ	Tier 2*	Τi	Tier 3*	Bas	Base Rate	ΙΙ	Tier 1*	Ţ	Tier 2*	I	Tier 3*
∽		8.23	∽	3.35	↔	4.18	↔	4.69	S	11.61	S	5.70	∽	6.71	↔	09.9
		8.90		3.63		4.54		5.11		12.58		5.19		6.83		7.85
		8.41		4.02		4.67		5.07		11.95		5.91		7.06		7.82
		6.97		4.62		5.00		5.28		6.67		7.27		8.13		8.77
		6.97		4.62		5.00		5.28		6.67		7.27		8.13		8.77
		6.75		5.18		5.42		5.59		99.6		7.64		8.29		8.77
		7.37		5.75		5.93		6.07		10.45		8.15		8.69		9.15
		9.03		6.26		6.41		6.54		12.75		8.65		9.14		9.62
		9.03		6.26		6.41		6.54		12.75		8.65		9.14		9.62
		9.14		6.74		6.87		7.02		12.75		8.65		9.14		9.62

Tiers are based on the following usages
Tier 1 0-10,000 gals.
Tier 2 10,001-30,000 gals.
Tier 3 30,001 gals. and up
*Per 1,000 gallons

The standard household meter size is 5/8" and the average household usage for fiscal year 2017 was 12,000 gals. per quarter.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Westminster, Maryland Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Per Capita (3)	1,486	1,811	2,130	2,167	2,096	2,097	2,094	2,053	2,040	1,937
	% of Market	Property Value (2)	1.45% \$	1.55%	1.61%	1.74%	1.78%	1.89%	1.93%	1.91%	1.88%	1.76%
	Jo %	Personal Income (3)	2.68%	2.27%	2.02%	2.03%	2.15%	2.30%	2.50%	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Total	Primary Government	258,954,611	316,681,508	355,931,248	363,976,745	353,294,578	355,414,541	357,286,506	352,477,085	352,340,991	336,256,457
Activities	Special Assessment Debt	with Government Commitment	3,742,952 \$	2,936,297	2,090,052	1,202,259	271,865	244,664	216,757	188,125	158,748	128,607
Business-Type Activities		Obligation win Bonds (1)	22,345,826 \$	28,139,243	27,878,604	26,190,843	23,758,129	21,687,221	19,575,054	17,483,954	15,284,816	13,251,330
		Purchase Agreements	2,583,004 \$	2,432,323	2,268,571	2,097,835	1,919,820	1,734,212	1,540,690	5,875,768	5,666,101	5,334,709
Activities		Other Notes	3,473,927 \$	1,969,903	937,965	200,000						ı
Governmental Activities	General	Obligation Debt	3 7,136,864 \$	9,351,990	14,014,420	27,129,920	27,129,920	27,575,240	31,050,584	31,050,584	31,524,508	32,827,508
	General	Obligation Bonds(1)	219,672,038	271,851,752	308,741,636	307,155,888	300,214,844	304,173,204	304,903,421	297,878,654	299,706,818	284,714,303
ļ		Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

N/A not available. Notes:

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) Bond premium/discounts and other unamortized charges are included.

(2) See Table 6, Assessed Valuation and Estimated Market Value of Taxable Property, for Estimated Market Values of Taxable Property.

(3) See Table 15, Demographic Statistics, for personal income and population data.

Westminster, Maryland Ratios of Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	neral Obligation Bonds & Debt Outstanding	Percent of Actual Property Value (1)	Percent of Personal Income (2)	Ca	Per pita (2)
2008	\$ 249,154,728	1.40%	3.59%	\$	1,430
2009	309,342,985	1.51%	4.31%		1,769
2010	350,634,660	1.59%	4.88%		1,997
2011	360,476,651	1.72%	4.87%		2,146
2012	351,102,893	1.77%	4.61%		2,082
2013	353,435,665	1.88%	4.32%		2,078
2014	355,529,059	1.92%	3.98%		2,083
2015	346,413,192	1.87%	N/A		2,017
2016	346,516,142	1.85%	N/A		2,007
2017	330,333,769	1.73%	N/A		1,903

Notes: N/A not available.

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See Table 6, Assessed Valuation and Estimated Market Value of Taxable Property, for Estimated Market Values of Taxable Property.

⁽²⁾ See Table 15, Demographic Statistics, for personal income and population data.

Westminster, Maryland Computation of Legal Debt Margin June 30, 2017

Net assessed value- Real Property	\$ 18,502,136,221	
Debt limit - 6% of net total assessed value (1)		\$ 1,110,128,173
Assessed Value-Personal Property	 596,473,480	
Debt limit- 15% of net assessed value (1)		 89,471,022
Debt Limit- (6%/15%) of net assessed value		1,199,599,196
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit:		
Total Bonded Debt	\$ 308,919,776	
Less- Agricultural Preservation Program Self Supporting Debt	32,827,508	
Less- Fire Company Loans- Self Supporting Debt	6,227,978	
Less - Bureau of Utilities bonds	11,279,585	
Less - Septage bonds	62,391	
Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit		258,522,314
Legal debt margin		\$ 941,076,882

Note: (1) Recommended limit - Carroll County does not have a legal debt limit.

Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

Schedule of Legal Debt Margin 2008-2017

Fiscal Year		Assessed Value	Legal Debt Limitation		Legal Borrowing Limitation		Debt Subject to Limitation		Legal Debt Margin	Ratio of Debt Subject to Limitation To Legal Borrowing Limitation
2008	\$	17,902,568,898	6%/15%	S	1,124,225,213	\$	214,237,099	\$	909,988,114	19.06%
2009	Ψ	20,409,412,280	6%/15%	Ψ	1,274,735,984	Ψ	268,496,244	Ψ	1,006,239,740	21.06%
2010		22,066,168,625	6%/15%		1,373,814,980		303,156,906		1,070,658,074	22.07%
2011		20,895,165,478	6%/15%		1,302,726,361		301,960,750		1,000,765,611	23.18%
2012		19,813,576,019	6%/15%		1,248,709,194		292,937,714		955,771,480	23.46%
2013		18,789,765,921	6%/15%		1,175,305,137		287,113,093		888,192,044	24.43%
2014		18,514,343,538	6%/15%		1,158,193,261		286,486,025		871,707,236	24.74%
2015		18,495,548,665	6%/15%		1,159,503,407		273,161,300		886,342,107	23.56%
2016		18,733,020,866	6%/15%		1,174,512,828		272,857,221		901,655,607	23.23%
2017		19,098,609,701	6%/15%		1,199,599,196		258,522,314		941,076,882	21.55%

Westminster, Maryland Computation of Direct And Overlapping Debt June 30, 2017

Jurisdiction	 Real Property Assessed Valuation (1)	Percent of Assessed Valuation to Overlapping Jurisdictions	o rata Share of Direct Debt to risdictions(2)	0	overlapping Debt(3)	Total Direct and Overlapping Debt
Hampstead	\$ 567,495,275	3.07%	9,889,140	\$	3,617,099	\$ 13,506,239
Manchester	465,819,659	2.52%	8,117,346		1,714,239	9,831,585
Mt. Airy	856,955,223	4.63%	14,933,252		5,966,430	20,899,682
New Windsor	129,465,684	0.70%	2,256,061		- ·	2,256,061
Sykesville	401,776,611	2.17%	7,001,336		527,405	7,528,741
Taneytown	573,291,027	3.10%	9,990,136		15,203,038	25,193,174
Union Bridge	68,136,259	0.37%	1,187,338		1,279,837	2,467,175
Westminster	1,638,373,272	8.86%	28,550,197		17,814,841	46,365,038
Unincorporated areas	13,800,823,211	74.59%	240,492,340		- ·	240,492,340
County-wide Totals	\$ 18,502,136,221	100.00%	\$ 322,417,146	\$	46,122,889	\$ 368,540,035

Note: (1) Assessed valuations of real property for each town are from the TASS 153 County report.

(2) See Note 8.

(3) Overlapping debt is provided by each municipality

Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

Incorporated Municipalities.

Westminster, Maryland Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Personal Income S in thous.)	r Capita nal Income (2)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2008	174,249	\$ 6,944,986	\$ 41,147	28,261	3.80%
2009	174,909	7,176,136	42,264	27,745	6.60%
2010	167,134	7,192,191	44,247	27,524	6.50%
2011	167,929	7,400,133	45,507	27,201	6.80%
2012	168,570	7,612,765	48,919	26,937	6.60%
2013	169,519	8,180,090	49,477	26,506	6.20%
2014	170,643	8,928,631	53,200	26,153	5.40%
2015	171,702	N/A	N/A	25,706	4.80%
2016	172,703	N/A	N/A	25,551	4.30%
2017	173,594	N/A	N/A	25,256	3.50%

Source: (1) Carroll County Department of Comprehensive Planning, June 2017. FY 2010 reflects the 2010 Census data. All other fiscal years are estimates.

- (3) Carroll County Board of Education Approved Operating Budget Fiscal Year 2016-2017.
- (4) Maryland Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation, Office of Labor Market Analysis and Information.

⁽²⁾ Maryland Department of Planning, Planning Data Services, from U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, April 2015.

Westminster, Maryland Major Employers Current Fiscal Year 2017 and Nine Years Ago

2017

		Total	Percentage of Total County
Firm	Product/Service	Employment *	Employment
Board of Education of Carroll County **	Elementary and secondary school systems	3,363	5.82%
Carroll Hospital Center	General hospital	1,995	3.45%
Springfield Hospital Center	Mental health services	833	1.44%
Penguin Random House, Inc.	Book warehousing and distribution	755	1.31%
Integrace - Fairhaven	Retirement/Assisted Living	753	1.30%
McDaniel College	Higher education	800	1.38%
Carroll County Government***	Local government	631	1.09%
Carroll Community College	Higher education	660	1.14%
EVAPCO	Cooling Equipment Manufacturer	440	0.76%
Carroll Lutheran Village	Retirement/Assisted Living	425	0.74%
	Total	10,655	18.43%
	Annual Average Employment in Carroll County****	57,783	

2008

		Total	Percentage of Total County
Firm	Product/Service	Employment	Employment
Board of Education of Carroll County **	Elementary and secondary school systems	3,689	6.53%
Carroll Hospital Center	General hospital	1,824	3.23%
Random House	Book warehousing and distribution	900	1.59%
Springfield Hospital Center	Mental health services	833	1.47%
Carroll County Government ***	Local government central office	668	1.18%
McDaniel College	Higher education	623	1.10%
Fairhaven (Episcopal Ministries)	Life care retirement community	603	1.07%
Jos. A. Bank Clothiers	Corporate HQ/ Distribution	527	0.93%
Carroll Communinty College	Higher education	509	0.90%
General Dynamics Robotic Systems	Technology Manufacturing	475	0.84%
	Total	10,651	18.84%
	Annual Average Employment in Carroll County	56,526	

Notes: * As of 2016 Brief Economic Facts – commerce.maryland.com excludes state and local governments

** Does not include hourly employees such as substitutes, aides, etc.

*** Central offices only. From Table 17 - Excludes Sheriff's Department, States Attorney, etc.

**** As of June 2016.

Source: Carroll County Department of Economic Development.

The County's Annual Average Employment is from the Maryland Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation

Annual Employment and Payroll Reports. Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

Carroll County Department of Land Use, Planning and Development

Westminster, Maryland

Full-Time County Employees by Function/ Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/program	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
General Government										
County Commissioners										
Legislative	7	6	5	5	6	5	9	9	8	9
Public Information	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
* Farm Museum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	9	10
* Building Construction	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-
* Facilities	53	48	50	51	47	47	48	-	-	-
* Fleet	24	24	23	23	22	23	24	-	-	-
* Permits	23	23	22	22	22	22	22	-	-	-
* Airport Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
Judicial Services	76	74	70	68	68	68	69	73	75	73
County Attorney	10	9	10	11	12	10	10	10	10	10
Comptroller	32	34	34	33	34	34	34	35	36	37
Administrative Services										
Administrative Services- Admin	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Human Resources and Personnel Svcs	14	12	11	12	13	12	13	13	16	17
Management Analysis	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2
TV Production	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Production & Distribution Svcs	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Technology Services	31	30	29	27	27	25	25	25	25	27
Management and Budget	15	15	15	14	15	15	14	16	18	16
Land Use, Planning and Development	51	51	48	47	45	46	43	43	43	45
* General Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	103	118	127
Human Services	52	48	51	55	50	48	48	45	54	56
Public Safety										
Sheriff Services	241	245	249	253	242	230	211	204	209	197
Emergency Services	41	41	36	36	34	37	30	31	32	36
Public Works										
* Supervision & Administration	7	8	7	5	4	3	2	2	4	4
* Airport	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-
Roads	101	104	100	101	101	100	99	97	105	112
* Engineering	19	19	18	18	19	18	19	20	22	23
Bureau of Utilities-Operations	33	31	32	31	32	33	33	32	33	34
Solid Waste-Operations	18	15	18	17	20	20	20	19	20	20
Transportation CTS	1	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	_
*Social Services	-	12	12	17	16	17	17	16	16	15
Education	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
*Culture and Recreation	24	26	26	25	32	31	31	22	27	27
Conservation of Natural Resources										
Soil Conservation Service	5	4	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	6
Economic Development										
Economic Development	6	6	8	7	6	6	6	6	7	7
BERC	11	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	8	8
* Tourism	8	8	8	8	1	1	1	1	2	2
Total Full Time Employee Totals	914	911	905	910	892	875	854	855	913	930
Part Time Employees	7	7	5	5	6	5	5	8	12	14
Total Employees	921	918	910	915	898	880	859	863	925	944
* *	=	$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$	=	=	=	=	=	=	

Source: Department of the Comptroller

^{*} Denotes departments affected by reorganizations.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

Westminster, Maryland Operating Indicators by Function/Program

4.45 8,247 2.95 8,793 2,534 14,802 12,779 98,155 20,652 2,209 2,867 675 99 93 28,261 174,249 106,828 44,316 177,729 17,584 59,186 00,195 14,051 86,144 2008 2.08 7.39 8,256 8,816 159 26,308 1,908 95 100,430 17,848 61,14017,805 12,370 820,69 27,745 2,920 693 64 17,721 2,251 109,428 108,861 81,447 2009 S S 4.45 2.05 8,268 8,844 201 32,699 1,745 52,397 18,081 59,565 2.71 3,138 15,845 18,293 20,155 11,576 2,209 74,364 27,524 167.134 110,336 92,144 85.942 2010 ٠. 8,323 18,216 60,752 2.07 8,891 18,293 93,252 13,588 2,198 27,201 3,347 167,929 31,8031,828 16,551 92 30,154 112,688 66,314 4 105,683 91,306 187 2011 ٠. 4.45 8,953 2.86 8,382 16,940 7.39 14,670 12,809 1,826 71,994 18,488 2,163 26,937 112,931 101,616 30,587 87,153 3,173 168,570 40,741 120 60,037 92 84,739 2012 8,428 2.63 8,995 340 1,775 80,519 18,731 19,242 806,96 12,840 84,068 2,154 26,506 3,167 169.519 116,523 56,305 62,319 19.579 91 82,994 21,181 2013 S 4.45 9,040 8,474 329 54,620 18,786 71,437 19,880 2.05 7.39 2,920 106 78,487 2,152 26,153 23,410 91 88,565 95,758 21,182 170,643 119,595 70,835 1,681 17,271 2014 X X N/A 2.02 7.39 8,521 2.89 4.45 9,107 287 53,298 120 725 106 95,480 2,128 120,076 2,082 91 20,502 13,100 82,380 25,706 2,803 171,702 90,926 25,195 95,793 2015 S 120 725 N/A N/A 8,582 9,166 Z/A 2.03 7.39 2.65 4.45 124,340 2,452 23,460 97 2,199 2,664 82,527 99,402 49,644 81,606 5,097 94,304 25,551 172,703 2016 N/A8,616 N/A X V 7.39 2.57 4.45 9,204 25,256 324 59,769 2,271 86,246 2,542 354 725 92 81,217 2,017 142 21,480 127,215 67,487 20,302 02,698 23,002 2017 Estimated Value (\$ in thousands) Residential Building Permits Issued for other purposes **Building Permits Issued for Residential** Estimated Value (\$ in thousands) Other Full Time Equivalent Students (FTE's) Number of Customer Accounts Number of Customer Accounts Active Volunteers (estimated) Plants Daily Capacity (mgd) Plants Daily Capacity (mgd) Daily Average Usage (mgd) Daily Average Usage (mgd) Detention Center Officers Fire and Emergency Service 911 Calls for Service Dispatched Incidents Sheriff's Department Number of Teachers Total Prisoner Days Number of Students 911 Calls Received Citations/Warnings Resident Troopers Fons into Landfill Registered Voters Tons Transferred General Government General Information Fons Recycled Community College Paid Firemen Police Protection Detention Center Population Tons In Solid Waste Wastewater Education Water

N/A: Information is not available for the years indicated.

39,352 25,188 129,635

2,922 39,311 26,020 159,518

2,516 41,493 29,171 243,226

3,213 44,689 33,297 241,749

2,007 49,518 30,446 271,716

> 57,402 33,606 274,588

2,280 54,857 34,357 273,041

2,381 51,448 37,124 295,793

> 54,499 39,360 310,949

53,882 37,131 311,517

Volunteer Hours performed at Centers

Seniors Attending Activities

Meals Served

Outside Groups using facilities

517,239

3,606,169

551,376 3,885,584

552,892 4,214,073

4,402,122

548,749

557,220

555,600

82

3,987,246

600,018 3,970,949

603,439

640,583 3,721,515

Number of volumes (estimated)

Circulation

Senior Centers

Tie Downs Occupied Corporate Hangars Occupied

Faculty-Full Time

Faculty-Part Time

Fuel Sales (gals)

Airport

T Hangars Occupied

Libraries

1,200,368

82 570,742 1,295,264

63 143

545

527

580

296

84

82

85

196

203

199

304.837

270.784

329.762

276,020

471,700

Source: Carroll County Government.

Table 19

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

Westminster, Maryland

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

		ı		,)					
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
General Information										
Area in Square Miles	455.52	455.52	455.52	455.52	455.52	455.52	455.52	455.52	455.52	455.52
Miles of Roads Paved	666	993	915	905	903	668	968	968	893	891
Miles of Roads Unpaved	99	69	70	80	80	80	83	83	84	98
Number of Bridges	153	153	151	151	151	145	147	147	147	147
Acres in Agricultural Land										
Preservation	70,311	68,929	66,642	65,761	62,366	62,078	60,002	57,627	54,858	50,711
Fire and Emergency Service										
Stations		14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Detention Center										
Capacity	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185
Water										
Water Mains (miles)	145	144	141	140	139	139	139	139	135	135
Treatment Plants	5	S	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Water Tanks	7	7	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Wastewater										
Sewer Mains (miles)	131	130	128	127	125	125	125	125	125	122
Treatment Plants	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Pumping Stations	22	22	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Solid Waste										
Active Landfills	П	-	П	1	1	1	1	П	П	Т
Recreation and Culture										
Parks (1)	31	32	32	32	32	32	31	29	28	27
Acreage	4,726	4,773	4,773	4,773	4,773	4,773	4,629	4,652	4,478	4,478
Education										
Elementary	22	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Middle	8	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
High	7	8	8	∞	8	∞	8	8	8	7
Vocational technical	П	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Special/Alternative Education	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
College	-	1	-	1	1	1	-	1	1	-
Airport										
Runway (feet)	2,100	5,100	5,100	5,100	5,100	5,100	5,100	5,100	5,100	5,100
T Hangars Available	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82
Corporate Hangars Available	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Tie Downs Available	41	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52
Apron Area (acres)	146.0	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6
Firearms Facility	1	1	1			1	П	П	1	П
Libraries	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	5
Senior Centers	S	S	S	S	\$	S	S	S	S	S

Note: (1) Includes two proposed reservoirs. Source: Carroll County Government.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Bureau of Utilities - Revenue and Expenses Last Ten Fiscal Years

	I		2017		2016		2015	2014	2013		2012	2011		2010	 	2009		2008
Revenue Usage charges Service charges Penalties and interest Operating transfer - County Capital contributions (1) Maintenance fee Other	'	↔	10,578,433 - 159,650 204,490 300,231 11,480,053 11,558	↔	10,359,334 - 452,880 189,350 887,006 1,467,824	∞	10,233,000 - 222,120 199,420 482,614 1,462,477	\$ 9,272,482 - 480,963 193,390 775,916 1,455,846 262,830	\$ 8,676,619 - 577,270 202,790 1,008,491 1,454,435	519 - 270 90 191 135 - 69	\$ 8,312,844 798 179,147 199,511 335,174 1,443,774 176,530	\$ 8,446,852 11,838 382,493 (305,031 523,776 1,438,797	446,852 \$ 11,838 382,493 (305,031) 523,776 438,797	7,620,404 4,680 209,239 200,200 426,563 1,432,610	\$ 80 80 33 63 10 57	7,328,198 421 421 442,379 206,980 75,395 1,428,013 190,940	8	7,305,990 54,991 1,815,891 629,850 855,655 307,022
	Total revenue		12,734,415		13,356,394		12,600,424	12,441,427	12,185,180	08 	10,647,778	10,670,765),765 	10,111,653	 	9,672,326	12	12,397,181
Expenses 9 Salaries			2,628,389		2,551,327		2,443,101	2,510,322	2,298,153	53	2,358,994	2,341	2,341,948	2,394,033	33	2,499,181	(4	2,241,162
Operating expenses			6,663,394		6,308,098		5,692,128	5,795,999	5,434,123	123	5,605,458	6,28(6,280,389	5,129,427	27	3,157,883	47	5,652,991
Depreciation Interest			2,296,365 483,441		2,185,471 499,729		2,204,733 706,695	2,285,154 736,935	2,279,024 789,748)24 748	2,266,863 859,153	2,27 <u>2</u> 992	2,275,618 992,506	1,914,768 1,051,417	68 17	1,579,651 932,542	_	1,534,088 628,305
Other			1		55,584		1	1			•					1		•
I	Total expense		12,071,589		11,600,209		11,046,657	11,328,410	10,801,048	948	11,090,468	11,890,46),461	10,489,645	45	8,169,257	10	10,056,546
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expense:	Sense:	8	662,826	S	662,826 \$ 1,756,185 \$ 1,553,767	S	1,553,767	\$ 1,113,017	\$ 1,384,132	32	\$ (442,690)	\$ (1,219,696)	\$ (969')	(377,992)		\$ 1,503,069	8	2,340,635

Note: (1) Adoption of GASB 33 requires all capital contributions be treated as revenue and presented separately within the financial statements.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Solid Waste Fund - Revenue and Expenses Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013	7	2012	77	2011		2010		2009		2008
Revenue Charge for services	8	6,846,672	S	6,201,012	∽	6,023,220	€.	5,862,657	8	6,165,482	9° 8	6,647,622	\$ 6,	6,713,042	≈ «,	5,435,007	8	6,133,596	8	6,269,365
Penalties and interest Proceeds from sales of recyclables		41,895		214,039		2,5/3		21,644		19,936		15,624 596,322	4,	14,773		211,945		302,752		447,743 340,424
Capital contributions-equip. transferred from County		2,303		47,133						1		ı		1		15,888				
Gain on sale of fixed assets		22,500		12,431		- 000 204		- 000 300		78,616		3,677		- 007 70		35,395		- 200		
20 Omer 2 Operating transfer - County		4,860 2,415,000		2,700 2,415,000		4/6,0/9		263,732 1,115,000		236,367 6,445,000	2,	186,933 2,545,000	2,5	186,399 2,545,000		2,545,000		8,773 2,545,000		2,645,000
Total revenue		9,538,152		9,015,936		6,945,264		7,811,143	1	13,593,490	6	9,995,200	10,0	0,051,094	∞	8,715,572	5	9,381,995		9,719,639
Expense Salaries		1 484 759		1 523 060		1 435 456		436 414		1 524 733	-	522 883	_	604 911	_	633 708	_	633 300		1 387 457
Operating expenses		6,694,399		7,866,631		7,444,156	7	4,218,417		9,874,810	· •	6,459,000	,, ₇ , ₉	6,453,160	- 0	6,652,203	- 40	5,363,689		5,817,255
Depreciation		605,529		551,842		277,666		564,037		585,096		621,723		615,658		472,313		266,818		203,133
Interest		46,408		55,038		93,541		100,662		123,644		124,285		156,480		202,701		224,027		241,073
Total expense		8,831,095		9,996,571		9,550,819		6,319,530	1	12,108,283	8	8,727,891	8,8	8,830,209	8	8,961,015	'	7,487,843		7,648,918
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expense \$\frac{\\$}{}\$	S	707,057	S	(980,635)	~	(2,605,555)	\$	1,491,613	S	1,485,207	\$ 1,	1,267,309	\$ 1,2	1,220,885	\$	(245,443)	8	1,894,152	\$	2,070,721
Tipping Fee per ton	\$	64.00	\$	62.00	8	62.00	\$	62.00	\$	62.00	\$	62.00	\$	00.09	\$	58.00	\$	76.00	\$	61.00

Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Airport Fund - Revenue and Expenses Westminster, Maryland

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2017		2016		2015	`*	2014	2(2013	` •	2012	2	2011	7	2010	7	2009		2008
Revenue																				
Rent	s	717,604	S	694,754	S	667,119	\$	638,096	\$	586,247	8	588,932	€	611,167	€9	462,981	8	470,011	S	495,278
Fuel sales		74,455		69,005		60,589		75,846		63,270		61,685		64,016		53,570		197,646		1,715,510
Capital contributions (1)		189,422		179,130		25,000		186,719		434,316		233,646		111,220		48,969		460,454		91,598
Capital contributions-County		٠		30,000		•		•		•		٠				•		•		•
Land sale		•		5,632		902		•		1		•		•		•		•		•
Operating transfer-County		•		i		•		1	2,	2,000,000		•		,		•		40,000		40,000
Other		13,179		318		592		600,6		55		43		169		2,030		3,601		11,222
Total revenue		994,660		978,839		754,202		909,670	3,	3,083,888		884,306		787,094		567,550		1,171,712		2,353,608
Expenses																				
Salaries		248,404		235,452		198,133		200,002		199,851		188,612		212,539		247,203		256,173		236,788
Operating expenses		162,834		158,637		175,804		153,102		216,549	_	1,312,582		124,103		308,329		267,209	. 4	2,359,958
Operating expenses-capital (2)		273,626		204,719		120,000		194,565		5,438		•		15,892		•		٠		255,400
Interest		39,899		48,478		65,301		70,822		78,281		84,437		93,960		104,350		113,327		122,044
Depreciation		176,283		175,761		174,578		182,320		188,935		183,140		171,551		169,729		140,983		123,428
Total expense		901,046		823,047		733,816		800,811		689,054		1,768,771		618,045		829,611		777,692	``'	3,097,618
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expense:	~	93,614	es.	155,792	~	20,386	∽	108,859	\$	2,394,834	↔	(884,465)	~	169,049	· •	(262,061)	S	394,020	↔	(744,010)

⁽¹⁾ Capital contributions include reimbursements from the Federal Aviation Administration and the Maryland Aviation Administration.

Aviation Administration.

Note: (1) Adoption of GASB 33 requires all capital contributions be treated as revenue and presented separately within the financial statements. Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

⁽²⁾ Operating expense reimbursed by the Federal Aviation Administration and the Maryland

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY
Westminster, Maryland
Retired Members of the Carroll County Pension Plan by Type of Benefit

As of June 30, 2017

		l						
	Е		2	14	4	S	0	, / benefit benefit benefit
	D		3	3	1	2	3	ttions d continuous uced monthly ced monthly
selected	C		19	31	10	3	7	used contribu ars certain an nember's redu ember's redu
Option Selected	В		13	15	13	2	1	member only mp sum of un r, with ten ye 0 percent of r i percent of m
	A		8	13	6	2	9	Option Selected: Unmodified: Life Annuity, member only A - Beneficiary receives lump sum of unused contributions B - Life Annuity of member, with ten years certain and continuous C - Beneficiary receives 100 percent of member's reduced monthly benefit D - Beneficiary receives 75 percent of member's reduced monthly benefit E - Beneficiary receives 50 percent of member's reduced monthly benefit
	Unmod		29	23	16	8	3	Option Selected: Unmodified: Life Annuity, member only A - Beneficiary receives lump sum of unused contributions B - Life Annuity of member, with ten years certain and continuous C - Beneficiary receives 100 percent of member's reduced monthly benefit D - Beneficiary receives 75 percent of member's reduced monthly benefit E - Beneficiary receives 50 percent of member's reduced monthly benefit
	4		0	0	0	0	0	ice etirement
tirement	3		7	9				Ype of Retirement: - Normal Retirement for age and/or service - Early Retirement - Beneficiary Payment, normal or early retirement - Beneficiary Payment, death in service
Type of Retirement	2			7	7	S	2	ement: stirement for a rement y Payment, no y Payment, de
	1		29	98	46	17	19	Type of Retirement: 1 - Normal Retireme 2 - Early Retirement 3 - Beneficiary Payn 4 - Beneficiary Payn
# of Retired	Members		74		53			
Amount of	Monthly Benefit	Deferred	\$ 1 - \$250	251 - 500	501-750	751 - 1000	Over 1,000	

Source: Department of Human Resources.

Table 24

Westminster, Maryland Carroll County Employee Pension Plan Average Benefit Payments Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Y	ears of Cr	edite	ed Service						
Retirement Effective Date		0 - 5		5 - 10		10 - 15		15 - 20		20 - 25		25 - 30
Period 7/1/07 to 6/30/08 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Monthly Salary	\$ \$	137 2,065	\$ \$	447 1,939	\$ \$	2,125 2,572	\$ \$	6,625 3,498	\$ \$	4,404 3,385	\$ \$	- -
Number of Retired Members		4		5		12		18		13		-
Period 7/1/08 to 6/30/09 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Monthly Salary Number of Retired Members	\$ \$	198 2,065 4	\$ \$	934 2,605 7	\$ \$	3,207 2,705 14	\$ \$	9,320 3,457 25	\$ \$	6,777 3,365 17	\$ \$	- - -
Period 7/1/09 to 6/30/10 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Monthly Salary Number of Retired Members	\$ \$	206 1,879 5	\$ \$	1,276 3,030 11	\$ \$	4,144 2,706 19	\$ \$	11,327 3,631 30	\$ \$	10,647 3,574 30	\$ \$	609 3,544 1
Period 7/1/10 to 6/30/11 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Monthly Salary Number of Retired Members	\$ \$	518 2,314 9	\$ \$	1,736 2,909 15	\$ \$	5,999 2,849 26	\$ \$	13,356 3,886 32	\$ \$	17,581 3,649 36	\$ \$	622 3,544 1
Period 7/1/11 to 6/30/12 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Monthly Salary Number of Retired Members	\$ \$	822 2,512 11	\$ \$	2,499 2,992 19	\$ \$	8,352 2,963 31	\$ \$	15,819 3,856 34	\$ \$	19,982 3,685 38	\$ \$	762 3,620 2
Period 7/1/12 to 6/30/13 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Monthly Salary Number of Retired Members	\$ \$	1,089 2,614 15	\$ \$	3,107 2,897 22	\$ \$	9,970 3,043 36	\$ \$	17,569 3,818 38	\$ \$	21,338 3,708 40	\$ \$	1,793 3,408 4
Period 7/1/13 to 6/30/14 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Monthly Salary Number of Retired Members	\$ \$	1,356 2,730 17	\$ \$	4,366 2,874 28	\$ \$	11,337 3,099 39	\$ \$	20,840 3,750 43	\$ \$	23,544 3,797 43	\$ \$	4,255 3,621 8
Period 7/1/14 to 6/30/15 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Monthly Salary Number of Retired Members	\$ \$	1,738 2,850 18	\$ \$	7,062 2,952 36	\$ \$	15,280 3,171 47	\$ \$	27,295 3,879 52	\$ \$	25,804 3,781 44	\$ \$	11,100 3,749 15
Period 7/1/15 to 6/30/16 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Monthly Salary Number of Retired Members	\$ \$	2,777 2,850 20	\$ \$	9,201 2,995 43	\$ \$	17,255 3,163 51	\$ \$	32,057 3,984 58	\$ \$	30,023 3,832 49	\$ \$	17,714 3,982 20
Period 7/1/16 to 6/30/17 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Monthly Salary Number of Retired Members	\$ \$	1,927 2,694 21	\$ \$	10,470 3,074 47	\$ \$	17,208 3,152 55	\$ \$	30,471 3,856 59	\$ \$	31,311 3,855 51	\$ \$	31,923 4,353 35

Source: Department of Human Resources.

Westminster, Maryland Retired Members of the Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan by Type of Benefit As of June 30, 2017

			Type of Retirement	etirement				Option Selected	Selected		
Amount of	# of Retired					Life Ann.	Cash Ref	Life Ann. Cash Ref 10 Yr. Cert. J&C 100% J&C 75% J&C 50%	J&C 100%	J&C 75%	J&C 50%
Monthly Benefit	Members	1	2	3	4	Unmod	A	В	C	D	Ε
Deferred	0										
\$ 1 - \$250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
251 - 500	-	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
501-750		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0
751 - 1000	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Over 1,000	10	10	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	2	2
		Type of Retirement:	ement:			Option Selected:	ted:				
		1 - Normal Retireme	etirement for	- Normal Retirement for age and/or service	vice	Unmodified:	Life Annuity	Unmodified: Life Annuity, member only	y weed contribu	oritions	
		3 - Beneficiar	ry Payment, n	- Bany vententing - Beneficiary Payment, normal or early retirement	retirement	B - Life Annu	ity of memb	B - Life Annuity of member, with 10 years certain and continuous	ars certain and	d continuous	
		4 - Beneficiar	ry Payment, d	eficiary Payment, death in service		C - Beneficia	ry receives 1	C - Beneficiary receives 100 percent of member's reduced monthly benefit	member's redu	uced monthly	benefit
						D - Beneficia	ry receives 7	D - Beneficiary receives 75 percent of member's reduced monthly benefit	nember's reduc	ced monthly b	enefit
						E - Beneficia	ry receives 5	E - Beneficiary receives 50 percent of member's reduced monthly benefit	nember's reduc	ced monthly b	enefit

Source: Department of Human Resources.

Westminster, Maryland Carroll County Certified Law Officer's Pension Average Benefit Payments Last Six Fiscal Years

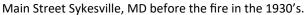
Years of Credited Service

			i ears	or Cre	ane	u Service	:					
Retirement Effective Date	0 -	- 5	5 -	10	1	0 - 15	1	5 - 20	2	20 - 25		25 - 30
Period 7/1/11 to 6/30/12 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Monthly Salary Number of Retired Members	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	723 5,059 1	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	1,393 4,488 1
Period 7/1/12 to 6/30/13. Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Monthly Salary Number of Retired Members	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	737 5,059 1	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	2,483 4,488 2
Period 7/1/13 to 6/30/14 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Monthly Salary Number of Retired Members	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	1,391 5,010 2	\$ \$	130 4,338 1	\$ \$	2,947 4,612 2	\$ \$	5,316 4,553 3
Period 7/1/14 to 6/30/15 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Monthly Salary Number of Retired Members	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	1,411 5,010 2	\$ \$	390 4,338 1	\$ \$	1,209 4,175 1	\$ \$	7,869 4,678 4
Period 7/1/15 to 6/30/16 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Monthly Salary Number of Retired Members	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	1,411 5,010 2	\$ \$	390 4,338 1	\$ \$	2,532 4,502 2	\$ \$	7,869 4,678 4
Period 7/1/16 to 6/30/17 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Monthly Salary Number of Retired Members	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	1,446 5,010 2	\$ \$	1,702 5,249 2	\$ \$	3,930 4,722 3	\$ \$	13,430 4,986 6

Carroll County Certified Law Officer's Pension was established during fiscal year 2010.

Source: Department of Human Resources.

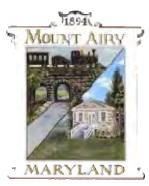






Main Street Sykesville, MD now.

Single Audit Section





Mt. Airy, MD Main Street 1953



Mt. Airy, MD now.



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the County Commissioners of Carroll County Carroll County, Maryland

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carroll County, Maryland (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Carroll County, Maryland's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2017. The County's financial statements include the operations of the Carroll Community College, the Board of Education of Carroll County, the Industrial Development Authority of Carroll County, and the Carroll County Public Library for the year ended June 30, 2017. Our audit described below did not include operations of these entities as they are engaged under separate audits in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Carroll County, Maryland's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Carroll County, Maryland's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carroll County, Maryland's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2017-001 and 2017-002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Carroll County, Maryland's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an

opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Baltimore, Maryland December 11, 2017

CohnReynickLLF



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The County Commissioners of Carroll County Westminster, Maryland

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Carroll County, Maryland's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Carroll County, Maryland's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Carroll County, Maryland's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Carroll County, Maryland's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Carroll County, Maryland's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

The County's financial statements include the operations of the Carroll County Community College, the Carroll County Board of Education, the Industrial Development Authority of Carroll County, and the Carroll County Public Library for the year ended June 30, 2017, component units which may have received federal awards, and which are not included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the year ended June 30, 2017. Our audit described below did not include operations of these entities as they are engaged under separate audits. The results of these audits are separately reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance, if required.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Carroll County, Maryland's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Carroll County, Maryland complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Carroll County, Maryland is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Carroll County, Maryland's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carroll County, Maryland's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2017-003 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Carroll County, Maryland's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Carroll County, Maryland's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Baltimore, Maryland December 11, 2017

CohnReynickZZF

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Direct Housing Section 8 Grants			
Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Cluster (14.871 / 14.879)			
HUD Housing Admin FY16	14.871	\$ -	\$ 316
HUD Housing FY17	14.871	Ψ -	5,070,011
HUD Housing Admin FY17	14.871	-	428,177
HUD Housing Admin FY18	14.871	-	653
Total Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Cluster (14.871 / 14.879)		-	5,499,157
Continuum of Care FFY16	14.267	-	2,351
Continium of Care FY17	14.267	-	6,599
Family Self-Sufficiency FY17	14.896		49,570
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Section 8 Gr	rants		5,557,677
U.S. Department of Housing & Community Development			
Passed Through Maryland Department of Community Development			
Emergency Solutions FY15	14.231	46,306	46,306
Emergency Solutions FY16	14.231	18,544	18,544
CDBG-Respite Inn FY17	14.228	178,560	178,560
ARC-CDBG FY17	14.228	80,647	80,647
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Community Development		324,057	324,057
U.S. Department of Labor			
Passed Through Howard County Maryland			
Manpower Resources Employment and Training Assistance			
WIA Cluster (17.258 / 17.259 / 17.278)			
BERC-Title I Adult FY16	17.258	-	207,447
BERC-Title I Adult FY17	17.258	-	3,099
BERC-Title I Dislc Worker FY16	17.278	-	553,853
BERC-Title I Dislc Worker FY17	17.278	=	593
BERC-Youth FY16	17.259	=	139,004
BERC-Youth FY17	17.259	=	904
BERC-Admin FY16	17.258	=	32,434
BERC-Admin FY16	17.278	-	11,743
BERC-Admin FY16	17.259	-	11,743
BERC-Admin FY17	17.258	-	671
BERC-Admin FY17	17.278	-	243
BERC-Admin FY17	17.259	-	243
BERC-WEX FY16	17.259	-	4,316
Passed Through Maryland Department of Education Economically Disadvantaged Youth FY10	17.259	-	2,261
Total WIA Cluster (17.258 / 17.259 / 17.278)			968,554
,			
Total U.S. Department of Labor			968,554

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.C. Damantonant of Haalth and Human Caminas			
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through Maryland Office on Aging Aging Cluster (93.044 / 93.045 / 93.053)			
Title III, Part B FY16	93.044	_	61
Title III, Part B FY17	93.044	_	176,519
Title III, Part C-1 Congregate Meals FY16	93.045	-	7,079
Title III, Part C-1 Congregate Meals FY17	93.045	-	126,699
Title III, Part C-2 Home Delivered Meals FY16	93.045	-	22,860
Title III, Part C-2 Home Delivered Meals FY17	93.045	-	36,723
Nutritional Svc Incentive FY17	93.053	-	35,493
Total Aging Cluster (93.044 / 93.045 / 93.053)			405,434
Title III, Part D FY17	93.043	=	3,685
Title III, Part E FY16	93.052	=	16,311
Title III, Part E FY17	93.052	=	47,033
Ombudsman FY16	93.042	-	6,409
Ombudsman FY17	93.042	-	13,055
Title VII, Part 3 Elder Abuse FY17	93.041	-	3,750
SMPOOA FY17	93.048	-	3,878
SHIP FY17	93.324	-	7,888
MIPPA FY16	93.071	=	2,294
MIPPA FY17	93.071	=	7,191
SHIP FY18	93.324	=	5,000
Passed Through Maryland State Department of Human Resources			
Circuit Ct Child Support FY16	93.563	-	8,061
St Atty Child Support FY16	93.563	-	2,994
Circuit Ct Child Support FY17	93.563	-	15,232
Sheriff Child Support FY16	93.563	=	24,384
Sheriff Child Support FY17	93.563	=	78,771
Safe & Stable FY17	93.556	125,824	125,824
Sheriff CCAIC Training Enhance FY16	93.643		1,448
Cluster (15.025/ 15.026 / 15.113 / 15.114 / 15.130 / 17.265 / 93.558 / 93.569 / 93.575 / 93.594 / 93.596)			
Family Preservation FY17	93.558	356,250	356,250
Total Cluster (15.025/ 15.026 / 15.113 / 15.114 / 15.130 / 17.265 /		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
93.558 / 93.569 / 93.575 / 93.594 / 93.596)		356,250	356,250
Passed Through Maryland Department of Health & Mental Hygiene			
Family Blossom IV-E FFY16	93.658	_	11,515
Legal Services FY17	93.658	-	39,026
(Cluster 93.775 / 93.777 / 93.778)			
MA Waiver FY17	93.778	-	210,142
MFP FY17	93.778	-	10,450
Passed Through Maryland Office on Aging			
Federal Financial Participation FY17	93.778	-	157,380
Total Cluster 93.775 / 93.777 / 93.778		-	377,972
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		482,074	1,563,405
II C. Vatarana Administration			
U.S. Veterans Administration			
Passed Through Maryland Office On Aging Veterans Directed Home FY17	64.022		20,460
Total U.S. Veterans Administration			20,460

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed Through Maryland State Highway Administration			
Cluster 20.205 / 20.219 / 20.224 / 23.003			
Sheriff Highway Safety FY16	20.205	-	7,719
White Rock Road over Piney Run	20.205	-	547,372
MD 32 Sidewalk	20.205	_	20,766
Finksburg Industrial Park	20.205	_	760,708
Total cluster 20.205 / 20.219 / 20.224 / 23.003			1,336,565
Cluster 20.600 / 20.601 / 20.602 / 20.609 / 20.610 / 20.611 / 20.612 /			
20.613 / 20.616			
Sheriff Highway Safety FY17	20.600	-	7,000
Sheriff Highway Safety FY16	20.600	-	11,578
Sheriff Highway Safety FY17	20.616	-	5,792
Total cluster 20.600 / 20.601 / 20.602 / 20.609 / 20.610 / 20.611 /			
20.612 / 20.613 / 20.616		=	24,370
Cluster 20.500 / 20.507 / 20.525 / 20.526			
Section 5307 FY17	20.507	_	296,622
Section 5311 Capital FY17	20.507	=	510,026
Section 5311 Capital FY14	20.507	-	194,053
Section 5311 Capital FY15	20.507	-	292,963
CTS Vehicle Auction	20.507	-	3,590
Total cluster 20.500 / 20.507 / 20.525 / 20.526		_	1,297,254
Motor carrier Safety Asst FY16	20.218	-	5,391
Motor carrier Safety Asst FY17	20.218	-	13,531
Section 5311 FY17	20.509	-	100,119
Older Driver FY16	20.614	-	198
UPWP FY16	20.505	-	14,820
HMEP FY15	20.703	-	6,337
UPWP FY15	20.505	-	34,668
UPWP FY17	20.505	-	46,744
Hazmat FY17	20.703		13,100
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			2,893,097
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed Through Maryland Emergency Management Administration			
Emergency Planners	97.067	-	(1,784)
UASI-Hazmat	97.067	-	(71)
Emer Notification System Software	97.067	-	1,455
SHSP HST FFY15	97.067	-	35,515
UASI FFY15 Emg Planners	97.067	-	118,090
SHSP RESP FFY15	97.067	-	22,722
SHSP EOC FFY15	97.067	-	420
UASI LAW FFY15	97.067	-	50,617
UASI HAZM FFY15	97.067	-	9,843
UASI-MCCV FFY15	97.067	-	1,859
UASI-MCS FFY15	97.067	-	8,630
SHSP Respond to all Hazard events FFY16	97.067	=	4,142
UASI- Regional Em Planners FFY16	97.067	-	33,019
SHSP EOC FFY16	97.067	=	4,999
SHSP Homeland Sec Train FFY16	97.067	-	35,000
UASI ENS FFY16	97.067	=	20,000
UASI-Mobile Command Vehicle FFY16	97.067	=	8,250
UASI-CBRNE FFY16	97.067	-	8,077
Drug Disposal FY16	93.959	-	102
Immigration & Custom Enforcement (ICE)	16.590	-	4,074
Emergency Mgmt Preparedness FEMA Reimbursement-2016 Snowstorm	97.042 97.036	- -	109,077 786,250
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			1,260,286
			.,200,200

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
			•
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through Maryland Departent of Human Resources			
ABAWD FY16	10.561	-	33,860
ABAWD FY17	10.561		25,711
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			59,571
U.S. Department of Justice			
Passed Through The Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention			
Drug Task Force-State's Atty	16.922	-	13,312
DOJ Joint Law Enforcement Ops	16.111	-	9,760
DOJ Joint Law Enforcement FFY17	16.111	-	6,048
VAWA FY16 State's Atty	16.588	_	13,863
VAWA FY16 Sheriff	16.588	_	5,000
VAWA FY 17 State's Atty	16.588	_	49,378
NNCAC FY17	16.758	_	5,822
VAWA FY17 Sheriff	16.588	_	14,852
Adult Drug Ct FY17 Circuit Ct	16.738	-	2,600
Total of U.S. Danartment of Justice			120,635
Total of U.S. Department of Justice			120,033
Executive Office of the President			
Passed Through Mercyhurst Univeristy			
HIDTA CY16	95.001	-	114,637
HIDTA CY17	95.001		32,281
Total Executive Office of the President			146,918
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through Maryand Department of Education			
DORS Program FY17	84.126	_	34,311
DONG Frogram F F F	04.120		34,311
Total U.S. Department of Education			34,311
Environmental Protection Agency			
Passed Through National Fish and Wildlife Foundation			
Carroll County Maintenance Pond	66.466	-	222,867
Passed Through Maryland Department of Natural Recources			•
Carroll County Farm Museum ESD	66.466		119,366
		_	342,233
			<u> </u>
Federal Aviation Administration			
Direct - Airport Improvement Program:			
Master Plan Updated AIP30	20.106	-	44,868
Land Services AIP31	20.106		105,133
Total Federal Aviation Administration			150,001
Total Federal Programs	S	\$ 806,131	\$ 13,441,205

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 - Basis of presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Carroll County, Maryland under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in OMB Circular A-87 for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments or cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Carroll County, Maryland, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the Carroll County, Maryland.

Note 2 - Summary of significant accounting policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Grant revenues are recorded for financial reporting purpose when expenditures are made in accordance with requirements of respective grants. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Note 3 - Indirect cost rate

Carroll County, Maryland has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4 - Prior year expenditures included on the schedule

Due to the timing and approval of reimbursement of certain FEMA grants, the expenditures included with CFDA #97.036 in the amount of \$786,250 were expended in a prior year but included on the current year schedule due to FEMA approval of the costs during the current year.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2017

I. Summary of Independent Auditor's Results

Financial Statements				
Type of Auditor's report issued: Unmod	lified			
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified	d? <u>X</u> Ye	3		_ No
Significant deficiency (ies) ident	tified?Yes	;	<u>X</u>	None Reported
Noncompliance material to final statements noted?	ncial Yes	;	<u>X</u>	No
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified	d? <u>X</u> Ye	6		No
Significant deficiency(ies) identi	ified?Yes	;	<u>X</u>	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on comp major programs:	liance for			Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that to be reported in accordance with Section 200.516(a) of the Unifo	ith 2 CFR	,	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Identification of Major Programs				
	OFFI N		Fiscal Year 6/30/2017	
Name of Federal Program or Cluster	CFDA Number	<u> </u>	xpenditures	
Housing Choice Voucher Cluster	14.871 / 14.879	\$	5,499,157	
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.202 / 20.219 / 20.224 / 23.003	\$	1,336,565	
	20.500 / 20.507 / 20.525 /			
Federal Transit Formula Grants Cluster	20.526	\$	1,297,254	
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	\$	786,250	
ee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	Yes		X_	No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2017

II. Financial Statement Findings

Finding No. 2017 - 001

Material Weakness

Condition/Context

During the course of our audit we noted material misstatements in the County's records surrounding capital assets. The misstatements related specifically to the identification of assets that are placed in service (as opposed to being construction in progress) as well as the valuation recorded for assets donated by a component unit. The material misstatements were corrected as a result of our inquiries.

Criteria

COSO/Internal Control Framework defines control activities as "policies and procedures that help to ensure management's directives are carried out." Management review controls are defined as, "the activities of a person, different than the preparer, through analyzing and performing oversight activities performed, and is an integral part of any internal control structure." COSO/Internal Control Framework state that control activities must be in place for there to be adequate control procedures over financial reporting. Furthermore, these control activities should be performed timely to ensure financial transactions are recorded in the correct reporting period in compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and the standards set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

Cause

The errors related to classification of assets (when placed in service) were due to a lack of consistent, documented control processes surrounding the status of capital projects being completed by the County. The employees responsible for carrying out the projects is segregated from the financial reporting process and the procedures in place to communicate project status is not consistent and thorough.

The errors related to the misstatement of donated assets is due to a misapplication of measurement criteria related to donated assets. The County's does not have a documented process for how to consider a donation from a component unit (different than a donation from an outside party).

Effect

The errors led to misclassification of material amounts of capital assets as well as overstated assets donated from component units. These misstatements were corrected during the audit process.

Recommendations

We recommend that the County update its formal documentation surrounding its procedures pertaining to capital assets. The documentation should identify policy and procedures related to all typical major transactions, such as but not limited to asset acquisitions, dispositions (sale, loss, etc.), received donations and determining service lives and placed-in-service dates. The policies should include procedures that are documented in a fashion that they can be reperformed and should be reviewed within COSO/Internal Control Framework.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2017

Views of the Responsible Officials and Corrective Action Plan

Procedures have been put in place to meet with various departments to review the status of all CIP projects before the close of the year to make sure assets are properly recorded.

During FY17 was the first occurrence where assets were being returned to the primary government from a component unit. The correction was made as soon as we were notified of the error. Procedures have been written on how to handle component unit transfers of assets going forward.

Finding No. 2017 - 002

Material Weakness

Condition/Context

During the course of our audit we noted a material misstatement in the County's records surrounding the recognition of grant revenue related to the federal aviation grants in the Airport Fund, a major enterprise fund.

Criteria

COSO/Internal Control Framework defines control activities as "policies and procedures that help to ensure management's directives are carried out." Management review controls are defined as, "the activities of a person, different than the preparer, through analyzing and performing oversight activities performed, and is an integral part of any internal control structure." COSO/Internal Control Framework state that control activities must be in place for there to be adequate internal control procedures over financial reporting. Furthermore, these control activities should be performed timely to ensure financial transactions are recorded in the correct reporting period in compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and the standards set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

Cause

The errors related to timing of revenue recognition related to cost-reimbursement grants. There were Federal and State-sourced cost-reimbursed grants related to the Airport Fund for which the County incurred expenses and did not record revenue for the portion that was sourced by the grant. Grants in the County's enterprise funds are not typical and are not given the same scrutiny and review as those in the Grant Fund.

Effect

The errors let to underrecognized revenue and assets that were material to the Airport Fund. The misstatement was corrected during the audit process.

Recommendations

We recommend that the County update its formal documentation surrounding its procedures pertaining to grants. The policies and procedures should include a formal review process by a designated finance department employee with the proper subject matter expertise to help overcome the fact that grant administration is decentralized at the County. The process should include documentation of the procedures that are put in place so that the review can be reperformed.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2017

Views of the Responsible Officials and Corrective Action Plan

Many discussions were held at year end on the proper revenue recognition. Adjustments were made to revenue recognition as soon as they were brought to our attention. Procedures are in place to correctly record the FAA grants moving forward and to review grants recorded in the enterprise funds.

III. Major Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding No. 2017 - 003

Material Weakness

Condition/Context

During the course of our audit we found instances where the schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("SEFA") required several adjustments to stated expenditures, changes to CFDA numbers and certain programs were not properly clustered in accordance with Uniform Guidance requirements.

Criteria

The Uniform Guidance requires the auditee to have controls in place that will produce a complete, accurate and properly clustered SEFA.

Cause

The controls in place were unable to prevent adjustments to expenditures, detection of incorrect CFDA numbers and proper cluster reporting.

Effect

The SEFA expenditure amounts were misstated, the SEFA included incorrect CFDA numbers and was not properly clustered.

Recommendations

We recommend that the County enhance controls to ensure that the SEFA provided is complete, accurate and properly clustered.

Views of the Responsible Officials and Corrective Action Plan

All adjustments were made as soon as we found out about any incorrect expenditures or improper cluster groupings. The retirement of the staff member with experience and responsibility for preparing the SEFA occurred two months before year end. Replacement employee was hired after year end and the priority will be to learn the Uniform Guidance Requirements related to federal awards. A request for the addition of a grant accountant position will be considered in the upcoming budget process.

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2017

Finding No. 2016 - 001

Material Weakness

Condition/Context

The June 30, 2016, financial statements of the County reflect prior period adjustments pertaining to improper recording of revenue in the below- listed governmental funds and governmental activities. The effect of the adjustments is summarized below.

Grants Fund Increase fund balance by \$1,770,272.

Increase fund balance by \$655,477 and an unrelated

Capital Fund offsetting decrease of fund balance by \$303,003.

General Fund Increase of fund balance of \$244,767.

The above adjustments to governmental funds of \$2,367,513 also increase net position of the governmental activities by that amount.

Criteria

COSO/Internal Control Framework defines control activities as "policies and procedures that help to ensure management's directives are carried out. "Management review controls are defined as, "the activities of a person, different than the preparer, through analyzing and performing oversight activities performed, and is an integral part of any internal control structure." COSO/Internal Control Framework state that control activities must be in place for there to be adequate internal control procedures over financial reporting. Furthermore, these control activities should be performed timely to ensure financial transactions are recorded in the correct reporting period in compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and the standards set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

Status

Management has satisfactorily addressed all findings noted.

Finding No. 2016 - 002

Material Weakness

Condition/Context

There were prior period adjustments related to improper fund classification. The effect of the adjustments to the following governmental funds and governmental activities is summarized below.

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2017

Agricultural Transfer Fund Decrease fund balance by

\$481,181 for activities that did not qualify as a special revenue fund.

Impact Fee Fund Decrease fund balance by

\$467,479 for activities that did not qualify as a special revenue fund.

Capital Fund Increase fund balance by \$481,181

related to the agricultural transfer tax noted above. The \$467,479 related to the impact fees should have been reported as unearned revenue

resulting in no charge to fund balance.

Agency Fund Decrease in Assets and Liabilities

of \$396,876 for balances that did not qualify as an agency fund. This is now properly accounted for within the

general fund.

Criteria

COSO/Internal Control Framework defines control activities as "policies and procedures that help to ensure management's directives are carried out." Management review controls are defined as, "the activities of a person, different than the preparer, through analyzing and performing oversight activities performed, and is an integral part of any internal control structure." COSO/Internal Control Framework state that control activities must be in place for there to be adequate internal control procedures over financial reporting. Furthermore, these control activities should be performed timely to ensure financial transactions are recorded in the correct reporting period in compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and the standards set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

Status

Management has satisfactorily addressed all findings noted.



Department of the Comptroller

Carroll County Government 225 North Center Street Westminster, Maryland