# Carroll County, Maryland Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Department of the Comptroller Carroll County, Maryland

Robert M. Burk, Comptroller



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## Introductory

### Section





Barn Quilt Trail. Pictured at top: Sheaf of Wheat located at Mayberry Mill in Westminster. Bottom picture: Wedding Ring at the About Tyme Farm in Westminster. These are just 2 of the 22 barn quilts located throughout Carroll County.

# THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

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# THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

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#### Robert M. Burk

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Department of the Comptroller Carroll County Government 225 North Center Street Westminster, Maryland 21157

December 22, 2016

The Board of County Commissioners and
The Citizens of Carroll County, Maryland

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of audited financial statements within six months of the close of each fiscal year. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Carroll County, Maryland for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Carroll County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Carroll County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Carroll County's financial statements have been audited by CohnReznick LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that Carroll County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, are fairly presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles "GAAP". The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of Carroll County was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. The Single Audit Report starts on page 235.

Management's discussion and analysis "MD&A" immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### **Profile of the Government:**

Carroll County was created pursuant to an Act of the General Assembly of the State of Maryland on January 19, 1837. Carroll County is situated in the north central part of Maryland lying south of the Pennsylvania state line, which is part of the historic Mason-Dixon line. It is bordered on the east by Baltimore County, on the south by Howard County and on the west by Frederick County. The County is 456 square miles in area and is approximately 27 miles both in length and width with a 2016 population estimate of 172,703. The County seat

and largest city is Westminster. Carroll County is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. During the last three decades, the basic character of the County's land and residents has changed from predominantly rural to suburban and rural.

Carroll County has operated under the commissioner form of government since the County was formed by the State of Maryland legislature. The County is governed by an elected five-member Board of County Commissioners (the "Board"). The Board may only exercise such powers as are conferred upon it by the General Assembly of Maryland. The Board operates under the Code of Public Local Laws of Carroll County, 2013 Edition, as amended, being Article 7 of the Code of Public Local Laws of Maryland. Both the executive and legislative functions of the County are vested in the Board of County Commissioners. The Board is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and appointing a County Administrator, a Clerk to the Board, and the directors of various departments. The County Administrator and Clerk to the Board are charged, generally, with the day-to-day management of the County. The board members serve four-year concurrent terms, limited to two consecutive terms by State law. The County is divided into five districts based on equal population. Each district elects a commissioner to represent their district.

Carroll County provides a full range of services including public safety (police, volunteer fire protection, emergency services and detention center), highways and streets, sanitation, planning and zoning, economic development, culture-recreation, education, a community college, libraries, judicial and general administrative services. The County also operates, in conjunction with the State, services related to general community health and human services. In addition, the County operates a water and wastewater utility, a solid waste operations, a septage treatment operation, an airport, a firearms facility (shooting range), and a fiber network as enterprise funds.

Carroll County is also financially accountable for a legally separate board of education, community college, library system, and economic development services to commercial enterprises, all of which are reported separately as component units within Carroll County's financial statements. Additional information on these legally separate entities can be found in Note 1 of the notes to the financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for Carroll County's financial planning and control. All agencies of the County are required to submit requests for appropriation to the Department of Management and Budget in December of each year. Management and Budget uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. Management and Budget then presents this proposed budget to the Commissioners for review prior to April 30. The Commissioners are required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than 30 days before the close of the County's current fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., general government), and department (e.g., planning). Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require the approval of the Board. A budget-to-actual comparison is provided in this report for the individual governmental funds for which a legal appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The general fund comparison is presented on page 37 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the Supplementary Information subsection of the report, which starts on page 179.

#### **Local Economy**:

Local indicators show the continued stability of Carroll County. The unemployment rate for Carroll County was at 3.8% in August 2016, compared to 5.3% nationally. This is a result of the gradual continuing economic recovery. Carroll County still maintains a mix of manufacturing, industrial, and service businesses that when joined with the strong agri-business, provides for a stable business climate. The top 10 employers in the County show the diversity as it contains the County Government, County Board of Education, two hospitals, a

retirement community, two colleges, a warehouse and distribution business, a manufacturer, and a clothing manufacturer. Included in these employers are companies like Penguin Random House, Evapco, and Jos. A. Bank Clothiers.

The County has a labor force of approximately 94,436 as of August 2016, which was a decrease of 1.4% from last year.

#### **Long-term Financial Planning:**

#### Real Property Tax Rate:

The Real Property Tax Rate is set by the Commissioners annually during the adoption of the budget. For fiscal year 2016, the commissioners adopted a Real Property Tax Rate of \$1.018 per \$100 of assessed value, unchanged from the prior year.

#### Personal Property Tax Rate:

The Personal Property Tax Rate is also set annually by the Commissioners during adoption of the budget. For fiscal year 2016, the Commissioners adopted a Personal Property Tax Rate of \$2.515 per \$100 of assessed value, unchanged from the prior year.

#### Income Tax Rate:

Effective January 1, 2015, the income tax rate reduced from 3.04% to 3.03% of the State taxable income. For 2016, the rate remained at 3.03% of State taxable income.

#### Homestead Tax Credit:

The Homestead Tax Credit is set by the Commissioners which caps the amount taxes can increase on a primary residence at 5 percent a year. The credit equals the County's tax rate multiplied by the amount by which the current year's assessment on residential property exceeds 5 percent of the previous year's taxable assessment.

#### Stabilization Arrangement:

The County formally adopted an ordinance for the stabilization arrangement during fiscal year 2013. The arrangement requires the County to maintain at least 5% of the upcoming fiscal year adopted general fund budget to be available to meet unforeseen emergency situations.

#### Operating Budget:

The County maintains a balanced six-year Operating Plan and a Community Investment Plan "CIP" for expenditures built on projected revenues. The development of six-year plans requires the County to evaluate the impact of current decisions on the long-term financial position of the County.

#### Capital Projects:

The County Commissioners six-year Community Investment Plan is focused on maintaining existing infrastructure. The six-year program includes \$23 million to continue the County's efforts in purchasing agriculture land preservation easements, \$22.5 million for watershed assessment and improvements, \$60 million to build a new Career and Technology Center, and \$71.5 million in road improvements for projects like several connector roads to relieve congestion in areas of growth.

The program also includes \$18.3 million for upgrading to enhanced nutrient removal for the Hampstead Waste Water Treatment Plant, with the funding being collected by way of connection fees and an annual assessment on current and future users. A \$13 million project is included to replace the current cast iron water mains and clay sanitary sewer lines in the Town of Sykesville where Bureau of Utilities operates and maintains both the water and sewer in the town. A funding program for water and sewer projects estimated to be needed to build-out has been put in place that would fund all needed projects through user assessments and connection fees and not require new debt financing.

#### **Debt Administration:**

The County plans long and short-term debt issuance to finance its capital budget based on cash flow needs, sources of revenue, available financing instruments, trends in bond market structures, and trends in interest rates. The County finances its capital needs on a regular basis dictated by its capital spending pattern. A financial advisor firm and bond counsel assist in developing a bond issuance strategy, preparing bond documents, and marketing bonds to investors.

The county consolidates general County improvements into Consolidated Public Improvement bonds with a term of no longer than the estimated life of the assets for which they are used to purchase. Debt obligations are generally issued through a competitive sale. However, the County may use a negotiated sale process when it deems bids received through a competitive sale are unsatisfactory or does not receive bids.

#### **Financial Policies and Practices:**

#### Debt Policy:

The debt policy sets forth comprehensive guidelines for the financing of capital expenditures. The policy provides parameters for issuing debt and managing outstanding debt. The policy provides guidance to decision makers regarding the timing and purpose for which debt may be issued, what types and amounts of debt are permissible, the method of sale that may be used and the debt structuring practices that may be used. The County recognizes that adherence to a debt policy helps ensure that it maintains a sound debt position and that credit quality is protected.

#### *Investment Policy:*

The County has a written investment policy and procedures manual that ensures that the investment program is strictly adhered to and the security of County investments are maximized. Cash held temporarily idle during the year by Carroll County, excluding component units, was invested in repurchase agreements, certificates of deposits, obligations of federal government agencies instrumentalities, the State of Maryland Local Government Investment Pool and a bank money rate savings account all of which are fully collateralized by United States Government obligations for periods ranging from one day to 20 years. The County also has a delivered collateral policy and a master repurchase agreement as part of its overall investment program.

#### **Major Initiatives:**

The County continues to focus on maintaining essential services. The County continues the process of transitioning the 800 MHz radio system from its existing analog infrastructure to a new digital infrastructure. As of June 30, 2016, 68,929 acres are under permanent easement in our Agricultural Land Preservation programs supporting agribusiness, maintaining open space and our rural heritage, and avoiding the costs of services and infrastructure to serve residential development.

Carroll County continues to maintain strong ratings from the credit rating agencies (S&P AAA; Moody's Aa1; Fitch AAA) and the County's bonds are competitively sold with strong investor interest.

#### Pension and 401(k) Plans:

The Carroll County Employee Pension Plan, a defined benefit plan, was established by the County in 2004 and administered by the County to accumulate resources for pension benefit payments. The Carroll County Employee Pension Plan was amended October 1, 2009 to establish the Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan. It allows eligible law enforcement officers to receive a non-reduced pension after 25 years of service. Effective October 1, 2009, the County amended the 401(k) Defined Contribution Plan and discontinued County contributions for employees that were hired July 1, 1985 or later and for those employees hired prior to July 1, 1985, who elected to participate in the Carroll County Pension Plan. Employees may still choose to voluntarily contribute to the plan. Administration of this plan is provided by the County, with

recordkeeping services provided by the American Funds Group. Additional information on the plans can be found in Note 11 of the notes to the financial statements.

Awards and Acknowledgements. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada "GFOA" awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Carroll County, Maryland for its comprehensive annual financial report "CAFR" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Carroll County, Maryland has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 31 consecutive years (fiscal years 1985-2015). The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award that recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the County also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its fiscal year 2016 adopted budget document. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The Distinguished Budget Presentation Award is valid for a period of one year only. Carroll County has received the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the last nine consecutive years (2008-2016). Currently, the County has submitted its fiscal year 2017 adopted budget document for award consideration.

The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff in the Department of the Comptroller and the cooperation of the entire organization. Each member of the department has my sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. In closing, I would like to thank the County Commissioners for their continuing interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert M. Burk, CPA

Comptroller



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

# Carroll County Maryland

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

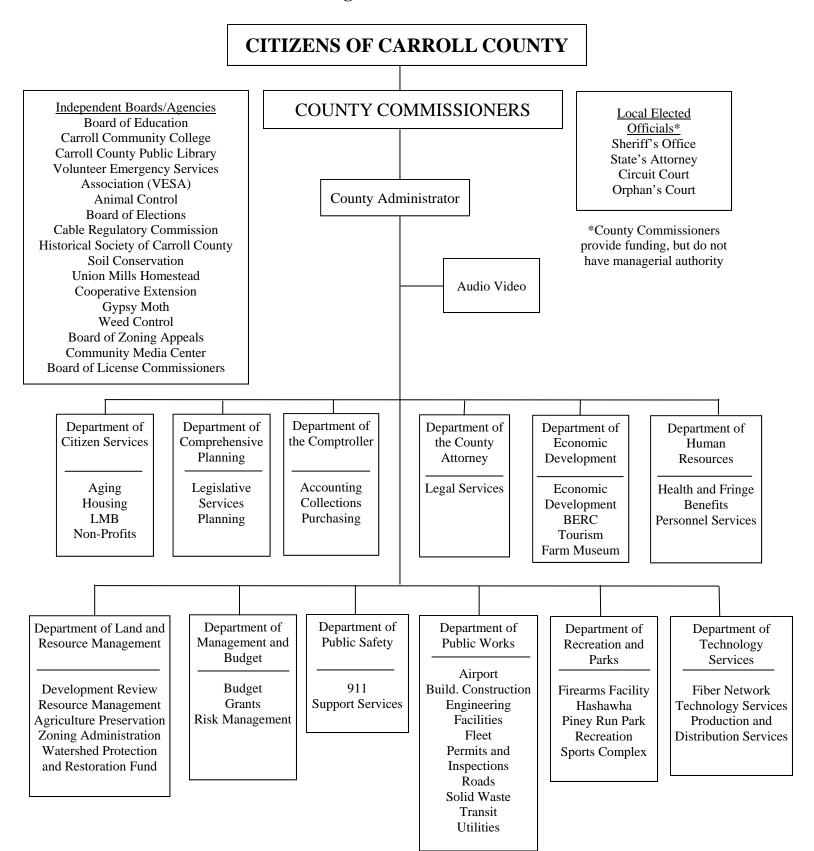
June 30, 2015

Jeffry R. Ener

Executive Director/CEO

### CARROLL COUNTY GOVERNMENT

#### **Organizational Chart**



#### Carroll County, Maryland

225 North Center Street Westminster, Maryland 21157 Telephone (410) 386-2400 Fax (410) 386-2485 ccgovernment.carr.org

#### **Appointed Officials**

Roberta Windham
County Administrator
Shawn Reese
County Clerk
Robert M. Burk
Comptroller
Theodore Zaleski, III

Director of Management and Budget

Timothy C. Burke County Attorney Christine C. Kay

Director of Citizen Services

Jeffrey D. Castonguay Director of Public Works

Scott R. Campbell
Director of Public Safety

Philip R. Hager

Director of Comprehensive Planning Thomas Devilbiss

Director of Land and Resource Management

Jeff R. Degitz

Director of Recreation and Parks

Kimberly L. Frock

Director of Human Resources

Mark Ripper

Director of Technology Services

John Lyburn, Jr.

Director of Economic Development

### **Independent Auditors**

CohnReznick, LLP Baltimore, Maryland

#### **Bond Counsel**

McKennon Shelton & Henn, LLP Baltimore, Maryland

#### **Financial Advisor**

Davenport & Company, LLC Baltimore, Maryland

#### **Board of County Commissioners**



Shephen Wantz President District 1



Richard Weaver Vice President District 2



Dennis Frazier Secretary District 3



Richard Rothschild District 4



J. Douglas Howard District 5

## Financial

Section



Civil War Expo held at the Carroll County Farm Museum





#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the County Commissioners of Carroll County Westminster, Maryland

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carroll County, Maryland (the County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Board of Education of Carroll County, Carroll Community College, and Carroll County Public Library which represent 94.8 percent, 96.6 percent, and 99.2 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues, respectively, of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Board of Education of Carroll County, Carroll Community College, and Carroll County Public Library, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carroll County, Maryland, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Correction of Error

As fully described in Note 1 to the financial statements, certain errors were noted which resulted in the restatement of prior year balances. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and on pages 16 - 29, the schedules of net pension liability and related ratios, contributions and investment returns and other post-employment benefit funding progress and employer contributions on pages 159 - 170 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Carroll County, Maryland's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplementary information section, additional information section, and statistical sections as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as noted in the single audit section of the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations ("CFR") Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary and additional information, as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other

auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the supplementary and additional information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2016, on our consideration of Carroll County, Maryland's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Carroll County, Maryland's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Baltimore, Maryland December 22, 2016

CohnReynickLLF

As management of Carroll County, MD we offer readers of Carroll County Government's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Carroll County Government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The objective of this overview and analysis is to assist readers in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the County's financial activity, identify changes in the County's financial position, identify any material deviations from the financial plan, and identify individual fund issues or concerns. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 5-9 of this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

#### **Government-wide:**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Carroll County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of recources at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 by \$302,570,690 (total net position), compared to \$291,175,051 at June 30, 2015, as restated. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, total net position was net of the \$47,726,233 deficit in unrestricted component of net position. The deficit occurred primarily because the County issues debt to fund construction costs for the Board of Education which is a component unit of the County. The assets are then recorded on the component unit's books and the related debt is recorded on the County's books. Of total net position at June 30, 2016, \$28,752,451 was restricted for specific purpose (restricted net position) in comparison to \$27,429,357, at June 30, 2015. The total net investment in capital assets was \$321,544,472 at June 30, 2016, compared to \$330,143,235 at June 30, 2015.
- The total net position increased by \$11,395,639 or 4%.

#### Fund level:

- At the close of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund (primary operating fund) was \$10,840,140 or 2.93% of general fund revenues.
- As of June 30, 2016, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$146,497,673, an increase of \$9,710,059 from the prior year. Approximately 7.4 percent of the combined fund balance is available to meet the County's current and future needs (*unassigned*), 33.1 percent is assigned, indicating that it is not available for new spending because it has already been assigned for items such as existing purchase orders and construction contracts, 41.3 percent is committed or restricted for future use, stabilization arrangement, restricted investments and other purposes, and 18.2 percent is non spendable meaning it is in the form of loans receivable, inventory and notes receivable.

#### **Long-term debt:**

• Carroll County Government's total bonded debt increased by \$102,950, or .03% from fiscal year 2015. For fiscal year 2016, the County paid an average interest rate of 4.25%.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Carroll County Government's basic financial statements. Carroll County Government's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- ✓ Government-wide financial statements.
- ✓ Fund financial statements.
- ✓ Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains required and non-required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements**: The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Carroll County Government's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of Carroll County Government's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position and condition of Carroll County Government is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Carroll County Government that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of Carroll County Government include general government, public safety, public works, health, human services, education, culture and recreation, libraries, conservation of natural resources, judicial and economic development. The business-type activities of Carroll County Government include water and sewer service, solid waste operations, septage treatment, firearms facility, airport facility and a fiber network.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Carroll County Government itself (known as the *primary government*), but also legally separate component units. Carroll County Government has the following component units: Carroll County Board of Education, Carroll Community College, Carroll County Public Library, and Industrial Development Authority of Carroll County. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 32 and 33 of this report.

**Fund financial statements:** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Carroll County Government, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with

finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Carroll County Government can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Carroll County Government maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the capital projects fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements which can be found on pages 179 to 185 of this report.

Carroll County Government adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and can be found on page 37 of this report.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 34 and 35 of this report.

Proprietary funds: Carroll County Government maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Carroll County Government uses an enterprise fund to account for its Bureau of Utilities, Solid Waste, Airport, Septage, Firearms Facility and Fiber Network. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Carroll County Government's various functions. Carroll County Government uses an internal service fund to account for risk management activities and employee health benefits. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 38 to 40 of this report.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Bureau of Utilities, Solid Waste, Airport, and Fiber Network which are considered to be major funds of Carroll County Government. Individual fund data for each of the two non-major proprietary funds is provided in the form of combining statements which can be found on pages 186 to 188 of this report.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Carroll County Government's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The County has four trust funds which are the Carroll County Employee Pension Trust Fund; the Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Trust Fund; the Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland "OPEB"; and the Volunteer Firemen Length of Service Award Program "LOSAP". In addition to the four trust funds the County has two agency funds which are the Carroll County Development Corporation "CCDC" and Cable Regulatory Commission. The basic fiduciary funds financial statements can be found on pages 40 and 41 of this report.

*Notes to the financial statements:* The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 43 to 158 of this report.

**Required Supplementary Information:** Required supplementary information is not part of the basic financial statements; however it provides additional information. Required Supplementary Information can be found on pages 159 to 171.

#### Financial analysis of the County as a whole

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's overall financial position. In the case of Carroll County Government, total net position was \$302,570,690 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. Components for Carroll County Government's net position are divided into three categories, net investment in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The largest portion of the County's net position reflects its investment in capital assets net of depreciation (e.g., buildings, building improvements, water and sewer systems, vehicles, machinery, equipment, roads and bridges), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although, the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

It is important to note that although counties in the State of Maryland issue debt for the construction of schools, school buildings are owned by each County's Public School System. Ownership reverts to the County if the local board determines that a building is no longer needed. Therefore, while the County's financial statements include this outstanding debt, they do not include the capital assets funded by the debt. The negative unrestricted net position in governmental activities of \$36,637,182 reflect the imbalance of liabilities without corresponding assets.

Restricted net position of \$28,752,451 represents 9.5 percent of total net position. Restricted net position is resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Unrestricted net position of the total government is a deficit of \$47,726,233.

During fiscal year 2016, the County's net position increased by \$11,395,639. The increases in income tax along with the increase in investment earnings were contributing factors to the increase in net position. Another factor for the increase was due to the real property assessments increasing which increase the amount of property tax.

#### **Carroll County Government's Net Position**

		Governmenta	al Ac	tivities		Business-typ	ctivities	Total Government				
	Restated as of			destated as of							R	Restated as of
	J	une 30, 2016	June 30, 2015*		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015*	
Current assets	\$	197,536,576	\$	188,975,841	\$	27,526,082	\$	31,653,269	\$	225,062,658	\$	220,629,110
	ф		Ф		Ф	27,320,082	Ф	31,033,209	Ф	, ,	Ф	
Non-current assets		29,496,149		25,979,899		-		-		29,496,149		25,979,899
Capital assets		386,410,906		384,199,871		131,141,359		128,885,883		517,552,265		513,085,754
Total assets		613,443,631		599,155,611		158,667,441		160,539,152		772,111,072		759,694,763
Deferred outflows		15,771,164		11,859,208		227,270		(29,155)		15,998,434		11,830,053
Total assets and deferred outflows		629,214,795		611,014,819		158,894,711		160,509,997	•	788,109,506		771,524,816
Current liabilities		88,396,637		90,048,958		6,298,581		7,051,014		94,695,218		97,099,972
Non-current liabilities		362,672,708		355,725,907		26,143,046		28,060,402		388,815,754		383,786,309
Total liabilities		451,069,345		445,774,865		32,441,627		35,111,416		483,510,972		480,886,281
Deferred inflows		1,653,649		529,864		374,195		-		2,027,844		529,864
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		452,722,994		446,304,729		32,815,822		35,111,416		485,538,816		481,416,145
Net position:												
Net investment in												
capital assets		204,983,963		218,185,521		116,560,509		111,957,714		321,544,472		330,143,235
Restricted		8,145,020		1,765,563		20,607,431		25,663,794		28,752,451		27,429,357
Unrestricted		(36,637,182)		(54,174,614)		(11,089,051)		(12,222,927)		(47,726,233)		(66,397,541)
Total net position	\$	176,491,801	\$	165,776,470	\$	126,078,889	\$	125,398,581	\$	302,570,690	\$	291,175,051

<sup>\*</sup>The 2015 amounts have been restated to reclassify Agency Funds to the General Fund, restate beginning fund balance for Grants, and move Agricultural Transfer Tax and Impact Fees from Special Revenue Funds to the Capital Fund. Refer to Note 1.

The following table indicates the changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities:

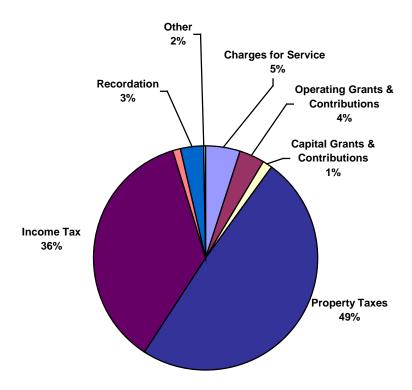
Carroll County Government's Changes in Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-tv	pe Activities	Total Government			
	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015*	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015*		
Revenues:				•				
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 19,938,435	\$ 21,593,325	\$ 18,851,827	\$ 18,735,993	\$ 38,790,262	\$ 40,329,318		
Operating grants & contributions	14,740,101	16,502,681	-	-	14,740,101	16,502,681		
Capital grants & contributions	5,339,545	7,396,017	2,581,093	1,970,091	7,920,638	9,366,108		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	199,281,166	195,465,262	-	-	199,281,166	195,465,262		
Income tax	146,049,675	144,994,220	-	-	146,049,675	144,994,220		
Recordation tax	14,093,918	11,888,637	-	-	14,093,918	11,888,637		
Admission & amusement tax	387,725	353,937	-	-	387,725	353,937		
Agricultural transfer tax	143,429	59,558	-	-	143,429	59,558		
Hotel rental tax	315,319	284,101	-	-	315,319	284,101		
Investment earnings	4,171,190	2,068,767	672,988	404,594	4,844,178	2,473,361		
Gain on sale of capital asset	-	-	18,063	1,695	18,063	1,695		
Total Revenues	404,460,503	400,606,505	22,123,971	21,112,373	426,584,474	421,718,878		
Program Expenses:								
General government	41,378,683	49,409,874	-	-	41,378,683	49,409,874		
Public safety	45,677,379	43,979,786	-	-	45,677,379	43,979,786		
Public works	31,583,099	38,511,223	-	-	31,583,099	38,511,223		
Health	4,400,381	4,280,644	-	-	4,400,381	4,280,644		
Human services	14,032,995	6,875,694	-	-	14,032,995	6,875,694		
Education	196,452,853	191,534,142	-	-	196,452,853	191,534,142		
Culture and recreation	4,992,787	4,637,178	-	-	4,992,787	4,637,178		
Libraries	14,452,299	14,145,909	-	-	14,452,299	14,145,909		
Conservation of natural resources	12,140,369	8,936,174	-	-	12,140,369	8,936,174		
Economic development	4,234,039	4,822,656	-	-	4,234,039	4,822,656		
Judicial	8,670,838	7,283,903	-	-	8,670,838	7,283,903		
Interest on long-term debt	12,894,133	11,851,872	-	-	12,894,133	11,851,872		
Bureau of Utilities	-	-	11,600,209	11,046,657	11,600,209	11,046,657		
Solid Waste	-	-	9,996,571	9,550,820	9,996,571	9,550,820		
Airport	-	-	823,047	733,816	823,047	733,816		
Septage	-	-	629,136	604,130	629,136	604,130		
Firearms	-	-	113,399	106,373	113,399	106,373		
Fiber Network			1,116,618	1,230,506	1,116,618	1,230,506		
Total Expenses	390,909,855	386,269,055	24,278,980	23,272,302	415,188,835	409,541,357		
Excess (deficiency) before								
transfers	13,550,648	14,337,450	(2,155,009)	(2,159,929)	11,395,639	12,177,521		
Transfers	(2,835,317)	(325,053)	2,835,317	325,053				
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	10,715,331	14,012,397	680,308	(1,834,876)	11,395,639	12,177,521		
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	165,776,470	151,764,073	125,398,581	127,233,457	291,175,051	278,997,530		
Net Position - Ending	\$ 176,491,801	\$ 165,776,470	\$ 126,078,889	\$ 125,398,581	\$ 302,570,690	\$ 291,175,051		

• Governmental activities: Overall revenue has increased by \$3,853,998, which is a 1.0 percent increase from fiscal year 2015. Property tax revenue increased by \$3,815,904 over last fiscal year due to the increase in real property assessments. Income tax increased by \$1,055,455 due to more income tax being collected. Investment earnings increased by \$2,102,423 as a result of change in market values at year end on restricted investments in U.S Treasury Strips and Bonds for Installment Purchase Agreements. Recordation increased by \$2,205,281 over last fiscal year due to increased activity in the real estate market. Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$2,056,472. Program Open Space money which is provided as a portion of the State Real Estate Transfer Tax for the acquisition and development of park facilities decreased in fiscal year 2016 compared to fiscal year 2015.

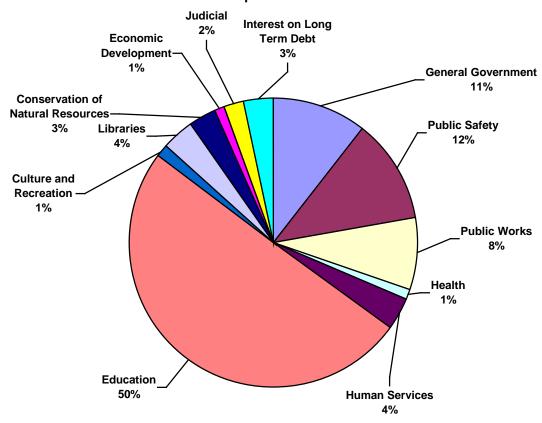
<sup>\*</sup>The 2015 amounts have been restated to reclassify Agency Funds to the General Fund, restate beginning fund balance for Grants, and move Agricultural Transfer Tax and Impact Fees from Special Revenue Funds to the Capital Fund. Refer to Note 1.

#### **Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities**



The expenses of the governmental activities have increased by \$4,640,800 or 1.2 percent from fiscal year 2015. Public Safety increased by \$1,697,593. The increase in Sheriff Services and Detention Center were due to additional costs for the Drug Enforcement Support Program, which included five additional positions. In addition, in fiscal year 2016, the Sheriff Department was in its second year of implementing its compensation plan. Conservation of Natural Resources increased \$3,204,195, primarily due to an increased amount of easements purchased for agricultural land preservation. The primary reason for the \$8,031,191 decrease in General Government in fiscal year 2016 was due to the allocating expenses into the proper function in the grants fund. This decrease is offset by the \$7,157,301 increase in Human Services. The County continues to review its process of allocating direct costs by function. Education increased by \$4,918,711 due to the Teacher Pension increase that was put into place by State legislation and the increase in Board of Education operations.

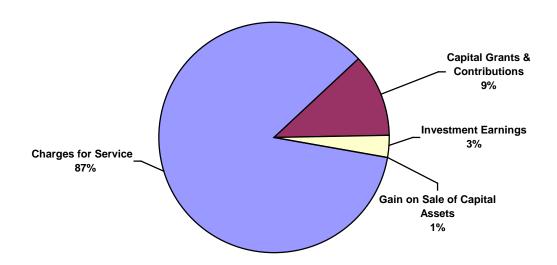
**Expenses - Governmental Activities** 



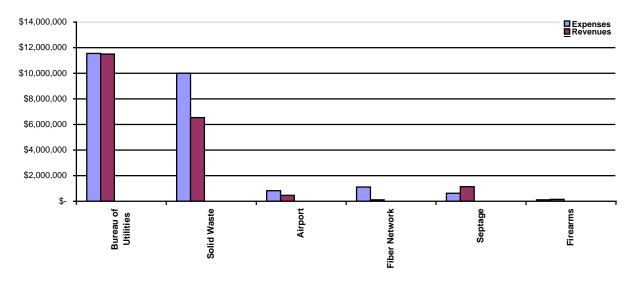
**Business-type activities:** There was an overall increase in revenues of \$1,011,598 or 4.8 percent from fiscal year 2015. The primary reason for the increase was due to the increased amount of area connections collected. Another contributing factor for the increase was the gains on investments. The expenses of the business-type activities have increased by \$1,006,678 or 4.3 percent from fiscal year 2015. The primary reason for the increase happened in the Bureau of Utilities and the Solid Waste funds. The overall increase in the Bureau of Utilities is due to the continuing rise in operating costs mainly due to contractual services such as the rate increases for water that is purchased from the City of Baltimore. The increase in the Solid Waste fund also was from increased amounts paid for contractual services.

The County's transfers between governmental activities and business-type activities increased by \$2,510,264 during fiscal year 2016. This is a return to normal funding levels for transfers. In FY15, the transfers were decreased as a result of a settlement on the Waste to Energy project and no annual transfer from general fund to the Solid Waste fund occurred during that year.

#### **Revenues by Source-Business-Type Activities**



#### **Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities**



#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Carroll County Government uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of Carroll County Government's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Carroll County Government's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Carroll County Government's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$146,497,673, a increase of \$9,710,059. Approximately 7.4 percent of this total (\$10,840,140) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for future appropriation. The *assigned fund balance*, at 33 percent of total fund balance is not available for new spending because it has already been assigned to encumbrances from the prior year and subsequent years expenditures. The *committed fund balance*, at 14.7 percent of total fund balance is for future use, stabilization arrangement and other purposes. The *non-spendable fund balance*, at 18.2 percent, is not available for new spending because it is not expected to be converted to cash in the near future: 1) to cover loans receivable balances (\$16,203,243), 2) dedicated for inventory and advances to Industrial Development Authority (\$2,262,304), prepaid costs (\$94,037) and money due from other funds (\$8,109,334). The remaining 26.7 percent of fund balance (\$39,071,330) constitutes *restricted fund balance*, primarily investments pledged to the repayment of agricultural preservation installment purchase agreement general obligation debt.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of Carroll County Government. At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$10,840,140, while total fund balance was \$111,836,434. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 3 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 30 percent of that same amount.

A decrease in fund balance was budgeted with an appropriation of \$12,324,400 of fund balance. The anticipated decrease in fund balance was partially mitigated by conservative spending which resulted in \$2,128,386, less in expenditures than budgeted. Total assets increased \$9,463,994. Liabilities increased by \$1,672,908 due to an increase in the amount owed to the Board of Education at year-end.

The revenues in the General Fund have increased by \$19,568,510 compared to the prior fiscal year. The primary contributing factor to the increase was due the increase in income tax and the increase in Real Property Tax due to the increase of assessments. Expenditures increased by \$7,237,687 compared to the prior fiscal year. The increase was due to additional funding to the Board of Education to cover operating expenditures and costs associated with the teacher pensions. Another contributing factor to the increase was in Public Safety due the second year of implementing a compensation plan for the Sheriff's department. Vehicle maintenance, fuel and telephone expenditures were allocated across all functions. Judicial increased this year due to the addition of three employees for the Drug Enforcement Support Program, an Investigator position and reclassed positions.

The Capital Projects Fund balance sheet shows a \$2,637,173 decrease in assets in fiscal year 2016. The increase in cash is mainly due to several projects that have not begun construction.

The Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$31,754,360, of which \$24,235,426 is assigned to liquidate purchase orders and \$7,518,934 is unspent bond proceeds which are restricted for future capital project expenditures.

The Non-Major Governmental Funds have a total fund balance of \$2,906,879, all of which is formally committed, externally restricted for specific purposes or assigned.

**Proprietary funds:** Carroll County Government's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The total unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the year amounted to a deficit of \$11,089,051 and unrestricted component of net position in the Internal Service Fund totaled \$10,924,641. The total increase in net position for the proprietary funds of \$680,308 was primarily due to the County collecting more area connection charges and gains on investments in the funds. The net position for the Internal Service Fund increased by \$4,557,986. The main increase for this fund was due to moving the workers compensation liability from the general fund into the internal service fund. Other factors concerning these funds' finances have been addressed in the discussion of Carroll County Government's business-type activities.

Fiduciary funds: Carroll County Government's fiduciary fund statements provide information regarding the County's Employee Pension Plan, the Certified Law Officers Plan, the Volunteer Firemen's Length of Service Award Program "LOSAP", the Other Post Employment Benefit Trust and agency funds. Total net position for the four plans is \$151,692,989 for fiscal year 2016. The investments in the trusts totaled \$152,520,141 at the end of fiscal year 2016, which was a 9.4 percent increase from fiscal year 2015. Agency funds had an asset total of \$632,100 at the end of fiscal year 2016. Other factors concerning trust funds are discussed in the notes to these statements starting with Note 11.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

In the original budget, the Board of Commissioners approved a reserve for contingencies of approximately 1 percent of total budget to provide funds for emergency and unforeseeable expenditures that may arise during the current fiscal year. The final budget for reserve for contingencies decreased from the original budget by \$427,238. This decrease was due to costs associated with purchasing three vehicles for the Veterans Shuttle Services and additional costs with providing this service and, adding three positions for the Sheriff's Department to provide offsite housing for inmates. Funds can only be moved to or from the reserve during the year with approval from the Board of Commissioners. Any balance left in the reserve at year-end falls to unassigned fund balance.

The budgetary statements of the General Fund show actual revenues of \$370,521,877, compared to budgeted amount of \$353,178,630, a positive variance of \$17,343,247. The major differences between the final budgeted amounts and the actual revenues are as follows:

• Local property taxes came in \$2.5 million more than the final budget due to railroad and public utility tax coming in stronger than anticipated.

- Local other taxes came in \$8.4 million more than final budget due to income tax growth being stronger than anticipated.
- Miscellaneous revenues were \$7 million more than budget due to unbudgeted in-kind rental income associated with the Board of Education, Library, and Community College facilities.

The budgetary statements of the General Fund show actual expenditures of \$368,145,409, compared to budgeted amount of \$370,273,795, resulting in \$2,128,386 or 0.6 percent less than planned. The major differences between the final budgeted amounts and the actual expenditures are as follows:

- General Government expenditures came in \$5.7 million less than final budget primarily due to inkind services for component units being reallocated to the correct functions, which decreased general government and increasing Education and Library costs. The County also had savings due to a drop in prices for fuel and utilities.
- The Reserve for Contingency is set up in case funds are needed to be moved into functions to address specific problems or opportunities. For fiscal year 2016, \$3.5 million was left in the Reserve for Contingency creating a positive budget variance.
- The final budgets for each function in the expenditures were reallocated from the original budget to reflect changes made throughout the year. One of the changes made was to reallocate vehicle maintenance, fuel, and telephone direct costs by function.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets: Carroll County Government's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016, amounted to \$517,552,265 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The total increase in Carroll County Government's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 0.8 percent (a 0.6 percent increase for governmental activities and a 0.2 percent increase for business-type activities). Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found on pages 76-77 of this report.

#### **Carroll County Government's Capital Assets**

(Net of depreciation)

	Govern	nmen	tal	Busine	ess-ty	pe				
	Acti	vities		Acti		Total				
	2016		2015	2016		2015		2016		2015
Land	\$ 34,569,392	\$	34,466,628	\$ 8,968,255	\$	8,943,617	\$	43,537,647	\$	43,410,245
Construction in progress	9,727,788		38,549,035	9,174,076		4,184,831		18,901,864		42,733,866
Building and contents	135,676,793		133,371,431	14,960,618		15,446,288		150,637,411		148,817,719
Improvements										
other than buildings	47,959,931		19,254,632	6,404,386		6,836,493		54,364,317		26,091,125
Auto, machinery & equipment	13,640,300		12,294,315	18,335,267		18,720,181		31,975,567		31,014,496
Infrastructure	144,836,702		146,263,830	73,298,757		74,754,473		218,135,459		221,018,303
Total	\$ 386,410,906	\$	384,199,871	\$ 131,141,359	\$	128,885,883	\$	517,552,265	\$	513,085,754

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The costs associated with the security system at Carroll Community College decreased CIP by \$0.6 million and was put into service.
- The Carroll County 800MHZ radio & 911 was put into service which decreased CIP by \$19 million.
- The South Carroll Regional Park was put into service which decreased CIP by \$5 million.
- The on-going costs and completion of various watershed protection projects totaled \$0.8 million which was funded by general obligation bonds proceeds, State Highway Administration revenue, State Department of Natural Resources revenue, and general fund revenue, and resulted in an increase in CIP and Improvements.
- The on-going costs associated with various park projects for new pavilions, trails increased CIP by \$0.2.
- The start of phase 3 on the Energy Performance capital project totaled \$2.7 million which was funded by Capital Lease Agreement, and resulted in an increase in CIP.
- The on-going costs associated with various Utilities capital projects totaled \$5 million which was funded by Water/Sewer user rates and resulted in an increase in CIP of Business-Type Activities.

#### General obligation debt:

At the end of the fiscal year, Carroll County Government had total general obligation debt outstanding of \$346,516,142, which is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

#### Carroll County Government's Outstanding General Obligation Debt

 Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Business-ty	ctivities	Total				
2016		2015		2016 2015		2016			2015	
\$ 299,706,818	\$	297,878,654	\$	15,284,816	\$	17,483,954	\$	314,991,634	\$	315,362,608
31,524,508		31,050,584		-		-		31,524,508		31,050,584
\$ 331,231,326	\$	328,929,238	\$	15,284,816	\$	17,483,954	\$	346,516,142	\$	346,413,192
\$	2016 \$ 299,706,818 31,524,508	2016 \$ 299,706,818 \$ 31,524,508	\$ 299,706,818 \$ 297,878,654 31,524,508 31,050,584	2016 2015 \$ 299,706,818 \$ 297,878,654 \$ 31,524,508 31,050,584	2016     2015     2016       \$ 299,706,818     \$ 297,878,654     \$ 15,284,816       31,524,508     31,050,584     -	2016     2015     2016       \$ 299,706,818     \$ 297,878,654     \$ 15,284,816     \$ 31,524,508       31,524,508     31,050,584     -	2016     2015     2016     2015       \$ 299,706,818     \$ 297,878,654     \$ 15,284,816     \$ 17,483,954       31,524,508     31,050,584     -     -     -	2016     2015     2016     2015       \$ 299,706,818     \$ 297,878,654     \$ 15,284,816     \$ 17,483,954     \$ 31,524,508       31,524,508     31,050,584     -     -	2016         2015         2016         2015         2016           \$ 299,706,818         \$ 297,878,654         \$ 15,284,816         \$ 17,483,954         \$ 314,991,634           31,524,508         31,050,584         -         -         -         31,524,508	2016     2015     2016     2015     2016       \$ 299,706,818     \$ 297,878,654     \$ 15,284,816     \$ 17,483,954     \$ 314,991,634     \$ 31,524,508       31,524,508     31,050,584     -     -     -     31,524,508

During the current fiscal year, Carroll County Government's total general obligation debt increased by \$102,950. During the year, the County issued general obligation bonds totaling \$37,185,000. Of these bonds, \$28,000,000 were sold to cover capital projects in the governmental activities and \$9,185,000 were issued for refunding outstanding 2007 bonds to achieve debt service savings. The new debt issue will be repaid over 20 years. Additional information on Carroll County Government's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of this report.

Carroll County Government was assigned an AAA credit rating in November 2015 by Fitch Ratings. Fitch cited "Carroll County's fiscal operations are well managed through long-term financial planning and frequent monitoring of revenues and expenditures, resulting in healthy reserve levels." Standard and Poor's Global Ratings assigned an AAA credit rating in November 2015, citing "We view the County's management as very strong with "strong" financial management practices under our Financial Management Assessment methodology, indicating practices are strong, well embedded, and likely sustainable." Moody's Investors Service, Inc. has continued to assign an Aa1 rating to Carroll County Government, citing "the Aa1 rating reflects the County's sound financial position, supported by comprehensive fiscal policies, and healthy available fund balance." All three rating agencies gave the County a rating outlook of stable.

For charter counties, state statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government entity may issue up to 15.0 percent of its net assessed valuation of personal and corporate property plus 6.0 percent of the total assessed valuation of real property. While Carroll County is not a charter county, and does not have a legal debt limit, it uses the state statute as a recommended guideline on debt limit. The current debt limitation for Carroll County Government is \$1,174,512,827, which is significantly in excess of the Carroll County Government's outstanding general obligation debt. Additional information on the computation of the legal debt margin can be found in Table 13 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- The fiscal year 2017 adopted budget appropriation for the general fund is \$388,407,000, representing an increase of \$8.4 million or 2.2 percent increase over fiscal year 2016.
- Real property tax is expected to increase in fiscal year 2017 due to increasing assessments.
- Income tax is expected to be higher in fiscal year 2017. The expected increase is due to expected growth in withholdings and estimated payments.
- Recordation is expected to be higher in fiscal year 2017 due to the County starting to see positive growth in the housing market.
- For the 2016-2017 school year, the Board of Education made the decision to close three schools which are Charles Carroll Elementary, New Windsor Middle and North Carroll High School as a result of decreasing student enrollment numbers.
- Education appropriation increased in fiscal year 2017 due to additional money funding teacher's pensions.
- Public Works appropriation increased for utility costs, maintenance of the planned school closures and five new positions.
- The County income tax will be reduced \$28,901 for nine months for a total of \$260,106, beginning in September 2016 due to tax refunds for the Wynne case.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Carroll County Government's budget for the 2017 fiscal year.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Carroll County Government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Department of the Comptroller, Carroll County Government, 225 North Center Street, Westminster, Maryland 21157 or call 410-386-2085. This report can also be found on the County's website at <a href="http://ccgovernment.carr.org/ccg/comp/default.asp">http://ccgovernment.carr.org/ccg/comp/default.asp</a>.

The County's component units issue their own separately audited financial statements. These statements may be obtained by directly contacting the component unit. Contact information can be found in Note 1 of this report.



### Basic Financial Statements

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### THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

		June 30	), 2016	Composition							
	5.			Component Units							
		overnment			Carroll		Industrial				
	Governmental	Business-type	<b>-</b>	Board of	Community		Development				
	Activities	Activities	Total	Education	College	Library	Authority				
ASSETS				•	•	•	•				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 140,839,348	\$ 25,035,292	\$ 165,874,640	\$	\$	\$ -	\$ -				
Cash and cash equivalents	20,065	11,946	32,011	11,400,763	7,241,319	1,221,626	2,011,362				
Restricted cash and cash equivilents	-	-	-	-	-	29,819	9,289,365				
Investments	-	-	•	•	8,590,883	-	-				
Taxes and receivables, net	20,734,318	3,996,559	24,730,877	199,997	936,947	46,144	6,918,918				
Due from component units	624,944	3,001	627,945	-	-	-	-				
Due from primary government	-	-	-	36,561,619	247,056	18,624	25,000				
Due from other governments	29,273,389	-	29,273,389	6,719,853	-	-	-				
Due from fiduciary funds	831,068	-	831,068	-	-	-	-				
Internal balances	2,102,411	(2,102,411)	-	-	-	-	-				
Inventories	1,649,394	551,795	2,201,189	661,146	-	4,821	-				
Prepaid expenses	1,461,639	29,900	1,491,539	300,774	1,570,723	49,042	-				
Investments - restricted	29,496,149	-	29,496,149	-	-	-	_				
Capital assets not being depreciated:			_=,,								
Land	34,569,392	8.968.255	43,537,647	15,052,303		_	7.274.323				
Construction in progress	9,727,788	9,174,076	18,901,864	225,711	-	13,232	1,779,929				
Art and doll collection	9,727,766	9,174,070	10,901,004	223,711	382,525	13,232	1,779,929				
	-	-	-	-	302,323	-	-				
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation:	405 070 700	44.000.040	450 007 444	000 047 004	4 500 500	0.000.000					
Buildings and contents	135,676,793	14,960,618	150,637,411	386,347,634	1,583,526	3,662,868	-				
Improvements other than buildings	47,959,931	6,404,386	54,364,317	-	-	-	-				
Auto, machinery and equipment	13,640,300	18,335,267	31,975,567	9,704,025	440,163	-	28,391				
Infrastructure	144,836,702	73,298,757	218,135,459								
Capital assets, net of depreciation	386,410,906	131,141,359	517,552,265	411,329,673	2,406,214	3,676,100	9,082,643				
Total assets	613,443,631	158,667,441	772,111,072	467,173,825	20,993,142	5,046,176	27,327,288				
Deferred Outflows of Resources											
Debt refunding	10,010,919	227,270	10,238,189	-	-	-	-				
Pensions	5,760,245	-	5,760,245	4,193,097	-	192,904	-				
Total deferred outflows of resources	15,771,164	227,270	15,998,434	4,193,097	-	192,904	-				
Total assets and deferred outflows	629,214,795	158,894,711	788,109,506	471,366,922	20,993,142	5,239,080	27,327,288				
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	6,507,286	3,615,600	10,122,886	3,669,232	1,525,826	124,783	1,300				
Retainage and guarantees due contractors	1,165,181	· · · -	1,165,181	· · · -	· · ·	· -	· -				
Due to component units	36,852,299		36,852,299	_	_	_	_				
Due to primary government	-	_	-	13,036	87	1,912	612,910				
Due to other governments	_	_	_	2,418,441	01	140,762	012,010				
Unearned revenue	3,082,164	43,618	3,125,782	664,960	1,736,005	140,702	9,289,365				
Accrued interest payable	2,361,655	112,985	2,474,640	48,288	1,730,003	_	1,026,842				
Accrued expenses	2,109,136	117,282	2,226,418	32,910,813	1,071,758	252,967	10,316				
Long-term liabilities	2,109,130	117,202	2,220,410	32,310,013	1,071,730	232,307	10,510				
•	26 249 046	2,409,096	20 720 042	2 270 740	692,758						
Due within one year	36,318,916		38,728,012	3,270,718		4 404 600	- 704 507				
Due in more than one year	362,672,708	26,143,046	388,815,754	126,786,630	20,347,733	1,104,688	5,764,567				
Total liabilities	451,069,345	32,441,627	483,510,972	169,782,118	25,374,167	1,625,112	16,705,300				
Deferred Inflows of Resources		074.405	074.405								
Debt refunding	-	374,195	374,195	-	-	-	-				
Pensions	1,653,649		1,653,649	366,052		11,903					
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,653,649	374,195	2,027,844	366,052		11,903					
NET POSITION											
Net investment in capital assets	204,983,963	116,560,509	321,544,472	408,416,941	2,023,689	3,676,100	8,469,733				
Restricted for:											
Capital projects	7,518,934	20,607,431	28,126,365	-	-	42,472	-				
Special revenue funds	626,086	-	626,086	-	-	-	-				
Grants	-	-	-	194,283	-	-	-				
Food services	-	-	-	272,437	-	-	-				
Educational purposes	-	-	_	-	7,164,410	-	-				
Unrestricted (deficit)	(36,637,182)	(11,089,051)	(47,726,233)	(107,664,909)	(13,569,124)	(116,507)	2,152,255				
Total net position	\$ 176,491,801	\$ 126,078,889	\$ 302,570,690	\$ 301,218,752	\$ (4,381,025)	\$ 3,602,065	\$10,621,988				
	,,	,,	, ,	, ,	. , , , , ,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,.=.,				

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

### Westminster, Maryland

St	ateme	ent of A	Activit	ies	
For the	Year	Ended	June	30,	2016

				For the Yea	ar Ended June 30,		. ( ( C ) D	d Ob	in Net Desition		
			Program Revenue	96		Ne	et (Expense) Reve	nue and Changes	In Net Position Compone	ant I Inite	
			Operating	Capital	Primary Go	overnment			Carroll	eni Oniis	Industrial
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Board of	Community		Development
	Expenses	Service	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Education	College	Library	Authority
Functions/Programs	<u> </u>			001111100110110	710471400	7101171100					- raunomy
Primary government:											
General government	\$ 41,378,683	\$11,743,274	\$ 1,083,169	\$ 1,213	\$ (28,551,027)	\$ -	\$ (28,551,027)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Public safety	45,677,379	2,665,141	1,115,489		(41,896,749)	-	(41,896,749)	-	_	-	-
Public works	31,583,099	3,491,642	846,581	2,297,949	(24,946,927)	_	(24,946,927)	_	_	_	_
Health	4,400,381	5,391	105,000		(4,289,990)	_	(4,289,990)	_	_	_	_
Human services	14,032,995	79,675	9,419,976	_	(4,533,344)	_	(4,533,344)	_	_	_	_
Education	196,452,853	70,070	-	15,450	(196,437,403)	_	(196,437,403)	_	_	_	_
Culture and recreation	4,992,787	1,867,103	_	835,821	(2,289,863)	_	(2,289,863)	_	_	_	_
Libraries	14,452,299	1,001,100	_	-	(14,452,299)	_	(14,452,299)	_	_	_	_
Conservation of natural resources	12,140,369	86,209	50,326	2,189,112	(9,814,722)	_	(9,814,722)	_	_	_	_
Economic development	4,234,039	00,203	903,326	2,103,112	(3,330,713)	_	(3,330,713)	_	_	_	_
Judicial	8,670,838	_	1,216,234	_	(7,454,604)	_	(7,454,604)	_	_	_	_
Interest on long-term debt	12,894,133	_	1,210,254	_	(12,894,133)	_	(12,894,133)	_	_	_	_
Total governmental activities	390,909,855	19,938,435	14,740,101	5,339,545	(350,891,774)		(350,891,774)	<del></del>			
Business-type activities:	390,909,633	19,930,433	14,740,101	5,339,343	(330,091,774)		(330,691,774)				
Bureau of Utilities	11,600,209	10,359,334		2,354,830		1,113,955	1,113,955				
			-		-			-	-	-	-
Solid Waste   Airport	9,996,571	6,327,333	-	47,133 179,130	-	(3,622,105)	(3,622,105)	-	-	-	-
(1) Alliport	823,047	763,759	-	179,130	-	119,842	119,842	-	-	-	-
Septage	629,136	1,134,701	-	-	-	505,565	505,565	-	-	-	-
Firearms	113,399	150,087	-	-	-	36,688	36,688	-	-	-	-
Fiber Network	1,116,618	116,613				(1,000,005)	(1,000,005)				
Total business-type activities	24,278,980	18,851,827		2,581,093	(050 004 774)	(2,846,060)	(2,846,060)				
Total primary government	\$ 415,188,835	\$38,790,262	\$14,740,101	\$ 7,920,638	(350,891,774)	(2,846,060)	(353,737,834)				
Component units:											
Board of Education	\$ 379,684,470	\$ 3,907,139	\$45,933,567	\$ 6,089,055	_	_	_	(323,754,709)	_	_	_
Carroll Community College	38,740,451	10,184,544	3,701,489	Ψ 0,009,000	_	_	_	(323,734,703)	(24,854,418)	_	_
Library	17,138,597	171,790	1,883,301	146,701	_		_		(24,004,410)	(14,936,805)	_
Industrial Development Authority	4,997,219	171,790	3,232,364	140,701	-	-	-	-	-	(14,930,003)	(1,764,855)
Total component units	\$ 440,560,737	\$14,263,473	\$54,750,721	\$ 6,235,756	<del></del>		<del></del>	(323,754,709)	(24,854,418)	(14,936,805)	(1,764,855)
rotal component units	<del>\$440,300,737</del>	\$ 14,203,473	\$34,730,721	\$ 0,233,730	-	-	-	(323,734,709)	(24,034,410)	(14,930,003)	(1,704,033)
Ger	neral revenues:										
	Property taxes				199,281,166	_	199,281,166	_	_	_	_
	ncome tax				146,049,675	_	146,049,675	_	_	_	_
	Recordation tax				14,093,918	_	14,093,918	_	_	_	_
	Admission and amu	sement tax			387,725	_	387,725	_	_	_	_
	Agricultural transfer				143,429	_	143,429	_	_	_	_
	Hotel rental tax	lux			315,319	_	315,319	_	_	_	_
	ocal appropriations	e			-	_	010,010	178,028,873	9,309,140	14,084,486	_
	State aide	3					_	119,392,916	7,745,631	14,004,400	_
	Grants and contribu	itions not rostrict	nd to enocific pro	arame		-	-	119,392,910	5,570,790	-	_
	Gain (Loss) on sale		ed to specific pro	granis	-	18,063	18,063	-		-	-
	, ,	•	aug unragtrieta	1	4 474 400	,	,	2 505 250	(5,000)	- 	26 700
	nvestment earnings nsfers	s and miscellane	ous, unitestificted	1	4,171,190 (2,835,317)	672,988 2,835,317	4,844,178	3,585,259	556,443	583,755	26,709
	nsters Fotal general reven	une and transfer	c		361,607,105		365,133,473	301,007,048	22 177 004	14,668,241	26,709
'	•		5			3,526,368			23,177,004		
NI	Change in net po		totod		10,715,331	680,308	11,395,639	(22,747,661)	(1,677,414)	(268,564)	(1,738,146)
	position - beginning	y or year, as res	laleu		165,776,470 \$ 176,491,801	125,398,581 \$126,078,889	291,175,051 \$ 302,570,690	323,966,413 \$301,218,752	(2,703,611) \$(4,381,025)	3,870,629 \$ 3,602,065	12,360,134 \$10,621,988
ivei	position - ending				φ 170,491,601	φ 120,070,009	φ 302,370,090	φ 301,210,132	φ (4,361,025)	φ 3,002,003	φ 10,021,900

### THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

Westminster, Maryland Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

		General Fund		Capital Projects	G	Non-Major Governmental Funds	G	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				-				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	84,085,591	\$	39,072,572	\$	2,316,816	\$	125,474,979
Cash and cash equivalents		20,065		-		-		20,065
Taxes and receivables, net		18,548,313		162,100		2,023,799		20,734,212
Due from component units		624,944		-		-		624,944
Due from other governments		27,740,920		1,532,469		-		29,273,389
Due from other governmental funds		5,175,868		-		-		5,175,868
Due from fiduciary funds		831,068		-		-		831,068
Due from proprietary funds		2,114,842		-		-		2,114,842
Inventories		1,649,394		-		-		1,649,394
Prepaid costs		94,037		932,949		434,653		1,461,639
Investments - restricted		29,496,149		-		-		29,496,149
Total assets	\$	170,381,191	\$	41,700,090	\$	4,775,268	\$	216,856,549
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	3,356,267	\$	2,020,761	\$	801,493	\$	6,178,521
Retainage and guarantees due contractors		1,165,181		-		-		1,165,181
Due to component units		36,182,931		593,334		76,034		36,852,299
Due to other governmental funds		-		5,174,345		1,523		5,175,868
Due to other proprietary funds		12,431		-		-		12,431
Accrued expenditures		1,964,259		-		144,877		2,109,136
Unearned revenue		77,449		2,157,290		844,462		3,079,201
Total liabilities		42,758,518		9,945,730		1,868,389		54,572,637
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue		15,786,239		-		-		15,786,239
Total deferred inflows of resources		15,786,239		-		-		15,786,239
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		26,668,918		-		-		26,668,918
Restricted		30,926,309		7,518,934		626,086		39,071,329
Committed		20,820,350		, , , <sub>-</sub>		672,372		21,492,722
Assigned		22,580,717		24,235,426		1,608,421		48,424,564
Unassigned		10,840,140		-		-		10,840,140
Total fund balances		111,836,434		31,754,360		2,906,879	_	146,497,673
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	170,381,191	\$	41,700,090	\$	4,775,268	\$	216,856,549
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net pos Total governmental fund balance Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		are different bed	cause					146,497,673 386,410,906
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-peri expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable in Adjustment for net pension liabilities	n the f	unds.						15,786,239 (15,115,119)
Net other postemployment benefit obligation, which is included in the governmental activities in the statement of net posit Deferred outflows related to pensions that are applicable to								(36,845,328)
future periods and, therefore, are not presented in the fun- Deferred inflows related to pensions that are applicable to futui		iods						5,760,245
and, therefore, are not presented in the funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the health, liability and Local Government Insurance Trust ins funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fur	uranc	es to individual						(1,653,649)
included in governmental activities in the statement of net Long-term liabilites, including bonds payable and compensated not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, a Bonds, notes payable, compensated asbsences, etc. Accrued interest payable Net position of governmental activities	d abse are no	ences are	e fund	s.	\$	(332,912,152) (2,361,655)	-\$	10,924,641 (335,273,807) 176,491,801
That position of governmental activities							Ψ	. 7 0, 10 1,00 1

## THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		•	Non-Major	Total
	General	Capital	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Projects	Funds	Funds
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
-local property	\$ 197,455,716	\$ 727,220	\$ 1,098,230	\$ 199,281,166
-local other	153,200,175	9,913,590	315,319	163,429,084
Licenses and permits	3,033,852	-	=	3,033,852
Intergovernmental revenues	2,303,222	4,576,765	13,263,479	20,143,466
Charges for services	3,871,692	-	295,329	4,167,021
Fines and forfeits	76,250	2,350	=	78,600
Interest and gain on investments	2,020,489	2,574,596	2,214	4,597,299
Miscellaneous revenues	8,496,357	886,928	-	9,383,285
Total revenues	370,457,753	18,681,449	14,974,571	404,113,773
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	36,681,937	-	383,345	37,065,282
Public safety	43,270,773	-	940,512	44,211,285
Public works	16,231,217	-	1,755,690	17,986,907
Health	4,397,890	-	2,491	4,400,381
Human services	4,574,415	-	9,443,089	14,017,504
Education	191,621,893	-	=	191,621,893
Library	14,084,487	-	=	14,084,487
Culture and recreation	3,948,085	-	288,172	4,236,257
Conservation of natural resources	1,017,475	-	1,067,096	2,084,571
Economic development	3,034,799	-	969,676	4,004,475
Judicial	7,173,406	-	1,536,921	8,710,327
Capital outlay:				
General government	-	7,153,086	-	7,153,086
Public safety	-	2,679,615	-	2,679,615
Public works	-	10,208,865	=	10,208,865
Human services	-	3,000	-	3,000
Education	-	4,830,960	-	4,830,960
Library	-	320,973	-	320,973
Culture and recreation	-	1,134,650	-	1,134,650
Conservation of natural resources	-	10,641,280	-	10,641,280
Debt service:				
Principal	28,171,532	-	-	28,171,532
Interest	13,339,242			13,339,242
Total expenditures	367,547,151	36,972,429	16,386,992	420,906,572
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	2,910,602	(18,290,980)	(1,412,421)	(16,792,799)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	14,350,125	3,136,950	2,113,342	19,600,417
Transfers out	(9,933,292)	(12,058,090)	(2,292,035)	(24,283,417)
Payment to escrow agent	(6,727,641)	-	-	(6,727,641)
Refunding bonds issued	6,015,081	-	-	6,015,081
Bonds issued	811,800	27,188,200	-	28,000,000
Bonds premium	743,521	2,401,975	-	3,145,496
Issuance of debt-G O debt	473,924			473,924
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,733,518	20,669,035	(178,693)	26,223,860
Net change in fund balances	8,644,120	2,378,055	(1,591,114)	9,431,061
Fund balance - beginning, as restated	102,913,316	29,376,305	4,497,993	136,787,614
Increase in reserve for inventory	278,998			278,998
Fund balance - ending	\$111,836,434	\$ 31,754,360	\$ 2,906,879	\$146,497,673

### THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

### Westminster, Maryland

### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 9,431,061
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation, net of asset disposals, and transfers exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	2,211,035
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(1,376,799)
Adjustment to the net pension liabilities.	(3,972,868)
Adjustment to the Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) annual OPEB cost for the net OPEB obligation.	(585,748)
The issuance of long-term debt (i.e. bonds, notes, installment purchase agreements) proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	(3,139,355)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	360,751
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	4,557,986
Net change in deferred outflows related to pension expense reported in the	4,250,408
Statement of Activities.	(1,021,140)
Net change in deferred inflows related to pension expense reported in the Statement of Activies.	
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 10,715,331

### THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland General Fund

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance Budgetary (NON-GAAP) Basis vs. Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

RESOURCES (INFLOWS)   Revenues		5.1.			Variance with Final Budget-
Resources (INFLOWS)   Revenues   Taxes:				Actual Amounta	Positive
Taxes	DESCRIBEES (INEL OWS)	Original	<u> Finai</u>	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Taxes:					
-local property					
Licenses and permits		\$ 195 014 440	\$ 195 014 440	\$ 197 519 840	\$ 2505400
Licenses and permits   3,107,770   3,107,770   3,033,852   (73,918)					
Intergovermmental revenues		· · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Charges for services	•	· · · · · ·			
Fines and forfeits					·
Interest and gains on investments   2,044,560   2,044,560   2,020,489   (24,071)   Miscellaneous revenues   353,178,630   353,178,630   370,521,877   17,943,247     Other financing resources	<del>_</del>				
Miscellaneous revenues         1,506,110         1,506,110         8,496,359         6,990,249           Total revenues         353,178,630         353,178,630         370,521,877         17,343,247           Other financing resources         4,224,400         12,324,400         - (12,324,400)         (12,324,400)           Appropriated fund balance         12,324,400         14,459,290         14,350,124         (109,166)           Refunding bonds issued         - (2)         - (811,800)         811,800           Bonds premium         - (2)         - (743,521)         743,521           Issuance of debt-G.O debt         - (26,783,690)         26,783,690         22,394,450         (4,389,240)           Total Resources (Inflows)         379,962,320         379,962,320         332,916,327         12,954,007           CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)           Expenditures           Current:           General government         57,938,030         42,981,272         37,226,448         5,754,824           Public safety         37,618,280         44,206,959         43,371,514         835,445           Public works         12,393,460         16,454,335         16,183,057         271,278           Human services         4		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	
Total revenues         353,178,630         353,178,630         370,521,877         17,343,247           Other financing resources         12,324,400         12,324,400         -         (12,324,400)           Transfers in         14,459,290         14,459,290         14,350,124         (109,166)           Refunding bonds issued         -         -         -         6,015,081         6,015,081           Bonds issued         -         -         -         473,921         743,521           Bond premium         -         -         -         473,924         473,924           Total other financing resources         26,783,690         26,783,690         22,394,450         (4,389,240)           Total Resources (Inflows)         379,962,320         379,962,320         392,916,327         12,954,007           CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)           Expenditures           Current:           General government         57,938,030         42,981,272         37,226,448         5,754,824           Public works         12,393,460         16,454,335         16,183,057         271,278           Health         4,397,890         4,397,890         4,397,890         4,397,890         4,397,890         4,39	<u> </u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, , ,
Chef financing resources					
Appropriated fund balance 12,324,400 12,324,400 1 (12,324,400) Transfers in 14,459,290 14,459,290 14,350,124 (109,166) Refunding bonds issued				0.0,02.,0	,0.0,2
Transfers in 14,459,290 14,459,290 14,350,124 (109,166) Refunding bonds issued		12.324.400	12.324.400	_	(12.324.400)
Refunding bonds issued         -         -         6,015,081         6,015,081           Bonds issued         -         -         811,800         811,800           Bond premium         -         -         743,521         743,521           Issuance of debt-G.O debt         -         473,924         473,924         473,924           Total other financing resources         26,783,690         26,783,690         22,394,450         (4,389,240)           Total Resources (Inflows)         379,962,320         379,962,320         392,916,327         12,954,007           CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)           Expenditures           Current:           General government         57,938,030         42,981,272         37,226,448         5,754,824           Public safety         37,618,280         44,206,959         43,371,514         835,445           Public works         12,393,460         16,454,335         16,183,057         271,278           Health         4,397,890         4,397,890         4,397,890         4,377,890         19,1621,893         (6,842,533)           Library         9,594,210         11,789,095         14,084,487         (2,295,392)           Culture and recreatio		· · · · · ·		14.350.124	, , ,
Bonds issued   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -		,,	, .00,200		, ,
Bond premium		_	_		
Issuance of debt-G.O debt		-	_	· ·	·
Total other financing resources         26,783,690         26,783,690         22,394,450         (4,389,240)           Total Resources (Inflows)         379,962,320         379,962,320         392,916,327         12,954,007           CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)           Expenditures         57,938,030         42,981,272         37,226,448         5,754,824           Public safety         37,618,280         44,206,959         43,371,514         835,445           Public works         12,393,460         16,454,335         16,183,057         271,278           Health         4,397,890         4,397,890         4,397,890         4,397,890         4,397,890         1,3142           Education         184,779,360         184,779,360         191,621,893         (6,842,533)         Library         9,594,210         11,789,095         14,084,487         (2,295,392)           Culture and recreation         3,271,180         3,987,662         3,951,692         35,970           Conservation of natural resources         943,080         1,039,308         1,017,474         21,834           Economic development         2,914,330         3,220,514         3,036,195         184,319           Judicial         6,358,350         7,437,731         7,169,570	•	-	_	· ·	•
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)           Expenditures           Current:         Separation of the public safety         379,962,320         379,962,320         392,916,327         12,954,007           General government of public safety         57,938,030         42,981,272         37,226,448         5,754,824           Public works         12,393,460         16,454,335         16,183,057         271,278           Health         4,397,890         4,279,300         4,687,557         4,574,415         113,		26.783.690	26,783,690		
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)           Expenditures           Current:           General government         57,938,030         42,981,272         37,226,448         5,754,824           Public safety         37,618,280         44,206,959         43,371,514         835,445           Public works         12,393,460         16,454,335         16,183,057         271,278           Health         4,397,890         4,397,890         4,397,890         -           Human services         4,279,300         4,687,557         4,574,415         113,142           Education         184,779,360         184,779,360         191,621,893         (6,242,533)           Library         9,594,210         11,789,095         14,084,487         (2,295,392)           Culture and recreation         3,271,180         3,987,662         3,951,692         35,970           Conservation of natural resources         943,080         1,039,308         1,017,474         21,834           Economic development         2,914,330         3,220,514         3,036,195         184,319           Judicial         6,358,350         7,437,731         7,169,570         268,161           Reserve for contingencies         3,975,360         3,548,122					
Public safety         37,618,280         44,206,959         43,371,514         835,445           Public works         12,393,460         16,454,335         16,183,057         271,278           Health         4,397,890         4,397,890         4,397,890         -           Human services         4,279,300         4,687,557         4,574,415         113,142           Education         184,779,360         184,779,360         191,621,893         (6,842,533)           Library         9,594,210         11,789,095         14,084,487         (2,295,392)           Culture and recreation         3,271,180         3,987,662         3,951,692         35,970           Conservation of natural resources         943,080         1,039,308         1,017,474         21,834           Economic development         2,914,330         3,220,514         3,036,195         184,319           Judicial         6,358,350         7,437,731         7,169,570         268,161           Reserve for contingencies         3,975,360         3,548,122         -         3,548,122           Debt service - County         29,136,470         29,136,470         28,931,995         204,475           Debt service - Board of Education         12,607,520         12,607,520         1	Expenditures				
Public works         12,393,460         16,454,335         16,183,057         271,278           Health         4,397,890         4,397,890         4,397,890         -           Human services         4,279,300         4,687,557         4,574,415         113,142           Education         184,779,360         184,779,360         191,621,893         (6,842,533)           Library         9,594,210         11,789,095         14,084,487         (2,295,392)           Culture and recreation         3,271,180         3,987,662         3,951,692         35,970           Conservation of natural resources         943,080         1,039,308         1,017,474         21,834           Economic development         2,914,330         3,220,514         3,036,195         184,319           Judicial         6,358,350         7,437,731         7,169,570         268,161           Reserve for contingencies         3,975,360         3,548,122         -         3,548,122           Debt service - County         29,136,470         29,136,470         28,931,995         204,475           Debt service - Board of Education         12,607,520         12,607,520         12,578,779         28,741           Total expenditures         370,206,820         370,273,795	General government	57,938,030	42,981,272	37,226,448	5,754,824
Health		37,618,280	44,206,959	43,371,514	835,445
Human services         4,279,300         4,687,557         4,574,415         113,142           Education         184,779,360         184,779,360         191,621,893         (6,842,533)           Library         9,594,210         11,789,095         14,084,487         (2,295,392)           Culture and recreation         3,271,180         3,987,662         3,951,692         35,970           Conservation of natural resources         943,080         1,039,308         1,017,474         21,834           Economic development         2,914,330         3,220,514         3,036,195         184,319           Judicial         6,358,350         7,437,731         7,169,570         268,161           Reserve for contingencies         3,975,360         3,548,122         -         3,548,122           Debt service - County         29,136,470         29,136,470         28,931,995         204,475           Debt service - Board of Education         12,607,520         12,607,520         12,578,779         28,741           Total expenditures         370,206,820         370,273,795         368,145,409         2,128,386           Other financing uses         -         -         6,727,641         (6,727,641)           Payment to escrow agent         -         -	Public works	12,393,460	16,454,335	16,183,057	271,278
Education         184,779,360         184,779,360         191,621,893         (6,842,533)           Library         9,594,210         11,789,095         14,084,487         (2,295,392)           Culture and recreation         3,271,180         3,987,662         3,951,692         35,970           Conservation of natural resources         943,080         1,039,308         1,017,474         21,834           Economic development         2,914,330         3,220,514         3,036,195         184,319           Judicial         6,358,350         7,437,731         7,169,570         268,161           Reserve for contingencies         3,975,360         3,548,122         -         3,548,122           Debt service - County         29,136,470         29,136,470         28,931,995         204,475           Debt service - Board of Education         12,607,520         12,607,520         12,578,779         28,741           Total expenditures         370,206,820         370,273,795         368,145,409         2,128,386           Other financing uses         -         -         -         6,727,641         (6,727,641)           Payment to escrow agent         -         -         -         6,727,641         (6,727,641)           Total charges to appropriations (ou	Health	4,397,890	4,397,890	4,397,890	-
Library         9,594,210         11,789,095         14,084,487         (2,295,392)           Culture and recreation         3,271,180         3,987,662         3,951,692         35,970           Conservation of natural resources         943,080         1,039,308         1,017,474         21,834           Economic development         2,914,330         3,220,514         3,036,195         184,319           Judicial         6,358,350         7,437,731         7,169,570         268,161           Reserve for contingencies         3,975,360         3,548,122         -         3,548,122           Debt service - Debt service - County         29,136,470         29,136,470         28,931,995         204,475           Debt service - Board of Education         12,607,520         12,607,520         12,578,779         28,741           Total expenditures         370,206,820         370,273,795         368,145,409         2,128,386           Other financing uses         7         -         6,727,641         (6,727,641)           Payment to escrow agent         -         -         6,727,641         (6,727,641)           Total other financing uses         9,755,500         9,688,525         16,660,933         (6,972,408)           Total charges to appropriations (outflows) <td>Human services</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td>	Human services				•
Culture and recreation         3,271,180         3,987,662         3,951,692         35,970           Conservation of natural resources         943,080         1,039,308         1,017,474         21,834           Economic development         2,914,330         3,220,514         3,036,195         184,319           Judicial         6,358,350         7,437,731         7,169,570         268,161           Reserve for contingencies         3,975,360         3,548,122         -         3,548,122           Debt service:         Debt service - County         29,136,470         29,136,470         28,931,995         204,475           Debt service - Board of Education         12,607,520         12,607,520         12,578,779         28,741           Total expenditures         370,206,820         370,273,795         368,145,409         2,128,386           Other financing uses         7,755,500         9,688,525         9,933,292         (244,767)           Payment to escrow agent         -         -         6,727,641         (6,727,641)           Total other financing uses         9,755,500         9,688,525         16,660,933         (6,972,408)           Total charges to appropriations (outflows)         379,962,320         379,962,320         384,806,342         (4,844,022) <td>Education</td> <td>184,779,360</td> <td></td> <td>191,621,893</td> <td>, , , ,</td>	Education	184,779,360		191,621,893	, , , ,
Conservation of natural resources         943,080         1,039,308         1,017,474         21,834           Economic development         2,914,330         3,220,514         3,036,195         184,319           Judicial         6,358,350         7,437,731         7,169,570         268,161           Reserve for contingencies         3,975,360         3,548,122         -         3,548,122           Debt service:         29,136,470         29,136,470         28,931,995         204,475           Debt service - Board of Education         12,607,520         12,607,520         12,578,779         28,741           Total expenditures         370,206,820         370,273,795         368,145,409         2,128,386           Other financing uses         7,755,500         9,688,525         9,933,292         (244,767)           Payment to escrow agent         -         -         6,727,641         (6,727,641)           Total other financing uses         9,755,500         9,688,525         16,660,933         (6,972,408)           Total charges to appropriations (outflows)         379,962,320         379,962,320         384,806,342         (4,844,022)           Net change in fund balance         \$         -         \$         8,109,985         \$	Library	9,594,210	11,789,095	14,084,487	
Economic development         2,914,330         3,220,514         3,036,195         184,319           Judicial         6,358,350         7,437,731         7,169,570         268,161           Reserve for contingencies         3,975,360         3,548,122         -         3,548,122           Debt service - County         29,136,470         29,136,470         28,931,995         204,475           Debt service - Board of Education         12,607,520         12,607,520         12,578,779         28,741           Total expenditures         370,206,820         370,273,795         368,145,409         2,128,386           Other financing uses         7         9,755,500         9,688,525         9,933,292         (244,767)           Payment to escrow agent         -         -         6,727,641         (6,727,641)           Total other financing uses         9,755,500         9,688,525         16,660,933         (6,972,408)           Total charges to appropriations (outflows)         379,962,320         379,962,320         384,806,342         (4,844,022)           Net change in fund balance         \$         -         \$         -         8,109,985         \$           Fund balance - beginning, as restated         107,063,327         107,063,327         107,063,327 <td< td=""><td></td><td>3,271,180</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td></td<>		3,271,180			•
Judicial         6,358,350         7,437,731         7,169,570         268,161           Reserve for contingencies         3,975,360         3,548,122         -         3,548,122           Debt service:         3,975,360         29,136,470         29,136,470         28,931,995         204,475           Debt service - Board of Education         12,607,520         12,607,520         12,578,779         28,741           Total expenditures         370,206,820         370,273,795         368,145,409         2,128,386           Other financing uses         Transfers out         9,755,500         9,688,525         9,933,292         (244,767)           Payment to escrow agent         -         -         6,727,641         (6,727,641)           Total other financing uses         9,755,500         9,688,525         16,660,933         (6,972,408)           Total charges to appropriations (outflows)         379,962,320         379,962,320         384,806,342         (4,844,022)           Net change in fund balance         \$         -         \$         -         8,109,985         \$           Fund balance - beginning, as restated         107,063,327         107,063,327         107,063,327         107,063,327         107,063,327		•			
Reserve for contingencies       3,975,360       3,548,122       -       3,548,122         Debt service:       Debt service - County       29,136,470       29,136,470       28,931,995       204,475         Debt service - Board of Education       12,607,520       12,607,520       12,578,779       28,741         Total expenditures       370,206,820       370,273,795       368,145,409       2,128,386         Other financing uses       7ransfers out       9,755,500       9,688,525       9,933,292       (244,767)         Payment to escrow agent       -       -       6,727,641       (6,727,641)         Total other financing uses       9,755,500       9,688,525       16,660,933       (6,972,408)         Total charges to appropriations (outflows)       379,962,320       379,962,320       384,806,342       (4,844,022)         Net change in fund balance       \$       -       \$       -       8,109,985       \$         Fund balance - beginning, as restated       107,063,327       107,063,327       107,063,327       107,063,327       107,063,327       107,063,327	·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
Debt service:         Debt service - County         29,136,470         29,136,470         28,931,995         204,475           Debt service - Board of Education         12,607,520         12,607,520         12,578,779         28,741           Total expenditures         370,206,820         370,273,795         368,145,409         2,128,386           Other financing uses         7ransfers out         9,755,500         9,688,525         9,933,292         (244,767)           Payment to escrow agent         -         -         6,727,641         (6,727,641)           Total other financing uses         9,755,500         9,688,525         16,660,933         (6,972,408)           Total charges to appropriations (outflows)         379,962,320         379,962,320         384,806,342         (4,844,022)           Net change in fund balance         \$         -         \$         8,109,985         \$           Fund balance - beginning, as restated         107,063,327         107,063,327         107,063,327         107,063,327				7,169,570	•
Debt service - Board of Education         12,607,520         12,607,520         12,578,779         28,741           Total expenditures         370,206,820         370,273,795         368,145,409         2,128,386           Other financing uses         Transfers out         9,755,500         9,688,525         9,933,292         (244,767)           Payment to escrow agent         -         -         6,727,641         (6,727,641)           Total other financing uses         9,755,500         9,688,525         16,660,933         (6,972,408)           Total charges to appropriations (outflows)         379,962,320         379,962,320         384,806,342         (4,844,022)           Net change in fund balance         \$         -         \$         8,109,985         \$           Fund balance - beginning, as restated         107,063,327         107,063,327         107,063,327         107,063,327	Debt service:			-	
Total expenditures         370,206,820         370,273,795         368,145,409         2,128,386           Other financing uses         Transfers out         9,755,500         9,688,525         9,933,292         (244,767)           Payment to escrow agent         -         -         6,727,641         (6,727,641)           Total other financing uses         9,755,500         9,688,525         16,660,933         (6,972,408)           Total charges to appropriations (outflows)         379,962,320         379,962,320         384,806,342         (4,844,022)           Net change in fund balance         \$         -         \$         8,109,985         \$           Fund balance - beginning, as restated         107,063,327         107,063,327         107,063,327         107,063,327	•	· · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Other financing uses         9,755,500         9,688,525         9,933,292         (244,767)           Payment to escrow agent         -         -         6,727,641         (6,727,641)           Total other financing uses         9,755,500         9,688,525         16,660,933         (6,972,408)           Total charges to appropriations (outflows)         379,962,320         379,962,320         384,806,342         (4,844,022)           Net change in fund balance         \$         -         \$         8,109,985         \$           Fund balance - beginning, as restated         107,063,327         107,063,327         107,063,327         107,063,327					
Transfers out         9,755,500         9,688,525         9,933,292         (244,767)           Payment to escrow agent         -         -         -         6,727,641         (6,727,641)           Total other financing uses         9,755,500         9,688,525         16,660,933         (6,972,408)           Total charges to appropriations (outflows)         379,962,320         379,962,320         384,806,342         (4,844,022)           Net change in fund balance         \$         -         \$         8,109,985         \$           Fund balance - beginning, as restated         107,063,327         107,063,327         107,063,327         107,063,327	•	370,206,820	370,273,795	368,145,409	2,128,386
Payment to escrow agent       -       -       6,727,641       (6,727,641)         Total other financing uses       9,755,500       9,688,525       16,660,933       (6,972,408)         Total charges to appropriations (outflows)       379,962,320       379,962,320       384,806,342       (4,844,022)         Net change in fund balance       \$ -       \$ -       8,109,985       \$ 8,109,985         Fund balance - beginning, as restated       107,063,327       \$ 107,063,327					(2.4.4 = 2=)
Total other financing uses         9,755,500         9,688,525         16,660,933         (6,972,408)           Total charges to appropriations (outflows)         379,962,320         379,962,320         384,806,342         (4,844,022)           Net change in fund balance         \$ -         \$ -         8,109,985         \$ 8,109,985           Fund balance - beginning, as restated         107,063,327         \$ 107,063,327         \$ 107,063,327		9,755,500	9,688,525		
Total charges to appropriations (outflows)         379,962,320         379,962,320         384,806,342         (4,844,022)           Net change in fund balance         \$ -         \$ -         8,109,985         \$ 8,109,985           Fund balance - beginning, as restated         107,063,327         107,063,327         107,063,327         107,063,327	,				
Net change in fund balance         \$ -         \$ 8,109,985         \$ 8,109,985           Fund balance - beginning, as restated         107,063,327	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Fund balance - beginning, as restated 107,063,327	Total charges to appropriations (outflows)	379,962,320	379,962,320	384,806,342	(4,844,022)
	Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	8,109,985	\$ 8,109,985
	Fund balance - beginning, as restated			107,063,327	

## THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds						Governmental					
	Bureau of Utilities	Solid Waste				Fiber Network		Non-Major Enterprise Funds		Total		Activities- Internal Service Funds
ASSETS	oi otilities	vvasie		Airport		Network		runus		TOTAL		runus
Current assets:												
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 12,443,972	\$ 10,400,09	93 \$	_	\$	_	\$	2,191,227	\$	25,035,292	\$	15,364,369
Cash and cash equivalents	100	11,3		200	Ψ	_	Ψ	300	Ψ	11,946	Ψ	-
Receivables, net	2,946,333	761,20		144,951		15,343		128,732		3,996,559		106
Due from general fund	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	12,4		-		-		-		12,431		-
Due from component units	_	3,00		_		_		_		3,001		_
Inventories	536,877	-,-	-	14.918		_		_		551,795		_
Prepaid expenses	-		-	13,900		16,000		_		29,900		_
Total current assets	15,927,282	11,188,0	71	173,969		31,343		2,320,259	-	29,640,924	_	15,364,475
Noncurrent assets:												
Capital assets:												
Land	182.334	2.083.6	18	6,702,298		5		_		8.968.255		_
Buildings	17,676,654	1,752,29		4,569,596		· ·		274,051		24,272,597		_
Improvements other than buildings	1,940,496	6,319,5		1,785,748		1,139,212		365,799		11,550,808		_
Auto, machinery and equipment	2,081,731	3,761,79		987,710		20,421,876		234,092		27,487,207		-
Infrastructure	103,170,778	0,701,71	-	507,710		20,421,070		204,002		103,170,778		_
Construction in progress	7,767,428		_	_		990,216		416,432		9,174,076		_
Less accumulated depreciation	(40,859,170)	(5,666,49	24)	(3,056,009)		(3,445,506)		(455,183)		(53,482,362)		_
Total capital assets (net of	(40,039,170)	(3,000,4	54)	(3,030,009)		(3,443,300)		(433,163)		(33,462,362)	_	<u>-</u>
accumulated depreciation)	91,960,251	8,250,7	71	10,989,343		19,105,803		835,191		131,141,359		
. ,	107,887,533	19,438,84		11,163,312		19,137,146		3,155,450		160,782,283	_	15,364,475
Total assets  Deferred Outflows of Resources	107,007,333	19,430,04	+2	11,103,312		19,137,140		3,133,430		100,702,203	_	15,364,475
	205 224			4.400				000		227 270		
Debt refunding	225,321 225,321		<u> </u>	1,120 1,120				829 829		227,270 227,270	_	
Total deferred outflows of resources		f 40.420.0			•	40 407 440	•		-		Ф.	45 004 475
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 108,112,854	\$ 19,438,84	42 \$	11,164,432	\$	19,137,146	\$	3,156,279	\$	161,009,553	\$	15,364,475
LIABILITIES												
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities:					•		•					=
Accounts payable	\$ 2,163,854	\$ 1,154,9		96,082	\$	18,226	\$	182,519	\$	3,615,600	\$	524,880
Accrued interest payable	95,233	9,39		7,776		-		583		112,985		-
Unearned revenue	5,955	5,0		32,644		-				43,618		2,963
Accrued expenses	68,653	39,2	19	6,402		-		3,008		117,282		-
Due to other funds			-	17,964		2,096,878		-		2,114,842		-
Long-term liabilities due within one year:												
General obligation bonds payable	1,430,150	343,9	32	233,885		-		12,180		2,020,147		
Unpaid claims	-		-	-		-		-				2,845,377
Loans payable	30,141		-	-		-		-		30,141		-
Landfill closure, postclosure remediation	-	228,79		-		-		-		228,792		-
Compensated absences	74,461	50,4		5,138		-		-		130,016	_	-
Total long-term due within one year	1,534,752	623,14		239,023		-		12,180		2,409,096		2,845,377
Total current liabilities	3,868,447	1,831,69	91	399,891		2,115,104		198,290		8,413,423		3,373,220
Noncurrent liabilities:												
General obligation bonds payable	11,283,134	1,076,3	33	842,811		-		62,391		13,264,669		-
Unpaid claims	-		-	-		-		-		-		1,066,614
Loans payable	128,607		-	-		-		-		128,607		-
Landfill closure, postclosure remediation	-	12,483,3		-		-		-		12,483,377		-
Compensated absences	158,318	102,18		5,891				-		266,393		-
Total noncurrent liabilities	11,570,059	13,661,89	94	848,702				62,391		26,143,046		1,066,614
Total liabilities	15,438,506	15,493,58	35	1,248,593		2,115,104		260,681		34,556,469		4,439,834
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Debt refunding	310,667	56,5	31	6,997		_		_		374,195		_
Total deferred inflows of resources	310,667	56,5		6,997						374,195	_	
. S.c. deferred fillions of resources	010,007	30,0		0,001					_	57 7, 195		
NET POSITION												
Net investment in capital assets	79,196,838	7,582,3	57	9,914,892		19,105,803		760,619		116,560,509		_
Restricted for:	7 3, 130,030	7,002,0	٠.	0,014,002		10,100,000		700,019		. 10,000,009		-
Capital projects	16,463,613	1,435,1	57	1,999,309		109,784		599,568		20,607,431		_
Unrestricted (deficit)	(3,296,770)	(5,128,7		(2,005,359)		(2,193,545)		1,535,411		(11,089,051)		10,924,641
Total net position	\$ 92,363,681	\$ 3,888,72		9,908,842	\$	17,022,042	\$	2,895,598	\$	126,078,889	\$	10,924,641
Total Hot position	Ψ 32,303,001	Ψ 5,000,77	<u> </u>	3,300,042	Ψ	11,022,042	Ψ	2,000,000	Ψ	120,010,009	ψ	10,027,041

### THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Governmental					
	Bureau of Utilities	Solid Waste	Airport	Fiber Network	Non-Major Enterprise Funds	Total	Activities- Internal Service Funds	
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 10,359,334	\$ 6,327,333	\$ 763,759	\$ 116,613	\$ 1,284,788	\$ 18,851,827	\$ 18,881,614	
Total operating revenues	10,359,334	6,327,333	763,759	116,613	1,284,788	18,851,827	18,881,614	
Operating expenses:								
Personal services	2,551,327	1,523,060	235,452	-	68,152	4,377,991	-	
Contractual services	4,757,764	6,944,391	296,289	257,317	315,759	12,571,520	-	
Materials and supplies	843,931	338,767	44,187	5,400	71,657	1,303,942	-	
Rents and utilities	651,218	42,989	16,891	49,396	84,077	844,571	-	
Landfill closure and post-closure	-	253,246	-	-	-	253,246	-	
Insurance claims	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,687,413	
Miscellaneous	55,185	287,238	5,989	6,833	148,163	503,408	-	
Depreciation	2,185,471	551,842	175,761	797,672	51,186	3,761,932		
Total operating expenses	11,044,896	9,941,533	774,569	1,116,618	738,994	23,616,610	16,687,413	
Operating income (loss)	(685,562)	(3,614,200)	(10,810)	(1,000,005)	545,794	(4,764,783)	2,194,201	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Penalties and interest	434,657	214,039	16	-	5,751	654,463	33,500	
Medicare Part D	-	-	-	-	-	-	251,635	
Bond interest subsidy	18,223	-	302	-	-	18,525	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	(499,729)	(55,038)	(48,478)	-	(3,541)	(606,786)	-	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(55,584)	12,431	5,632	-	-	(37,521)	-	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(102,433)	171,432	(42,528)	-	2,210	28,681	285,135	
Income (loss) before								
contributions and transfers	(787,995)	(3,442,768)	(53,338)	(1,000,005)	548,004	(4,736,102)	2,479,336	
Capital contributions (Area Connection Charges & Grants)	887,006	47,133	179,130	-	-	1,113,269	-	
Capital contributions (Maintenance Fee)	1,467,824	-	-	-	-	1,467,824	-	
Capital contributions (land transferred from General fund)	-	-	30,000	_	-	30,000	-	
Capital contributions (donation)	-	-	-	200,967	-	200,967		
Transfers in	189,350	2,415,000	-	-	-	2,604,350	2,078,650	
Change in net position	1,756,185	(980,635)	155,792	(799,038)	548,004	680,308	4,557,986	
Total net position - beginning of year	90,607,496	4,869,361	9,753,050	17,821,080	2,347,594	125,398,581	6,366,655	
Total net position - end of year	\$ 92,363,681	\$ 3,888,726	\$ 9,908,842	\$ 17,022,042	\$ 2,895,598	\$ 126,078,889	\$ 10,924,641	

### THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds						
	Bureau of Utilities	Solid Waste	Airport	Fiber Network	Non-Major Enterprise Funds	Total	Activities- Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from customers and users Receipts from other funds	\$ 10,456,297 -	\$ 6,299,147	\$ 689,981	\$ 109,703 438,908	\$ 1,290,650	\$ 18,845,778 438,908	\$ 18,881,614 1,130,808
Payments to suppliers	(7,747,683)	(7,152,125)	(291,695)	(375,950)	(593,579)	(16,161,032)	(15,614,658)
Payments to employees	(2,527,261)	(1,494,120)	(230,718)	-	(67,962)	(4,320,061)	-
Payments to other funds		(12,431)	(57,781)			(70,212)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	181,353	(2,359,529)	109,787	172,661	629,109	(1,266,619)	4,397,764
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Transfers in	189,350	2,415,000	-	_	_	2,604,350	2,078,650
Net cash provided by							
noncapital financing activities	189,350	2,415,000				2,604,350	2,078,650
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND							
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(5,203,866)	(362,718)	(31,085)	(373,628)	(107,537)	(6,078,834)	-
Principal paid on capital debt	(1,605,257)	(367,998)	(243,081)	-	(12,179)	(2,228,515)	-
Interest paid on capital debt	(427,275)	(59,580)	(52,076)	-	(3,499)	(542,430)	-
Proceeds of the disposition of capital asset	5,842	12,431	5,632	-	-	23,905	-
Capital contributions (Area Connection Charges & Grants) Medicare Part D	2,354,830	47,133	209,130	200,967	-	2,812,060	-
Bond interest subsidy	18,223	(738)	302	-	-	- 17,787	251,635
Net cash provided (used) by capital	10,223	(730)	302			17,707	
and related financing activities	(4,857,503)	(731,470)	(111,178)	(172,661)	(123,215)	(5,996,027)	251,635
CARL EL ONO EDON INIVESTINO ACTIVITIES							
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	404.057	044.000	40		F 7F4	054.400	22.500
Interest on investments and cash  Net cash provided by investing activities	434,657 434,657	214,039 214.039	<u>16</u>	<del></del>	5,751 5,751	654,463 654,463	33,500 33,500
Net (decrease) increase	(4,052,143)	(461,960)	(1,375)		511,645	(4,003,833)	6,761,549
Equity and pooled cash and investments at beginning of year	16,496,215	10,873,399	1,575	_	1,679,882	29,051,071	8,602,820
Equity and pooled cash and investments at end of year	\$ 12,444,072	\$10,411,439	\$ 200	\$ -	\$ 2,191,527	\$ 25,047,238	\$ 15,364,369
Reconciliation of Operating Income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$ (685,562)	\$ (3,614,200)	\$ (10,810)	\$ (1,000,005)	\$ 545,794	\$ (4,764,783)	\$ 2,194,201
Adjustments to reconcile operating	<del>- + (000,000)</del>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<del></del>	<del>+ ( .,, )</del>	<u> </u>
income to net cash provided (used)							
by operating activities:							
Depreciation expense	2,185,471	551,842	175,761	797,672	51,186	3,761,932	-
Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities:							
Due to/from other funds	-	(12,431)	(57,781)	438,904	-	368,692	-
Accounts receivable	100,886	(28,186)	(106,422)	(6,918)	5,862	(34,778)	51,667
Prepaid expense	-	-	(13,900)	(12,667)		(26,567)	-
Inventory	(182,737)	-	(1,262)	-	-	(183,999)	-
Compensated absences payable	13,729	21,859	3,002	-		38,590	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(1,246,511)	468,341	88,555	(44,325)	26,267	(707,673)	219,822
Unearned revenue	(3,923)	-	32,644	-	-	28,721	(8,341)
Claims liability	-	- 050 040	-	-	-	252.040	1,940,415
Landfill closure, postclosure, remediation costs  Total adjustments	866,915	253,246 1,254,671	120,597	1,172,666	92 245	253,246 3,498,164	2,203,563
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 181,353	\$ (2,359,529)	\$ 109,787	\$ 172,661	\$ 629,109	\$ (1,266,619)	\$ 4,397,764
. 131 34011 provided (dood) by operating delivities	Ψ 101,000	\$ (2,000,023)	Ψ 100,101	ψ 172,001	Ψ 020,103	ψ (1,200,019)	7,001,104

### THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

## Westminster, Maryland Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Trust and Agency Funds June 30, 2016

	Trust Funds	Agency Funds
ASSETS		 
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 513,968
Receivables-notes	21,653	118,132
Investments at fair value:		
Short - term investments	625,473	-
Bond funds	26,538,528	-
Equity funds	63,448,473	-
Marketable securities	61,907,667	-
Total investments	152,520,141	-
Total assets	152,541,794	\$ 632,100
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	17,737	3,377
Due to primary government	831,068	-
Deposits	-	628,723
Total liabilities	848,805	\$ 632,100
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Fiduciary net position restricted for pension, OPEB, and other purposes	\$ 151,692,989	

# THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Statement of Change in Fiduciary Net Position Trust Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Trust Funds
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 13,376,560
Plan members	2,669,986
Total contributions	16,046,546
Investment earnings:	
Interest and dividends	14,294
Net increase in the fair value of investments	3,300,650
Total investment earnings	 3,314,944
Less investment expense	(86,827)
Net investment earnings	3,228,117
Total additions	19,274,663
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits and refunds paid to plan members and beneficiaries	6,330,862
Administrative expenses	 56,017
Total deductions	 6,386,879
Net increase in fiduciary net position	12,887,784
Fiduciary net position-beginning	 138,805,205
Fiduciary net position-ending	\$ 151,692,989

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies

### A. Description of Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

### **B.** Reporting entity

Carroll County was created pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the State of Maryland on January 19, 1837. Both executive and legislative functions of the County are vested in the elected five-member Board of County Commissioners of Carroll County. Each commissioner represents a district in the County.

The basic financial statements include Carroll County Maryland as the primary government, and its significant component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. The component units include the activities of the Board of Education, the Library, the Community College, and Industrial Development Authority. The component units are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the County in that the County approves budgetary request and provides a significant amount of funding.

#### Discretely presented component units

The financial data of the County's component units are discretely presented in a column separate from the financial data of the primary government. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The following are the County's component units that are included in the reporting:

The Board of Education of Carroll County as currently constituted was established under Title 3, Subtitle 103, Education, of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The Board is a five-member elected body responsible for the operation of Carroll County Public Schools. The Board of Education of Carroll County is a component unit of Carroll County, Maryland by virtue of the County's responsibility for levying taxes and its budgetary control over the Board of Education. The Board does not report any component units itself. The Board of Education's financial statements were audited by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditor concluded that the Board of Education's financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016. At year-end any unspent appropriation up to 5 percent of the current year operating budget are retained by the Board of Education as a component of their fund balance. Any excess above the 5 percent is returned to the County.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued B. Reporting entity- continued

The Carroll County Library Board of Trustees is established under Title 23, Subtitle 401, Education, of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The Board of Trustees is a seven-member body and is responsible for the operation of Carroll County Public Library "the Library". The members are appointed by the County Commissioners from nominees submitted by the Library Board of Trustees. The Library is a component unit of Carroll County Government by virtue of the Library's fiscal dependency on the County. The County levies taxes and is the primary source of the Library Board of Trustees' budget. The Library's financial statements were audited by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditor concluded that the Library's financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016. At year-end any unspent appropriation up to 5 percent of the current year operating budget are retained by the Library as a component of their fund balance. Any excess above the 5 percent is returned to the County.

Carroll Community College "the College" is considered a "body politic" under Maryland state law as an instrumentality of the State of Maryland "the State". The seven-member Board of Trustees of Carroll Community College governs the College. The Board of Trustees are appointed for six-year terms by the Governor of the State with the advice and consent of the State Senate. The College is a component unit of Carroll County Government by virtue of the County's responsibility for levying taxes and its power to appropriate funds to establish and operate a community college as referenced in The Annotated Code of Maryland Article §16-304. The College serves the constituents of the County. At year-end any unspent appropriation up to 10 percent of the current year operating budget are retained by the College as a component of their net position. Any excess above the 10 percent is returned to the County.

Carroll Community College Foundation, a component unit of Carroll Community College, is a separate legal entity. It has a separate Board of Directors that works closely with the College. The College President, Vice-President of Administration and a College Trustee are ex-officio members of the Foundation Board. Although the College does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, all of the resources, or income thereon that the Foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the College by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of the College, the Foundation is discretely presented in the College's financial statements.

Carroll Community College's financial statements including the Carroll Community College Foundation, were audited by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditor concluded that Carroll Community College's financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued B. Reporting entity- continued

The Industrial Development Authority "IDA" of Carroll County was established pursuant to Sections 266A-1 through 266A-3 of Article 41 of the Annotated Code of Maryland, and Resolution 25-80 adopted by the Board of County Commissioners of Carroll County on October 16, 1980. The IDA provides economic development services to commercial enterprises in the County. The County Commissioners appoint a voting majority of the Authority, which is also fiscally dependent on the County. The IDA's financial statements were audited by CohnReznick LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditor concluded that The IDA's financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices listed below:

Board of Education of Carroll County 55 North Court Street Westminster, Maryland 21157 Carroll Community College 1601 Washington Road Westminster, Maryland 21157

Industrial Development Authority 225 N. Center Street Westminster, Maryland 21157 Carroll County Public Library 1100 Green Valley Road New Windsor, Maryland 21776

The above are the only entities that qualify as component units based on the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 39 and GASB Statement No. 61, amendments of GASB Statement 14.

#### C. Basis of presentation-government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary finds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As discussed earlier, the government has four discretely presented component units. They are shown in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued C. Basis of presentation- continued

government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

### D. Basis of presentation- fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, and its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category- governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the primary operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *capital projects fund* is used to account for financial resources related to the acquisition or construction of capital assets of the County (other than those financed by proprietary fund types).

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

#### Enterprise Funds:

The Carroll County Bureau of Utilities provides public water and sewer services in certain areas of the County. This fund accounts for the operations, construction or acquisition of capital assets, and related debt service costs. All assets, except those available to fund current liabilities, are considered restricted for use only in this fund.

The Carroll County Solid Waste Fund provides solid waste disposal facilities for residential and commercial use. This fund accounts for the operations, construction or acquisition of capital assets, and related debt service costs. All assets, except those available to fund current liabilities, are considered restricted for use only in this fund.

The Carroll County Regional Airport accounts for the corporate hangar facilities and Airport operations, construction or acquisition of capital assets, and related debt service costs.

The *Carroll County Fiber Network* accounts for the operation and infrastructure development of the inter-county broadband fiber network.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued D. Basis of presentation- fund financial statements - continued

Additionally, the government reports the following additional non-major proprietary funds:

The Carroll County Septage Treatment Facility provides septage waste disposal services. This fund accounts for the operations, construction or acquisition of capital assets, and related debt service costs. All assets, except those available to fund current liabilities, are considered restricted for use only in this fund.

The Carroll County Firearms Facility is located at the Northern Landfill. The Hap Baker Firearms Facility accounts for the operations, construction or acquisition of capital assets, and related debt service costs. All assets, except those available to fund current liabilities, are considered restricted for use only in this fund.

The *Internal Service Fund* is used to account for certain risk financing activities. The Internal Service Fund accounts for risk management activities for workers' compensation, general liability, environmental, vehicle and property insurance and County employee health benefits costs.

The government reports the following Non-Major Special Revenue Funds:

The *Grant Fund* primarily accounts for revenues that are formally restricted by law for a particular purpose or have specific requirements associated with eligible program costs.

The *Hotel Rental Tax Fund* is restricted by law to provide funding for tourism and promotion of the County. The Hotel Rental Tax is a five percent tax applied to the hotel room rate and paid by the hotel guest.

The Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund is committed by County Resolution to provide funding for operating expenses related to the County's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit and Watershed Restoration efforts. Property tax revenue is dedicated to the fund on an annual basis.

The County reports the following Fiduciary Funds:

#### Trust Funds:

Pension Trust Funds are used to account for the activities of the County's single-employer public employee retirement plans. These include the General Employee's Plan and the Certified Law Officers Plan. The plans account for member contributions, County contributions and the earnings and profits from investments. They also account for the disbursements made for employee retirements, withdrawals, disability and death benefits as well as administrative expenses. The Volunteer Firemen's Length of Service Award Program "LOSAP" accounts for the benefit program for the volunteer fire personnel serving the various independent volunteer fire companies in the County. The LOSAP Fund is treated as a trust fund but, is not a legally established trust.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued D. Basis of presentation- fund financial statements – continued

The *Other Post Employment Benefit "OPEB" Trust* accounts for retiree contributions and County contributions to provide health benefits for the County's eligible retirees. The plan also accounts for the earnings from investments as well as the disbursements made for medical premiums, the payments of medical claims, and administrative expenses.

The *Agency Fund* is used to account for assets that the County holds on behalf of others as their agent. The Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities). The Carroll County Development Corporation "CCDC" Fund accounts for the transactions for economic development receivables collected by the County on behalf of a local nonprofit corporation. The Cable Regulatory Commission administers the cable franchise agreement for the County and eight towns.

All governmental and business-type activities of the County follow GASB Statement 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and American Institute of Certified Public Accountants "AICPA" pronouncements which incorporates into GASB authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance previously included in FASB, AICPA, and Accounting Principles Board Opinions "APB", guidance issued before November 30, 1989.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

#### E. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued E. Measurement focus and basis of accounting—continued

The government-wide financial statements, the proprietary fund financial statements, and the fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus and are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except grants and similar items which are considered available if collected within one year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when received.

### F. Budgetary information

#### 1. Budgetary basis of accounting

The annual budgets for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and the Capital Projects Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles "GAAP" except that encumbrances are treated as expenditures and real property taxes are budgeted as estimated revenues when levied. All budgetary comparisons presented in this report are on this non-GAAP budgetary basis.

The appropriated budget in the General Fund is prepared by fund, function, and department. The government's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.

Project length budgets along with the current year's portion of each project are budgeted in the Capital Projects Fund. The appropriated budgets are prepared by individual grants for Special Revenue Funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the project level for the Capital Projects fund and at the program level for the Grant Fund, Hotel Rental Tax Fund, and Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued F. Budgetary information-continued

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year-end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

#### 2. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2016, expenditures exceeded appropriations by \$6,842,533 in Education and \$2,295,392 in Library due primarily to the recording of in-kind services provided to the Board of Education, Community College, and Library. These in-kind services are not in the budget for Education and Library. The overspending in both functions occurred due to the recording of unbudgeted in-kind services.

### G. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### Deposits and Investments

The County operates a cash and investment pool for all funds of the Primary Government. Each fund has been allocated its respective share of pooled cash and investments as reflected in the fund financial statements as "equity in pooled cash and investments." In addition to participating in the County's cash and investment pool, each fund may maintain separate cash and investments that are specific to the individual fund. Investments are reported at fair value in accordance with applicable GASB standards.

Based on an average daily balance of each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments, investment income earned on the cash and investment pool is distributed monthly to the General, Enterprise, Special Revenue, and Fiduciary funds. Investment income earned on individual funds' separate cash and investments is recorded directly in the corresponding fund.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States Government, Federal government agency obligations, secured time deposits in Maryland banks, bankers' acceptances, the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool, repurchase agreements secured by direct government or agency obligations and mutual funds limited to a portfolio of direct obligations of the United States government and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by the United States government obligations. Statutes have clarified that obligations of federal instrumentalities are authorized investments.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued G. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance- continued

In accordance with state law, the Pool operates in conformity with all of the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission's "SEC" Rule 2a7 as promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Accordingly, the Pool qualifies as a 2a7-like pool and is reported at amortized cost. The pool is subject to regulatory oversight by the State Treasurer, although it is not registered with the SEC.

The County has an independent third party as custodian for securities collateralizing repurchase agreements and all other investments and certificates of deposits. The County has an agreement with the custodian used for the overnight repurchase agreement whereby the County's authorization is needed to release any collateral being held in their name. The financial condition of this other custodian was monitored by the County throughout the year to mitigate the risk. Investments of the County are recorded at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices provided by Carroll County's Custodian, except for the investments in the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool "MLGIP", and Money Market funds. MLGIP investments are recorded at amortized cost. Investments in Money Market funds are valued at the closing net asset value per share on the day of valuation. Changes in fair value are reported as increases or decreases in investment income in the operating statements of the appropriate fund.

The County has in effect a master repurchase agreement, which adheres to the prototype master repurchase agreement produced by the Public Securities Association.

State statutes require uninsured deposits to be fully collateralized.

The County is a participant in the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool "MLGIP", which provides all local government units of the state a safe investment vehicle for the short-term investment of funds. The State Legislature created MLGIP within the articles of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The MLGIP, under the administrative control of the State Treasurer, has been managed by a single financial institution, PNC Institutional Investments. The pool has a AAAm rating from Standard and Poor's and maintains a \$1.00 per share value. An MLGIP Advisory Committee of current participants was formed to review, on a semi-annual basis, the activities of the Fund and to provide suggestions to enhance the pool. The fair value of the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

The MLGIP issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the MLGIP. This report can be obtained by writing: PNC Bank Institutional Investments; Maryland Local Government Investment Pool; 1 East Pratt Street 5<sup>th</sup> Floor West; Baltimore, Maryland 21201; or by calling 410-237-5629.

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued G. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance-continued

#### Receivables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are classified as nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

### Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories shown in the general and enterprise funds of the primary government consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at the lower of average cost or market. The inventory in the General Fund of the primary government is reflected in the financial statements by the purchase method. Under the purchase method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased; however, material amounts of inventories are reported as assets of the respective fund. An amount equal to the carrying value of inventory is reported in the nonspendable fund balance category in the general fund.

The inventory of expendable supplies and food held for consumption of the Board of Education is reflected in the financial statements by the consumption method and is valued at the lower of cost (first in, first out) or market. Under this method, the expenditure is recognized when inventory is used. In the fund financial statements, these inventories are offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute available expendable resources, even though they are a component of assets.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The general fund reports fund balance for prepaid items under the nonspendable fund balance category. The general fund uses consumption method.

#### Restricted assets

Certain assets of the governmental activities are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet. Included as restricted assets are investments in U.S. Treasury Bonds and Strips held to maturity for the principal payment on the installment purchase of agricultural land easements. Deposits with Farmers and Merchants Bank is pledged collateral for the low interest energy efficient loan program.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items). Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued G. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance- continued

with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Assets	
Buildings	50 years
Building improvements	10 years
Water and sewer systems	50-75 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Machinery and equipment	5–10 years
Roads	50-75 years
Bridges	30-50 years
Fiber optic system	25-50 years

### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. One such item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The County also recognizes deferred outflows of resources for differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in actuarial assumptions, and contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. These amounts are being amortized over a 1-5 year period.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County recognizes deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position for differences between expected and actual experience and the differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments of the MSRA plans. These amounts are being amortized over a 5-10 year period. This is the deferred loss on debt when refunded. The deferred loss is amortized over the life of the bonds.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued G. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance- continued

The government has one such item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in the deferred outflow or inflow of resources. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet for taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

### Net position

### Government-wide:

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets, represents all capital assets, including infrastructure reduced by accumulated depreciation and the outstanding debt directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets. Restricted component of net position represents external restrictions by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted component of net position of the County, is not restricted for any project or purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The County issues debt to finance the construction of school facilities for the Board of Education component unit because the Board of Education does not have borrowing or taxing authority. The County reports this debt, whereas the Board of Education reports the related capital assets. The County also issues debt to finance the construction of facilities and various equipment purchases for the County's Volunteer Fire Companies because the Fire Companies do not have taxing authority. The sources of repayment of the debt are secured notes receivable due from the Volunteer Fire Companies.

Maryland State Retirement Pension "MSRP" - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the MSRP and additions to/deduction from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MSRP. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Carroll County Employee Pension, Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension, and Volunteer Firemen's Length of Service Award Program - For purposes of measuring the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each of the County Pension Plans and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of these Pension Plans and additions to/deductions from each of the fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by each Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued G. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance- continued

contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

In July 2004, the County issued taxable general obligation bonds to pay the entirety of the County's unfunded accrued liability to the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Maryland. These bonds were refunded in December 2013. The County realized savings on a present value basis rather than paying the liability under the amortization plan offered by the Employees' Retirement System. This debt is not related to any capital assets.

### **Business-Type:**

In prior years, the Solid Waste Fund issued debt to finance the construction of closing of several County landfills. The costs were not capitalized as assets. Of the total outstanding debt of \$1,420,264 in the solid waste fund, \$751,850 is associated with landfills closing costs.

The Bureau of Utilities fund collects certain fees that are subject to restrictions imposed by law. As of June 30, 2016, fees collected through water/sewer user rates, area connection charges and maintenance fees totaling \$16,463,613 have been restricted for future capital projects. The Solid Waste, Airport, Fiber Network and Septage funds have restricted component of net position for capital projects in the amounts of \$1,435,157, \$1,999,309, \$109,784 and \$599,568, respectively. These amounts totaling \$20,607,431 are restricted in the business-type activities of the Statement of Net Position.

#### **Fund Equity**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report limitations of fund balance for amounts that are nonspendable and are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties or creditors for use for a specific purpose. Commitments of fund balance represent limitations placed on spending that are imposed by and may be removed by the adoption of County Ordinance by the Board of County Commissioners. Assignments of fund balance reflect tentative plans by Board that may be subject to change. The Board of County Commissioners delegates authority to the Comptroller and the Director of Management and Budget to establish assignments of fund balance. Residual net resources are reported as unassigned fund balance and are the excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. The County considers restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which the fund balance classifications could be used. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies

G. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance- continued

### Stabilization Arrangement

The Board of County Commissioners adopted ordinance number 2013-07 to establish the Stabilization Arrangement which must total a minimum of five percent of the following fiscal year adopted general fund budget. Requests for appropriations from the Stabilization Arrangement shall occur only after exhausting current year's budgetary flexibility and spending of the current year's appropriated contingency. The funds can be spent if one of the following events occurs:

1.) A sudden and unexpected decline in total general fund revenues that exceed one percent of the original projected revenues, **AND** actual revenues for two of the following major revenue sources are projected in the current year to fall below the actual amount from the prior year: property taxes, income tax, recordation tax, state shared taxes, investment interest.

#### OR

2.) One of the following events occurs that creates a significant financial difficulty for the County and are in excess of the current year's appropriated contingency: a.) Declaration of a State of Emergency by the Governor of Maryland; b.) Unanticipated expenditures as a result of legislative changes from State/Federal governments in the current fiscal year; c.) Acts of Terrorism declared by the Governor of Maryland or the President of the United States; or d.) Acts of nature, which are infrequent in occurrence and unusual in nature.

### H. Estimated Liability for Claims in Process

The liability for claims in process in the Internal Service Fund includes estimates for personal injury, worker's compensation, property damage and medical claims as of June 30, 2016. The liability is based on estimates made on an individual claim basis plus an actuarial estimate of the liability for claims incurred but not reported.

#### I. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued

### J. Revenues and expenditures/expenses

### 1.)Program Revenues

The statement of activites demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

#### 2.) Proprietary Funds, Operating & Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Bureau of Utilities, Solid Waste, Fiber Network, Septage Treatment, the Firearms Facility and the Airport are charges to customers for sales and services. The Bureau of Utilities also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of hookup fees and lateral fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### 3.)Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

#### 4.)Property Taxes

Full year taxes and first semi-annual installments are billed and due on July 1<sup>st</sup> and may be paid without interest on or before September 30<sup>th</sup>. For fiscal year 2016, the following discounts were allowed: 1 percent on full year tax payments made on or before July 31<sup>st</sup> and 0.5 percent on full year tax payments made on or before August 31<sup>st</sup>. Semi-annual tax payments are not eligible for the discount. Second semi-annual installments are due on December 1<sup>st</sup> and may be paid without interest on or before December 31<sup>st</sup>. A service charge is payable with the second installment unless both installments are paid by September 30<sup>th</sup>. Delinquent accounts are issued final bills and legal notices on April 1<sup>st</sup>. Following the required advertisements and notices, the appointed tax collector conducts a Tax Sale on the last business day of the fiscal year.

Real and personal property taxes are levied at rates enacted by the County Commissioners in the annual budget process on the assessed value as determined by the Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation. The rates of levy cannot exceed the constant yield tax rate furnished by the Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation without public notice and only after public hearings.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies- continued J. Revenues and expenditures/expenses- continued

The real property tax rate during the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$1.018 per \$100 of assessed value and the personal property rate was \$2.515 per \$100. Real property taxes for the County, State and Towns are billed to property owners and collected by the County.

### 5.)Other Taxes & Fees

Impact fees are included in the capital projects fund to provide funding to capital projects for schools and parks that are eligible to receive impact fee funding. In order for a project to be eligible it must be created to alleviate pressures related to growth as described in the impact fee ordinance. Impact Fees are collected at the time a permit is issued for the construction of a new residential dwelling.

Like impact fees Agricultural Transfer Tax is included in the capital projects fund and is restricted by law to provide funding for the Agricultural Land Preservation Program. Agricultural Transfer Tax is collected on the sale of agricultural property that is changing use from agriculture to another classification.

### 6.) Compensated Absences

Employees of the County earn vacation, compensatory and sick leave in varying amounts. Upon separation, employees are reimbursed for accumulated unused vacation and compensatory leave.

County employees who are participants in the State retirement program are given credited service days toward their retirement benefits for accumulated sick leave. County employees who are not in the State retirement program may be eligible to claim a portion of their unused sick days upon retirement.

Accrued unused vacations, compensatory, and sick leave, along with the employer paid portion of taxes and benefits, are reported as expenses and/or liability of the activity and function that will pay it. A liability for these amounts is reported in the funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Earned but unused vacation and compensatory leave of proprietary funds are recorded as an expense and liability of those funds.

#### 7.) Component Units

Board of Education employees hired prior to July 1, 1997 meeting specified service requirements are eligible to accumulate sick time and upon retirement, are entitled to payment for unused sick time at 50% of their accrued sick leave balance at their previous three year average daily rate. The remaining employees, hired prior to July 1, 1997, may accumulate unused sick time and will be paid for a maximum of 250 days or their accumulated balance at June 30, 2003, whichever is greater. Employees hired July 31, 1997 and later are eligible to accumulate unlimited sick time, but are not entitled to payment for unused sick time upon retirement. There is a maximum accrual of 30 paid vacation days for those employees eligible to earn and accumulate vacation time. Library and Community College employees are permitted to accumulate vacation time and carry it over to future periods. Upon separation, employees are reimbursed for accumulated vacation. Employees are not reimbursed for accumulated unused sick leave.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued

### J. Revenues and expenditures/expenses- continued

### 8.) Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures in General Government. It is the County's internal policy that refunding bond premiums and discounts are allocated to the general fund. Premiums related to new bond issues are allocated to the capital fund. Discounts are recorded as general fund expenditures. Issuance costs are allocated to the general fund.

### 9.) Arbitrage Payable

Arbitrage rebate requirements under Internal Revenue Code Section 1.148-3 apply to general obligation bond issuances of 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012, 2011, 2010, 2009, 2008, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004, and 2003, respectively.

The law requires the computation and payment of arbitrage profits on unspent proceeds of a bond issue if the current investment of these funds yields a higher rate of return than the original bond issue. The County calculates arbitrage internally every six months. As of June 30, 2016, there is no arbitrage liability due to the Internal Revenue Service.

### 10.) Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the County and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During fiscal year 2016, the County transferred the workers compensation liability from the General Fund to the Internal Service Fund.

### **K.** New Accounting Pronouncements

Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application

This Statement provides guidance for applying fair value to investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The County has implemented the effects of this Statement for reporting period ending June 30, 2016.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued K. New Accounting Pronouncements- continued

Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments

This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and non-authoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The County has implemented the effects of this Statement for reporting period ending June 30, 2016.

### Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants

This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting implications resulting from changes in the regulatory provisions reference by previous accounting and financial reporting standards for certain external investment pools and their participants. The County has implemented the effects of this Statement for reporting period ending June 30, 2016.

### **Future Accounting Pronouncements**

GASB has issued the following Statements which will become effective in future years as shown below. Management is currently evaluating the effect of the implementation of these Standards.

Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68

This Statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of GASB 68. This Statement will become effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.

Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions included in general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement will become in effect for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions. This Statement will become effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

### Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures

This Statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose a brief description of the agreement, the amount of taxes being abated and commitments made by government other than abated taxes that are part of the tax abatement agreement. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued K. New Accounting Pronouncements- continued

Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans* This Statement addresses a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units-an amendment of GASB No. 14 This Statement will improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016.

### Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements

This Statement will improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues- an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No.73* This Statement will provide guidance for applying fair value to investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. This Statement will become effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.

#### L. Prior Period Adjustment

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental fund balances were restated as of June 30, 2015 from \$134,887,580 to \$136,787,614, a net increase of \$1,900,034. The adjustments relate to several funds and are described further below.

### **Grants Special Revenue Fund**

It was determined that funding sources of \$1,770,272 were improperly reported as unearned revenues but represented earned revenues from external sources or unspent transfers from the County's general fund. The previously reported fund balance at June 30, 2015 was \$0 and is restated as \$1,770,272.

#### **Impact Fee and Agricultural Transfer Tax Special Revenue Funds**

The County improperly reported impact fees and agricultural transfer taxes as a special revenue fund through June 30, 2015. These did not meet the definition of special revenue funds because the purpose of the revenues is to fund certain capital projects. The fund balances of the impact fee and agricultural transfer tax funds as of June 30, 2015 was previously reported as \$467,479 and \$481,181, respectively and are restated as \$0.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued L. Prior Period Adjustment- continued

### **Capital Fund**

There were several prior period adjustments to the fund balance of the capital fund which resulted in an increase in fund balance as of June 30, 2015 of \$833,655 from the previously reported amount of \$28,542,650 to a restated amount of \$29,376,305. Listed below are the details of the prior period misstatements.

There was a decrease in fund balance of \$303,003 for previously reported receivables and revenues that were not assets or revenues of the County as of June 30, 2015.

There was an increase in fund balance of \$655,477 for developer contributions that represented earned revenues of the County but were previously reported as unearned revenue.

The fund balance of the agricultural transfer tax activities previously reported as a special revenue fund (described further above) is presently reported in the capital project fund, since the funds are used to fund capital projects. This resulted in an increase in fund balance of \$481,181.

The revenues and expenditures related to impact fees described above are also presently reported in the capital fund. In addition to not meeting the definition of a special revenue fund, the amount previously reported as impact fee fund balance as of June 30, 2015 of \$467,719 should have been reported as unearned revenue, resulting in fund balance of \$0. Therefore, reporting impact fees in the capital fund has no impact on fund balance in the capital fund as of June 30, 2015.

### **General Fund and Agency Funds**

Amounts previously reported as Agency Funds did not meet the definition of an agency fund as they were not being held as agents for third parties. Assets and liabilities of agency funds were restated by \$396,876 as of June 30, 2015, with each decreasing from \$1,040,130 to \$643,254. It was also determined that \$244,767 of the liabilities from the Agency Funds represented earned revenues of the County, restating fund balance in the General Fund from a previously reported amount of \$102,668,549 to a restated amount of \$102,913,316.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Net position of governmental activities was restated for the combined effect of the restatements described above related to the governmental fund statements. The restatements had the same impact on both the fund statements and the government-wide statements. Total net position of the governmental activities was previously reported as \$163,876,436, and was restated with a net increase of \$1,900,034 to a restated amount of \$165,776,470.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies-continued L. Prior Period Adjustment- continued

### **Component Units**

As of July 1, 2015, the Library reclassified certain activity within the special fund to the general fund and agency fund. The reclassification resulted in a restatement of the beginning fund balance/net position as follows:

					Total	
				Go	vernmental	Statement of
Ge	neral Fund	Sp	ecial Fund		Funds	Net Position
\$	650,553	\$	179,328	\$	876,312	\$ 3,978,880
	70,517		(178,768)		(108,251)	(108,251)
\$	721,070	\$	560	\$	768,061	\$ 3,870,629
	\$ \$	70,517	\$ 650,553 \$ 70,517	\$ 650,553 \$ 179,328 70,517 (178,768)	General Fund         Special Fund           \$ 650,553         \$ 179,328           70,517         (178,768)	General Fund         Special Fund         Governmental Funds           \$ 650,553         \$ 179,328         \$ 876,312           70,517         (178,768)         (108,251)

## Note 2 – Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements A. Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, compensated absences, and pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds."

The details of bonds payable and compensated absences difference are as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$277,656,104
General Obligation Debt-Installment Purchases	31,524,508
Purchase Agreements Payable	5,666,101
Compensated Absences	6,025,644
Premium on Bonds	22,050,714
Total long-term debt and compensated absences	\$ <u>342,923,071</u>
Deferred Charges	( <u>10,010,919</u> )
Total Long Term Liabilities & Deferred Charges	\$ 332,912,152

### Note 2 – Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements A. Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position - continued

The details of net pension liabilities differences are as follows:

Net Employee Pension Liability		\$10,576,956
Net Certified Law Officer Pension	2,665,194	
Net LOSAP Pension Liability		1,417,320
Net MSRA Pension Liability:		
CC Officials State of MD	\$201,819	
Soil Conservation	<u>253,830</u>	455,649
		\$15,115,119

Another element of that reconciliation states "Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable in the funds."

Property Taxes- unavailable	\$ 403,984
Income Taxes- unavailable	15,382,255
	\$15,786,239

### B. Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between the *net change in fund balances* – *total governmental funds* and *change in net position - governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Purchase of Capital Assets	\$ 14,039,094
Donated Assets	2,258,893
Depreciation	(13,808,562)
Loss on Trade in of Assets	(47,423)
Assets Transferred to Other Funds	(230,967)
	\$ 2,211,03 <u>5</u>

Another element of that reconciliation states "Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds." The detail of this \$(1,376,799) difference represents the net change of \$(1,031,590) in Property Taxes-unavailable plus \$(345,209) in Income Taxes-unavailable in the fund statements.

Note 2 – Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements-continued B. Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities - continued

Another element of that reconciliation states "The issuance of long-term debt (i.e., bonds, notes, installment purchase agreements) proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this difference are as follows:

#### Debt Issued or Incurred:

Issuance of New Installment Purchase Agreements	\$ (473,924)
Issuance of New Purchase Agreements	(712)
Issuance of New General Obligation Bonds	(34,015,081)
Principal Payments on General Obligation Bonds	34,281,467
Principal Payments on Purchase Agreements	210,379
Net Change in Amortization of	
Deferred loss on Refunding Bonds	(441,097)
Net Change in Amortization of Bond Premium	(2,094,550)
Net Change In Accrued Interest Expense	(605,837)
	\$ (3,139,355)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of some expense differences are as follows:

Increase in Compensated Absences Accrual	\$ 81,753
Difference between accrual method used in	
Government wide Statements and the Purchase	
Method of inventory used in the Fund Statements	278,998
•	\$ 360,751

The details of adjustment to the net pension liabilities are as follows:

County Employee Pension Liability	\$(3,521,174)
Certified Law Officer Pension Liability	(37,640)
LOSAP Pension Liability	(294,931)
MSRA Pension Liability:	
CC Officials \$(60,789)	
Soil Conservation $(58,334)$	(119,123)
	\$(3,972,868)

### Note 3 – Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments, Cash Equivalents and Investments

### PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Custodial Credit Risk Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. At year-end, the collected bank balance was \$15,815,201. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation "FDIC" insured \$250,000 and the balance of \$15,565,201 was collateralized with investments held in the County's name at the Federal Reserve Bank. At June 30, 2016, the County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The following table reconciles the County's deposits and investments to the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of fiduciary net position at June 30, 2016.

		Primary			
	Government		Fiducary Funds		Total
Equity in Pooled Cash & Investments	\$ 165,874,640		\$	513,968	\$ 166,388,608
Cash and Cash Equivalents		32,011		-	32,011
Restricted Assets-Investments		29,496,149		152,520,141	 182,016,290
Total Cash and Investments	\$	195,402,800	\$	153,034,109	\$ 348,436,909
Bank balances and cash on hand					\$ 15,815,201
Investments					332,621,708
Total Balances at June 30, 2016					\$ 348,436,909

### **COMPONENT UNITS**

The following table reconciles the Component Unit's deposits and investments to the government-wide statement of net position at June 30, 2016:

#### Reconciliation:

						Carroll						
				Carroll	C	ommunity	T	otal Carroll			I	ndustrial
		Board of	C	ommunity		College	(	Community			De	velopment
	1	Education		College	Fo	undation		College		Library		Authority
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	11,400,763	\$	6,986,661	\$	254,658	\$	7,241,319	\$	1,221,626	\$	2,011,362
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-		-		-		29,819		9,289,365
Investments						8,590,883		8,590,883				
Total Cash and Investments	\$	11,400,763	\$	6,986,661	\$	8,845,541	\$	15,832,202	\$	1,251,445	\$	11,300,727
Bank balances and cash on hand		11,400,763		2,101,125		303,502		2,404,627		1,251,445		11,300,727
Investments				4,885,536		8,542,039		13,427,575	_	-		
Total Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	11,400,763	\$	6,986,661	\$	8,845,541	\$	15,832,202	\$	1,251,445	\$	11,300,727

All of the collected bank balance was insured by the FDIC and/or collateralized by securities held by the component unit or its agent, in the component unit's name.

### Note 3 – Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments, Cash Equivalents and Investments-continued PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

**Investment Risk** 

Interest Rate Risk: The County plans its investments to match cash flow requirements. In accordance with the investment policy, the County does not invest in securities maturing more than two years from the date of purchase and only 30 percent of the lowest investment balance can be invested between one and two years (as of June 30, 2016 the 30 percent was \$20,000,000). The only exception is the purchase of U.S Treasury bonds and U.S. Treasury strips for the Agricultural Land Preservation Program. These securities have no coupon and have long-term maturity lengths; therefore, they are very interest rate sensitive. If market rates were to rise, the market value of these securities would decline further than a similar coupon-paying Treasury security. Conversely, if market interest rates were to fall, the market value of these securities would rise further than a similar coupon-paying Treasury security. The County plans to hold these securities to their maturity to pay off the related debt when due.

Credit Risk: State law limits investments in bankers' acceptances and commercial paper to the highest letter and numerical rating by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. As of June 30, 2016, the County did not invest in any of these types of investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The County places no limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer. Under state law, the County cannot invest more than 10 percent of its portfolio in commercial paper.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, or not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the government's name. County and State statutes require that securities underlying all certificate of deposits, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements have a market value of at least 102 percent of the cost plus accrued interest of the investment. County policies require that a third party custodian hold investment securities and the collateral underlying all investments, in the government's name. As of June 30, 2016, the County's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The following table displays the fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy by investment type established by generally accepted accounting principles. Investments for the primary government and fiduciary funds have the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016.

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under the accounting guidance are listed below:

#### Level 1

Inputs that are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the County can access at the measurement date.

### Note 3 – Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments, Cash Equivalents and Investments-continued

#### Level 2

Inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability either directly or indirectly.

Level 3
Inputs that are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement for an asset or liability.

Primary Government: Investments by fair value level	Fair Value/ Amortized Costs		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Č	nificant Other Observable outs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Debt Securities							
Federal agencies (2)	\$	48,000,580	\$ -	\$	48,000,580	\$	-
U.S. government securities (1)		29,266,151			29,266,151		_
Total debt securities		77,266,731			77,266,731		
Equity Securities							
Money rate savings account		85,013,591	85,013,591		_		-
Public Funds- US Bank		5,099,000	5,099,000		_		-
Total Equity Securities		90,112,591	90,112,591		-	•	_
Total Primary Government Investments		167,379,322	90,112,591		77,266,731		_
Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) and Pension Funds:  Investments by fair value level Debt Securities							
Corporate Bonds		26,538,528	26,538,528				_
Total debt securities		26,538,528	26,538,528				
Equity Securities							
Equities (3)		63,448,473	63,448,473		-		-
Short-term investments (3)		625,473	625,473		-		-
Marketable securities		61,907,667	61,907,667				_
Total Equity Securities		125,981,613	125,981,613		-		-
Total OPEB and Pension Funds		152,520,141	152,520,141		-		-
Total Investments at fair value		319,899,463	242,632,732		77,266,731		-
Investments at amortized costs MLGIP		12,722,245					
Total Investments		332,621,708					
(1) These investments are healed by full feith	. 6	adit of the TIC	Corrommont				

<sup>(1)</sup> These investments are backed by full faith & credit of the U.S. Government.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies the County used to measure investments at fair value and determine which level the investment belongs in for the fair value hierarchy.

Equity Securities are valued at the last sales price or if no sale price is available and the market is active then the last transaction price before year-end is used. These securities are in level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Debt Securities are valued at the most recent price of the equivalent quoted yield. Debt securities are in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

### Fiduciary Funds

#### **Investment Risk**

Fiduciary funds for Carroll County are the Carroll County Employee Pension Plan, the Carroll County Certified Law Officer Pension, LOSAP, & OPEB "the Trust Funds". The Trust Funds operate under one investment policy that is designed to provide benefits as anticipated through a carefully planned and

<sup>(2)</sup> These agencies mature in fiscal year 2016/2017 but are callable monthly, quarterly, semi-annually until maturity.

<sup>(3)</sup> These investments are unrated

### Note 3 – Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments, Cash Equivalents and Investments-continued

executed investment program that achieves a reasonable long-term total return consistent with the level of risk assumed. Investments for the Trust Funds are reported at fair value.

The Trust Funds invest in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such a change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of fiduciary net position available for benefits.

Established by generally accepted accounting principles, the accounting guidance provides direction for measuring fair value. A fair value hierarchy is used to measure fair value of the investments. There are three levels in the fair value hierarchy. With Level 1 being the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in the markets for identical assets and Level 3 being the lowest priority.

#### Component Units

At year-end, the carrying value of the Board of Education's combined deposits was \$11,400,763 and cash on hand was \$3,558. The bank balance of deposits was \$15,879,384. The bank balance was covered either by federal depository insurance or collateral held by the financial institution's trust department in the Board's name. Statutes authorize secured time deposits in Maryland banks. Statutes require uninsured deposits to be fully collateralized. Therefore, under the reporting requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 40, the Board's deposits are not subject to custodial or credit risk at year-end. Because of the short-term maturity and type of investments, there is limited interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2016, the cash on hand for petty cash and change in funds for Carroll Community College was \$3,300.

At June 30, 2016, the College's cash and cash equivalents balance by type were as follows:

Cash on hand	\$	3,300
Cash in bank		2,097,825
Bank money market		4,468,038
Maryland Local Government Investment Pool		417,498
Cash with Carroll Community College Foundation	_	<u>254,65</u> 8
	9	57,241,319

#### Note 3 – Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments, Cash Equivalents and Investments-continued

As of June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the Library's deposits was \$1,251,445 and the bank balance was \$1,558,647. There is no custodial credit risk for either of these investments as the amounts are fully collateralized.

Restricted cash consists of amounts previously contributed to the Library. The funds were established in 1996 by the Board of Trustees of the Library for the purpose of establishing a fund that enables the Library both to continue and to expand programs that are or will be authorized in accordance with its mission. The funds are segregated from operating funds.

As of June 30, 2016, the Industrial Development Authority bank balance was \$11,300,727. All deposits were covered by Federal Depository Insurance and/or collateral held in the Authority's name by the financial institution.

#### Note 4 – Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In April, the budget officer presents recommendations to the County Commissioners for review in a public session at which time estimates of revenues and budget requests are assembled for preparation of a proposed budget.

In May, a public hearing is scheduled on the budget. Taxpayers may comment on the operating and capital budgets and presentation of a proposed tax rate.

Following the hearing, a public meeting is held with the County Commissioners for reviewing the comments made at the hearing. The proposed budget is adopted at this time.

In June, certifications of the adoption are made to the Director of Management and Budget who is charged with implementing those phases of operation which will ensure that the approved budgets are submitted to all departments, bureaus, or agencies prior to July 1 as well as to ensure that the tax billing, effective July 1, reflects the tax rate as set by the County Commissioners. Annual budgets are adopted for the General, Capital and Special Revenue Funds.

The appropriated budget for the General Fund is prepared by function, department, activity and object. The legal level of budgetary control for the County's General Fund is at the department level. Project-length budgets along with the current year's portion of each project are budgeted in the Capital Projects Fund. The appropriated budgets are prepared by individual grants for the Special Revenue Funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the project level for the Capital Projects Fund and at the program level for the Grant Fund and on an annual basis for Hotel Rental Tax Fund and Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund.

Transfers in the General Fund can be made between departments and functions with the approval of the Board.

### Note 4 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting-continued

A public hearing is necessary for supplemental budgetary appropriations excluding those pertaining to Grant Funds. Unused budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds and at the end of each project in the Capital Projects Fund.

The budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the County Commissioners. There were no supplemental budgetary appropriations adopted for the year ending June 30, 2016.

#### Note 5 – Receivables and Deferred Inflows/Outflows

#### Receivables

Most of the receivables in the Governmental Funds are liens on real property that will be collected via the annual tax sale process if not paid. Receivables as of yearend for the government's individual major funds and non-major and internal service funds in the aggregate, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Tax		Accounts		Interest		Notes		Total
Governmental funds									
General fund	\$	748,996	\$	296,705	\$	222,827	\$	17,372,485	\$ 18,641,013
Capital Projects fund		-		159,910		2,190		-	162,100
Non-major funds				1,801,956		-		221,843	2,023,799
		748,996		2,258,571		225,017		17,594,328	20,826,912
Uncollectible allowance		(92,700)							(92,700)
Total governmental funds	\$	656,296	\$	2,258,571	\$	225,017	\$	17,594,328	\$ 20,734,212
Amount not scheduled for									
collection during subsequent year	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	16,054,206	\$ 16,054,206

	Accounts			
Proprietary funds				
Bureau of Utilities	\$	2,946,333		
Solid Waste		761,200		
Airport		144,951		
Fiber Network		15,343		
Non-major funds		128,732		
Internal Service Fund		106		
Total proprietary funds	\$	3,996,665		
Amount not scheduled for				
collection during subsequent year	\$	_		

Most of the receivables in the Enterprise Funds are liens on real property that will be collected via the annual tax sale process if not paid.

### Note 5 - Receivables and Deferred Inflows/Outflows-continued

Balances for the component units for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

		Accounts Restricted				and Notes	Other	Students		Contributions		Total	
Component Units													
Board of Education	\$	-	\$	199,997	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	199,997		
Carroll Community College		-		-	232,455		838,213		278,315		1,348,983		
Library		40,007		6,137	-		-		-		46,144		
Industrial Development Authority				9,306,381	-						9,306,381		
		40,007		9,512,515	232,455		838,213		278,315		10,901,505		
Less: allowance				(2,387,463)	-		(412,036)				(2,799,499)		
Total component unit activities	\$	40,007	\$	7,125,052	\$ 232,455	\$	426,177	\$	278,315	\$	8,102,006		
Amount not scheduled for collection during subsequent year	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$		\$	115,952	\$	115,952		
concension daring subsequent year	¥		Ψ			Ψ_		<u> </u>	110,732	Ψ	110,702		

#### **Unearned Revenues**

Governmental and Enterprise Funds also report unearned revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At June 30, 2016, the various components of unearned revenue reported were as follows:

<b>Governmental funds</b>	
General Fund:	
City of Westminster	\$ 77,449
Capital Fund:	
Other	2,157,290
Grants Fund:	
Draws in excess of expenditures	 844,462
Total governmental funds	\$ 3,079,201
<b>Proprietary funds</b>	
Solid Waste- property rentals	\$ 5,019
Bureau of Utilities	5,955
Airport	32,644
Internal Service Fund:	
Future benefit payments from retirees	 2,963
Total proprietary funds	\$ 46,581

#### Note 5 - Receivables and Deferred Inflows/Outflows-continued

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources

In the government-wide statement of net position, deferred outflows of resources are reported as follows:

		Def	erred Charge_
Government-Wide			
Governmental activities			
Deferred charge on refunding		\$	10,010,919
Deferred charge for pension:			
Carroll County Employee Pension	\$ 4,708,846		
Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension	504,653		
Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP)	432,150		
State employee pension- cc officials	52,456		
State employee pension-soil conservation	62,140		
Total deferred charge for pension	 _		5,760,245
Business-type activities			
Deferred charge on refunding			227,270
Total government-wide		\$	15,998,434

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

#### Deferred Inflows are as follows:

		Defer	red Inflows
Government-Wide			
Governmental activities			
Carroll county employee pension	\$ 829,503		
Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension	638,270		
LOSAP	143,569		
MSRA- CC Officials	15,711		
MSRA- Soil Conservation	26,596		
Total deferred inflows for pension	_		1,653,649
Business-type activities			
Deferred charge on refunding			374,195
Total government- wide		\$	2,027,844

Governmental funds reported unearned revenues in connection with receivables for revenues not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

	Unava	Unavailable Revenue		
<b>Governmental funds</b>		_		
General Fund:				
Income taxes	\$	15,382,255		
Property taxes		403,984		
Total governmental funds	\$	15,786,239		

### Note 6 – Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

#### **Interfund Transfers**

At June 30, 2016, the Interfund transfers between primary government major and non-major funds were as follows:

	Transfers Out								
				Capital					
		General		Projects	N	lon-Major			
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total	
Transfers In:									
General Fund	\$	-	\$	12,058,090	\$	2,292,035	\$	14,350,125	
Capital Projects Fund		3,136,950		-		-		3,136,950	
Bureau of Utilities		189,350		-		-		189,350	
Solid Waste		2,415,000		-		-		2,415,000	
Internal Service Fund		2,078,650		-		-		2,078,650	
Non-Major Governmental Funds		2,113,342						2,113,342	
Total transfers	\$	9,933,292	\$	12,058,090	\$	2,292,035	\$	24,283,417	

The primary reason Interfund Transfers are made between the general fund to other major and non-major funds is for the continuation of operations and/or the funding of capital projects.

The Airport and Fiber Network funds had capital contributions transferred in from the General Fund in the amounts of \$30,000 and \$200,967 respectively.

#### Due from/to Component Units

The due from/to component units at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

	Due From		 Due to
Primary Government:		_	_
Board of Education	\$	13,036	\$ 36,561,619
Carroll Community College		87	247,056
Library		1,912	18,624
Industrial Development Authority		612,910	25,000
	\$	627,945	\$ 36,852,299
Component Units:			
Primary Government (Board of Education)		36,561,619	13,036
Primary Government (Carroll Community College)		247,056	87
Primary Government (Library)		18,624	1,912
Primary Government (IDA)		25,000	 612,910
	\$	36,852,299	\$ 627,945

### Note 6 – Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers-continued

#### Due from/to Fiduciary Funds

Due to/from primary government and due from fiduciary funds:

	D	ue From	Due To		
Trust Funds:		_		_	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	831,068	
Governmental Activities:					
Carroll County Employee Pension Plan	\$	8	\$	-	
Other Postemployment Benefit Trust		831,060			
	\$	831,068	\$	831,068	

### Due from/to Other Governmental Funds

	Due From		Due To		
Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$	-	\$	5,175,868	
Capital Fund		5,174,345		-	
Non-Major Governmental Funds		1,523			
	\$	5,175,868	\$	5,175,868	

#### **Internal Balances**

Due from/to Business-type funds:

		Due From		Due To		
Business-type Activities:				_		
General Fund	\$	12,431	\$	2,114,842		
	\$	12,431	\$	2,114,842		
Governmental Activities:						
Fiber Network	\$	2,096,878	\$	-		
Solid Waste		-		12,431		
Airport		17,964				
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$	2,114,842	\$	12,431		
	-					

The Airport Fund and Fiber Network overdrew their share of Equity in Pooled Cash accounts. The overdraw was covered by the General Fund. The General Fund had an outstanding accounts receivable with the Airport and Fiber Network at June 30, 2016.

Note 7 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	,		Net of	
	Balance		Transfers and	Balance
	June 30, 2015	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2016
Governmental activities:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 34,466,628	\$ 133,025	\$ (30,261)	\$ 34,569,392
Construction in progress	38,549,035	11,392,309	(40,213,556)	9,727,788
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	73,015,663	11,525,334	(40,243,817)	44,297,180
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and contents	186,633,468	6,760,093	-	193,393,561
Improvements other than buildings	42,267,781	31,422,747	(24,019)	73,666,509
Automobiles, machinery and equipment	43,564,806	4,545,783	(1,383,503)	46,727,086
Infrastructure	570,023,127	2,257,586		572,280,713
Total capital assets, being depreciated	842,489,182	44,986,209	(1,407,522)	886,067,869
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and contents	53,262,037	4,454,731	-	57,716,768
Improvements other than buildings	23,013,149	2,717,448	(24,019)	25,706,578
Automobiles, machinery and equipment	31,270,491	2,951,669	(1,135,374)	33,086,786
Infrastructure	423,759,297	3,684,714		427,444,011
Total accumulated depreciation	531,304,974	13,808,562	(1,159,393)	543,954,143
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	311,184,208	31,177,647	(248,129)	342,113,726
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 384,199,871	\$ 42,702,981	\$ (40,491,946)	\$ 386,410,906
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 8,943,617	\$ 6	\$ 24,632	\$ 8,968,255
Construction in progress	4,184,831	5,288,302	(299,057)	9,174,076
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	13,128,448	5,288,308	(274,425)	18,142,331
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and contents	24,272,597	-	-	24,272,597
Improvements other than buildings	11,481,051	69,757	-	11,550,808
Automobiles, machinery and equipment	27,216,035	513,235	(242,063)	27,487,207
Infrastructure:				
Water facilities	55,193,273	280,993	(34,938)	55,439,328
Sewer facilities	47,827,197		(95,747)	47,731,450
Total capital assets, being depreciated	165,990,153	863,985	(372,748)	166,481,390
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and contents	8,826,309	485,670	-	9,311,979
Improvements other than buildings	4,644,558	501,864	-	5,146,422
Automobiles, machinery and equipment	8,495,854	1,099,116	(443,030)	9,151,940
Infrastructure:				
Water facilities	11,390,603	964,219	(22,517)	12,332,305
Sewer facilities	16,875,394	711,063	(46,741)	17,539,716
Total accumulated depreciation	50,232,718	3,761,932	(512,288)	53,482,362
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	115,757,435	(2,897,947)	139,540	112,999,028
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 128,885,883	\$ 2,390,361	\$ (134,885)	\$ 131,141,359

### Note 7 – Capital Assets-continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows: Governmental activities:

General Government	\$5,714,701
Public Safety	2,122,817
Public Works	4,678,677
Health	6,779
Culture & Recreation	674,020
Judicial	44,052
Economic Development	231,828
Conservation of Natural Resources	335,688
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	<u>\$13,808,562</u>
Business-type activities:	
Bureau of Utilities	\$2,185,471
Solid Waste	551,842
Septage	22,999
Airport	175,761
Firearms Facility	28,187
Fiber Network	797,672
Total depreciation expense-business-type activities	\$3,761,932

### Component units

Activity for the Board of Education for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

			Net	
	Balance		Transfers and	Balance
	June 30, 2015	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2016
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land and improvements	\$ 15,049,603	\$ 2,700	\$ -	\$ 15,052,303
Construction in Progress	3,618,441	5,590,237	(8,982,967)	225,711
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	18,668,044	5,592,937	(8,982,967)	15,278,014
Capital assets being depreciated				
Building and improvements	593,484,033	8,999,421	-	602,483,454
Equipment	42,746,102	2,036,299	(701,282)	44,081,119
Total capital assets being depreciated	636,230,135	11,035,720	(701,282)	646,564,573
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	200,864,747	15,271,073	(697,436)	215,438,384
Equipment	32,000,699	3,073,831		35,074,530
Total accumulated depreciation	232,865,446	18,344,904	(697,436)	250,512,914
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	403,364,689	(7,309,184)	(3,846)	396,051,659
Capital assets, net	\$ 422,032,733	\$ (1,716,247)	\$ (8,986,813)	\$ 411,329,673
		·		

### Note 7 – Capital Assets-continued

#### Component units-continued

Activity for the Carroll Community College for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

						Net			
	В	Salance at			Tra	insfers and	F	Balance at	
	Jur	ne 30, 2015	A	dditions	Retirements		June 30, 2016		
Capital assets not being depreciated			·	-		-			
Foundation	\$	562,525	\$	-	\$	(180,000)	\$	382,525	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Building improvements		1,941,613		622,330		-		2,563,943	
Equipment		3,608,678		155,010		(20,857)		3,742,831	
Vehicles		128,692		-		-		128,692	
Library books		1,767,218		44,889		(209,631)		1,602,476	
Total capital assets being depreciated		7,446,201		822,229		(230,488)		8,037,942	
Less accumulated depreciation									
Building improvements		904,337		137,077		-		1,041,414	
Equipment		3,162,557		166,407		(23,222)		3,305,742	
Vehicles		119,470		6,148		-		125,618	
Library books		1,698,632		51,211		(208,364)		1,541,479	
Total accumulated depreciation		5,884,996		360,843		(231,586)		6,014,253	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,561,205		461,386		1,098		2,023,689	
Capital assets, net	\$	2,123,730	\$	461,386	\$	(178,902)	\$	2,406,214	

#### **Foundation**

The art collection consists of various paintings and drawings by Hiram Williams. These donated items were recorded at their fair value, as determined by independent appraisal, at \$381,025, as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and adjusted accordingly in the financial statements. Collectibles and artwork with indeterminate useful lives are not depreciated.

The doll collection consists of approximately 100 dolls from various countries, purchased by the donor while traveling to the various countries over a period of 20 years. These donated items are recorded at their fair value of \$1,500, as determined by management, at the date of donation.

Since the donors placed no restriction on their gift of these collections, they are included in Unrestricted Net Position.

### **Note 7 – Capital Assets-continued**

Activity for the Carroll County Public Library for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

					Net		
	]	Balance at			Transfers and		Balance at
	Ju	ne 30, 2015	1	Additions	Retirements		June 30, 2016
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Construction in progress	\$	-	\$	13,232	\$ -	\$	13,232
Capital assets being depreciated by location							
Headquarters		1,144,711		28,074	(37,435	)	1,135,350
Westminster		1,226,212		15,160	-		1,241,372
Eldersburg		434,613		13,116	(15,208	)	432,521
Mt. Airy		961,465		-	-		961,465
North Carroll		309,561		15,801	(31,426	)	293,936
Taneytown		133,357		5,075	-		138,432
Finksburg		124,214		-	-		124,214
Circulation materials		3,257,018		1,084,516	(1,081,494	)	3,260,040
Total capital assets, being depreciated		7,591,151		1,161,742	(1,165,563	)	7,587,330
Less accumulated depreciation		3,609,699		1,462,512	(1,147,749	)	3,924,462
Capital assets,net	\$	3,981,452	\$	(287,538)	\$ (17,814	) \$	3,676,100

Activity for the Industrial Development Authority of Carroll County for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2015		Additions		Net Transfers and Retirements		Balance June 30, 2016	
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	7,274,323	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,274,323
Construction in Progress		1,779,344		585				1,779,929
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		9,053,667		585		-		9,054,252
Capital assets being depreciated			•					
Equipment		37,886		-		-		37,886
Total capital assets being depreciated		37,886	•			-		37,886
Less accumulated depreciation								
Equipment		6,068		3,427		-		9,495
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		31,818		(3,427)		-		28,391
Capital assets, net	\$	9,085,485	\$	(2,842)	\$	-	\$	9,082,643

### $Note \ 8-Long\text{-}Term \ Debt$

The following is an analysis of the changes in long-term obligations of the reporting entity for the year ended June 30, 2016:

		Balance July 1, 2015		Additions		Principal Repayments/ Amortization		Balance June 30, 2016		Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:		2000								
Purchase Agreements	\$	5,875,768	\$	712	\$	210,379	\$	5,666,101	\$	331,393
General Obligation Debt		31,050,584		473,924		_		31,524,508		· -
General Obligation Bonds		277,922,490		34,015,081		34,281,467		277,656,104		28,428,502
Bonds premium/discount		19,956,164		3,145,497		1,050,947		22,050,714		1,618,768
Subtotal		334,805,006		37,635,214		35,542,793		336,897,427		30,378,663
Net other post employment										
benefit obligation		36,259,580		585,748		-		36,845,328		-
Net LOSAP liability		1,122,389		136,275		(158,656)		1,417,320		-
Net employee pension liability		7,055,782		7,719,703		4,198,529		10,576,956		_
Net certified law officers pension liability		2,627,554		1,073,980		1,036,340		2,665,194		_
Net pension liability (CC Officials State of MD)		141,030		60,789		-		201,819		-
Net pension liability (Soil Conservation- State) Estimated liability		195,496		58,334		-		253,830		-
for claims in process-worker's comp		2,274,763		1,023,380		1,161,614		2,136,529		1,089,630
for claims in process-insurance		1,991,985		15,481,448		15,501,856		1,971,577		1,951,861
Compensated Absences		6,107,397		2,817,009		2,898,762		6,025,644		2,898,762
Governmental activity		.,,		,,		, ,		-,,-		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Long-term liabilities	\$	392,580,982	\$	66,591,880	\$	60,181,238	\$	398,991,624	\$	36,318,916
							_			
Business-type activities:										
Loans Payable	\$	188,125	\$	-	\$	29,377	\$	158,748	\$	30,141
General Obligation Bonds		17,483,954		3,169,919		5,369,057		15,284,816		2,020,147
Subtotal		17,672,079		3,169,919		5,398,434		15,443,564		2,050,288
Landfill closure/postclosure		12,458,923		253,246		-		12,712,169		228,792
Compensated Absences		357,819		130,016		91,426		396,409		130,016
Business-type activity										
Long-term liabilities	\$	30,488,821	\$	3,553,181	\$	5,489,860	\$	28,552,142	\$	2,409,096
Component Units:										
Board of Education:										
Net other post employment										
benefit obligation	\$	75,142,431	\$	27,026,000	\$	8,379,705	\$	93,788,726	\$	_
Compensated Absences	-	17,251,346	-	867,059	-	2,339,994	-	15,778,411	-	2,400,000
Net pension liability (State of MD)		14,379,091		5,576,247		2,080,973		17,874,365		_,,
Capital Lease Obligations		3,429,696				813,850		2,615,846		870,718
Total Board of Education	\$	110,202,564	\$	33,469,306	\$	13,614,522	\$	130,057,348	\$	3,270,718
	Ť	-, -, -	<u> </u>	,,		- / - / -	÷			
Carroll Community College										
Net other post employment										
benefit obligation	\$	17,525,104	\$	2,625,439	\$	-	\$	20,150,543	\$	-
Compensated Absences		877,778		12,170				889,948		692,758
Total Carroll Community College	\$	18,402,882	\$	2,637,609	\$	-	\$	21,040,491	\$	692,758
Library										
Compensated Absences	\$	500,021	\$	23,454	\$	-	\$	523,475	\$	-
Net pension liability		409,901		248,726		77,414		581,213		_
Total Library		909,922		272,180		77,414		1,104,688		
· · · •		/- ==	_	. ,	_	,	_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Industrial Development Authority										
Loans	\$	4,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	235,433	\$	5,764,567	\$	_
Total Industrial Dev. Authority	\$	4,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	235,433	\$	5,764,567	\$	
	_	, ,	<u> </u>	, ,	÷	,	Ė	- / /		

### Note 8 – Long-Term Debt-continued

#### A.) Governmental Activities

Payments on the non-current liabilities above (excluding compensated absences), that pertain to the County's governmental activities are made by the General Fund. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund. The additions to the unamortized premium on bonds payable for governmental activities are recorded as an Other Financing Source in the General Fund for refunding bonds issued, and in the Capital Projects Fund for new bonds issued.

For governmental activities, compensated absences and arbitrage liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund. Claims liabilities typically have been liquidated in the Internal Service Fund.

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

#### **Purchase Agreements**

In March 2006, the County entered into phase two with Suntrust Equipment Finance/AAIG Johnson Controls to purchase and install energy saving fixtures for various County buildings. The maturity date for this purchase agreement is February 15, 2021. Payments are due quarterly at an interest rate of 4.04%. The principal sources of repayment for this debt are general revenues of the County including property taxes and income taxes and the debt is secured by the equipment acquired.

In March 2015, phase three was entered into between the County and AAIG/Johnson Controls to continue purchasing and installing energy saving fixtures for various County buildings. The maturity date for this purchase agreement is December 15, 2031. Payments are due quarterly at an interest rate of 2.353%. The principal sources of repayment for this debt are general revenues of the County including property taxes and income taxes and the debt is secured by the equipment acquired.

Issue	Interest Rate	Year Series Matures	(	Amount of Original Issue	 Outstanding June 30, 2016	ue Within One Year
General Government:					 _	 _
Suntrust/AAIG Johnson Controls	4.040%	2021	\$	2,649,079	\$ 1,128,537	\$ 219,350
AAIG Johnson Controls	2.353%	2031		4,536,852	4,537,564	112,043
Total Purchase Agreements					\$ 5,666,101	\$ 331,393

 $Note \ 8-Long\text{-}Term \ Debt\text{--}continued$ 

#### A.) Governmental Activities-continued

Years Ending June 30,	I	Principal	Interest		 Total	
2017	\$	331,393	\$	149,308	\$ 480,701	
2018		296,536		138,025	434,561	
2019		316,017		126,594	442,611	
2020		336,498		114,513	451,011	
2021		391,244		101,461	492,705	
2022-2026		1,971,679		363,653	2,335,332	
2027-2031		2,022,734		114,767	 2,137,501	
Total purchase agreement	\$	5,666,101	\$	1,108,321	\$ 6,774,422	

#### General Obligation Debt

The County issues general obligation debt for the Agricultural Preservation Program to enter Installment Purchase Agreements for land easements. This debt is an obligation of the County for which its full faith and credit are pledged. The sources of repayment for this debt are the general revenues of the County including property taxes, income taxes and dedicated interest earnings and restricted principal from federal obligation securities with a maturity of 10-20 years. These loans range in maturity dates from fiscal year 2019 to fiscal year 2036. The interest rates on these purchase agreements range from 4.641% to 6.00%.

Years Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2017	\$ -	\$ 1,753,676	\$ 1,753,676	
2018	-	1,753,676	1,753,676	
2019	1,201,212	1,753,676	2,954,888	
2020	-	1,681,603	1,681,603	
2021	-	1,681,603	1,681,603	
2022-2026	5,459,488	7,933,134	13,392,622	
2027-2031	20,469,220	5,940,667	26,409,887	
2032-2036	4,394,588	694,400	5,088,988	
Total general obligation debt	\$ 31,524,508	\$ 23,192,435	\$ 54,716,943	

#### General Obligation Bonds

The County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for construction of major capital facilities such as libraries, parks and schools, to loan to the volunteer fire companies and for other general county uses such as construction of roads and bridges. The bonds are obligations of the County for which its full faith and credit are pledged. The principal sources of repayment for the bonds are the general revenues of the County including property taxes and income taxes and to the extent bond proceeds are used to finance loans to the volunteer fire companies' loan payments from such entities.

### $Note\ 8-Long\text{-}Term\ Debt\text{--}continued$

### A.) Governmental Activities-continued

Sauce   Sauc	, <u></u>	Interest	Year Series	Amount of Original	Outstanding June 30,	Due Within
FHA Loan of 1972-Watershed Bonds   3.60%   2022   \$769,700   \$18,5189   \$26,348   FHA Loan of 1979- Watershed Bonds   3.649%   2031   678,800   338,504   17,373   2005 Public Improvement Bonds   3.50% 4.125%   2020   31,799,320	Issue	Rate	Matures	Issue	2016	One Year
FHA Loan of 1974- Watershed Bonds		2.5020/	2022	¢ 760.700	¢ 105 100	¢ 26.242
Final Loan of 1979- Watershed Bonds						*
2005 Public Improvement Bonds         3.50%-4.125%         2020         31,799,3230         -         -           2006 Public Improvement Bonds         3.50%-4.00%         2021         20,260,000         1,058,204         1,058,204           2007 Refunding Bonds (Improvement Bonds         3.75%-5.25%         2022         20,430,000         2,323,639         1,161,819           2007 Refunding Bonds (November)         3.75%-5.25%         2022         6,670,000         2,323,639         1,161,819           2009 Public Improvement Bonds         3.25%-5.00%         2028         28,294,094         5,503,191         1,746,311           2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A         2,00%-4.00%         2019         14,759,547         6,586,602         1,540,899           2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series A         0,30%-1.70%         2018         6,044,297         1,350,117         864,844           2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series A         0,30%-1.70%         2018         6,044,297         1,350,117         864,844           2010 Public Improvement Bonds         2,00%-4.25%         2031         1,104,2955         9,352,675         447,602           2011 Public Improvement Bonds         2,00%-4.25%         2031         1,104,2955         9,352,675         447,602           2012 Public Improv						
2006 Public Improvement Bonds         3.50% 4.00%         2021         20,260,000         1,058,204         1,058,204           2007 Refunding Bonds (January)         3.50% 5.00%         2020         23,165,983         3,758,2846         970,670           2007 Public Improvement Bonds         3,75% 5.25%         2022         20,430,000         2,323,639         1,161,819           2007 Refunding Bonds (November)         3,75% 5.25%         2022         6,670,000         3,230,000         590,000           2008 Public Improvement Bonds Series A         2,00% 4.00%         2019         14,759,547         6,598,602         1,540,899           2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B         4,70% 5.625%         2029         17,631,476         17,631,476         1,763,1476         1,763,1476         1,7631,476         1,7631,476         421,450         2010 Refunding Bonds Series B         4,70% 5.625%         2029         17,631,476         1,7631,476         421,450         421,450         2011 Refunding Bonds Series B         1,03% -15,10%         2018         6,044,297         1,350,117         864,844         2010 Public Improvement Bonds         2,00% -1,25%         2031         11,104,295         9,352,675         447,602         2011 Refunding Bonds         2,00% -5,00%         2032         13,600,000         11,556,118         681,294 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>*</td> <td>336,304</td> <td>17,575</td>				*	336,304	17,575
2007 Refunding Bonds (January)         3.50%-5.09%         2020         23,165,983         3,752,846         970,670           2007 Public Improvement Bonds         3,75%-5.25%         2022         20,430,000         2,323,639         1,161,819           2007 Refunding Bonds (November)         3,75%-5.25%         2022         26,670,000         2,323,639         1,161,819           2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A         2,00%-4.00%         2019         14,759,547         6,598,602         1,540,899           2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series A         4,00%-6,625%         2029         17,631,476         1,763,1476         -           2010 Refunding Bonds Series A         0,30%-1,70%         2018         6,044,297         1,350,117         864,844           2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D         1,03%-3,51%         2030         8,841,618         7,634,413         421,450           2011 Public Improvement Bonds         2,00%-4,25%         2031         1,104,2955         9,332,675         447,602           2012 Public Improvement Bonds         2,00%-5,00%         2032         13,600,000         11,556,118         681,294           2012 Public Improvement Bonds         2,00%-5,00%         2032         13,600,000         11,755,018         681,255           2013 Public Improveme					1.059.204	1.059.204
2007 Public Improvement Bonds         3.75%-5.25%         2022         20,430,000         2,323,639         1,161,819           2007 Refunding Bonds (November)         3.75%-5.25%         2022         6,670,000         3,230,000         590,000           2008 Public Improvement Bonds Series A         2,00%+4,00%         2019         14,759,547         6,598,602         1,540,899           2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B         4,70%-5,625%         2029         17,631,476         17,631,476         -           2010 Refunding Bonds Series A         0,30%-1,70%         2018         6,044,297         1,350,117         864,844           2010 Refunding Bonds Series D         1,03%-3,51%         2030         8,841,618         7,634,413         421,450           2011 Public Improvement Bonds         2,00%-4,25%         2031         11,042,955         9,352,675         447,602           2011 Refunding Bonds         2,00%-5,00%         2032         13,600,000         11,556,118         681,294           2012 Refunding Bonds         2,00%-5,00%         2032         13,685,415         13,685,415         1,564,555           2013 Public Improvement Bonds         2,00%-5,00%         2033         23,412,567         21,003,789         1,206,649           2014 Public Improvement Bonds						· ·
2007 Refunding Bonds (November)         3.75%-5.25%         2022         6,670,000         3,230,000         590,000           2008 Public Improvement Bonds         3.25%-5.00%         2028         28,294,094         5,503,191         1,746,311           2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A         2.00%-4.00%         2019         14,759,547         6,598,602         1,540,899           2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B         4.70%-5.625%         2029         17,631,476         17,631,476         -           2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D         1.03%-3.51%         2030         8,841,618         7,634,413         421,450           2011 Public Improvement Bonds         2.00%-4.25%         2031         11,042,955         9,352,675         447,602           2011 Public Improvement Bonds         2.00%-4.25%         2031         1,042,955         9,352,675         447,602           2012 Public Improvement Bonds         2.00%-5.00%         2032         13,600,000         11,556,118         681,294           2012 Public Improvement Bonds         2.00%-5.00%         2032         13,600,000         11,556,118         681,294           2014 Public Improvement Bonds         2.00%-5.00%         2033         23,412,567         21,003,789         12,06,649           2014 Public Improvemen						*
2008 Public Improvement Bonds         3.25%-5.00%         2028         28,294,094         5.503,191         1,746,311           2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B         4.70%-5.625%         2029         117,631,476         17,631,476         -           2010 Refunding Bonds Series A         0.30%-1.70%         2018         6,044,297         1,350,117         864,844           2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D         1.03%-5.51%         2030         8,841,618         7,634,413         421,450           2011 Public Improvement Bonds         2.00%-4.25%         2031         11,042,555         352,6275         447,602           2011 Refunding Bonds         2.00%-4.25%         2031         11,047,64         6,935,805         1,811,776           2012 Refunding Bonds         2.00%-5.00%         2032         13,600,000         11,556,118         681,294           2012 Refunding Bonds         2.00%-5.00%         2032         13,685,415         1,564,555           2013 Public Improvement Bonds         2.00%-5.00%         2033         23,412,567         21,003,789         1,206,649           2014 Refunding Bonds         2.00%-5.00%         2033         23,448,730         1,730,063         1,725,662           2015 Public Improvement Bonds         3.00%-5.00%         2022	-					
2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A         2.00% +0.00%         2019         14,759,547         6,598,602         1,540,899           2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B         4,70% -5,625%         2029         17,631,476         17,631,476         -7           2010 Refunding Bonds Series A         0,30% -1,70%         2018         6,044,297         1,350,117         864,844           2010 Public Improvement Bonds         2,00% -4,25%         2031         11,042,955         9,352,675         447,602           2011 Refunding Bonds         2,00% -4,25%         2031         1,1042,955         9,352,675         447,602           2012 Public Improvement Bonds         2,00% -5,00%         2032         13,600,000         11,556,118         681,294           2012 Public Improvement Bonds         2,00% -5,00%         2032         13,685,415         13,685,415         1,564,555           2013 Public Improvement Bonds         2,00% -5,00%         2033         23,412,567         21,003,789         120,6649           2014 Public Improvement Bonds         2,00% -5,00%         2029         19,078,563         17,307,063         1,725,662           2015 Public Improvement Bonds         3,00% -5,00%         2025         5,529,176         -         -           2015 Public Improvement Bonds	_				, ,	,
2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B         4.70%-5.625%         2029         17,631,476         17,631,476				* *		
2010 Refunding Bonds Series A         0.30%-1.70%         2018         6,044,297         1,350,117         864,844           2010 Public Improvement Bonds         1.03%-3.51%         2030         8,841,618         7,634,413         421,450           2011 Public Improvement Bonds         2.00%-4.25%         2031         11,042,955         9,352,675         447,602           2011 Refunding Bonds         2.00%-4.25%         2031         19,104,764         6,955,805         1,811,776           2012 Public Improvement Bonds         2.00%-5.00%         2032         13,600,000         11,556,118         681,294           2013 Public Improvement Bonds         2.00%-5.00%         2033         13,412,567         21,003,789         1,206,649           2014 Public Improvement Bonds         2.00%-5.00%         2034         14,099,475         13,394,501         704,974           2014 Public Improvement Bonds         2.00%-5.00%         2029         19,078,563         17,307,063         1,725,662           2015 Public Improvement Bonds         3.00%-5.00%         2022         5,591,76         5,529,176         -5           2015 Refunding Bonds         3.00%-5.00%         2022         5,529,176         5,529,176         -7           2015 Public Improvement Bonds         3.50%-6.00%						1,540,899
2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D   1.03%-3.51%   2030   8,841,618   7,634,413   421,450   2011 Public Improvement Bonds   2.00%-4.25%   2031   11,042,955   9,352,675   447,602   2011 Refunding Bonds   2.00%-4.25%   2031   9,104,764   6,935,805   1.811,776   2012 Public Improvement Bonds   2.00%-5.00%   2032   13,600,000   11,556,118   681,294   2012 Refunding Bonds   2.00%-5.00%   2032   13,685,415   13,685,415   1,564,555   2013 Public Improvement Bonds   2.00%-5.00%   2033   23,412,567   21,003,789   1,206,649   2014 Public Improvement Bonds   2.00%-5.00%   2034   14,099,475   13,394,501   704,974   2014 Refunding Bonds   2.00%-5.00%   2035   25,448,730   25,448,730   1,273,137   2015 Refunding Bonds   3.00%-5.00%   2035   25,448,730   25,448,730   1,273,137   2015 Refunding Bonds   3.00%-5.00%   2022   20,480,000   25,529,176   5,529,176   2006 Public Improvement Bonds   3.50%-4.00%   2021   20,260,000   250,242   250,242   2007 Refunding Bonds   3.50%-4.00%   2021   20,260,000   204,202   2012,200   2008 Public Improvement Bonds   3.75%-5.25%   2022   20,430,000   204,202   102,101   2009 Public Improvement Bonds   3.75%-5.25%   2022   20,430,000   204,202   102,101   2009 Public Improvement Bonds   3.75%-5.25%   2022   20,430,000   204,202   102,101   2009 Public Improvement Bonds   3.75%-5.25%   2022   20,430,000   204,202   102,101   2009 Public Improvement Bonds   3.75%-5.25%   2022   20,430,000   204,202   20,260   2009 Public Improvement Bonds   3.75%-5.25%   2029   15,946,285   15,946,284   - 2010 Refunding Bonds Series A   2.00%-4.00%   2019   8,305,513   3,713,174   867,097   2009 Public Improvement Bonds   2.00%-4.00%   2019   8,305,513   3,713,174   867,097   2019 Public Improvement Bonds   2.00%-6.05%   2031   6,957,045   5,892,125   281,998   2011 Refunding Bonds   2.00%-6.00%   2032   6,400,000   5,438,305   516,495   2011 Public Improvement Bonds   2.00%-6.00%   2032   2,347,757   2,347,757   2,947,757   209,724   2014 Public Improvement Bonds   2.00%-6.00%   2032   2,347,757   2,347,						-
2011 Public Improvement Bonds						*
2011 Refunding Bonds	•					
2012 Public Improvement Bonds         2.00%-5.00%         2032         13,600,000         11,556,118         681,294           2012 Refunding Bonds         2.00%-5.00%         2032         13,685,415         13,685,415         1,564,555           2013 Public Improvement Bonds         2.00%-5.00%         2033         23,412,567         21,003,789         1,206,649           2014 Public Improvement Bonds         2.00%-5.00%         2034         14,099,475         13,394,501         704,974           2014 Refunding Bonds         2.00%-5.00%         2029         19,078,563         17,307,063         1,725,662           2015 Public Improvement Bonds         3.00%-5.00%         2035         25,448,730         25,448,730         1,273,137           2015 Refunding Bonds         3.00%-5.00%         2022         5,529,176         5,529,176         -           Subtotal General Government         5         173,908,008         \$ 17,822,455         \$ 173,908,008         \$ 17,822,455           Board of Education:         2006         2020         31,799,320         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -           2006 Public Improvement Bonds         3.50%-4.00%         2021         20,260,000         250,242         250,242           2007 Refunding Bonds (January)         3.50%-5.00% <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>						
2012 Refunding Bonds	_					
2013 Public Improvement Bonds   2.00%-5.00%   2033   23,412,567   21,003,789   1,206,649   2014 Public Improvement Bonds   2.00%-5.00%   2034   14,099,475   13,394,501   704,974   2014 Refunding Bonds   2.00%-5.00%   2029   19,078,563   17,307,063   1,725,662   2015 Public Improvement Bonds   3.00%-5.00%   2025   5,529,176   5,296,176   5	2012 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-5.00%		13,600,000		681,294
2014 Public Improvement Bonds	2012 Refunding Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2032	13,685,415	13,685,415	1,564,555
2014 Refunding Bonds	2013 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2033	23,412,567	21,003,789	1,206,649
2015 Public Improvement Bonds   3.00%-5.00%   2035   25,448,730   25,448,730   1,273,137	2014 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2034	14,099,475	13,394,501	704,974
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	2014 Refunding Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2029	19,078,563	17,307,063	1,725,662
Subtotal General Government         \$ 173,908,008         \$ 17,822,455           Board of Education:         2005 Public Improvement Bonds         3.50%-4.125%         2020         31,799,320         \$ -         \$ -           2006 Public Improvement Bonds         3.50%-4.00%         2021         20,260,000         250,242         250,242           2007 Refunding Bonds (January)         3.50%-5.00%         2020         23,165,983         5,048,585         1,305,812           2007 Public Improvement Bonds         3.75%-5.25%         2022         20,430,000         204,202         102,101           2008 Public Improvement Bonds         3.25%-5.00%         2028         43,613,906         6,390,195         2,028,919           2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A         2.00%-4.00%         2019         8,305,513         3,713,174         867,097           2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B         4.70%-5,625%         2029         15,946,285         15,946,284         -           2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series B         4.70%-5,625%         2029         15,946,285         15,946,284         -           2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D         1.03%-3.51%         2030         10,272,510         8,785,631         516,495           2011 Refunding Bonds         2.00%-4.25%         20	2015 Public Improvement Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2035	25,448,730	25,448,730	1,273,137
Board of Education:   2005 Public Improvement Bonds   3.50%-4.125%   2020   31,799,320   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   2006 Public Improvement Bonds   3.50%-4.00%   2021   20,260,000   250,242   250,242   2007 Refunding Bonds (January)   3.50%-5.00%   2020   23,165,983   5,048,585   1,305,812   2007 Public Improvement Bonds   3.75%-5.25%   2022   20,430,000   204,202   102,101   2008 Public Improvement Bonds   3.25%-5.00%   2028   43,613,906   6,390,195   2,028,919   2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A   2.00%-4.00%   2019   8,305,513   3,713,174   867,097   2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B   4.70%-5.625%   2029   15,946,285   15,946,284   - 2010 Refunding Bonds Series A   0.30%-1.70%   2018   6,054,056   1,352,297   866,240   2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D   1.03%-3.51%   2030   10,272,510   8,785,631   516,495   2011 Public Improvement Bonds   2.00%-4.25%   2031   6,957,045   5,892,125   281,998   2011 Refunding Bonds   2.00%-4.25%   2031   769,193   488,930   152,697   2012 Public Improvement Bonds   2.00%-5.00%   2032   6,400,000   5,438,305   320,565   2012 Refunding Bonds   2.00%-5.00%   2032   2,347,757   2,347,757   209,724   2013 Public Improvement Bonds   2.00%-5.00%   2032   2,347,757   2,347,757   209,724   2014 Public Improvement Bonds   2.00%-5.00%   2033   1,852,433   1,661,836   95,471   2014 Public Improvement Bonds   2.00%-5.00%   2034   2,347,757   855,499   45,026   2014 Refunding Bonds   2.00%-5.00%   2034   2,347,757   855,499   45,026   2014 Refunding Bonds   2.00%-5.00%   2035   1,736,270   1,736,270   86,863   2015 Refunding Bonds   3.00%-5.00%   2025   485,905   485,905   - \$	2015 Refunding Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2022	5,529,176	5,529,176	<u> </u>
2005 Public Improvement Bonds       3.50%-4.125%       2020       31,799,320       \$ - \$       \$ - \$         2006 Public Improvement Bonds       3.50%-4.00%       2021       20,260,000       250,242       250,242         2007 Refunding Bonds (January)       3.50%-5.00%       2020       23,165,983       5,048,585       1,305,812         2007 Public Improvement Bonds       3.75%-5.25%       2022       20,430,000       204,202       102,101         2008 Public Improvement Bonds       3.25%-5.00%       2028       43,613,906       6,390,195       2,028,919         2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A       2.00%-4.00%       2019       8,305,513       3,713,174       867,097         2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B       4.70%-5.625%       2029       15,946,285       15,946,284       -         2010 Refunding Bonds Series A       0.30%-1.70%       2018       6,054,056       1,352,297       866,240         2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D       1.03%-3.51%       2030       10,272,510       8,785,631       516,495         2011 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-4.25%       2031       6,957,045       5,892,125       281,998         2011 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2032       6,400,000       5,438,305       320,565	Subtotal General Government				\$ 173,908,008	\$ 17,822,455
2006 Public Improvement Bonds       3.50%-4.00%       2021       20,260,000       250,242       250,242         2007 Refunding Bonds (January)       3.50%-5.00%       2020       23,165,983       5,048,585       1,305,812         2007 Public Improvement Bonds       3.75%-5.25%       2022       20,430,000       204,202       102,101         2008 Public Improvement Bonds       3.25%-5.00%       2028       43,613,906       6,390,195       2,028,919         2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A       2.00%-4.00%       2019       8,305,513       3,713,174       867,097         2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B       4.70%-5.625%       2029       15,946,285       15,946,284       -         2010 Refunding Bonds Series A       0.30%-1.70%       2018       6,054,056       1,352,297       866,240         2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D       1.03%-3.51%       2030       10,272,510       8,785,631       516,495         2011 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-4.25%       2031       6,957,045       5,892,125       281,998         2011 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2032       6,400,000       5,438,305       320,565         2012 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2032       2,347,757       2,347,757       209,724 <td>Board of Education:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Board of Education:					
2007 Refunding Bonds (January)       3.50%-5.00%       2020       23,165,983       5,048,585       1,305,812         2007 Public Improvement Bonds       3.75%-5.25%       2022       20,430,000       204,202       102,101         2008 Public Improvement Bonds       3.25%-5.00%       2028       43,613,906       6,390,195       2,028,919         2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A       2.00%-4.00%       2019       8,305,513       3,713,174       867,097         2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B       4.70%-5.625%       2029       15,946,285       15,946,284       -         2010 Refunding Bonds Series A       0.30%-1.70%       2018       6,054,056       1,352,297       866,240         2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D       1.03%-3.51%       2030       10,272,510       8,785,631       516,495         2011 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-4.25%       2031       6,957,045       5,892,125       281,998         2011 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-4.25%       2031       769,193       488,930       152,697         2012 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2032       6,400,000       5,438,305       320,565         2012 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2032       2,347,757       2,347,757       2,347,757 <td< td=""><td>2005 Public Improvement Bonds</td><td>3.50%-4.125%</td><td>2020</td><td>31,799,320</td><td>\$ -</td><td>\$ -</td></td<>	2005 Public Improvement Bonds	3.50%-4.125%	2020	31,799,320	\$ -	\$ -
2007 Public Improvement Bonds       3.75%-5.25%       2022       20,430,000       204,202       102,101         2008 Public Improvement Bonds       3.25%-5.00%       2028       43,613,906       6,390,195       2,028,919         2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A       2.00%-4.00%       2019       8,305,513       3,713,174       867,097         2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B       4.70%-5.625%       2029       15,946,285       15,946,284       -         2010 Refunding Bonds Series A       0.30%-1.70%       2018       6,054,056       1,352,297       866,240         2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D       1.03%-3.51%       2030       10,272,510       8,785,631       516,495         2011 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-4.25%       2031       6,957,045       5,892,125       281,998         2011 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-4.25%       2031       769,193       488,930       152,697         2012 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2032       6,400,000       5,438,305       320,565         2012 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2032       2,347,757       2,347,757       209,724         2013 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2033       1,852,433       1,661,836       95,471 <t< td=""><td>-</td><td>3.50%-4.00%</td><td></td><td>20,260,000</td><td>250,242</td><td>250,242</td></t<>	-	3.50%-4.00%		20,260,000	250,242	250,242
2008 Public Improvement Bonds3.25%-5.00%202843,613,9066,390,1952,028,9192009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A2.00%-4.00%20198,305,5133,713,174867,0972009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B4.70%-5.625%202915,946,28515,946,284-2010 Refunding Bonds Series A0.30%-1.70%20186,054,0561,352,297866,2402010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D1.03%-3.51%203010,272,5108,785,631516,4952011 Public Improvement Bonds2.00%-4.25%20316,957,0455,892,125281,9982011 Refunding Bonds2.00%-4.25%2031769,193488,930152,6972012 Public Improvement Bonds2.00%-5.00%20326,400,0005,438,305320,5652012 Refunding Bonds2.00%-5.00%20322,347,7572,347,757209,7242013 Public Improvement Bonds2.00%-5.00%20331,852,4331,661,83695,4712014 Public Improvement Bonds2.00%-5.00%20342,347,757855,49945,0262014 Refunding Bonds2.00%-5.00%20291,852,43332,243,0151,163,7352015 Public Improvement Bonds3.00%-5.00%20351,736,2701,736,27086,8632015 Refunding Bonds3.00%-5.00%2022485,905485,905-						
2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A2.00%-4.00%20198,305,5133,713,174867,0972009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B4.70%-5.625%202915,946,28515,946,284-2010 Refunding Bonds Series A0.30%-1.70%20186,054,0561,352,297866,2402010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D1.03%-3.51%203010,272,5108,785,631516,4952011 Public Improvement Bonds2.00%-4.25%20316,957,0455,892,125281,9982011 Refunding Bonds2.00%-4.25%2031769,193488,930152,6972012 Public Improvement Bonds2.00%-5.00%20326,400,0005,438,305320,5652012 Refunding Bonds2.00%-5.00%20322,347,7572,347,757209,7242013 Public Improvement Bonds2.00%-5.00%20331,852,4331,661,83695,4712014 Public Improvement Bonds2.00%-5.00%20342,347,757855,49945,0262014 Refunding Bonds2.00%-5.00%20291,852,43332,243,0151,163,7352015 Public Improvement Bonds3.00%-5.00%20351,736,2701,736,27086,8632015 Refunding Bonds3.00%-5.00%2022485,905485,905-						
2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B4.70%-5.625%202915,946,28515,946,284-2010 Refunding Bonds Series A0.30%-1.70%20186,054,0561,352,297866,2402010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D1.03%-3.51%203010,272,5108,785,631516,4952011 Public Improvement Bonds2.00%-4.25%20316,957,0455,892,125281,9982011 Refunding Bonds2.00%-4.25%2031769,193488,930152,6972012 Public Improvement Bonds2.00%-5.00%20326,400,0005,438,305320,5652012 Refunding Bonds2.00%-5.00%20322,347,7572,347,757209,7242013 Public Improvement Bonds2.00%-5.00%20331,852,4331,661,83695,4712014 Public Improvement Bonds2.00%-5.00%20342,347,757855,49945,0262014 Refunding Bonds2.00%-5.00%20291,852,43332,243,0151,163,7352015 Public Improvement Bonds3.00%-5.00%20351,736,2701,736,27086,8632015 Refunding Bonds3.00%-5.00%2022485,905485,905-						
2010 Refunding Bonds Series A0.30%-1.70%20186,054,0561,352,297866,2402010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D1.03%-3.51%203010,272,5108,785,631516,4952011 Public Improvement Bonds2.00%-4.25%20316,957,0455,892,125281,9982011 Refunding Bonds2.00%-4.25%2031769,193488,930152,6972012 Public Improvement Bonds2.00%-5.00%20326,400,0005,438,305320,5652012 Refunding Bonds2.00%-5.00%20322,347,7572,347,757209,7242013 Public Improvement Bonds2.00%-5.00%20331,852,4331,661,83695,4712014 Public Improvement Bonds2.00%-5.00%20342,347,757855,49945,0262014 Refunding Bonds2.00%-5.00%20291,852,43332,243,0151,163,7352015 Public Improvement Bonds3.00%-5.00%20351,736,2701,736,27086,8632015 Refunding Bonds3.00%-5.00%2022485,905485,905-	-					867,097
2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D       1.03%-3.51%       2030       10,272,510       8,785,631       516,495         2011 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-4.25%       2031       6,957,045       5,892,125       281,998         2011 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-4.25%       2031       769,193       488,930       152,697         2012 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2032       6,400,000       5,438,305       320,565         2012 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2032       2,347,757       2,347,757       209,724         2013 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2033       1,852,433       1,661,836       95,471         2014 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2034       2,347,757       855,499       45,026         2014 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2029       1,852,433       32,243,015       1,163,735         2015 Public Improvement Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2035       1,736,270       1,736,270       86,863         2015 Refunding Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2022       485,905       485,905       -	_					-
2011 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-4.25%       2031       6,957,045       5,892,125       281,998         2011 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-4.25%       2031       769,193       488,930       152,697         2012 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2032       6,400,000       5,438,305       320,565         2012 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2032       2,347,757       2,347,757       209,724         2013 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2033       1,852,433       1,661,836       95,471         2014 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2034       2,347,757       855,499       45,026         2014 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2029       1,852,433       32,243,015       1,163,735         2015 Public Improvement Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2035       1,736,270       1,736,270       86,863         2015 Refunding Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2022       485,905       485,905       -						
2011 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-4.25%       2031       769,193       488,930       152,697         2012 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2032       6,400,000       5,438,305       320,565         2012 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2032       2,347,757       2,347,757       209,724         2013 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2033       1,852,433       1,661,836       95,471         2014 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2034       2,347,757       855,499       45,026         2014 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2029       1,852,433       32,243,015       1,163,735         2015 Public Improvement Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2035       1,736,270       1,736,270       86,863         2015 Refunding Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2022       485,905       485,905       -	_					
2012 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2032       6,400,000       5,438,305       320,565         2012 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2032       2,347,757       2,347,757       209,724         2013 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2033       1,852,433       1,661,836       95,471         2014 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2034       2,347,757       855,499       45,026         2014 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2029       1,852,433       32,243,015       1,163,735         2015 Public Improvement Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2035       1,736,270       1,736,270       86,863         2015 Refunding Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2022       485,905       485,905       -	-					
2012 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2032       2,347,757       2,347,757       209,724         2013 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2033       1,852,433       1,661,836       95,471         2014 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2034       2,347,757       855,499       45,026         2014 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2029       1,852,433       32,243,015       1,163,735         2015 Public Improvement Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2035       1,736,270       1,736,270       86,863         2015 Refunding Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2022       485,905       485,905       -						
2013 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2033       1,852,433       1,661,836       95,471         2014 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2034       2,347,757       855,499       45,026         2014 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2029       1,852,433       32,243,015       1,163,735         2015 Public Improvement Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2035       1,736,270       1,736,270       86,863         2015 Refunding Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2022       485,905       485,905       -	•					
2014 Public Improvement Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2034       2,347,757       855,499       45,026         2014 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2029       1,852,433       32,243,015       1,163,735         2015 Public Improvement Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2035       1,736,270       1,736,270       86,863         2015 Refunding Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2022       485,905       485,905	_					
2014 Refunding Bonds       2.00%-5.00%       2029       1,852,433       32,243,015       1,163,735         2015 Public Improvement Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2035       1,736,270       1,736,270       86,863         2015 Refunding Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2022       485,905       485,905	-					
2015 Public Improvement Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2035       1,736,270       1,736,270       86,863         2015 Refunding Bonds       3.00%-5.00%       2022       485,905       485,905						
2015 Refunding Bonds 3.00%-5.00% 2022 485,905 485,905 -	2					
						-
				,. 30		\$ 8,292,985

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt–continued A.) Governmental Activities-continued General Obligation Bonds

Issue	Interest Rate	Year Series Matures	Amount of Original Issue	 Outstanding June 30, 2016	Oue Within One Year
Volunteer Fire Companies:					
2003 Fire Company Bonds	2.00%-3.85%	2018	2,100,000	\$ 505,000	\$ 160,000
2004 Fire Company Bonds	4.13%	2019	2,065,000	676,669	159,041
2005 Public Improvement Bonds	3.50%-4.125%	2020	31,799,320	-	-
2005 Fire Company Bonds	3.50%-4.125%	2020	2,900,000	950,000	190,000
2006 Public Improvement Bonds	3.50%-4.00%	2021	20,260,000	39,932	39,932
2007 Public Improvement Bonds	3.75%-5.25%	2022	20,430,000	335,000	165,000
2008 Public Improvement Bonds	3.25%-5.00%	2028	180,000	40,425	12,825
2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A	2.00%-4.00%	2019	270,000	120,710	28,188
2010 Refunding Bonds Series A	0.30%-1.70%	2018	381,976	85,322	54,655
2010 Refunding Bonds Series B	0.30%-1.70%	2018	2,210,000	560,000	285,000
2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D	3.75%-4.90%	2030	535,000	385,000	50,000
2011 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-4.25%	2031	750,000	635,200	30,400
2012 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2032	1,460,000	1,240,577	73,141
2012 Refunding Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2032	187,173	187,173	-
2013 Public Improvement Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2033	735,000	659,375	37,880
2014 Refunding Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2024	60,458	60,461	-
2015 Public Improvement Bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2035	815,000	815,000	85,000
Subtotal Volunteer Fire Companies				\$ 7,295,844	\$ 1,371,062
2013 Taxable Pension Bonds	2.24%	2019	\$ 4,524,000	\$ 3,612,000	\$ 942,000
Subtotal Taxable Pension Bonds				\$ 3,612,000	\$ 942,000
Subtotal General Obligation Bonds				\$ 277,656,104	\$ 28,428,502
Bond premium/ discount				 22,050,714	 1,618,768
Total				\$ 299,706,818	\$ 30,047,270

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	28,428,502	\$	11,034,104	\$	39,462,606
2018		26,912,476		9,919,557		36,832,033
2019		25,050,938		8,825,781		33,876,719
2020		23,610,753		7,805,578		31,416,331
2021		20,531,703		6,839,121		27,370,824
2022-2026		75,286,145		22,823,565		98,109,710
2027-2031		60,820,587		8,444,163		69,264,750
2032-2036		17,015,000		1,090,603		18,105,603
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	277,656,104	\$	76,782,472	\$	354,438,576

#### Note 8 – Long-Term Debt-continued

B.) Business-type activities

Bureau of Utilities

Loans Payable-Special Assessment Debt with Governmental Commitment

The County has issued the following special assessment debt to provide funds for upgrading the Freedom District Sewer Treatment Plant and the Filters and Clarifiers for the Hampstead Wastewater Treatment Plant. These bonds are being repaid from Area Connection Charges and Front Foot Assessments charged to the users of the plants. In the event revenues collected for Front Foot Assessments and Area Connection Charges do not cover the debt service payment when due, the County must provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources are received. This debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

		Year	I	Amount	Οι	ıtstanding		
	Interest	Series	of	Original	J	fune 30,	Du	e Within
Issue	Rate	Matures		Issue		2016	O:	ne Year
Maryland Water Quality Financing:	_							
2002 Revolving Loan- Hampstead	2.60%	2021	\$	532,680	\$	158,748	\$	30,141
Total Loans Payable					\$	158,748	\$	30,141

The annual requirements to repay the loans payable outstanding as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	30,141	\$	5,842	\$	35,983
2018		30,924		5,059		35,983
2019		31,729		4,255		35,984
2020		32,554		3,430		35,984
2021		33,400		2,583		35,983
Total Loans Payable	\$	158,748	\$	21,169	\$	179,917

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

General obligation bonds have been issued for enterprise activities in addition to those of the general government. Bonds reported in the enterprise funds are expected to be repaid from enterprise revenues.

### $Note \ 8-Long\text{-}Term \ Debt\text{--}continued$

### B.) Business-type activities-continued

T	Interest	Year Series	Amount of Original	Outstanding June 30, 2016	Due Within
Issue Bureau of Utilities:	Rate	Matures	Issue	2010	One Year
2005 Public Improvement Bonds	3.50%-4.125%	2020	302,525	\$ -	\$ -
2006 Public Improvement Bonds	3.50% -4.125%	2020	200,000	14,442	14,442
2007 Refunding Bonds (January)	3.50% -4.00%	2020	212,504	80,737	20,882
2007 Public Improvement Bonds	3.75% -5.25%	2022	9,401,000	1,251,737	625,869
2008 Public Improvement Bonds	3.25% -5.00%	2028	7,616,000	1,199,712	380,854
2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A	2.00% -4.00%	2019	745,461	333,276	77,826
2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series B	4.70% -5.625%	2029	1,072,240	1,072,240	77,020
2010 Refunding Bonds Series A	0.30% -1.70%	2018	6,371	1,423	912
2010 Public Improvement Bonds Series D	3.75% -4.90%	2030	13,742	11,753	691
2011 Refunding Bonds	2.00% -4.25%	2021	484,430	325,052	96,232
2012 Refunding Bonds	2.00% -5.00%	2022	198,550	198,550	17,380
2014 Refunding Bonds	2.00% -5.00%	2024	5,446,358	5,245,814	195,062
2015 Refunding Bonds	3.00% -5.00%	2022	2,978,549	2,978,548	193,002
Subtotal Bureau of Utilities	3.0070 3.0070	2022	2,570,515	12,713,284	1,430,150
Solid Waste Fund				12,713,201	1,130,130
2007 Refunding Bonds (January)	3.50%-5.00%	2020	345,658	131,326	33,967
2007 Public Improvement Bonds	3.75% -5.25%	2022	604,000	80,422	40,211
2008 Public Improvement Bonds	3.25% -5.00%	2028	296,000	66,477	21,090
2009 Public Improvement Bonds Series A	2.00% -4.00%	2019	9,479	4,238	990
2011 Refunding Bonds	2.00% -4.25%	2021	789,648	632,398	157,250
2014 Refunding Bonds	2.00% -5.00%	2024	406,860	314,034	90,424
2015 Refunding Bonds	3.00% -5.00%	2022	191,370	191,370	
Subtotal Solid Waste Fund	2.0070 2.0070	2022	1,5,6,0	1,420,265	343,932
Airport Fund				1,120,200	210,702
2001 Public Imp. Bonds	3.25% -4.75%	2021	2,200,000	660,000	110,000
2005 Public Improvement Bonds	3.50% -4.125%	2020	58,555	-	-
2007 Refunding Bonds (January)	3.50% -5.00%	2020	240,854	91.508	23,668
2010 Refunding Bonds Series A	0.30% -1.70%	2018	93,300	20,841	13,350
2010 Public Imporvement Bonds Series D	3.75% -4.90%	2030	27,130	23,203	1,364
2011 Refunding Bonds	2.00% -4.25%	2021	286,966	202,814	57,044
2012 Refunding Bonds	2.00% - 5.00%	2022	18,716	18,716	3,341
2014 Refunding Bonds	2.00% - 5.00%	2020	85,400	59,614	25,118
Subtotal Airport Fund				1,076,696	233,885
Septage Fund					
2006 Public Improvement Bonds	3.50%-4.00%	2021	200,000	12,180	12,180
2012 Refunding Bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2022	62,391	62,391	_
Subtotal Septage Fund	2.0070 3.0070	2022	02,371	74,571	12,180
1 0					
Total General Obligation Bonds				\$ 15,284,816	\$ 2,020,147

### Note 8 – Long-Term Debt-continued

### B.) Business-type Activities-continued

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Principal	al Interest		Total	
Business-type activities:					
2017	\$ 2,020,147	\$	664,608	\$	2,684,755
2018	1,934,622		572,472		2,507,094
2019	1,717,948		484,490		2,202,438
2020	1,755,273		404,510		2,159,783
2021	1,463,842		325,162		1,789,004
2022-2026	4,515,284		720,292		5,235,576
2027-2031	1,877,700		68,709		1,946,409
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 15,284,816	\$	3,240,243	\$	18,525,059

#### **Advanced Refunding**

The County issued general obligation refunding bonds during the current year. The County issued \$9,185,000 on November 19, 2015 of general obligation refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase United States Government State and Local Government Series Securities "SLGS" that were placed in an irrevocable trust. The net proceeds of \$10,273,056 (after payment of \$47,277 for issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$9,650,000 of general obligation bonds from 2007 bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amounts of the old debt by \$670,333. This amount is a deferred outflow and amortized over the life of the new debt issued, which is shorter than the remaining life of the refunded debt. The November 2015 advanced refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments by \$555,423 and resulted in an accounting loss of \$187,154.

#### Advance Refunding – Prior Years

In prior years, the County defeased certain general obligation and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. At June 30, 2016, \$68,460,508 of defeased bonds remains outstanding.

#### **Bond Authorization**

The County has authorization to sell approximately \$154,333,058 in additional bonds for the construction and renovation of several public schools; numerous general public projects and various road and bridge projects. The County has already appropriated \$94,310,164 of the available authorization.

#### C.) Component Units

In October of 2004, the Board entered into a 10-year energy management plan to provide air conditioning to three elementary schools. Additionally, the plan will upgrade water and lighting fixtures. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, no new capital leases were entered into by the Board of Education.

### Note 8 – Long-Term Debt-continued

The Board of Education leases energy management equipment pursuant to capital lease agreements entered into in prior years. Payments made on capital leases are recorded in the General Fund. Future minimum lease obligations are as follows:

		Energy
	Ma	nagement
Years Ending June 30,	E	quipment
2017	\$	963,343
2018		992,243
2019		844,235
		2,799,821
less interest		(183,975)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$	2,615,846

Interest expense related to capital leases was \$121,435 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

On January 5, 2005, the IDA entered into an Investment Agreement with the State of Maryland department of Business and Economic Development to fund the rehabilitation of the Warfield Complex. The proceeds were reloaned to the Warfield Development Corporation. The total amount of the Note is \$4,000,000. Repayment is based upon a nineteen-year amortization with interest at 3.0%, but payments are based upon actual cash flow from the Warfield Complex. This payment structure allows for the deferral of payments in years of insufficient cash flow. In the event payments are deferred, they become due and payable in the subsequent payment period. At loan maturity, December 31, 2025, any unsatisfied deferred payments may be considered for forgiveness, provided all the terms of the agreement have been met. During fiscal year 2016 and 2015, all terms of the agreement have been met and the Warfield Complex generated no cash flow; therefore, no principal payments were due at June 30, 2015 and 2016. During 2016 the IDA agreed to reduce the principal due to \$3,764,567. The accrued interest payable at June 30, 2016 and 2015 totals \$1,026,842 and \$906,842, respectively.

The annual requirements to amortize notes payable outstanding as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest		Total	
Component Unit-IDA:					
2017	\$ 1,869,830	\$	834,210	\$	2,704,040
2018	210,526		53,684		264,210
2019	210,526		47,368		257,894
2020	210,526		41,053		251,579
2021	210,526		34,736		245,262
2022-2025	 1,052,633		78,949		1,131,582
Total	\$ 3,764,567	\$	1,090,000	\$	4,854,567

On June 30, 2016, the IDA entered into a \$2,000,000 investment agreement with the State of Maryland and the Department of Commerce to develop the North Carroll Business park project, located in Hampstead, Maryland. The proceeds of the loan are to be used for eligible project costs to develop the infrastructure of the approximately 80 acre park. The agreements states the loan will be interest free for a period of twenty four months beginning on the date of disbursement of the proceeds. Beginning on the day following the end of the 24 month period, the outstanding balance of the investment shall bear interest at 3% per annum.

#### **Note 9 – Lease Obligations**

#### **Operating Leases**

#### **Governmental Activities**

The County is committed under various leases to rent office space, parking and a storage facility as lessee. All leases are considered for accounting purposes to be operating leases. Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2016 for the County amounted to \$297,788. Future lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	
2017	\$ 289,300
2018	297,979
2019	306,918
2020	316,126
2021	325,610
2022-2026	1,403,096

The County is committed under various rental lease agreements as lessor. All leases are considered for accounting purposes to be collectable leases. Lease revenues for the year ended June 30, 2016 amounted to \$262,417. Future lease revenues for these rentals are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	
2017	\$ 299,253
2018	299,253
2019	299,253
2020	299,253
2021	299,253
2022-2026	1,430,267
2027-2096	70

#### In Kind Services

The primary government owns facilities that are used in the operation by their component units (related parties). For the fiscal year 2016, the County recorded \$1,607,430 for the Library; \$3,534,200 for Carroll Community College and \$1,661,830 for the Board of Education as in kind revenue and additional support to the component units.

#### Note 9 – Lease Obligations-continued

In 2006, the County entered into an Energy Performance Operating Lease with Johnson Controls, Inc. for the first and second phases of the energy project. The lease agreement requires a performance guarantee and service maintenance contract payment which if the County terminates payment before the term ends, the assured performance guarantee shall automatically terminate. The total lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 for the County totaled to \$363,849 and has a six-year commitment remaining. The total future minimum payments are as follows:

#### Years Ending June 30,

2017	\$ 374,764
2018	386,008
2019	397,587
2020	409,045
2021	421,318
2022	433,959

In February 2015, the County signed a new 15-year Energy Performance Operating Lease with Johnson Controls, Inc. to start the third phase of the energy project. The total lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 for the County totaled \$53,975 and has a 14-year commitment remaining. The total future minimum payments are as follows:

#### Years Ending June 30,

2017	\$ 109,570
2018	112,856
2019	116,242
2020	119,730
2021	123,321
2022-2026	674,371
2027-2031	697,689

#### **Business Type Activities**

The County is committed under various business-type rental lease agreements as lessor. All leases are considered for accounting purposes to be collectable leases. Lease revenues for the year ended June 30, 2016 amounted to \$356,376. Future lease revenues for these rentals are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	
2017	\$ 305,503
2018	262,808
2019	235,210
2020	184,297
2021	184,824
2022-2026	160,000

#### Note 9 – Lease Obligations-continued

The cost and carrying amount of the leased assets are as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type Activities	<u>Total</u>
Land	\$13,461,837	\$512,770	\$13,974,607
Buildings	123,544,313	-	123,544,313
Less: Accumulated deprecia	ntion <u>(38,974,279)</u>	<u> </u>	(38,974,279)
Net carrying value	<u>\$98,031,871</u>	<u>\$512,770</u>	\$98,544,641

#### **Component Units**

The Board of Education leases equipment under agreements reported as operating leases. The annual lease payments are recorded as expenses in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Expenditures in the General Fund. Operating lease terms extend through the year ended June 30, 2019.

Future minimum payments on operating leases with an initial or remaining noncancellable term in excess of one year are as follows:

	Minimum
	Annual Lease
Years Ending June 30,	<u>Payments</u>
2017	\$466,968
2018	151,807
2019	20,203
Total	<u>\$638,978</u>

Operating lease expenditures/expenses for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$538,339.

The Library leases various office equipment under noncancelable operating leases that extend through the year ending June 30, 2022. Total rental expenditures were \$21,282 for leases for the year ended June 30, 2016. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	
2017	\$ 26,165
2018	26,609
2019	26,609
2020	22,176
2021	22,176
2022	1,848
Total	<u>\$125,583</u>

#### Note 9 – Lease Obligations-continued

The Community College entered into a ninety-nine year lease agreement with the County for instructional facilities commencing December 30, 1993 with annual rent in the amount of \$1.

The College has also entered into an operating lease with the Xerox Corporation for copier services. The total lease expense was \$187,151 for the year ended June 30, 2016. The College renewed its operating lease in July 2013, extending the lease agreement until July 2018.

Future minimum payments on operating leases are as follows:

#### Years Ending June 30,

2017	\$ 169,620
2018	169,620
2019	14,135
Total	<u>\$ 353,375</u>

#### Note 10 – Landfill Closure, Postclosure and Remediation Costs

The County operates one public disposal facility, Northern Landfill that opened in 1988. The landfill currently has four closed cells and one active cell, which opened in April 2008 and is 22.7 percent filled. Two of the four closed cells have been permanently capped. The two remaining closed cells will be capped after the active cell and remaining two cells are constructed and filled. Beginning July 1, 1997, the County elected to transfer the majority of solid waste out-of-state. The remaining life of the landfill's active and new cells cannot be projected at this time.

Total closure and postclosure costs of Northern landfill are estimated to be \$5,919,392, of which 100 percent has been accrued as of June 30, 2016. In 1994, the County stopped accepting solid waste at its Hoods Mill landfill, with only 30 of 60 acres available being used for landfill deposits.

In addition, the County has recorded an estimated liability of \$1,792,777 for annual monitoring costs of closed landfills. An additional \$5,000,000 had been accrued for remedial care of two landfills closed in prior years, as well as other environmental concerns, for total accrued costs of \$12,712,169.

The County is currently in compliance with a consent order with the Maryland Department of the Environment requiring remedial action. The County is currently working with the department to comply with the consent order and the estimated costs to comply are included in the postclosure and remediation cost liability stated above.

The County uses the local government financial test to demonstrate financial assurance for closure and post-closure costs, as specified by the Environment Protection Agency, subpart G of 40 CFR part 258. The current costs of closure and postclosure care are estimates and are subject to change resulting from inflation/deflation, technology or changes in applicable laws or regulations. These costs are subject to annual evaluation. The County intends on using tipping fee user revenues and General Fund transfers to fund this liability.

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans**

<u>Carroll County Employee Pension Plan</u> Plan Description

*Plan administration*. The Carroll County Employee Pension Plan "CCEPP" is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers regular employees employed on or after July 1, 2003, who are not eligible to participate in the Maryland State Pension or Retirement Plans. The Carroll County Government does not issue a separate audited financial statement for CCEPP.

The Retirement Plan Committee serves as the administrator of the plan on behalf of Carroll County Government and has the full power and authority to manage the plan. The Retirement Plan Committee consists of those individuals who hold the following positions in the employment of the County or the Carroll County Sheriff's Office:

- Director, Department of Management and Budget
- Director, Department of Human Resources
- County Attorney
- Bureau Chief, Benefits; and
- Two participants participating in either the CCEPP or CCCLOPP (Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan) selected by the County Commissioners of Carroll County, Maryland

*Plan membership*. The most current actuarial valuation was completed as of July 1, 2015. The membership data related to the plan was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	212
Terminated plan members entitled to, but not yet	
receiving benefits	182
Active plan members	<u>726</u>
Total	<u>1,120</u>

Benefits provided. The defined benefit is determined by the creditable years of service an employee has. After July 1, 2003, creditable service is provided for each pay period worked, with service pro-rated for employees with less than 60 hours worked in a pay period. For those employees with service between July 1, 1985 and June 30, 2003, creditable service is based on the amount of time between their date of hire and June 30, 2003. The basic monthly pension benefit is determined by final average salary multiplied by .007 multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, divided by 12 for service earned prior to October 1, 2009 plus final average salary multiplied by .016 multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, divided by 12 (for years of serviced earned after October 1, 2009). "Final Average Salary" refers to the average annualized base salary in the highest 78 consecutive pay periods. Employees are eligible to begin

#### Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Employee Pension Plan-continued

drawing their pension when they retire after 30 years of service or at age 62. The County does provide an early retirement at age 55 if the employee has at least three years of Eligibility Service and the sum of age and the employee's service years equals or exceeds 80. This plan has a tax exempt status. The retirement plan committee recommends any amendments to benefits provided. In order to be effective, all amendments must be approved by majority vote of the Commissioners.

The plan provides retirement and death benefits to plan members or the plan member's beneficiaries.

Participants who have reached the 12-month anniversary of their Benefit Commencement Date are subject to the cost of living adjustment "COLA". The adjustment shall not exceed a two percent increase in the Participant's annual retirement income determined as of the first day of the preceding plan year.

*Contributions*. Plan members are required to contribute 5 percent of their annual base pay. The County contributed 7.9 percent of the employees' annual base pay. For fiscal year 2016 the County contributed \$2,542,100 to the Carroll County Employee Pension Plan.

Investment Policy: Fiduciary funds for Carroll County are the Carroll County Employee Pension Plan, the Carroll County Certified Law Officer Pension, LOSAP, & OPEB "the Trust Funds". The Trust Funds operate under one investment policy that is designed to provide benefits as anticipated through a carefully planned and executed investment program that achieves a reasonable long-term total return consistent with the level of risk assumed. Investments for the Trust Funds are reported at fair value, as described in note 1. The retirement plan committee has the authority to establish or amend investment policy decisions.

The Trust Funds invest in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such a change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of fiduciary net position available for benefits.

Interest rate risk: The Trust Funds do not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Fluctuating rates of return are characteristic of the securities markets; the Trust Funds greatest concern is long-term appreciation of assets and consistency of portfolio returns. However, cash and cash equivalent investments are limited to maturities of one year or less.

Foreign currency risk: The Carroll County Employee Pension Plan had the following unrated mutual fund investments with exposure to foreign currency risk from various international currency denominations including European Countries:

Causeway International Value Fund Harbor International Fund

Fair Value in U.S. Dollars \$3,064,456 3,202,525

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans-continued**

Carroll County Employee Pension Plan-continued

Credit risk: The investment manager is allowed substantial discretion within a broad framework of approved investment choices. Equity holdings may be selected from those listed on the major securities markets. The manager may purchase any cash instruments having a quality rating of A-2, P-2 or higher by either Moody's or Standard and Poor's. Time deposits and repurchase agreements are also acceptable investment vehicles. Any idle cash not invested by the investment managers shall be invested daily through an automatic interest-bearing sweep vehicle.

	Allocation at
<u>Maximum</u>	June 30, 2016
100%	100%
100%	0%
100%	0%
20%	0%
20%	0%
	100% 100% 100% 20%

Concentration of credit risk: As a means of minimizing risk and providing a consistent return, the investment policies require diversification. U.S. corporate bonds shall be diversified by issuer type with no more than 10% of the portfolio invested in obligations of any one issuer. International bonds shall not exceed more 5% of the International Equity portfolio. Investments by security type for all of the County Trust Funds are to be diversified as follows:

#### Carroll County Employee Pension Plan

N	<b>I</b> inimum	Maximum
Domestic Large Cap Equities	35.0%	55.0%
<b>Domestic Small Cap Equities</b>	4.5%	10.0%
Real Estate Equities	5.0%	15.0%
International Equities	5.0%	15.0%
Domestic Fixed Income	20.0%	30.0%
Cash Equivalents	0.0%	15.0%

Rate of return: For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the CCEPP investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 2.08 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Employee Pension Plan-continued

*Net Pension Liability of the County* 

The components of the net pension liability of the County at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

Total pension liability \$77,290,773 CCEPP fiduciary net position (66,713,817) County's net pension liability \$10,576,956

CCEPP fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

86.32%

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to the periods included in the measurements:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Rates vary by participant age

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense including

inflation

Mortality RP-2014 with generational projections using scale MP-2014

Changes since prior valuation: The expected rates of future mortality were changed from the RP2000 table with fully generational projection using scale AA to the RP2014 table with fully generational projection using scale MP2014. These rates of current mortality and expectations for future improvements are representative of general mortality experienced by pension plans.

The assumed annual Cost of Living Adjustment was reduced from 2.0% to 1.8% per year which will more accurately reflect the effect of the annual limit of 2.0% per year.

The actuarial assumptions used at June 30, 2016 were based on the 2016 Experience Study covering the period of July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

**Note 11– Pension Plans-continued** 

Carroll County Employee Pension Plan-continued

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equities	45%	5.70%
U.S. Small/Mid Cap Equities	10%	6.50%
Foreign Equities	10%	6.80%
Real Estate (REITs)	10%	6.00%
Core Fixed Income	25%	1.10%
Cash	0%	0.00%
Inflation		3.00%
Total	100%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans-continued**

Carroll County Employee Pension Plan-continued

Changes in Net Pension liability:

	Total Pension Liability <u>(a)</u>	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at 6/30/15	\$ 69,571,070	\$ 62,515,288	\$7,055,782
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	3,513,135		3,513,135
Interest	4,824,479		4,824,479
Changes of benefit terms	· · · · · -		· · · · · · -
Differences between expected and actual experience	(953,207)		(953,207)
Changes of assumptions	1,635,179		1,635,179
Contributions - employer		2,542,100	(2,542,100)
Contributions - member		1,688,103	(1,688,103
Net investment income		1,305,768	(1,305,768
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(1,299,883)	(1,299,883)	-
Administrative expense		(37,559)	37,559
Other	-	-	-
Net Changes			
Balances at 6/30/16	\$ 7,719,703 \$ 77,290,773	\$ 4,198,529 \$ 66,713,817	\$ 3,521,174 \$ 10,576,956

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease (6.0%)	Discount Rate (7.0%)	Increase (8.0%)
County's net pension liability	\$22,624,602	\$10,576,956	\$ 800,915

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$3,251,545. At June 30, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans-continued**

Carroll County Employee Pension Plan-continued

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	1,308,143	\$	829,503
on pension plan investment  Total	\$	3,400,703 4,708,846	\$	829,503

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2017	\$ 1,041,792
2018	1,041,792
2019	1,041,790
2020	753,969

Basis of Accounting: The Carroll County Employee Pension Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are made on a long-term basis investing in various securities which are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks.

### **Note 11– Pension Plans-continued**

Carroll County Employee Pension Plan-continued

### **Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Carroll County Employee Pension Plan**

Assets:	
Investments at fair value:	
Short-term investments	\$ 362,372
Bond funds	16,832,606
Equity funds	49,527,595
Total assets	66,722,573
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	8,748
Due to primary government	 8
Total liabilities	8,756
<b>Fuduciary Net Position:</b>	
Net position held in trust for pension	
and other purposes	\$ 66,713,817

#### Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Carroll County Employee Pension Plan

ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 2,542,100
Plan Members	1,688,103
Total Contributions	4,230,203
Investment earnings:	
Net increase in the fair value of investments	 1,353,793
Total investment earnings	1,353,793
Less investment expense	(48,025)
Net investment earnings	1,305,768
Total additions	5,535,971
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits	1,299,883
Administrative expenses	37,559
Total deductions	1,337,442
Change in net position	4,198,529
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR COUNTY PENSION	
Beginning of year	62,515,288
End of year	\$ 66,713,817

#### Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Employee Pension Plan-continued

Projected payroll increases 3% per year

Salary valuation 36-month average highest pay

Post retirement cost-of-living adjustments 1.8% Inflation rate N/A

#### Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan

The Carroll County Government established the Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan "CCCLOPP" for eligible law enforcement officers on October 1, 2009.

### Plan Description

*Plan administration*. The Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan "CCCLOPP" is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers Carroll County Sheriff's Certified Law Officers who are not eligible to participate in the Maryland State Pension or Retirement Plans. The Carroll County Government does not issue a separate audited financial statement for CCLOPP.

The Retirement Plan Committee serves as the administrator of the plan on behalf of Carroll County Government and has the full power and authority to manage the plan. The Retirement Plan Committee consists of those individuals who hold the following positions in the employment of the County or the Carroll County Sheriff's Office:

- Director, Department of Management and Budget
- Director, Department of Human Resources
- County Attorney
- Bureau Chief, Benefits; and
- Two participants participating in either the CCEPP or CCCLOP (Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan) selected by the County Commissioners of Carroll County, Maryland

*Plan membership.* The most current actuarial valuation was completed as of July 1, 2015. The membership data related to the plan was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	8
Terminated plan members entitled to, but not yet	
receiving benefits	1
Active plan members	<u>104</u>
Total	<u>113</u>

#### Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan-continued

Benefits provided. For officers hired October 1, 2009 or later, the Certified Law Officers Pension Plan would replace 50.5% of final average salary after 25 years of service and will replace a smaller percentage of final average salary for officers hired prior to October 1, 2009 (who previously received employer contributions to their 401(k) Plan accounts). Employees are eligible to begin drawing their pension when they retire after 25 years of service or at age 55 with at least 15 years of service. Employees who retire prior to age 55 with at least 15 years of service may begin drawing their pension at age 62. The plan does not provide early retirement benefits. The retirement plan committee recommends any amendments to benefits provided. In order to be effective all amendments must be approved by majority vote of the Commissioners.

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members or the plan member's beneficiaries. This plan has a tax exempt status.

Participants who have reached the 12-month anniversary of their Benefit Commencement Date are subject to the cost of living adjustment "COLA". The adjustment shall not exceed a two percent increase in the Participant's annual retirement income determined as of the first day of the preceding plan year.

*Contributions*. Plan members are required to contribute 8 percent of their annual base pay. The County contributed 14.1 percent of the employees' annual base pay.

Investment Policy: Fiduciary funds for Carroll County are the Carroll County Employee Pension Plan, the Carroll County Certified Law Officer Pension, LOSAP, & OPEB "the Trust Funds". The Trust Funds operate under one investment policy that is designed to provide benefits as anticipated through a carefully planned and executed investment program that achieves a reasonable long-term total return consistent with the level of risk assumed. Investments for the Trust Funds are reported at fair value, as described in note 1. The retirement plan committee has the authority to establish or amend investment policy decisions.

The Trust Funds invest in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such a change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of fiduciary net position available for benefits.

Interest rate risk: The Trust Funds do not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Fluctuating rates of return are characteristic of the securities markets; the Trust Funds greatest concern is long-term appreciation of assets and consistency of portfolio returns. However, cash and cash equivalent investments are limited to maturities of one year or less.

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans-continued**

Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan-continued

#### Foreign currency risk:

The Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan had the following unrated mutual fund investments with exposure to foreign currency risk from various international currency denominations including European Countries:

	Fair Value in U.S. Dollars
Causeway International Value Fund	\$462,160
Harbor International Fund	482,979

Credit risk: The investment manager is allowed substantial discretion within a broad framework of approved investment choices. Equity holdings may be selected from those listed on the major securities markets. The manager may purchase any cash instruments having a quality rating of A-2, P-2 or higher by either Moody's or Standard and Poor's. Time deposits and repurchase agreements are also acceptable investment vehicles. Any idle cash not invested by the investment managers shall be invested daily through an automatic interest-bearing sweep vehicle.

		Allocation at
<u>Ratings</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	June 30, 2016
AAA/Aaa	100%	100%
AA/Aa	100%	0%
A/A	100%	0%
BAA/Baa	20%	0%
BBB	20%	0%

Concentration of credit risk: As a means of minimizing risk and providing a consistent return, the investment policies require diversification. U.S. corporate bonds shall be diversified by issuer type with no more than 10% of the portfolio invested in obligations of any one issuer. International bonds shall not exceed more 5% of the International Equity portfolio. Investments by security type for all of the County Trust Funds are to be diversified as follows:

#### Carroll County Certified Law Officer Trust Fund

N	<b>I</b> inimum	Maximum
Domestic Large Cap Equities	35.0%	55.0%
<b>Domestic Small Cap Equities</b>	0%	10.0%
Real Estate Equities	5.0%	15.0%
International Equities	5.0%	15.0%
Domestic Fixed Income	20.0%	30.0%
Cash Equivalents	0.0%	5.0%

Rate of return. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the CCCLOPP investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 2.11 percent. The money-weighted

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans-continued**

Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan-continued

rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

*Net Pension Liability of the County* 

The components of the net pension liability of the County at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

Total pension liability \$ 12,807,011 CCCLOPP fiduciary net position (10,141,817) County's net pension liability \$ 2,665,194

CCCLOPP fiduciary net position as a percentage

of the total pension liability 79.19%

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to the periods included in the measurements:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Rates vary by participant age

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

Mortality RP-2014 with generational projections using scale of MP-2014

Changes since prior valuation: The expected rates of future mortality were changed from the RP2000 table with fully generational projection using scale AA to the RP2014 table with fully generational projection using scale MP2014. These rates of current mortality and expectations for future improvements are representative of general mortality experienced by pension plans.

The assumed annual Cost of Living Adjustment was reduced from 2.0% to 1.8% per year which will more accurately reflect the effect of the annual limit of 2.0% per year.

The actuarial assumptions used at June 30, 2016 were based on the 2016 Experience Study covering the period of July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans-continued**

return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equities	45%	5.70%
U.S. Small/Mid Cap Equities	10%	6.50%
Foreign Equities	10%	6.80%
Real Estate (REITs)	10%	6.00%
Core Fixed Income	25%	1.10%
Cash	0%	0.00%
Inflation		3.00%
Total	100%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans-continued**

Changes in Net Pension Liability:

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at 6/30/15	\$ 11,733,031	\$ 9,105,477	\$ 2,627,554
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	999,549		999,549
Interest	812,759		812,759
Changes of benefit terms	-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(379,899)		(379,899)
Changes of assumptions	(114,050)		(114,050)
Contributions - employer		680,880	(680,880)
Contributions - member		415,820	(415,820)
Net investment income		191,342	(191,342)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(244,379)	(244,379)	-
Administrative expense		(7,323)	7,323
Other			
Net Changes	1,073,980	1,036,340	37,640
Balances at 6/30/16	\$ 12,807,011	\$ 10,141,817	\$ 2,665,194

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the CCCLOPP, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the CCCLOPP net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Current Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)
CCCLOPP net pension liability	\$4,924,985	\$2,665,194	\$872,312

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$799,752.

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans-continued**

Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan-continued

At June 30, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
D'''	Ф		Ф	525 525
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	535,625
Changes of assumptions		-		102,645
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investment		504,653		
Total	\$	504,653	\$	638,270

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resource related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2017	\$ 62,900
2018	62,900
2019	62,898
2020	21,515
2021	(73,610)
Thereafter	(270,220)

Basis of Accounting: The CCCLOPP's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are made on a long-term basis investing in various securities which are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks.

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans-continued**

Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan-continued

The actuarially determined contribution was determined as part of the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7% investment rate of return compounded annually (b) projected salary increases due to inflation and seniority/merit raises as follows:

<u>Age</u>	<u>Rate</u>
25	8.75%
35	5.75%
45	5.25%

(c) projected disability rate as follows:

<u>Age</u>	Rate
25	.110%
35	.205%
45	.530%
55	1.44%

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2015 ranges from 16 to 20 years.

### **Note 11– Pension Plans-continued**

Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan-continued

#### Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan

Assets:		
Investments at fair value:		
Short-term investments	\$	137,303
Bond funds		2,538,588
Equity funds		7,469,970
Total assets		10,145,861
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		4,044
Total liabilities		4,044
<b>Net Position:</b>		
Net position held in trust for pension benefit	S	
and other purposes	\$	10,141,817

#### Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan

ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 680,880
Plan members	 415,820
Total contributions	1,096,700
Investment earnings:	
Net increase in fair value of investments	207,569
Total investment earnings	 207,569
Less investment earnings	 (16,227)
Net investment earnings	191,342
Total additions	1,288,042
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits and refunds paid to	
plan members and beneficiaries	244,379
Administrative expenses	 7,323
Total deductions	 251,702
Change in net position	1,036,340
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR LAW OFFICERS	
PENSION	
Net position-beginning of year	9,105,477
Net position-end of year	\$ 10,141,817

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans-continued**

Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)

The Carroll County Government established the Volunteer Fireman Pension Plan Length of Service Award Program "LOSAP" for volunteer firefighters in June 1997.

#### Plan Description

*Plan administration.* The Volunteer Fireman Pension Plan "LOSAP" is a single-employer defined benefit length of service award program that covers all volunteer members of all Carroll County Fire Companies or Departments. Members are eligible to participate in the service award plan if they are certified as an active member and attain 50 points through various functions for each year of service.

The Retirement Plan Committee serves as the administrator of the plan on behalf of Carroll County Government and has the full power and authority to manage the plan. The Retirement Plan Committee consists of those individuals who hold the following positions in the employment of the County or the Carroll County Sheriff's Office:

- Director, Department of Management and Budget
- Director, Department of Human Resources
- County Attorney
- Bureau Chief, Benefits; and
- Two participants participating in either the CCEPP or CCCLOP (Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan) selected by the County Commissioners of Carroll County, Maryland

*Plan membership.* The most current actuarial valuation was completed as of January 1, 2015. The membership data related to the plan was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	226
Terminated plan members entitled to, but not yet	
receiving benefits	22
Active plan members	<u>660</u>
Total	<u>908</u>

Benefits provided. The defined length of service benefit is determined once members reach 25 years of service and age 60, they may begin receiving disbursements from LOSAP. Benefits are calculated at \$125 per month for life for the first 25 years of service. An additional payment of \$8 per month shall be added to the benefits for each full year of service in excess of 25 years. LOSAP provides a burial benefit of \$5,000 for qualified volunteer firemen upon their death. This plan has tax exempt status. The retirement plan committee recommends any amendments to benefits provided. In order to be effective, all amendments must be approved by majority vote of the Commissioners.

*Contributions*. Carroll County must provide annual contributions that satisfy the required amount to fund this program. Funding of this program shall be reviewed every 5<sup>th</sup> year to determine if any changes should

#### Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)-continued

be made. There are not participant-financed benefits in this plan. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

#### **Investment Policy:**

Fiduciary funds for Carroll County are the Carroll County Employee Pension Plan, the Carroll County Certified Law Officer Pension, LOSAP, & OPEB "the Trust Funds". The Trust Funds operate under one investment policy that is designed to provide benefits as anticipated through a carefully planned and executed investment program that achieves a reasonable long-term total return consistent with the level of risk assumed. Investments for the Trust Funds are reported at fair value, as described in note 1. Carroll County Government has the authority to establish or amend investment policy decisions.

The Trust Funds invest in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such a change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of fiduciary net position available for benefits.

Interest rate risk: The Trust Funds do not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Fluctuating rates of return are characteristic of the securities markets; the Trust Funds greatest concern is long-term appreciation of assets and consistency of portfolio returns. However, cash and cash equivalent investments are limited to maturities of one year or less.

#### Foreign currency risk:

The Volunteer Fireman Pension Plan "LOSAP" had the following unrated mutual fund investments with exposure to foreign currency risk from various international currency denominations including European Countries:

Causeway International Value Fund Harbor International Fund

Fair Value in U.S. Dollars \$387,212 403,861

Credit risk: The investment manager is allowed substantial discretion within a broad framework of approved investment choices. Equity holdings may be selected from those listed on the major securities markets. The manager may purchase any cash instruments having a quality rating of A-2, P-2 or higher by either Moody's or Standard and Poor's. Time deposits and repurchase agreements are also acceptable investment vehicles. Any idle cash not invested by the investment managers shall be invested daily through an automatic interest-bearing sweep vehicle.

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans-continued**

Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)-continued

		Allocation at
<u>Ratings</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	June 30, 2016
AAA/Aaa	100%	100%
AA/Aa	100%	0%
A/A	100%	0%
BAA/Baa	20%	0%
BBB	20%	0%

Concentration of credit risk: As a means of minimizing risk and providing a consistent return, the investment policies require diversification. U.S. corporate bonds shall be diversified by issuer type with no more than 10% of the portfolio invested in obligations of any one issuer. International bonds shall not exceed more 5% of the International Equity portfolio. Investments by security type for all of the County Trust Funds are to be diversified as follows:

#### Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)

	<u>Minimum</u>	<b>Maximum</b>
Domestic Large Cap Equities	35.0%	55.0%
Domestic Mid and Small Cap Equities	0.0%	10.0%
Real Estate Equities	5.0%	15.0%
International Equities	5.0%	15.0%
Domestic Fixed Income	10.0%	30.0%
Cash Equivalents	0.0%	10.0%

Rate of return. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the LOSAP investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 6.08 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

*Net Pension Liability of the County* 

The components of the net pension liability of the County at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 9,722,079
LOSAP fiduciary net position	(8,304,759)
County's net pension liability	\$ <u>1,417,320</u>
LOSAP fiduciary net position as a percentage	
of the total pension liability	85.42%

#### Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)-continued

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to the periods included in the measurements:

Actuarial Cost Method Unit Credit

Amortization Method Level payments over a period of 10 years

Remaining Amortization Period 10 years
Asset Valuation Method Market Value
Inflation 3.0 percent
Salary increases Not Applicable

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

Retirement Age The later of 25 years of service and age 60

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy tables with Blue Collar

adjustments, blended 75% male and generational projection

using Scale AA

The actuarial assumptions used at June 30, 2016 were based on the 2016 Experience Study covering the period of July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equities	45%	5.70%
U.S. Small/Mid Cap Equities	10%	6.50%
Foreign Equities	10%	6.80%
Real Estate (REITs)	10%	6.00%
Core Fixed Income	20%	1.10%
Cash	5%	0.00%
Inflation		3.00%
Total	100%	

#### Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)-continued

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Changes in Net Pension Liability:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at 6/30/15						
Changes for the year:	\$	9,585,804	\$	8,463,415	\$	1,122,389
Service cost		150,706		-		150,706
Interest		671,991		-		671,991
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		-
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		50,000		(50,000)
Contributions - member		-		-		-
Net investment income		-		483,901		(483,901)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(686,422)		(686,422)		-
Administrative expense		-		(6,135)		6,135
Other				-		
Net Changes		136,275		158,656		294,391
Balances at 6/30/16	\$	9,722,079	\$	8,304,759	\$	1,417,320

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of LOSAP, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the LOSAP net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	(6.0%)	Rate (7.0%)	(8.0%)
LOSAP net pension liability	\$2,279,757	\$1,417,320	\$694,697

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans-continued**

Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)-continued

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$114,994.

At June 30, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resource
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investment	<u>\$ 432,150</u>	\$ 143,569
Total	\$ 432,150	\$ 143,569

#### Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

Year Ending June 30:

2020

Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)-continued

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Tear Ename same so.	
2017	\$ 60,180
2018	60,180
2019	60,182

Basis of Accounting: The Volunteer Fireman Pension Plan "LOSAP" financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are made on a long-term basis investing in various securities which are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks.

108,039

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans–continued**

Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)-continued

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

#### Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)

Assets:		
Investments at fair value:		
Short-term investments	\$	125,798
Bond funds		1,732,998
Equity funds		6,450,908
Total assets		8,309,704
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		4,945
Total liabilities		4,945
Net Position:		
Net position held in trust for pension ber	nefits	
and other purposes	\$	8,304,759

#### Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Volunteer Firemen Pension Plan (LOSAP)

#### ADDITIONS Contributions: \$ 50,000 Investment earnings: Net increase in the fair value of investments 499,976 499,976 Total investment earnings (16,075)Less investment expense 483,901 Net investment earnings Total additions 533,901 **DEDUCTIONS** Benefits 686,422 Administrative expenses 6,135 Total deductions 692,557 Change in net position (158,656)NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR LOSAP Net position-beginning of year 8,463,415 Net position-end of year 8,304,759

#### Note 11- Pension Plans-continued

#### Maryland State Retirement and Pension System

Salary Increases Not Applicable

Inflation Rate 3%

Service Credit after Retirement Potential to earn additional service and benefits after

"retire" allowing their benefit to increase further.

Retirement Age The later of 25 years of service and age 60

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy tables with Blue Collar

adjustments, blended 75% male and generational

projection using Scale AA

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Projected salary increases} & \mbox{N/A} \\ \mbox{Post retirement cost-of-living adjustments} & \mbox{N/A} \\ \mbox{Inflation Rate} & \mbox{N/A} \\ \end{array}$ 

Service Credit after Retirement Potential to earn additional service and benefits after

"retire" allowing their benefit to increase further.

#### Maryland State Retirement and Pension System

Plan Description

The County participates in the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System "the System" and qualifies as a Participating Governmental Unit "PGU". The System was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, teachers, police, judges, legislators, and employees of participating governmental units. Responsibility for the system's administration and operation is vested in a 15-member Board of Trustees.

The State of Maryland is the statutory guarantor for the payment of all pensions, annuities, retirement allowances, refunds, reserves, and other benefits of the System. The State is obligated to annually pay into the accumulation fund of each State system at least an amount that, when combined with the System's accumulation funds, is sufficient to provide benefits payable under each plan during that fiscal year. The System is accounted for as one defined benefit plan as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board "GASB" Statement No. 67, "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25." Additionally, the System is fiscally dependent on the State by virtue of the legislative and executive controls exercised with respect to its operations, policies, and administrative budget. Accordingly, the System is included in the State's reporting entity and disclosed in its financial statements as a pension trust fund. The Schedule of Employer Allocations and the Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer can be found at <a href="https://www.sra.maryland.gov/employers">www.sra.maryland.gov/employers</a>. The System's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 can be found at <a href="https://www.sra.state.md.us/Agency/Downloads/CAFR/CAFR-2015.pdf">www.sra.state.md.us/Agency/Downloads/CAFR/CAFR-2015.pdf</a>.

The System is comprised of the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems, Employees' Retirement and Pension systems, State Police Retirement System, Judges' Retirement System, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System.

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans–continued**

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-continued

The County adopted GASB Statement No. 68-"Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" ("GASB 68") for the year ended June 30, 2015. GASB 68 requires that a PGU recognize its proportionate share of the System's net pension liability (i.e. unfunded pension liability) and pension expense.

The County adopted GASB Statement No. 71-"Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date-AN Amendment of GASB No. 68" ("GASB 71"). GASB 71, which is only applicable during the year which GASB 68 was adopted, requires that contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date be recognized as a deferred outflow of resources.

On June 30, 1985, the Board of Carroll County Commissioners elected to withdraw from the Maryland State Retirement Agency "Agency". Employees participating in the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems at that time continued their participation in those Systems. Employees hired July 1, 1985 and after were not permitted to enroll. After the County's withdrawal, the Agency calculated an unfunded accrued liability owed by the County and instituted a payment schedule whereby the County would make annual payments until the liability was paid. The balance of the unfunded accrued liability was paid to the Agency with the proceeds from taxable pension funding bonds issued in 2004. As of June 30, 2015, 50 employees participate in the Employees' Retirement Systems.

In addition, certain "State Elected Officials" and "Soil Conservation District" employees hired after June 30, 1985 are entitled to participate in Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems. As of June 30, 2015, three Officials and five Soil Conservation District employees participate. State Elected Officials and Soil Conservation District employees who participate in the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems contributed 7 percent of their compensation during fiscal year 2016 as stipulated by the System.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the County reported a total liability of \$455,649 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability: \$201,819 for County Elected/Appointed Officials and \$253,830 for County Soil Conservation District. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability "NPL" was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on actual employer contributions billed to participating government units for the year ending June 30, 2015. The contributions were increased to adjust for differences between actuarial determined contributions and actual contributions by the State of Maryland. As of June 30, 2015, the County's proportionate share was 0.0009711% for CC Elected Officials and 0.0012214% for Soil Conservation employees.

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans–continued**

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-continued

At June 30, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the MSRA System for CC Elected Official from the following sources:

	<b>Deferred Outflows</b>	<b>Deferred Inflows</b>
	of Resources	of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 11,633	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	17,776	15,711
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>23,047</u>	<del>_</del>
Total	\$ 52,456	<u>\$ 15,711</u>

\$23,047 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2017	\$ (2,289)
2018	(2,289)
2019	(2,288)
2020	(5,638)
2021	(1,194)

Carroll County Elected/Appointed Officials allocated net pension liability and related information:

County Elected/Appointed Officials Contribution	\$20,469
St. of MD total adjusted contributions	\$ <u>2,107,730,000</u>
County's proportion of total contributions	0.0009711%
Total Net Pension Liability –St. of MD	\$20,781,712,000
County Elected/Appointed Officials share of NPL	\$201,819
Total Pension Expense – St. of MD	\$2,027,015,476
County Elected/Appointed Officials share pension exp.	\$93,442

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans–continued**

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-continued

At June 30, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the "the System" for Soil Conservation from the following sources:

	<b>Deferred Outflows</b>	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 4,642	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	37,891	26,596
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>19,607</u>	<del>_</del>
Total	<u>\$62,140</u>	\$ 26,596

\$19,607 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Years ending June 30:

2017	\$ (1,331)
2018	(1,330)
2019	(1,329)
2020	(5,973)
2021	(5,974)

Carroll County Soil Conservation Dist. allocated net pension liability and related information:

County Soil Conservation Dist. Contribution	\$25,744
St. of MD total adjusted contributions	\$ <u>2,107,730,000</u>
County's proportion of total contributions	0.0012214%
Total Net Pension Liability – St. of MD	\$20,781,712,000
County Soil Conservation Dist. share of NPL	\$253,830
Total Pension Expense – St. of MD	2,027,015,476
County Soil Conservation Dist pension expense	\$49,571

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans–continued**

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System

Actuarial assumptions: Key actuarial assumptions used to perform the June 30, 2015 State of Maryland pension liability calculations are as follows:

Actuarial Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of payroll, closed

Inflation 2.70% general, 3.20% wage

Salary increases 3.20% to 8.95%, including inflation

Discount rate 7.55% Investment Rate of Return 7.55%

Mortality RP-2014 combined Healthy Mortality Table

Each actuarial valuation takes into account all prior differences between actual and assumed experience in each risk area and adjusts the contribution rates as needed. The States Consulting Actuary performed an experience study of MSRPS for the period 2010-2014 after completion of the June 30, 2014 valuations. Assumptions from the experience study including investment return, inflation, COLA increases, mortality rates, retirement rates, withdrawal rates, disability rates, and rates of salary increase were adopted by the Board for first use in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. As a result, an investment return assumption of 7.55% and an inflation assumption of 2.70% were used for the June 30, 2015 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-range expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the Board after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s). For each major asset class that is included in the System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	<u>of Return</u>
Public Equity	35%	6.30%
Fixed Income	10%	0.60%
Credit Opportunity	10%	3.20%
Real Return	14%	1.80%
Absolute Return	10%	4.20%
Private Equity	10%	7.20%
Real Estate	10%	4.40%
Cash	<u>1%</u>	0.00%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-continued
Investments

The above was the System's Board of Trustees adopted asset allocation policy and best estimate of geometric real rates for each major asset class as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of the pension plan expense was 2.71%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate. The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55%. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.</u> The net pension liability sensitivity to changes in the single discount rate is as follows:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
The County's Proportionate share		Rate	
Of the NPL for:	(6.55%)	(7.55%)	(8.55%)
St. of MD CC Elected Officials.	\$285,240	\$201,819	\$132,646
St. of MD Soil Conservation.	\$358,750	\$253,830	\$166,831

*Pension plan fiduciary net positon*. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued System's financial report.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of the Maryland State Retirement Pension System "the System" pension plans and additions to/deductions from the plans have been determined on the same basis they are reported by the System. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System

Component Units

Plan description. The employees of the Board are covered by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System "the System", which is a cost sharing employer public employee retirement system. While there are five retirement and pension systems under the System, employees of the Board are a member of either the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems or the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems. The System was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, teachers, police, judges, legislators, and employees of participating governmental units. The Plans are administered by the State Retirement Agency. Responsibility for the System's administration and operation is vested in a 15-member Board of Trustees. The System issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://www.sra.state.md.us/">http://www.sra.state.md.us/</a>.

Benefits provided. The System provides retirement allowances and other benefits to State teachers and employees of participating governmental units, among others. For individuals who become members of the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems and the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems on or before June 30, 2011, retirement/pension allowances are computed using both the highest three years Average Final Compensation "AFC" and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. For individuals who become members of the Teachers' Pension System and Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, pension allowances are computed using both the highest five years AFC and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. Various retirement options are available under each system which ultimately determines how a retirees' benefits allowance will be computed. Some of these options require actuarial reductions based on the retirees' and/or designated beneficiary's attained age and similar actuarial factors.

A member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Retirement System is generally eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 60 or accumulating 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance equals 1/55 (1.81%) of the member's average final compensation "AFC" multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service.

A member of either the Techers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2011 is eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 62, with specified years of eligibility service, or accumulating 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age. An individual who becomes a member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, is eligible for full retirement benefits if the members' combined age and eligibility service equals at least 90 years or if the member is at least age 65 and has accrued at least 10 years of eligibility service.

For most individuals who retired from either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998, plus 1.4% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. With certain exceptions, for individuals who are members of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued

Component Units

or after July 1, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the member's AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998 plus 1.8% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. Beginning in July 1, 2011, any new member of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System shall earn an annual pension allowance equal to 1.5% of the member's AFC multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated as a member of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System.

Contributions. The Board and covered members are required by State statute to contribute to the System. Members of the Teachers' Pension System and Employees' Pension System are required to contribute 7% annually. Members of the Teachers' Retirement System and Employees' Retirement System are required to contribute 5-7% annually, depending on the retirement option selected. The contribution requirements of the System members, as well as the State and participating governmental employers are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees for the System.

The State makes a substantial portion of the Board's annual required contribution to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems on behalf of the Board. The State's contributions on behalf of the Board for the year ended June 30, 2016, was \$19,932,553. The fiscal 2016 contributions made by the State on behalf of the Board have been included as both revenues and expenditures in the General Fund in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and are also included as revenues and expenses in the Statement of Activities.

Beginning in FY 2013, the State of Maryland General Assembly passed a bill that required the Boards of Education in Maryland to begin paying the normal cost for their teachers into the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems. The legislation structured this as a four-year phase in to the full normal cost so that 50% was paid in FY 2013. Full normal cost will be paid in FY 2017 and each year thereafter. The Board's required contribution to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$7,468,196.

The Board's contractually required contribution rate for the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems for the year ended June 30, 2016, was 6.72% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Board made its share of the required contributions during the year ended June 30, 2016 of \$1,578,985.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems

At June 30, 2016, the Board reported a liability of \$17,874,365 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the System. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of

### Note 11– Pension Plans–continued Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued

**Component Units** 

that date. The Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on actual employer contributions billed to participating government units for the year ending June 30, 2015. The contributions were increased to adjust for differences between actuarial determined contributions and actual contributions by the State of Maryland. As of June 30, 2015, the Board's proportionate share was 0.08601%.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Board recognized pension expense of \$2,080,973. At June 30, 2016, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	S
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments	\$ -	\$ 366,052	2
Changes in assumptions	1,050,756	-	
Change in proportion	707,912	-	
Net difference between actual between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	393,946	-	
Changes in proportionate share of contributions	461,498		
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>1,578,985</u>		
Total	<u>\$ 4,193,097</u>	\$ 366,05	<u>52</u>

\$1,578,985 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### **Year ending June 30:**

2017	\$ (437,938)
2018	(437,938)
2019	(437,938)
2020	(682,712)
2021	(251,534)

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans–continued**

<u>Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued</u> Component Units

Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems

At June 30, 2016, the Board did not report a liability related to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems due to a special funding situation. The State of Maryland pays the unfunded liability for the Board and the Board pays the normal cost related to the Boards members in the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems; therefore, the Board is not required to record its share of the unfunded pension liability but instead, that liability is recorded by the State of Maryland. The amount recognized by the Board as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Board were as follows:

State's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ 273,808,237

Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Total \$ 273,808,237

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Board recognized pension expense of \$27,400,749 and revenue of \$19,932,553 for support provided by the State. Due to the special funding situation noted above related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems, the Board did not report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.90% general, 3.20% wage

Salary increases 3.20% to 9.20%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.55%

Mortality rates were based on RP-2014 Mortality Table with generational mortality projections using scale MP-2014, calibrated to the System's experience.

The economic and demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were adopted by the System's Board of Trustees based upon review of the System's experience study for the period 2010-2014, which was completed during FY 2014. Assumptions from the experience study including investment return, inflation, COLA increases, mortality rates, retirement rates, withdrawal rates, disability rates and rates of salary increase were adopted by the Board for the first use in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. As a result, an investment return assumption of 7.55% and an inflation assumption of 2.70% were used in the June 30, 2015 valuation.

## Note 11– Pension Plans–continued Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued Component Units

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-range expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the Board after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s). For each major asset class that is included in the System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	<b>Expected Real Rate</b>
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	<u>of Return</u>
Public Equity	35%	6.30%
Fixed Income	10%	0.60%
Credit Opportunity	10%	3.20%
Real Return	14%	1.80%
Absolute Return	10%	4.20%
Private Equity	10%	7.20%
Real Estate	10%	4.40%
Cash	<u>1%</u>	0.00%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

The above was the System's Board of Trustees adopted asset allocation policy and best estimate of geometric real rates for each major asset class as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of the pension plan expense was 2.71%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate. The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55%. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued

Component Units

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability. Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the Board's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the Board's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher for the Employees Retirement and Pension Systems:

Current			
1% Decrease	<b>Discount Rate</b>	1% Increase	
(6.55%)	<b>(7.55%)</b>	(8.55%)	

Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability

\$ 25,262,683 \$ 17,874,365 \$ 11,747,989

Due to the special funding situation noted above related to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems, the Board did not record a net pension liability related to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems.

*Pension plan fiduciary net positon*. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued System's financial report.

#### Component Unit- Community College

Plan description. The employees of the College are covered by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System "the System", which is a cost sharing employer public employee retirement system. While there are five retirement and pension systems under the System. The System was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, teachers, police, judges, legislators, and employees of participating governmental units. The Plans are administered by the State Retirement Agency. Responsibility for the System's administration and operation is vested in a 15-member Board of Trustees. The System issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://www.sra.state.md.us/">http://www.sra.state.md.us/</a>.

Benefits provided. The System provides retirement allowances and other benefits to State teachers and employees of participating governmental units, among others. For individuals who become members of the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems and the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems on or before June 30, 2011, retirement/pension allowances are computed using both the highest three years Average Final Compensation "AFC" and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. For individuals who become members of the Teachers' Pension System and Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, pension allowances are computed using both the highest five years AFC and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. Various retirement options are available under

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued

Component Units

each system which ultimately determines how a retirees' benefits allowance will be computed. Some of these options require actuarial reductions based on the retirees' and/or designated beneficiary's attained age and similar actuarial factors.

A member of the Teachers' Retirement System is generally eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 60 or accumulating 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance equals 1/55 (1.81%) of the member's average final compensation "AFC" multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service.

A member of either the Techers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2011 is eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 62, with specified years of eligibility service, or accumulating 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age. An individual who becomes a member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, is eligible for full retirement benefits if the members' combined age and eligibility service equals at least 90 years or if the member is at least age 65 and has accrued at least 10 years of eligibility service.

For most individuals who retired from either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998, plus 1.4% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. With certain exceptions, for individuals who are members of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the member's AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998 plus 1.8% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. Beginning in July 1, 2011, any new member of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System shall earn an annual pension allowance equal to 1.5% of the member's AFC multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated as a member of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System.

Contributions. The Board and covered members are required by State statute to contribute to the System. Members of the Teachers' Pension System and Employees' Pension System are required to contribute 7% annually. Members of the Teachers' Retirement System and Employees' Retirement System are required to contribute 5-7 % annually, depending on the retirement option selected. The contribution requirements of the System members, as well as the State and participating governmental employers are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees for the System.

The State makes a substantial portion of the College's annual required contribution to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems on behalf of the College. The State's contributions on behalf of the College for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, was \$885,072 and \$898,711, respectively. The fiscal 2016 contributions made by the State on behalf of the college have been included as both revenues

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans–continued**

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued Component Units

and expenditures in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position (Deficit).

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

#### Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems

At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the College did not report a liability related to Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems due to a special funding situation. The State of Maryland pays the unfunded liability for College and the College pays the normal cost related to the Colleges members in the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems; therefore, the College is not required to record its share of the unfunded pension liability but instead, that liability is recorded by the State of Maryland. The amount recognized by the College as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the College were as follows:

2016

2015

State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	2016 \$8,861,075	2015 \$6,312,997
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability		<del>_</del> _
Total	<u>\$8,861,075</u>	<u>\$6,312,997</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Due to the special funding situation noted above related to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems, the College did not report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the following actuarial valuations was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Inflation-general	2.7%	2.9%
Inflation-wage	3.2%	3.4%
Salary increases	3.2% to 9.2%, including inflation	3.40% to 11.9%, including inflation
Investment rate of r	eturn 7.55%	7.65%

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans–continued**

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued

**Component Units** 

Mortality Rates RP-2014 Mortality Tables with

Projected generational mortality Improvements based on the RP-2014

2-dimensional mortality improvement

scale

RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected to

the year 2025

The economic and demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were adopted by the System's Board of Trustees on May 21, 2015 based upon review of the System's experience study for the period 2010-2014, which was completed during FY2014. Assumptions from the experience study included investment return inflation, COLA increases, mortality rates, retirement rates, withdrawal rates, disability rates and rates of salary increase were adopted by the College for the first use in actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. As a result, an investment return assumption of 7.55% and an inflation assumption of 2.70% were used for the June 30, 2015 valuation.

New funding methodology set forth in Maryland legislation was first used in the June 30, 2015 valuation. The legislation removed the corridor funding method effective with the June 30, 2015 valuation. The benefit provisions valued in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, are the same as the provisions from the last valuation as of June 30, 2014.

The economic and demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were adopted by the System's Board of Trustees based upon review of the System's experience study for the period 2006-2010, which was completed during FY 2011. Certain assumptions from the experience study including mortality rates, retirement rates, withdrawal rates, disability rates and rates of salary increase were adopted by the College for the first use in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2012. The System's Board of Trustees adopted new economic assumptions for the June 30, 2013 valuation, in particular, an investment return assumption of 7.70% and an inflation assumption of 2.95%. The ultimate assumptions of a 7.55% investment return and 2.80% price inflation are being phased in over a four-year period. As a result, an investment return assumption of 7.55% and an inflation assumption of 2.70% were used for the June 30, 2015 valuation. The COLA, salary increase and payroll growth assumptions have also changed as a result of the change in the inflation assumption.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-range expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the College after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s). For each major asset class that is included in the System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued

Component Units

	<u>2</u>	<u>016</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>15</u>
Asset	Target	Long-Term Expected	Target	Long-Term Expected
Class	<b>Allocation</b>	Real Rate of Return	<b>Allocation</b>	Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	35%	6.30%	35%	4.70%
Fixed Income	10%	0.60%	10%	2.00%
Credit Opportunity	10%	3.20%	10%	3.00%
Real Return	14%	1.80%	14%	2.80%
Absolute Return	10%	4.20%	10%	5.00%
Private Equity	10%	7.20%	10%	6.30%
Real Estate	10%	4.40%	10%	4.50%
Cash	1%	0.00%	1%	1.40%
Total	100%		100%	

The above was the System's Board of Trustees adopted asset allocation policy and best estimate of geometric real rates for each major asset class as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

For the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of the pension plan expense was 2.71% and 14.38%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate. The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55% and 7.65% as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.55% and 7.65% as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability. Due to the special funding situation noted above related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems, the College did not record a net pension liability related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems.

*Pension plan fiduciary net positon*. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued System's financial report.

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued

Component Units

#### Component Unit-Library:

Plan description. The employees of the Library are covered by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System "the System", which is a cost sharing employer public employee retirement system. While there are five retirement and pension systems under the System, employees of the Board are a member of either the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems or the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems. The System was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, teachers, police, judges, legislators, and employees of participating governmental units. The Plans are administered by the State Retirement Agency. Responsibility for the System's administration and operation is vested in a 15-member Board of Trustees. The System issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://www.sra.state.md.us/">http://www.sra.state.md.us/</a>.

Benefits provided. The System provides retirement allowances and other benefits to State teachers and employees of participating governmental units, among others. For individuals who become members of the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems and the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems on or before June 30, 2011, retirement/pension allowances are computed using both the highest three years Average Final Compensation (AFC) and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. For individuals who become members of the Teachers' Pension System and Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, pension allowances are computed using both the highest five years AFC and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. Various retirement options are available under each system which ultimately determines how a retirees' benefits allowance will be computed. Some of these options require actuarial reductions based on the retirees' and/or designated beneficiary's attained age and similar actuarial factors.

A member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Retirement System is generally eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 60 or accumulating 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance equals 1/55 (1.81%) of the member's average final compensation "AFC" multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service.

A member of either the Techers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2011 is eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 62, with specified years of eligibility service, or accumulating 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age. An individual who becomes a member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, is eligible for full retirement benefits if the members' combined age and eligibility service equals at least 90 years or if the member is at least age 65 and has accrued at least 10 years of eligibility service.

For most individuals who retired from either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998, plus 1.4% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. With

Note 11– Pension Plans–continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued

Component Units

certain exceptions, for individuals who are members of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the member's AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998 plus 1.8% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. Beginning in July 1, 2011, any new member of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System shall earn an annual pension allowance equal to 1.5% of the member's AFC multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated as a member of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System.

Contributions. The Library and covered members are required by State statute to contribute to the System. Members of the Teachers' Pension System and Employees' Pension System are required to contribute 7% annually. Members of the Teachers' Retirement System and Employees' Retirement System are required to contribute 5-7% annually, depending on the retirement option selected. The contribution requirements of the System members, as well as the State and participating governmental employers are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees for the System.

The State makes a substantial portion of the Library's annual required contribution to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems on behalf of the Board. The State's contributions on behalf of the Board for the year ended June 30, 2016, was \$821,160. The fiscal 2016 contributions made by the State on behalf of the Board have been included as both revenues and expenditures in the General Fund in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and are also included as revenues and expenses in the Statement of Activities.

The Library's contractually required contribution rate for the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems for the year ended June 30, 2016, was 5.00% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Library made its share of the required contributions during the year ended June 30, 2016 of \$56,065.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

**Employees Retirement and Pension Systems** 

At June 30, 2016, the Library reported a liability of \$581,213 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the System. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on actual employer contributions billed to participating government units for the year ending June 30, 2015. The contributions were increased to adjust for differences between actuarial determined contributions and actual contributions by the State of Maryland. As of June 30, 2015, the Library's proportionate share was 0.002%.

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans–continued**

<u>Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued</u> <u>Component Units</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Board recognized pension expense of \$77,414. At June 30, 2016, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<b>Deferred Outflows</b>	<b>Deferred Inflows</b>
	of Resources	of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 33,541	\$ -
Changes in proportions	71,707	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	17,542	-
Net difference between actual and proportionate share of		
contributions	14,049	-
Net difference between expected and actual experience	-	11,903
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>56,0</u> 65	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 192,904	\$ 11,903

\$56,065 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Years ending June 30:

2017	\$ 25,261
2018	25,261
2019	25,261
2020	32,239
2021	16,914

#### Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems

At June 30, 2016, the Board did not report a liability related to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems due to a special funding situation. The State of Maryland pays the unfunded liability for the Board and the Board pays the normal cost related to the Boards members in the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems; therefore, the Board is not required to record its share of the unfunded pension liability but instead, that liability is recorded by the State of Maryland. The amount recognized by the Board as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Board were as follows:

State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,288,818
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability Total	<u>-</u> \$ 7,288,818
Total	<u>\$ 1,200,010</u>

#### Note 11 – Pension Plans-continued

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued Component Units

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Board recognized pension expense of \$821,160 and revenue of \$821,160 for support provided by the State. Due to the special funding situation noted above related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems, the Board did not report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.90% general, 3.20% wage

Salary increases 3.20% to 9.20%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.55%

Mortality rates were based on RP-2014 Mortality Tables with generational mortality projections using scale MP-2014, calibrated to the System's experience.

The economic and demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were adopted by the System's Board of Trustees based upon review of the System's experience study for the period 2010-2014, which was completed during FY 2014. Certain assumptions from the experience study including mortality rates, retirement rates, withdrawal rates, disability rates and rates of salary increase were adopted by the Board for the first use in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. As a result, an investment return assumption of 7.55% and an inflation assumption of 2.70% were used for the June 30, 2015 valuation.

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-range expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the Board after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s). For each major asset class that is included in the System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term	
	Target	<b>Expected Real Rate</b>
Asset Class	<b>Allocation</b>	of Return
Public Equity	35%	6.30%
Fixed Income	10%	0.60%
Credit Opportunity	10%	3.20%

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans–continued**

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued Component Units

Real Return	14%	1.80%
Absolute Return	10%	4.20%
Private Equity	10%	7.20%
Real Estate	10%	4.40%
Cash	<u>1%</u>	0.00%
Total	100%	

The above was the System's Board of Trustees adopted asset allocation policy and best estimate of geometric real rates for each major asset class as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of the pension plan expense was 2.71%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate. The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55%. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability. Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the Board's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the Board's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher for the Employees Retirement and Pension Systems:

#### **Note 11– Pension Plans–continued**

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System-Continued Component Units

	Current		
	1% Decrease (6.55%)	Discount Rate (7.55%)	1% Increase (8.55%)
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 821,469	\$ 581,213	\$ 382,011

Due to the special funding situation noted above related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems, the Board did not record a net pension liability related to the Teachers Retirement and Pension Systems.

*Pension plan fiduciary net positon*. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued System's financial report.

#### 401(k) Retirement Plan

The County offers a defined contribution 401(k) retirement plan to all its eligible employees. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings/losses. This plan is self-administered, with record keeping provided through the Lincoln Financial Group. This plan is governed by regulations and statutes promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service. The plan was amended on October 1, 2009.

Employees are eligible to participate upon hire if employment is at least at the half-time level. Employees hired prior to January 1, 1980 who participate in the "Maryland State Employees' Retirement System" are not eligible to participate in the 401(k) Plan.

Eligible employees can contribute up to an amount allowed by applicable federal law, and not in excess of a member's annual compensation. The plan is contributory on a voluntary basis with all contributions being paid to the trustee Prior to October 1, 2009, the County made quarterly contributions to the accounts of each participant. Starting October 1, 2009, the County stopped contributing to the 401(k) Plan accounts of employees enrolled in either of the County's pension plans. Eligible employees hired prior to July 1, 1985 who are not enrolled in either of the County's pension plans remain eligible for County contributions to their 401(k) Plan accounts. These contributions range from 2% to 8% of base salary, depending upon the amount contributed by the employee.

The County's and the employees' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$149,463 and \$1,953,142, respectively.

The Plan also offers a "Roth" option which allows employees to make after-tax contributions. Approximately 11.8 percent of employee contributions to the plan are being made as "Roth" contributions as of June 30, 2016.

#### Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits

#### Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland

Plan Description: The Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland "RBTCCCC" is a single-employer defined benefit plan that provides access to medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees who retire from County service in accordance with County policy.

The County incurred total post-employment medical plan benefit expenditures of \$4,100,178 during the fiscal period ending June 30, 2016. Of this amount, the County paid \$3,534,115 and the retirees paid \$566,063.

#### Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland-continued

Retirees who meet certain age and years of service thresholds, may qualify for membership in the County's retiree group medical plan(s). Full-time employees who retire can also insure their spouses. As of June 30, 2016, retirees pay between 8 percent and 100 percent of the County's full premium equivalent cost, based upon their age and years of service at retirement. As of June 30, 2016, 319 Primary Government retirees and 237 retiree spouses were eligible to receive benefits. Of these, 290 retirees and 216 spouses were enrolled. Retirees who are eligible for County contributions toward the cost of their medical plan may elect to discontinue coverage and re-enroll at future "open enrollment" periods. This plan has a tax exempt status.

Basis of Accounting: The Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland "RBTCCCC" financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Medicare Part D funds are recognized in the period in which they are received. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the term of the plan. Investments are made on a long-term basis investing in various securities which are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks.

The most recent actuarial valuation was completed as of July 1, 2014. The membership data related to the plan was as follows:

#### Number of Participants

Active employees	919
Deferred vested terminations	-
Retirees in pay status (pre Medicare)	112
Retirees in pay status (Medicare age)	<u>249</u>
Total	<u>1,280</u>

## Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued

Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland-continued

Contributions: In fiscal year 2016, the County contributed \$10,103,580 towards the ARC for the Other Postemployment Benefit fund. Retirees contribute a portion of their health care cost which is based on their age and years of service with the County. Administrative costs of the RBTCCCC are financed through investment earnings.

Annual other postemployment benefit cost "AOPEBC" and net other post employment benefit obligation of the Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioners of Carroll County, Maryland are as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 10,474,000
Interest	2,538,171
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(2,322,843)
Annual OPEB cost	10,689,328
Contributions made	(10,103,580)
Change in net OPEB obligation	585,748
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	36,259,580
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 36,845,328

The annual required contribution was determined as part of the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.0 percent investment rate of return compounded annually, (b) projected turnover rates are as follows:

#### General Government:

<u>Age</u>	<u>Rate</u>
25	11.14%
35	6.21%
45	3.06%

#### Law Officers:

	Ye	Years of Service			
<u>Age</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>20</u>		
25	6.55%	3.28%	0.50%		
35	3.65%	1.83%	0.50%		
45	1.80%	0.90%	0.50%		
55	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%		

The actuarial value of assets was determined using the fair value as of July 1, 2014.

# Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued

Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland-continued

The County's annual OPEB cost, percentage of OPEB cost contributed, and net other post-employment benefit obligation for the plan for the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Trend Information for the last six years for RBTCCCC:

Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	% of AOPEBC	Actual	Net OPEB
<u>Ended</u>	Cost (AOPEBC)	Contributed	Contribution	<b>Obligation</b>
2011	\$12,496,803	58%	\$7,298,000	\$28,249,507
2012	12,347,059	64%	7,852,800	32,743,766
2013	10,487,348	81%	8,438,080	34,793,034
2014	10,774,859	94%	10,056,900	35,510,993
2015	10,381,487	92%	9,632,900	36,259,580
2016	10,689,328	95%	10,103,580	36,845,328

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Carroll County Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Benefits (OPEB)

Assets:	
Receivables-notes	\$ 21,653
Investments at fair value:	
Bond funds	5,434,336
Marketable securities	61,907,667
Total assets	67,363,656
Liabilities:	
Due to primary government	831,060
Total liabilities	831,060
Net Position:	
Fiduciary net position held in trust for OPEB	\$ 66,532,596

## Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued

Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland-continued

## Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Carroll County Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Benefits (OPEB)

#### **ADDITIONS:**

Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 10,103,580
Plan members	566,063
Total contributions	10,669,643
Investment earnings:	
Interest and dividends	14,294
Net increase or decrease in the fair	
value of investments	 1,239,312
Total investment earnings	1,253,606
Less investment expense	(6,500)
Net investment earnings	1,247,106
Total additions	11,916,749
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits	4,100,178
Administrative expenses	5,000
Total deductions	4,105,178
Change in net position	 7,811,571
Net position-beginning of year	 58,721,025
Net position-end of year	\$ 66,532,596

The Information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is as follows:

Valuation date 7/1/2014

Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit

Amortization method Closed
Remaining amortization period 24 years
Asset valuation method Market value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.0% Projected salary increases 3.0% Inflation Rate 2.5%

Medical Trend Based on Society of Actuaries Long-Term Medical

Trend Model, the 2012 rate is 6.00% decreasing gradually. The ultimate rate is 4.39% and is attained

in 2050.

# Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued Retiree Benefit Trust, Board of County Commissioner of Carroll County, Maryland-continued

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, the plan, and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial methods of Assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each plan member to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Employees with current medical enrollment with Carroll County Government that were hired before 5/1/2005 are assumed to elect medical coverage 98 percent of the time. After 5/1/2005, the election of medical enrollment that will elect medical coverage at retirement is based on the following rates:

Service	Rate
Less than 10	N/A
10 to 14	80%
15 to 19	90%
20 to 24	95%
25 or more	100%

#### Component Units

#### Library

*Plan Description.* The Library provides medical insurance benefits to eligible employees who retire from employment with the Carroll County Public Library in accordance with a contractual agreement through the County.

Retirees with at least 10 years of service (15 years for those hired after May 1, 2005) are eligible for medical insurance coverage during retirement. The cost of this coverage is subsidized by the employer for those who meet certain age and service requirements. Spousal coverage is also available for eligible full time employees who retire. Retirees who are eligible for this subsidy may elect to discontinue and re-enroll at a later date.

Funding Policy. Retirees pay between 6 percent and 100 percent of the County's full premium equivalent cost, based upon age and years of service at retirement. The County pays the Library's share of the employer contribution on behalf of the Library based on the annual required contribution of the

# Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued Component Units-continued

employers "ARC", an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents the level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed 30 years. The payments made by the County on behalf of the Library which are included in the Statement of Activities for the year ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$1,277,560, \$1,243,684, and \$1,266,128, respectively.

#### **Board of Education**

The Board provides medical benefits to retirees pursuant to two medical benefit plans for retired employees based on negotiated agreements with various bargaining groups. For retirees over the age of 65 who retired prior to September 1, 1988, the percentage of the premium paid by the Board is dependent upon the retiree's years of service and ranges from 10% to 100%. For retirees who retired after

September 1, 1988, the percentage of the premium paid by the Board is dependent upon the retiree's years of service and ranges from 0% to 100%. These percentages are applied to premiums established annually by the Board for individual, husband/wife, parent/child, and family coverages. Only Carroll County Board of Education years of service are considered. As of June 30, 2016, 1,273 eligible participants were receiving benefits.

The Board's annual other postemployment benefit "OPEB" cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer "ARC", an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes the Board's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$24,020,000
Interest	3,006,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(3,491,000)
Annual OPEB cost	23,535,000
Contributions made	<u>(4,888,705)</u>
Increase in net OPEB obligation	18,646,295
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	<u>75,142,431</u>
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	<u>\$93,788,726</u>

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued Component Units-continued

The Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal year 2016 and the two preceding fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	% of AOPEBC	Net OPEB
<u>Ended</u>	Cost (AOPEBC)	Contributed	<b>Obligation</b>
2014	\$19,602,000	19.95%	\$58,881,226
2015	20,907,000	22.22%	75,142,431
2016	23,535,000	20.77%	93,788,726

## Funding Policy:

As of July 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plan was 5.4% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$285,881,000 and the actuarial value of assets was \$15,566,200 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability "UAAL" of \$270,314,800. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$193,498,864, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 139.70%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress below, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Percentage Funded (1)/(2)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2)-(1)	Annual Covered Payrol	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((2-1)/5)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
July 1, 2010 July 1, 2011 July 1, 2012 July 1, 2013 July 1, 2014 July 1, 2015	\$ 3,722,000 7,369,200 9,277,000 12,385,000 13,252,000 15,566,200	\$ 110,803,000 181,428,000 192,349,000 231,734,000 245,811,000 285,881,000	3.40% 4.10% 4.80% 5.30% 5.40%	\$ 107,081,000 174,058,800 183,072,000 219,349,000 232,559,000 270,314,800	\$ 200,942,793 187,912,812 198,512,177 199,323,185 199,079,448 193,498,864	53.3% 92.6% 92.2% 110.0% 116.8% 139.7%

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued Component Units -continued

## Schedule of Employer Contributions:

Year Ended June 30:	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed	 Net OPEB Obligation
			 _
2011	\$ 9,725,000	53.53%	\$ 21,373,441
2012	15,475,000	32.03%	31,956,508
2013	16,499,000	32.26%	43,190,699
2014	19,744,000	19.95%	58,881,226
2015	21,182,000	22.22%	75,142,431
2016	24,020,000	20.77%	93,788,726

## Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to the point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method, with linear pro-ration to assumed benefit commencement method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00% investment rate of return, which assumes that benefits will be funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and that General Fund investments earn 4.00% over the long-term. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open bases. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016, was 24 years.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation Date July 1, 2015

Actuarial Cost Method Projected unit method

Amortization Method Level percentage of projected payroll over a 30-year period

Asset Valuation Method Market value

**Actuarial Assumptions:** 

Investment Rate of Return 4% Payroll Growth Rate 3%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

Pre-65 Medical 7.0% initial / 5.1% ultimate (not applicable to Life) Post-65 Medical 7.0% initial / 4.8% ultimate (not applicable to Life)

# $Note \ 12-Postemployment \ Benefits \ Other \ Than \ Pension \ Benefits\text{-}continued$

Component Units -continued

## Carroll Community College

Plan Description. Carroll Community College administers a single employer defined benefit health care plan. The College allows employees who retire with at least 10 years of continuous service to continue participation in some benefit program. To be eligible for post retirement benefits, an employee must collect a retirement benefit from his/her retirement system immediately following separation. Retirees who collect a benefit from the ORP must meet the age and service requirements for early or normal retirement as defined in the Maryland State Teachers Pension/Retirement System. Services for retirees include the following:

Medical Insurance – Retired employees and their spouses under age 65 may continue to be covered by medical insurance offered to current employees at regular group rates. Interested retirees and/or their spouses age 65 or over must convert to coverage under a College contract which supplements Medicare.

The College continues contributions toward the premiums for medical insurance for such employees with at least 10 years of service. Contributions by the College are made as follows:

10 to 14 years of service	35%
15 to 19 years of service	55%
20 to 24 years of service	70%
25 or more years of service	80%

Employees with less than 10 years of service may continue coverage at the full cost of the specified plan.

*Life Insurance* – All employees who are participants in the Group Life Insurance Plan at retirement are eligible for continued life insurance coverage. The College currently pays one-half of premium costs.

Vision and Dental Insurance – Retirees and their spouses may also continue coverage under the College's policies after retirement, but must pay 100% of the premium. This arrangement may continue for the spouse following a retiree's death, provided the spouse was covered at the time of death.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of plan members and the college are established and may be amended by the Carroll Community College Board of Trustees. The College's contribution is based on a pay as you go basis with no funds set aside for future post retirement funding. For fiscal year 2016 and 2015, Carroll Community College contributed \$500,561 and \$489,487, respectively, to the plan, which is recorded in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets allocated among the functional expense accounts.

Annual OPEB Cost and net OPEB Obligation. The College's annual other post employment benefit "OPEB" cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution "ARC", an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a

# Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued Component Units- continued

level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the component of the College's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the institution's net OPEB obligation:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Annual required contribution	\$3,339,000	\$ 3,123,000
Interest	699,000	595,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution	<u>(912,000)</u>	(747,000)
Annual OPEB costs (expense)	3,126,000	2,971,000
Contributions made	(500,561)	(489,487)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	2,625,439	2,481,513
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	17,525,104	<u>15,043,591</u>
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$20,150,543	<u>\$17,525,104</u>

The College's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation were as follows:

Fiscal Year <u>Ended</u>	Annual OPEB <u>Cost</u>	Percentage of Annual OPEB <a href="Cost Contributed">Cost Contributed</a>	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/14	\$2,800,000	15.4%	\$15,043,591
6/30/15	2,971,000	16.5%	17,525,104
6/30/16	3,126,000	16.0%	20,150,143

Note 12 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits-continued

<u>Component Units-</u> continued Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	on Value of Liability (AAL) Funde		Percentage Funded (1)/(2) (3)		Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2)-(1) (4)	•	Covered Payroll (5)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((2-1)/5) (6)		
June 30, 2008	\$	_	\$	19,685,000	0.00%	\$	19,685,000	\$	9,631,527	204%
June 30, 2009	Ψ	_	Ψ	21,673,000	0.00%	Ψ	21,673,000	Ψ	9,631,527	225%
June 30, 2010		_		20,410,000	0.00%		20,410,000		12,452,217	164%
June 30, 2011		_		22,589,000	0.00%		22,589,000		12,850,358	176%
June 30, 2012		-		21,261,000	0.00%		21,261,000		13,212,157	161%
June 30, 2013		-		22,998,000	0.00%		22,998,000		13,832,855	166%
June 30, 2014		-		26,013,000	0.00%		26,013,000		14,526,437	179%
June 30, 2015		-		28,202,000	0.00%		28,202,000		14,234,818	198%
June 30, 2016		-		29,403,000	0.00%		29,403,000		14,334,394	205%

Funded Status and Funding Progress. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$29.403 million at June 30, 2016 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability "UAAL" of \$29.403 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$14,334,394, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 205 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in to the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented above, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods of Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each plan member to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2015 biennial actuarial valuation, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions utilized an interest discount rate of 4% return due to the plan being unfunded. Payroll is assumed to increase at 3% annually. Healthcare cost trends are based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Trend Model, with the initial rate being 4.70%, decreasing gradually to 3.12% in 2075. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization at June 30, 2016, was 22 years.

Note 13 – Fund Equity
A summary of fund balances as of June 30, 2016 follows:

	General Fund		Capital Projects Funds	Non Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:					
Inventory	\$ 1,649,394	. \$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,649,394
Prepaid costs	94,037		-	-	94,037
Loans to community organizations	6,017,708		-	-	6,017,708
Loans to fire companies	10,036,498	;	-	-	10,036,498
Loans to municipalities	149,037		-	-	149,037
Due from other funds	8,109,334		-	-	8,109,334
Advances and proceeds to Industrial					
Development Authority	612,910	)	-	-	612,910
Total nonspendable fund balance	26,668,918		-		26,668,918
Restricted:					
Weed control	111,882		-	-	111,882
Agricultural preservation investments	29,266,149	)	-	-	29,266,149
Loans collectible within one year	1,318,278		-	-	1,318,278
Farmers & Merchants-collateral	230,000	)	-	-	230,000
Unspent bond proceeds			7,518,934	-	7,518,934
Hotel tax				626,086	626,086
Total restricted fund balance	30,926,309		7,518,934	626,086	39,071,329
Committed:					
Stabilization arrangement	19,420,350	)	-	-	19,420,350
ISF health	1,400,000	)	-	-	1,400,000
Grant Fund	-		-	463,779	463,779
Watershed Protection and Restoration			-	208,593	208,593
Total committed fund balance	20,820,350		-	672,372	21,492,722
Assigned:					
Encumbrances:					
General government	939,909	)	633,228	-	1,573,137
Public safety	134,972		1,223,331	-	1,358,303
Public works	1,252,494		5,791,991	-	7,044,485
Culture and recreation	363		229,506	-	229,869
Conservation of natural resources	11,396	)	3,542,823	-	3,554,219
Library	26,395		15,196	-	41,591
Subsequent year's expenditure:	0.000.666				0.002.660
Use in fiscal year 2017 budget	9,002,669		-	-	9,002,669
Use in fiscal year 2018-2020 budget	10,531,788	•	12 700 251	-	10,531,788
Capital			12,799,351	1 (00 421	12,799,351
Grants	(90.721		-	1,608,421	1,608,421
Community Media Center	680,731 22,580,717	_	24 225 426	1,608,421	680,731
Total assigned fund balance	22,380,717		24,235,426	1,008,421	48,424,564
Unassigned:	40.040				10.010.1.1
General fund	10,840,140		-		10,840,140
Total unassigned fund balance	10,840,140		-		10,840,140
Grand total fund balances	\$ 111,836,434	\$	31,754,360	\$ 2,906,879	\$ 146,497,673

## Note 13 – Fund Equity- continued

The County has loaned to various Carroll County fire companies for expansion and equipment acquisition. The loans are repayable over terms of from 5 to 20 years, bearing interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.26 percent to 5.09 percent. The balance of these loans at June 30, 2016 is \$11,354,776 and is secured by land, buildings and equipment. The County made loans to various community organizations. The balance of these loans at June 30, 2016 is \$6,017,708 and they are secured through promissory notes.

The County incurred a due from the Capital Fund for the future payouts of Installment Purchase Agreements, a due from OPEB, a due from Fiber Network and a due from the Airport Fund at June 30, 2016 in the amount of \$8,109,334.

## Note 14 - Budgetary Basis to GAAP Reconciliation

A reconciliation of the revenues and expenditures of the General Fund Budgetary Basis to the statement of revenues and expenditures on a GAAP basis is as follows:

	General
Budgetary Funds	Fund
Revenues	
Actual amount (budgetary basis) "revenues" from the	
budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 370,521,877
Unavailable property tax revenues	 (64,124)
Total revenues as reported on the Statement	
of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balance-General Fund	\$ 370,457,753
<u>Expenditures</u>	
Actual amount (budgetary basis) "expenditures"	
from the budgetary comparison	\$ 368,145,409
Encumbrance adjustment	 (598,258)
Total expenditure as reported on the Statement	
of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balance-General Fund	\$ 367,547,151

## Note 15 – Commitments and Contingencies

## **Primary Government**

Management and the County attorney estimate that potential claims against the County, not covered by insurance, resulting from various claims and lawsuits would not materially affect the financial statements of the County.

The County participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs, principal of which are the Housing and Urban Development, Commission on Aging, and the Workforce Investment Act programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the County's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although management expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

As of June 30, 2016, the County had the following commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects:

				Required
	Project	Total	Amount	Future
	<b>Appropriation</b>	<b>Expenditures</b>	<u>Funded</u>	<b>Funding</b>
General Government	\$ 36,989,367	\$ 28,446,331	\$ 33,138,212	\$ 3,851,155
Public Safety	38,422,017	34,275,079	33,898,542	4,523,475
Public Works	68,940,119	36,500,007	49,145,165	19,794,954
Board of Education	210,700,302	194,058,716	204,627,559	6,072,743
Carroll Community College	7,570,600	6,517,072	7,046,236	524,364
Culture and Recreation	15,461,647	12,046,195	13,125,917	2,335,730
Library	3,567,900	3,221,368	3,410,264	157,636
Conservation of Natural Resources	195,741,885	182,956,697	185,037,514	10,704,371
Water Resources	47,174,842	18,672,248	22,476,611	24,698,231
Governmental Activities	624,568,679	516,693,713	551,906,020	72,662,659
Wastewater Treatment Facilities	10,766,000	5,682,286	4,436,900	6,329,100
Other Water Projects	9,125,858	6,271,105	8,186,487	939,371
Other Wastewater Projects	33,027,118	6,305,744	10,495,364	22,531,754
Landfill Upgrades	4,742,000	366,907	4,742,000	-
Landfill Remediations	3,473,738	2,507,087	3,473,738	-
Fiber Network	1,100,000	990,216	1,100,000	-
Septage	4,500,000	416,432	1,016,000	3,484,000
Airport	50,329,446	628,798	2,492,374	47,837,072
Business Type Activities	117,064,160	23,168,575	35,942,863	81,121,297
Total Funds	\$ 741,632,839	\$ 539,862,288	\$ 587,848,883	\$ 153,783,956

## Note 15 – Commitments and Contingencies - continued

Primary Government-continued

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. Amounts, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by grantors cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any to be immaterial.

The County participates in a joint venture named The Maryland Rural Counties Coalition, LLC. The joint venture is to promote and protect the interests of the Rural Counties of the State of Maryland and any and other activities as may be permitted by Limited Liability Companies under the laws of the State of Maryland. As of June 30, 2016, the County's share in the limited liability company totaled \$4,976.

The Supreme Court ruled in favor of the Wynnes case which wrongly exposed some Maryland residents with out-of-state income to double taxation by not allowing the full tax credit for income tax paid outside of the state. The effect of this ruling on the County is income tax will be reduced \$28,901 for nine quarters for a total of \$260,106 beginning in September 2016 to refund those residents in Carroll County that were eligible for the credit but didn't receive it for the tax returns filed between 2006 and 2014.

## **Component Units**

## **Board of Education**

Several law suits have been filed arising from personnel grievances, personal injury, and other matters. It is anticipated by the Board that an adverse decision in excess of insurance coverage on any or all of these suits would not have a material adverse effect on these financial statements.

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. Amounts, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by grantors cannot be determined at this time, although the Board expects such amounts, if any to be immaterial.

## Note 16 – Risk Management

**Primary Government** 

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. As of January 2003, the office of Risk Management initiated an enterprise wide risk management program. This program includes review of all legal contracts for insurance sufficiency and verification of certificates of insurance from all vendors. This program helps ensure that all vendors maintain sufficient insurance coverage to protect the County from loss.

The County's risk financing techniques include participation in the Local Government Insurance Trust "LGIT", a public entity risk pool, for its property, general, excess, cyber, and business automobile.

LGIT is a joint association of Maryland local governments established to provide an alternative to the diminishing availability of insurance coverages to the public sector and the increasing premium costs in the municipal insurance market. LGIT is owned by the members and is directed by the trust agreement effective July 1, 1992.

The Trust Agreement provides that funds in the Capital Account may be used to satisfy obligations of LGIT if monies are not otherwise available in the General and Surplus Account to meet obligations. If the amount of deposit in the Capital Account falls below a certain level, the Capital Account must be replenished. The means for replenishing Capital Account balances would be: (a) one-time assessment not to exceed two times the participant's annual premium in the year of the deficit, (b) prospective premium increases, or (c) the issuance of Certificates of Participation.

Subscribers to coverage provided by LGIT share the risk among participants of the pools. As a result, the County's annual premium requirements will be affected by the loss experience of the various insurance pools in which it participates. Also, the County may be subject to additional assessments from time-to-time. These amounts would be recorded as expenditures when they are probable and can be reasonably estimated. Conversely, favorable performance of certain insurance pools may result in reduced premiums.

The Trust uses reinsurance agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses on all types of insured events. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from reinsurers, up to certain per occurrence limits.

The County is self-insuring its medical coverage for eligible employees. A commercial insurer administers the plan. In addition, the County's contract with this insurer includes a \$300,000 stop-loss per claim. To further minimize its risks, the County's contract provides for an overall cap on claims it must pay in a given year. The cap is determined by reference to pre-agreed rates, times the number of covered employees. Dental benefits are also administered by a commercial insurer. One dental plan is self-insured, and the other is fully insured.

## Note 16 – Risk Management-continued

Primary Government-continued

The County is using an internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss except for worker's compensation. All funds of the County make payments to the internal service fund based on historical cost data. The payments from all funds cover at least prior and current year claims.

Claims liabilities at June 30, 2016 for the deductible portions of general, auto, police, legal and public officials covered under LGIT and employee health care coverage are \$18,249 and \$1,953,327, respectively.

The total claims liability of \$1,971,576 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2016 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability was incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The claims liabilities are calculated based on historical claim settlement trends and analysis of all outstanding and potential claims.

Changes in the claims for employee health care coverage and the deductible portions of liability and property claims under LGIT were as follows:

	Beginning- of-Fiscal Year <u>Liability</u>	Current-Year Claims and Changes in <u>Estimates</u>	Claim <u>Payments</u>	Balance at Fiscal <u>Year-End</u>
Liability and property:				
July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2014	\$10,933	\$7,808	\$(9,603)	\$9,138
July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2015	9,138	50,962	(30,100)	30,000
July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2016	30,000	(3,310)	(8,441)	18,249
Employee Health Care Coverage:				
July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2014	\$ 2,054,887	\$13,664,821	\$ (13,768,272)	\$ 1,951,436
July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2015	1,951,436	13,461,255	(13,450,706)	1,961,985
July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2016	1,961,985	15,484,758	(15,493,416)	1,953,327

The County is self-insured for its worker's compensation. Premiums are paid into the internal service fund by all other funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves and administrative costs of the program. These interfund premiums are used to reduce the amount of claim expenditures reported in the internal service fund. As of June 30, 2016, such interfund premiums did not exceed reimbursable expenditures. The County contracts with a third party administrator to pay all worker's compensation cost. The County purchases a specific excess and aggregate excess worker's compensation and employer's liability indemnity policy.

## Note 16 – Risk Management-continued

To date the County has not exceeded its retention limits.

The self-insured plan is administered by a commercial insurer. The County's contract with this insurer includes a \$600,000 Self Insured Retention for all occurrences. The total claims liability of \$2,136,529 has been reported at June 30, 2016, of which \$196,114 of the liability is shown in General Fund. This balance will be transferred to the ISF during FY 17 and will complete the reclassification from General Fund to ISF. This liability is calculated based on historical claim settlement trends.

Changes in the claims for worker's compensation were as follows:

Worker's Compensation:	Beginning- Of-Fiscal Year <u>Liability</u>	Current- Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim <u>Payments</u>	Balance at Fiscal <u>Year-End</u>
July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2014	\$1,895,485	\$ 711,984	\$(528,820)	\$ 2,078,649
July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2015	2,078,649	1,864,656	(1,668,542)	2,274,763
July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2016	2,274,763	1,023,380	(1,161,614)	2,136,529

Due to specific exclusions in the County's property insurance, the County also has commercial insurance coverage for its boilers and machinery. Employees are bonded through commercial insurance carriers to limit the loss to the County in the event of employees committing acts of embezzlement or theft.

#### Component Units

The Board of Education, the Library and the Community College are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Library is included in the commercial insurance and self-insurance programs of the County. The Board of Education and the Community College use commercial policies to provide insurance coverage excluding health care. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

The Board of Education established a limited risk management program for health care insurance. In the past, health care insurance was covered by a third party carrier. Effective January 1, 1998, the Board, with Aetna U.S. Healthcare, established a new arrangement for providing coverage for future medical claims. Effective July 1, 2005, employees contribute 15% towards this coverage. Deposits are made by the Board into a bank account used only for payments resulting from health insurance claims.

At June 30, 2016, liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR's). Claim liabilities are calculated by an actuary based on the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors. The liability for claims and judgments is reported in the General Current Expense Fund.

# Note 16 – Risk Management-continued

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities not including actuarial liabilities were as follows:

		Current-Year		
	Beginning-	Claims and		Balance at
	Of-Fiscal	Changes in	Claim	Fiscal
Health Care:	Year Liability	<u>Estimates</u>	<u>Payments</u>	Year-End
July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2014	\$5,846,252	\$48,917,568	\$ (50,173,820)	\$ 4,590,000
July 1, 2014 June 30, 2015	4,590,000	50,984,357	(47,333,257)	8,241,100
July 1, 2015 June 30, 2016	8,241,100	46,890,152	(46,881,252)	8,250,000

# **Note 17 – Subsequent Events**

The County plans to issue \$20,350,000 of general obligation bonds, of which \$6,350,000 are refunding bonds to refund the 2007 issue, during fiscal year 2017. The remaining \$14,000,000 of the sale of these securities will be used to finance school improvements and projects, several road and bridge projects and Volunteer Fire Company loans.

# Required Supplementary Information

# Westminster, Maryland

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE CARROLL COUNTY EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN

## **Last 10 Fiscal Years**

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Total pension liability Service cost	\$ 3,513	\$ 3,301	\$ 3,085	·						
Interest	4,825	4,377	3,955		Information fo	r FY 13 and earlie	r is not available			
Differences between expected and actual experience	(953)	(100)	_							
Changes of assumptions	1,635	-	-							
Benfit payments including refunds of member contributions  Net change in total pension liabiltiy	7,720	(1,086) 6,492	(925) 6,115							
Net change in total pension habitity	1,720	0,432	0,113							
Total pension liability- beginning Total pension liability- ending	\$ 77,291	\$ 69,571	\$ 63,079							
Total pension hability- ending	\$ 77,291	\$ 09,371	\$ 05,079							
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contribuiton-employer	\$ 2,542	\$ 2,558	\$ 2,367							
Contributions-member	1,688	1,619	1,573							
Net investment income	1,306	2,645	7,867							
Benefit payments, including refund of										
member contributions	(1,300)	(1,086)	(925)							
Administrative expense	(37)	(37)	(45)							
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	4,199	5,699	10,837							
Plan fiduciary net position- beginning	62,515	56,816	45,979							
Plan fiduciary net position- ending	\$ 66,714	\$ 62,515	\$ 56,816							
Net pension liability - ending	\$ 10,577	\$ 7,056	\$ 6,263							
Plan fiduciary net position as a	107.720	110.03%	122 570/							
percentage of the total pension liability	106.72%	110.03%	123.57%							
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 33,047	\$ 34,148	\$ 33,203							
Net pension liability as a										
percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%							
Expected average remaining service										
years for all participants	5	6	6							

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes: There were no changes for FY 2016

Changes of Assumptions: RP-2014 with generational projection using scale MP-2014

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## THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

# Westminster, Maryland

# SCHEDULE OF CARROLL COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE CARROLL COUNTY EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN

#### **Last 10 Fiscal Years**

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2016	2015		2014	 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010	 2009	 2008	 2007
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 2,542 2,542 <u>\$ -</u>	2,	538 \$ 558 (20) \$	2,366 2,367 5 (1)	\$ 2,253 2,586 (333)	\$ 2,550 2,741 (191)	\$ 2,810 3,000 (190)	\$ 1,302 2,660 (1,358)	\$ 958 (80)	\$ 921 985 (64)	\$ 1,208 1,292 (84)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 33,047	\$ 34,	148 \$	33,203	\$ 29,603	\$ 30,414	\$ 32,267	\$ 34,986	\$ 32,402	\$ 29,792	\$ 26,845
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.69%	7.	19%	7.13%	8.74%	9.01%	9.30%	7.60%	2.96%	3.31%	4.81%

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year (July 1) for the year immediately following the fiscal year. Actuarial valuations are performed every year.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit (Entry Age used for GASB 67 purposes)

Amortization method Level Percentage of Payroll

Remaining amortization period 20 years for gains and losses (closed), 20 years for prior plan and assumption changes

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Rates vary by participant age

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age 100% when first eligible for unreduced benefits

Mortality RP-2014 with generational projection using scale MP-2014

# THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS FOR THE CARROLL COUNTY EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investmeet expense	2.08%	4.53%	16.32%	Information for FY 2	013 and earlier is not ava	ailable				

# Westminster, Maryland

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE CARROLL COUNTY CERTIFIED LAW OFFICERS PENSION PLAN

# **Last 10 Fiscal Years**

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2016	2015	2014	2013 201	2 2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Total pension liability Service cost	\$ 1,000	\$ 983	\$ 904						
Interest	813	726	630	Information for FY 13 ar	nd earlier is not available				
Differences between expected and actual experience	(380)	(242)	-						
Change of assumption	(115)	-	-						
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(244)	(199)	(124)						
Net change in total pension liability	1,074	1,268	1,410						
Total pension liability- beginning	11,733	10,465	9,055						
Total pension liability- ending	\$ 12,807	\$ 11,733	\$ 10,465						
Plan fiduciary net position									
Contribuiton-employer Contributions-member	\$ 681 416	\$ 835 415	\$ 870 580						
Net investment income	191	368	978						
Benefit payments, including refund of		-	-						
member contributions	(244)	(199)	(124)						
Administrative expense	(7)	(7)	(7)						
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,037	1,412	2,297						
Plan fiduciary net position- beginning	9,105	7,693	5,396						
Plan fiduciary net position- ending	10,142	9,105	7,693						
Net pension liability - ending	\$ 2,665	\$ 2,628	\$ 2,772						
Notes to Schedule	<i>m</i>	C 177/2016							
Benefit changes:	There were no char	iges for F1 2016							
Changes of Assumptions:	RP-2014 with gene	erational projection using scale M	IP 2014						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	79.19%	77.60%	73.51%						
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,974	\$ 5,552	\$ 5,295						
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	53.58%	47.33%	52.35%						
Expected average remaining service years of all participants	10	10	10						

# Westminster, Maryland

# SCHEDULE OF CARROLL COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE CARROLL COUNTY CERTIFIED LAW OFFICERS PENSION PLAN

## **Last 10 Fiscal Years**

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 683	\$ 686	\$ 558	\$ 505	\$ 520	\$ 544	\$ -			
actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency	\$ 2	\$ (149)	\$ (312)	\$ (282)	700 \$ (180)	\$ (46)	\$ (250)			
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,974	\$ 5,552	\$ 5,295	\$ 5,295	\$ 5,295	\$ 5,295	\$ 5,295			
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.69%	15.04%	16.43%	14.86%	13.22%	11.14%	4.72%			

1 Per GASB 82, the amount show reflect pensionalble earnings only

The Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan started in fiscal year 2010.

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year (July 1) for the year immediately following the fiscal year. Actuarial valuations are performed every year.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit (Entry Age used for GASB 67 purposes)

Amortization method Level Percentage of Payroll

Remaining amortization period 20 years for gains and losses (closed), 20 years for prior plan and assumption changes

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Rates vary by participant age

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age 100% when first eligible for unreduced benefits

Mortality RP-2014 with generational projection using scale MP2014

# Westminster, Maryland SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS FOR THE CARROLL COUNTY CERTIFIED LAW OFFICERS PENSION PLAN Last 10 Fiscal Years

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2015	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	•
Annual money-weighted rate of return,											
net of investmeet expense	2.11%	4.51%	15.33%	Information for FY 13	3 and earlier is not availa	ble					

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# Schedules of Required Supplementary information SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE VOLUNTEER FIREMEN PENSION PLAN LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

# Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$ 151	\$ 146								
Interest	672	661	Information	for FY 2014 and ea	rlier is not availabl	le				
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of member contributions	(687)	(988)								
Net change in total pension liabiltiy	136	(181)								
T-4-1 1:-1:1:4 1::	0.597	0.767								
Total pension liability- beginning	9,586	9,767								
Total pension liability- ending	9,722	9,586								
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contribuiton-employer	\$ 50	\$ 250								
Contributions-member	Ψ 50	Ų <u>2</u> 00								
Net investment income	484	874								
Benefit payments, including refund of		07.								
member contributions	(687)	(988)								
Administrative expense	(6)	(20)								
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(159)	116								
Plan fiduciary net position- beginning	8,464	8,348								
Plan fiduciary net position- ending	8,305	8,464								
Net pension liability ending	\$ 1,417	\$ 1,122								
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	85.42%	88.30%								
Covered-employee payroll	N/A									
Net pension liability as a										
percentage of covered-employee payroll	N/A									
Expected average remaining service years										
of all participants	8									
Notes to Schedule:										
Benfefit Changes	None									
Changes of Assumptions	None									

# 10/

# Schedules of Required Supplementary information SCHEDULE OF CARROLL COUNTYS' CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE VOLUNTEER FIREMEN PENSION PLAN

Last 10 Fiscal Years

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 276 50 \$ 226	\$ 436 250 \$ 186	\$ 436 250 \$ 186	\$ 436 - \$ 436	\$ 380 - \$ 380	\$ 380 - \$ 380	\$ 380 - \$ 380	\$ - 1,000 \$ (1,000)	\$ - <u>-</u> \$ -	\$ - <u>-</u> \$ -
Covered-employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### **Notes to Schedule**

#### Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of the beginning of the calendar year (January 1) for the following two fiscal years.

Actuarial valuations are expected to be performed every other year.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Unit Credit (Entry Age used for GASB 67 purposes)

Amortization method Level payments over a period of 10 years

Remaining amortization period 10 years
Asset valuation method Market Value

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases Not Applicable

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age The later of 25 years of service and age 60

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy tables with Blue Collar adjustment, blended 75% male

and generational projection using Scale AA

RSI-9

# Schedules of Required Supplementary information SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS FOR THE VOLUNTEER FIREMEN PENSION PLAN

Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investmnet expense	6.08%	443%	Information for FY 14	and earlier is not availa	able						

# Westminster, Maryland

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (NPL) FOR THE STATE OF MARYLAND – CARROLL COUNTY ELECTED/APPOINTED OFFICIALS PENSION PLAN Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
County's proportonate share (%) of collective net pension liablility	0.0009711%	0.0000795%								
County's proportonate share (\$) of collective net pension liablility	\$ 201,819	\$ 141,030			Information	for FY 14 and	earlier is not av	ailable		
County's covered-employee payroll (\$)	144,568	140,701								
County's proportonate share (%) of collective net pension liablility	120 (00)	100.220/								
of its covered employee payroll	139.60%	100.23%								
Plan fiduciary net position as a	<0. <b>2</b> 00/	<b>51</b> 0 <b>5</b> 0/								
percentage of the total pension liability	68.78%	71.87%								

# SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUITIONS FOR THE STATE OF MARYLAND – CARROLL COUNTY ELECTED/APPOINTED OFFICIALS PENSION PLAN Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Contractually required contribution  Contributions in relation to the	\$ 20,469	\$ 18,519		Information	n for FY 14 ar	nd earlier is n	ot available			
contractually required contribution	20,469	18,519								
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -								
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 144,568	\$ 140,701								
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.16%	13.16%								

# Westminster, Maryland

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (NPL) FOR THE STATE OF MARYLAND – CARROLL COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT PENSION PLAN Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
County's proportonate share (%) of collective net pension liablility	0.0012214%	0.0011016%								
County's proportonate share (\$) of collective net pension liablility	\$ 253,830	\$ 195,496			Information fo	or FY 14 and earlie	r is not available			
County's covered-employee payroll (\$)	226,173	225,564								
County's proportonate share (%) of collective net pension liablility										
of its covered employee payroll	112.23%	86.67%								
Plan fiduciary net position as a										
percentage of the total pension liability	68.78%	71.87%								

# SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUITIONS FOR THE STATE OF MARYLAND – CARROLL COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT PENSION PLAN Last 10 Fiscal Years

Contractually required contribution	2016 \$ 25,744	2015 \$ 25,671	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution  Contribution deficiency (excess)	25,744	\$ -		Information	n for FY 14 a	nd earlier is n	ot available			
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 226,173	\$ 225,564								
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.38%	11.38%								

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# THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUNDS For the Year Ended JUNE 30, 2016

The Schedule of funding progress from the current and two preceding actuarial valuations, presents trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

# Schedule of Funding Progress:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (1)	Lia	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL) (2)	Fun (1)	entage ded /(2)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2)-(1) (4)	Annual Covered Payrol (5)	Per of C	AL as a centage Covered ayroll 2-1)/5)
July 1, 2010 July 1, 2012 July 1, 2014	\$ 12,612,050 25,999,300 47,996,872	\$	132,526,000 132,709,000 144,903,000	·	9.52% 19.60% 33.12%	\$ 119,913,950 106,709,700 96,906,128	\$ 44,405,390 44,548,939 47,677,710		270.04% 239.53% 203.25%

# Schedule of Employer Contributions:

Year Ended June 30:	Annual Required Contribution	Amount Contributed by Employer	Percentage Contributed by Employer	Federal Subsidy	Total Percentage Contributed
2011	\$ 11,937,000	\$ 7,298,000	61%	\$ 172,559	63%
2012	11,661,000	7,852,800	67%	184,061	69%
2013	10,142,000	8,438,080	83%	197,696	85%
2014	10,457,000	10,056,900	96%	226,975	98%
2015	10,111,000	9,632,900	95%	251,701	98%
2016	10.474.000	10.103.580	96%	, -	96%



# Supplementary Information

Variance with

# THE COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND

# SOURCES (USES)- BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Variance with			
	Original	Final		Final Budget	
	Budget	Budget	Actuals	Positive(Negative)	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)					
Revenues					
Taxes - Local Property					
Real property	\$ 181,730,900	\$ 181,730,900 \$	182,261,975	\$ 531,075	
Real property - prior years	300,000	300,000	749,748	449,748	
Personal property	250,000	250,000	330,093	80,093	
Railroad and public utilities	6,577,900	6,577,900	6,934,631	356,731	
Ordinary business corporations	6,109,000	6,109,000	7,215,531	1,106,531	
Penalties and interest-delinquent taxes	940,000	940,000	903,025	(36,975)	
Semi-annual service charges	65,000	65,000	95,156	30,156	
Berni dinidal service endiges	195,972,800	195,972,800	198,490,159	2,517,359	
Deductions	173,772,000	173,772,000	170,470,137	2,317,337	
Discounts allowed on taxes	(780,000)	(780,000)	(794,936)	(14.026)	
	(780,000)	(780,000)		(14,936)	
Property Tax Rebate	(20,000)	(20,000)	(2,521)	(2,521)	
Senior tax credit	(20,000)	(20,000)	(8,060)	11,940	
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	25,960	25,960	16,345	(9,615)	
Homestead tax credit	(184,320)	(184,320)	(181,147)	3,173	
	(958,360)	(958,360)	(970,319)	(11,959)	
Net Taxes - Local Property	195,014,440	195,014,440	197,519,840	2,505,400	
Taxes - Local Other					
Income tax	130,842,350	130,842,350	137,512,883	6,670,533	
911 service fees	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,092,094	92,094	
Recordation tax	12,600,000	12,600,000	14,093,918	1,493,918	
Heavy equipment tax	80,000	80,000	113,555	33,555	
Admissions and amusement tax	298,700	298,700	387,725	89,025	
Total Taxes - Local Other	144,821,050	144,821,050	153,200,175	8,379,125	
Licenses and Permits					
	201,600	201,600	207,925	6,325	
Beer, wine and liquor licenses					
Amusement	5,500	5,500	3,339	(2,161)	
Traders	130,000	130,000	136,115	6,115	
Animal	75,000	75,000	68,544	(6,456)	
Buildings	1,048,560	1,048,560	948,832	(99,728)	
Mobile home licenses	63,700	63,700	65,673	1,973	
Cable Franchise Fee	1,500,910	1,500,910	1,527,904	26,994	
Marriage	32,000	32,000	31,440	(560)	
Grading	21,500	21,500	18,105	(3,395)	
Inspection Fees	4,000	4,000	7,825	3,825	
Kennel Licenses	25,000	25,000	18,150	(6,850)	
Total Licenses and Permits	3,107,770	3,107,770	3,033,852	(73,918)	
Intergovernmental Revenues					
Federal	-	-	3,204	3,204	
Build America Bonds Subsidy	780,420	780,420	784,628	4,208	
State Aid-Fire Companies	343,000	343,000	346,759	3,759	
Security Interest Filing Fee	343,000	343,000	455	455	
	-	-			
State Dept/ Health & Mental Hygiene	- 001 210	001 210	105,000	105,000	
Police Aid	881,310	881,310	826,599	(54,711)	
Grand & Petit Jury Reimburse	56,000	56,000	40,850	(15,150)	
Circuit Court Master Reimb	146,560	146,560	153,401	6,841	
Baltimore City	-	-	34,983	34,983	
City of Westminster	<del>_</del>	-	7,342	7,342	
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	2,207,290	2,207,290	2,303,221	95,931	

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Variance with

# THE COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND

# SOURCES (USES)- BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Final			Final Budget	
	Budget	Budget	Actuals	Positive(Negative)	
Charges for Services	Dauger	Budget	rictais	1 osiave(riegative)	
General Government					
Lien certificates	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 215,207	\$ 15,207	
Data processing	5,500	5,500	3,440	(2,060)	
Hearing fees-zoning appeals	12,000	12,000	15,370	3,370	
Copy fees and code books	13,000	13,000	14,583	1,583	
Health depart-telephone and janitorial	61,800	61,800	48,296	(13,504)	
Development review	154,500	154,500	98,104	(56,396)	
Stormwater Maintenance Service	78,790	78,790	-	(78,790)	
Hearing fees-zoning administration	10,000	10,000	11,100	1,100	
Total Serv Chrg - General Government	535,590	535,590	406,100	(129,490)	
Public Safety					
Sheriff's services-salary recovery	1,000	1,000	10,781	9,781	
Sheriff's services-fees	117,000	117,000	75,363	(41,637)	
Sheriff's services-detention center	206,000	206,000	171,659	(34,341)	
Sheriff- Town Deputies	97,000	97,000	100,314	3,314	
Inspection fees-roads	125,000	125,000	84,117	(40,883)	
Inspections fees-development review	7,500	7,500	20,429	12,929	
Detention center-commissary	60,000	60,000	67,846	7,846	
Detention center-work release	80,000	80,000	67,844	(12,156)	
Sheriff-Citations	-	-	7,810	7,810	
Fire Protection Plan Review Fee	_	_	5,066	5,066	
Soc. Sec. Admin. Incentive Program	_	_	200	200	
Sheriff-home detention	15,500	15,500	11,892	(3,608)	
Juvenile transport	63,000	63,000	36,206	(26,794)	
State criminal alien asstistance program	11,000	11,000	6,321	(4,679)	
Sheriff's Sex Offender Fees	29,200	29,200	25,200	(4,000)	
Total Serv Chrg - Public Safety	812,200	812,200	691,048	(121,152)	
Public Works					
Road maintenance	104,000	104,000	108,657	4,657	
Fuel reimbursements	905,000	905,000	593,146	(311,854)	
Vehicle maintenance	444,960	444,960	500,004	55,044	
Courthouse Annex-Rent/Heat	13,000	13,000	12,994	(6)	
Engineering review fees	26,000	26,000	19,140	(6,860)	
Total Serv Chrg - Public Works	1,492,960	1,492,960	1,233,942	(259,019)	
Conservation of Natural Resources					
Stormwater/environment review fee	33,500	33,500	27,407	(6,093)	
Flood plain review fees	5,000	5,000	500	(4,500)	
Forest conservation review fee	26,000	26,000	5,839	(20,161)	
Weed control spraying	45,000	45,000	52,460	7,460	
Total Serv Chrg- Conservation of Natural Resources	109,500	109,500	86,206	(23,294)	
Human Services					
Westminster Sr. Ctr. Classes	14,500	14,500	15,037	537	
North Carroll Sr. Ctr. Classes	22,000	22,000	15,538	(6,462)	
South Carroll Sr. Ctr. Classes	27,000	27,000	27,853	853	
Taneytown Sr. Ctr. Classes	5,000	5,000	2,040	(2,960)	
Mt. AirySr. Ctr. Classes	18,000	18,000	12,608	(5,392)	
Total Serv Chrg- Human Services	86,500	86,500	73,075	(13,424)	
Culture and Recreation					
Farm museum	105,000	105,000	112,679	7,679	
Piney Run Park	328,260	328,260	351,532	23,272	
Bear Branch Programs	4,000	4,000	15,270	11,270	

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# THE COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND

# SOURCES (USES)- BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

PC	OR THE YEAR ENDED JUN Original Budget		NE 3	Final Budget		Actuals	Variance with Final Budget Positive(Negative)	
Culture and Recreation-continued				_				
Hashawha environmental center	\$	250,800	\$	250,800	\$	202,694	\$	(48,106)
General public & school/youth programs		6,000		6,000		5,258		(742)
Outdoor school meals/concessions		164,000		164,000		157,091		(6,909)
Sports complex		57,500		57,500		60,055		2,555
Pavilion & facility rentals		46,400		46,400		62,211		15,811
Bus Trips		-		-		(96)		(96)
Wine Festival		390,000		390,000		409,901		19,901
Dog Park memberships		4,300		4,300		4,725		425
Total Culture and Recreation		1,356,260		1,356,260		1,381,320		25,060
Total Charges for Services		4,393,010		4,393,010		3,871,691		(521,319)
Fines and Forfeits								
Circuit Court Fines		40,000		40,000		25,470		(14,530)
Liquor license fines		5,000		5,000		20,850		15,850
HS Fines/Violations		13,400		13,400		8,770		(4,630)
Humane society impoundment fees		25,000		25,000		19,860		(5,140)
Parking violations-sheriff		1,000		1,000		1,300		300
Total Fines and Forfeits		84,400		84,400		76,250		(8,150)
Interest and gain on investments		2,044,560		2,044,560		2,020,489		(24,071)
Miscellaneous Revenues								
Rents and concessions		214,860		214,860		7,015,230		6,800,370
Equipment sales		135,000		135,000		166,653		31,653
Postage		17,000		17,000		22,381		5,381
Pension Recovery		340,000		340,000		313,681		(26,319
Health department		5,500		5,500		5,391		(109
County attorney fees		194,750		194,750		191,302		(3,448
OPEB Recovery		280,000		280,000		272,930		(7,070
State Retire Recovery		13,000		13,000		11,257		(1,743
Jury Duty		-		-		279		279
Activities/special events		55,000		55,000		82,152		27,152
Land Sales		-		-		94,418		94,418
Advertising		6,000		6,000		13,000		7,000
Miscellaneous		245,000		245,000		307,685		62,685
Total Miscellaneous Revenues		1,506,110		1,506,110		8,496,359		6,990,249
otal Revenues		353,178,630		353,178,630		370,521,877		17,343,247
ther financing resources								
Appropriated fund balance		12,324,400		12,324,400		-		(12,324,400)
Transfers In		14,459,290		14,459,290		14,350,124		(109,166
Refunding Bonds Issued		-		-		6,015,081		6,015,081
Bonds issued		-		-		811,800		811,800
Bonds Premium		-		-		743,521		743,521
Long-term notes payable		-		-		473,924		473,924
otal Other Financing Resources		26,783,690		26,783,690		22,394,450		(4,389,240)
otal Resources (Inflows)		379,962,320	\$	379,962,320	2	392,916,327	\$	12,954,007

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Variance with

### THE COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND

### SOURCES (USES)- BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actuals	Final Budget Positive(Negative)		
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)	-				-		
Expenditures							
General Government							
County Commissioners							
County Commissioners	\$	1,002,060	\$ 1,145,910	\$ 946,176	\$	199,734	
Audio/Video Production		157,750	195,694	190,177		5,517	
Zoning Administrator		228,250	330,197	329,144		1,053	
Technology Services		4,234,900	4,572,266	4,452,004		120,262	
Production/Distribution Service		460,730	498,198	381,402		116,796	
Total County Commissioners		6,083,690	6,742,265	6,298,903		443,362	
Carroll County Board of Elections		1,042,810	1,042,934	908,432		134,502	
County Attorney		901,410	998,639	894,261		104,378	
Comptroller							
Comptroller Administration		382,590	439,319	432,391		6,928	
Accounting		901,670	1,104,407	1,076,405		28,002	
Purchasing		409,200	483,879	459,700		24,179	
Independent Post - Auditing		55,000	55,000	49,318		5,682	
Bond Issuance Expense		193,150	208,530	208,529		1	
Collections Office		1,261,210	1,410,784	1,382,204		28,580	
Total Comptroller		3,202,820	3,701,919	3,608,547		93,372	
Human Resources & Personnel Services							
Human Resources Administration		715,850	885,734	877,323		8,411	
Fringe Benefits		18,663,370	3,283,128	3,133,705		149,423	
Personnel Services		129,500	142,975	119,016		23,959	
Total Human Resources & Personnel Services		19,508,720	4,311,837	4,130,044		181,793	
Management and Budget							
Management and Budget Administration		247,740	285,867	281,924		3,943	
Risk Management		2,219,850	1,892,958	1,724,893		168,065	
Budget		572,820	698,152	683,374		14,778	
Grant Management		131,540	150,189	150,000		189	
Total Management and Budget		3,171,950	3,027,166	2,840,191		186,975	
Land Use, Planning & Development							
Land Use, Planning & Dev. Administration		1,093,560	893,163	862,079		31,084	
Comprehensive Planning		403,200	893,156	819,766		73,390	
Development Review		478,660	634,701	643,142		(8,441)	
Resources Management		665,720	860,355	847,056		13,299	
Total Land Use, Planning & Development		2,641,140	3,281,375	3,172,043		109,332	

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### THE COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND

### SOURCES (USES)- BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

FO		***						
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actuals	Fi	riance with nal Budget ive(Negative)
General Services								
Permits & Inspections	\$	1,391,220	\$	1,972,632	•	1,972,621	\$	11
Building Construction	Ψ	189,150	Ψ	228,683	φ	224,690	φ	3.993
Facilities Administration		6,510,610		6,925,157		5,624,459		1,300,698
Facilities		3,016,230		3,084,558		930,497		2,154,061
Fleet Management		7,408,510		4,753,722		3,722,619		1,031,103
Total General Services		18,515,720		16,964,752		12,474,886		4,489,866
Miscellaneous								
Board of License Commissioners		85,550		107,372		105,976		1,396
Administrative Hearings		83,450		99,318		90,125		9,193
Property tax payments to municipalities		15,530		15,529		15,526		3
Permits and fee payments to municipalities		16,000		16,000		15,348		652
Liquor license payments to municipalities		24,000		26,925		26,925		-
Town programs		2,645,240		2,645,241		2,645,241		-
Total Miscellaneous		2,869,770		2,910,385		2,899,141		11,244
Total General Government		57,938,030		42,981,272		37,226,448		5,754,824
Public Safety								
Police Protection								
Detention Center		8,877,550		11,293,095		11,210,575		82,520
Sheriff Services		10,971,860		14,725,246		14,233,559		491,687
Total Police Protection		19,849,410		26,018,341		25,444,134		574,207
Fire Department								
Volunteer Emergency Services Association		7,801,450		7,867,531		7,859,003		8,528
EMS24/7 Services		4,121,650		4,121,650		4,121,650		-
Total Fire Department		11,923,100		11,989,181		11,980,653		8,528
Emergency Services								
Emergency Service Operations		2,115,040		1,854,197		1,627,104		227,093
911 - Emergency Service		2,289,550		2,705,064		2,688,798		16,266
Total Emergency Services		4,404,590		4,559,261		4,315,902		243,359
Other Protection								
Animal Control		893,990		1,100,276		1,100,276		-
CC Advocacy & Investigation		154,190		193,140		183,790		9,350
LOSAP Funding		50,000		-		-		-
State aid-fire protection		343,000		346,759		346,759		- 0.050
Total Other Protection		1,441,180		1,640,175		1,630,825		9,350
Total Public Safety		37,618,280		44,206,958		43,371,514		835,444

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### THE COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND

### SOURCES (USES)- BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actuals	Variance with Final Budget Positive(Negative)
Public Works				
Public Works-Administration	\$ 743,560 \$	890,416 \$	826,723	\$ 63,693
Roads Operations	7,642,120	10,924,462	10,860,519	63,943
Traffic Control	334,420	334,420	289,464	44,956
Engineering-Design	451,900	515,318	475,871	39,447
Engineering-Construction Inspection	365,240	475,807	477,655	(1,848)
Storm Emergencies	2,244,170	2,484,170	2,424,835	59,335
Engineering	299,050	413,599	412,854	745
Engineering-Survey	277,610	380,752	379,750	1,002
Road Grant - Local	35,390	35,390	35,386	4
Total Public Works	12,393,460	16,454,334	16,183,057	271,277
Judicial Services				
Volunteer Community Services	63,530	64,397	63,092	1,305
Circuit Court	1,996,780	2,358,840	2,310,060	48,780
Circuit Court Masters	3,250,090	3,800,344	3,726,463	73,881
State's Attorney	727,980	854,215	852,636	1,579
Orphans Court	319,970	359,935	217,319	142,616
Total Judicial Services	6,358,350	7,437,731	7,169,570	268,161
Health				
Health Department	3,215,710	3,215,710	3,215,710	_
Family and Children's Services-DV	134,250	134,250	134,250	_
Change, Inc.	237,860	237,860	237,860	_
Family and Children's Services-SA	205,130	205,130	205,130	_
CCARC	237,860	237,860	237,860	_
Flying Colors of Success	38,370	38,370	38,370	_
Target,Inc.	237,860	237,860	237,860	_
Rape Crisis	90,850	90,850	90,850	-
Total Health	4,397,890	4,397,890	4,397,890	-
Human Services				
Social Services-Local Funds	20,000	20,000	20,000	-
Human Services	1,124,610	1,124,610	1,124,610	-
Citizen Services Administration	1,058,980	1,079,246	1,032,616	46,630
Youth Services Bureau	-	69,021	69,017	4
Recovery Support Services	929,450	917,450	908,264	9,186
Aging and Disabilities	1,077,550	1,348,568	1,303,709	44,859
Access Carroll	38,210	98,162	95,649	2,513
Mosaic Community Services	20,000	20,000	20,000	-
Victim Witness Assistance	10,500	10,500	550	9,950
Total Human Services	4,279,300	4,687,557	4,574,415	113,142
Education CORNEL FL & CORNEL AND ADDRESS OF THE ADD	740.200	740.600	740.600	
CC Public Ed & Gov Cable Access	749,680	749,680	749,680	(1.006.053)
CC Board of Ed-Local Funds	176,202,000	176,202,000	178,028,873	(1,826,873)
Community College-Direct Support	7,827,680	7,827,680	9,309,140	(1,481,460)
Community College-In-Kind-Support	194770 260	194 770 260	3,534,200	(3,534,200)
Total Education	184,779,360	184,779,360	191,621,893	(6,842,533)
Library	9,594,210	11,789,095	14,084,487	(2,295,392)

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### THE COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND

### SOURCES (USES)- BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

F.	OR THE YEAR ENDED Original Budget	JUNE 3	Final Budget		Actuals	F	ariance with inal Budget tive(Negative)
Culture and Recreation	Φ 221.6	• • • •	410.564	Φ.	410.525	Φ.	220
Recreation & Parks-Administration	\$ 331,2		418,764	\$	418,536	\$	228
Recreation	488,0		598,532		597,148		1,384
Piney Run	537,3		698,057		697,442		615
Hashawha	738,1		894,506		868,445		26,061
Farm Musuem	889,6		1,048,501		1,045,671		2,830
Sports Complex	206,8		249,303		244,450		4,853
Historical Society	60,0		60,000		60,000		-
Homestead Museum	20,0		20,000		20,000		-
Total Culture and Recreation	3,271,1	180	3,987,663		3,951,692		35,971
Conservation of Natural Resources							
Agriculture Extension Service	40,0	000	52,000		51,655		345
Weed Control	503,1	110	491,110		479,136		11,974
Gypsy Moth Control	336,9	920	433,149		423,657		9,492
Soil Conservation Service	63,0	)50	63,050		63,026		24
Total Conservation of Natural Resources	943,0	080	1,039,309		1,017,474		21,835
Economic Development							
Economic Development-Administration	899,0		984,913		976,782		8,131
Econ Devl-Industrial Grants	1,487,7		1,632,178		1,583,226		48,952
Business & Employment Resource Center	215,3		271,258		261,941		9,317
Tourism	312,1		332,166		214,246		117,920
Total Economic Development	2,914,3	330	3,220,514		3,036,195		184,319
Reserve for Contingencies	3,975,3	360	3,548,122		-		3,548,122
Debt Service							
Debt service-County	29,136,4	170	29,136,470		28,931,995		204,475
Debt service- Board of Education	12,607,5	520	12,607,520		12,578,779		28,741
Total Debt Service	41,743,9		41,743,990		41,510,774		233,216
Cotal Expenditures	370,206,8	320	370,273,795		368,145,409		2,128,386
Other Financing Uses							
Payment to Escrow Agent Transfers Out:		-	-		6,727,641		(6,727,641)
Transfer to Capital Fund	3,136,9	950	3,136,950		3,136,950		-
Transfer to Special Revenue Funds - Grants	1,935,5	550	1,868,575		2,113,342		(244,767)
Transfer to Enterprise Funds	2,604,3	350	2,604,350		2,604,350		-
Transfer to Internal Service Fund	2,078,6		2,078,650		2,078,650		
otal Other Financing Uses	9,755,5	500	9,688,525		16,660,933		(6,972,408)
Cotal charges to appropriations (outflows)	379,962,3	320	379,962,320		384,806,342		(4,844,022)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	- \$	-	:	\$ 8,109,985	\$	8,109,985
Fund Balance - Beginning as restated					107,063,326		
Fund Balance - Ending				\$	115,173,311		

# THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	Hc	Hotel Rental Tax Fund		Cable Franchise Fee Fund		Protection and Restoration Fund		Grant Fund		Total
Assets Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	626,086	\$	_	\$	214,231	\$	1,476,499	\$	2,316,816
Accounts receivable		-		-		27,305		1,774,651		1,801,956
Note receivable		-		-		-		221,843		221,843
Prepaid costs		-						434,653		434,653
Total assets	\$	626,086	\$		\$	241,536	\$	3,907,646	\$	4,775,268
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,717	\$	797,776	\$	801,493
Due to component unit		-		-		-		76,034		76,034
Due to other governmental funds		-		-		-		1,523		1,523
Accrued expenditures		-		-		29,226		115,651		144,877
Unearned revenue		-		-				844,462		844,462
Total liabilities		-		-		32,943		1,835,446		1,868,389
Fund balances										
Restricted		626,086		-		-		-		626,086
Committed		-		-		208,593		463,779		672,372
Assigned								1,608,421		1,608,421
Total Fund Balances		626,086		-		208,593		2,072,200		2,906,879
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	626,086	\$		\$	241,536	\$	3,907,646	\$	4,775,268

### Westminster, Maryland Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Watershed

	Hotel Rental Tax Fund		Fran	Cable nchise Fee Fund*	Pro	vatershed otection and estoration Fund	Grant Fund	Total
Revenues								
Taxes:								
Local Property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,098,230	\$ -	\$ 1,098,230
Hotel Rental Tax		315,319		-		-	-	315,319
Charges for service:								
Farm museum		-		-		-	17,605	17,605
Recreation and parks		-		-		-	277,724	277,724
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Commission on aging		-		-		-	1,891,657	1,891,657
Housing & community development		-		-		-	5,866,282	5,866,282
Business Employment Resource Center		-		-		-	847,309	847,309
Sheriff		-		-		-	270,710	270,710
Citizen services		-		-		-	1,662,037	1,662,037
States attorney		-		-		-	521,692	521,692
Circuit court		-		-		-	694,542	694,542
Public Works		-		-		-	846,581	846,581
Emergency operations center		-		-		-	498,020	498,020
Planning		-		-		-	58,306	58,306
Tourism		-		-		-	35,057	35,057
Economic development		-		-		-	20,960	20,960
Municipalities		-		-		50,326	-	50,326
Cable Franchise Fee		-		-		-	-	-
Interest		885		-		1,329	-	2,214
Total revenues		316,204		-		1,149,885	13,508,482	14,974,571
Expenditures								
General government		-		-		-	383,345	383,345
Public safety		-		-		-	940,512	940,512
Public works		-		-		-	1,755,690	1,755,690
Health		-		-		-	2,491	2,491
Human Services		-		-		-	9,443,089	9,443,089
Culture and recreation		-		-		-	288,172	288,172
Conservation of natural resources		-		-		1,067,096	-	1,067,096
Economic development		-		-		-	969,676	969,676
Judicial		-		-		-	1,536,921	1,536,921
Total expenditures		-		-		1,067,096	15,319,896	16,386,992
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-		-		-	2,113,342	2,113,342
Transfers out		(214,246)	(	(2,077,789)		-	-	(2,292,035)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(214,246)		(2,077,789)		-	2,113,342	(178,693)
Total charges to appropriations (outflows)		(214,246)		(2,077,789)		(1,067,096)	(13,206,554)	(16,565,685)
Net change in fund balances		101,958	(	(2,077,789)		82,789	301,928	(1,591,114)
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		524,128	_	2,077,789		125,804	1,770,272	4,497,993
Fund balances - ending	\$	626,086	\$		\$	208,593	\$ 2,072,200	\$ 2,906,879

<sup>\*</sup> The Commissioners moved the Cable Franchise Fee Fund Balance into the General Fund through the 2016 adopted budget.

# THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Hotel Rental Tax Fund

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance Budgetary (NON-GAAP) Basis vs. Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Budgeted	d Amo	ounts			Fina	iance with al Budget- Positive	
		Original		Final	Actu	al Amounts	(Negative)		
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)									
Revenues									
Hotel Rental Tax	\$	351,200	\$	351,200	\$	315,319	\$	(35,881)	
Interest		· -		´ -		885		885	
Total revenues		351,200		351,200	-	316,204		(34,996)	
Total Resources (Inflows)		351,200		351,200		316,204		(34,996)	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLO Expenditures Total expenditures	)WS)	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Other financing uses									
Transfers out		(351,200)		(351,200)		(214,246)		136,954	
Total other financing uses		(351,200)		(351,200)		(214,246)		136,954	
Total charges to appropriations (outflows)		(351,200)		(351,200)		(214,246)		136,954	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-		101,958	\$	101,958	
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending					\$	524,128 626,086			

# Westminster, Maryland Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance Budgetary (NON-GAAP) Basis vs. Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Budgete	d Am	ounts			Fina	iance with al Budget- Positive
		Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts	(N	legative)
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)						_		
Revenues								
Taxes:								
Local Property	\$	1,098,230	\$	1,098,230	\$	1,098,230	\$	_
Intergovernmental revenues:	Ψ	1,000,200	Ψ	1,000,200	Ψ	1,000,200	Ψ	_
Municipalities		_		_		50,326		50,326
Interest		_				1,329		1,329
Total revenues	_	1,098,230		1,098,230		1,149,885		51,655
Total Resources (Inflows)		1,098,230		1,098,230		1,149,885		51,655
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFL)	ows)	1						
Expenditures								
Conservation of Natural Resources		1,098,230		(1,098,230)		(1,067,096)		31,134
Total expenditures		1,098,230		(1,098,230)		(1,067,096)		31,134
Total charges to appropriations (outflows)		1,098,230		(1,098,230)		(1,067,096)		31,134
Net change in fund balance	\$	2,196,460	\$	-		82,789	\$	82,789
Ğ	_		_			,		
Fund balance - beginning						125,804		
ŭ ŭ					Ф.	208,593		
Fund balance - ending					Ψ	206,593		

# THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Grant Fund

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance Budgetary (NON-GAAP) Basis vs. Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		ted Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget-Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)				
Revenues				
Charges for service:				<b>^</b> (100.00=)
Farm Museum	\$ 30,000	\$ 120,000	\$ 17,605	\$ (102,395)
Recreation and parks	175,000	343,000	277,724	(65,276)
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Commission on aging	1,700,055	1,833,648	1,891,657	58,009
Housing & community development	6,128,473	5,041,494	5,866,282	824,788
Business Employment Resource Center	1,379,924	1,941,355	847,309	(1,094,046)
Sheriff	222,010	488,451	270,710	(217,741)
Citizen services	1,193,921	1,233,651	1,662,037	428,386
States attorney	971,700	885,816	521,692	(364,124)
Circuit court	597,840	810,533	694,542	(115,991)
Public works	2,129,346	1,763,583	846,581	(917,002)
Emergency operations center	818,800	902,818	498,020	(404,798)
Planning	70,820	69,585	58,306	(11,279)
Tourism	45,000	42,943	35,057	(7,886)
Economic development	=	632,200	20,960	(611,240)
Health	4,000	4,000	-	(4,000)
Total revenues	15,466,889	16,113,077	13,508,482	(2,604,595)
Other financing resources				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Transfers in	_	_	2,113,342	2,113,342
Total other financing resources			2,113,342	2,113,342
Total Resources (Inflows)	15,466,889	16,113,077	15,621,824	(491,253)
Total Nesources (Illiows)	13,400,003	10,110,077	10,021,024	(+31,233)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLO	WS)			
Expenditures	-,			
Current:				
General government	12,792,155	12,248,333	346,510	11,901,823
Public safety	740,810	1,014,146	897,349	116,797
Public works	-	-	1,755,690	(1,755,690)
Health	4,000	4,000	2,491	1,509
Culture and recreation	175,000	343,000	268,027	74,973
Economic development	1,754,924	2,503,598	932,452	1,571,146
Judicial	1,701,021	2,000,000	1,463,894	(1,463,894)
Human Services	_	_	9,345,327	(9,345,327)
Capital outlay	_	_	389,046	(389,046)
Total expenditures	15,466,889	16,113,077	15,400,786	712,291
Total charges to appropriations (outflows)	15,466,889	16,113,077	15,400,786	712,291
. c.c. charges to appropriations (outnows)	10, 100,000	10,110,011	10,400,100	. 12,201
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	221,038	\$ 221,038
	-		-	-
Fund balance - beginning, as restated				
Fund balance - ending			1,738,267	_
			\$ 1,959,305	=

# Westminster, Maryland Combining Statement of Net Position Non-Major Enterprise Funds June 30, 2016

	Septage	Firearms	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,781,541	\$ 409,686	\$ 2,191,227
Cash and cash equivalents	-	300	300
Accounts receivables, net	128,732		128,732
Total current assets	1,910,273	409,986	2,320,259
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Buildings	-	274,051	274,051
Improvements other than buildings	185,278	180,521	365,799
Autos, machinery, equipment	181,840	52,252	234,092
Construction in progress	416,432	-	416,432
Less accumulated depreciation	(327,772)	(127,411)	(455,183)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	455,778	379,413	835,191
Total assets	2,366,051	789,399	3,155,450
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,000,001	700,000	0,100,100
Deferred charge on refunding	829	_	829
Total deferred outflows of resources	829		829
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$2,366,880	\$ 789,399	\$ 3,156,279
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 182,155	\$ 364	\$ 182,519
Accrued interest payable	583	Ψ 00-	583
Accrued expenses	-	3,008	3,008
Long-term liabilities due within one year:		3,000	3,000
General obligation bonds payable	12,180	_	12,180
Total current liabilities	194,918	3,372	198,290
Total current habilities	104,010	0,072	130,230
Noncurrent liabilities:			
General obligation bonds payable	62,391		62,391
Total noncurrent liabilities	62,391		62,391
Total liabilities	257,309	3,372	260,681
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	381,206	379,413	760,619
Restricted for capital projects	599,568	-	599,568
Unrestricted	1,128,797	406,614	1,535,411
Total net position	\$ 2,109,571	\$ 786,027	\$ 2,895,598

# THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Non-Major Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

**Firearms Total** Septage Operating revenues: Charges for services \$1,134,701 \$150,087 1,284,788 Total operating revenues 1,134,701 150,087 1,284,788 Operating expenses: Personal services 68,152 68,152 Contractual services 313.919 1.840 315,759 Materials and supplies 58,351 13,306 71,657 Rents and utilities 82,163 1,914 84,077 Miscellaneous 148,163 148,163 Depreciation 22,999 28,187 51,186 Total operating expenses 625,595 113,399 738,994 Operating income 509,106 36,688 545,794 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Penalties and interest 4,521 1,230 5,751 (3,541)Interest and fiscal charges (3,541)1,230 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 980 2,210 Income before contributions 510,086 37,918 548,004 Change in net position 510,086 37,918 548,004

1,599,485

\$2,109,571

748,109

\$786,027

2,347,594

2,895,598

The net position for non-major Enterprise funds decreased in total due to the Fiber Network fund moving to the proprietary fund statement as a major fund.

Total net position- beginning of year

Total net position- end of year

#### Westminster, Maryland Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-Major Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Septage	<b>Firearms</b>	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers and users	\$1,140,563	\$150,087	\$ 1,290,650
Payments to suppliers and other funds	(576,674)	(16,905)	(593,579)
Payments to employees	-	(67,962)	(67,962)
Net cash provided by operating activities	563,889	65,220	629,109
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND			
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(67,666)	(39,871)	(107,537)
Principal paid on capital debt	(12,179)	(00,07.1)	(12,179)
Interest paid on capital debt	(3,499)	_	(3,499)
Net cash used by capital	(0,100)		(0,100)
and related financing activities	(83,344)	(39,871)	(123,215)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest on investments and cash	4,521	1,230	5,751
Net cash provided by investing activities	4,521	1,230	5,751
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	485,066	26,579	511,645
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,296,475	383,407	1,679,882
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$1,781,541	\$409,986	\$ 2,191,527
Reconciliation of Operating Income to			
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 509,106	\$ 36,688	\$ 545,794
Adjustments to reconcile operating	Ψ 303,100	Ψ 30,000	Ψ 545,734
income to net cash provided (used)			
by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	22,999	28,187	51,186
Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities:	22,000	20,107	01,100
Accounts receivable	5,862	_	5,862
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	25,922	345	26,267
Total adjustments	54,783	28,532	83,315
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 563,889	\$ 65,220	\$ 629,109
same promote any openating would have	<del>+ 500,000</del>	<del>+ 55,225</del>	<del>→</del>

# THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Trust Funds June 30, 2016

		Employee ension Plan	Certified Law Officers Pension		LOSAP		Other Post Employment Benefits			Totals
ASSETS		_		_		_				
Accounts Receivable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	21,653	\$	21,653
Investments, at fair value:		000 070		407.000		105 700				005 470
Short-term investments		362,372		137,303		125,798		<del>-</del>		625,473
Bond funds		16,832,606		2,538,588		1,732,998		5,434,336		26,538,528
Equity funds		49,527,595		7,469,970		6,450,908		-		63,448,473
Marketable securities		-		-		=		61,907,667		61,907,667
Total investments		66,722,573		10,145,861		8,309,704		67,342,003		152,520,141
Total assets		66,722,573		10,145,861		8,309,704		67,363,656		152,541,794
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable		8,748		4,044		4,945		-		17,737
Due to primary government		8		-		=		831,060		831,068
Total liabilities		8,756		4,044		4,945		831,060		848,805
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Fiduciary net position held in trust for pension, OPEB benefits and other purposes	\$	66,713,817	\$	10,141,817	\$	8,304,759	\$	66,532,596	\$	151,692,989
C. 25 bollolito dila otiloi purposco	Ψ	55,7 10,017	Ψ	13,171,017	Ψ	5,007,700	Ψ	33,002,000	Ψ	101,002,000

# THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Trust Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Employee Pension Plan	Certified Law Officers Pension	LOSAP	Other Post Employment Benefits	Totals
ADDITIONS		' <u> </u>			
Contributions:					
Employer	\$ 2,542,100	\$ 680,880	\$ 50,000	\$ 10,103,580	\$ 13,376,560
Plan members	1,688,103	415,820	-	566,063	2,669,986
Total contributions	4,230,203	1,096,700	50,000	10,669,643	16,046,546
Investment earnings:		·			
Interest and dividends	-	-	-	14,294	14,294
Net increase in the fair					
value of investments	1,353,793	207,569	499,976	1,239,312	3,300,650
Total investment earnings	1,353,793	207,569	499,976	1,253,606	3,314,944
Less investment expense	(48,025)	(16,227)	(16,075)	(6,500)	(86,827)
Net investment earnings	1,305,768	191,342	483,901	1,247,106	3,228,117
Total additions	5,535,971	1,288,042	533,901	11,916,749	19,274,663
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefits and refunds paid to					
plan members and beneficiaries	1,299,883	244,379	686,422	4,100,178	6,330,862
Administrative expenses	37,559	7,323	6,135	5,000	56,017
Total deductions	1,337,442	251,702	692,557	4,105,178	6,386,879
Net increase in fiduciary net position	4,198,529	1,036,340	(158,656)	7,811,571	12,887,784
Fiduciary net position-beginning	62,515,288	9,105,477	8,463,415	58,721,025	138,805,205
Fiduciary net position-ending	\$ 66,713,817	\$ 10,141,817	\$ 8,304,759	\$ 66,532,596	\$ 151,692,989

# THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

<b>Carroll County Development Corporation</b>	Balance			Additions Deductions				Balance		
ASSETS	Ju	lly 1, 2015	A	dditions	De	eductions	Jun	e 30, 2016		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	334,463	\$	14,363	\$	38,350	\$	310,476		
Receivables-notes, mortgages and leases	Ψ	120,891	Ψ	- 1,000	Ψ	2,759	Ψ	118,132		
Total assets	\$	455,354	\$	14,363	\$	41,109	\$	428,608		
LIABILITIES										
Deposits	\$	455,354	\$	11,604	\$	38,350	\$	428,608		
Total liabilities	\$	455,354	\$	11,604	\$	38,350	\$	428,608		
Carroll Cable Regulatory Commission		Balance						Balance		
	July 1, 2015			dditions	De	Deductions		June 30, 2016		
ASSETS				,						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	<u>\$</u> \$	187,900	\$	174,398	\$	158,806	\$	203,492		
Total assets	\$	187,900	\$	174,398	\$	158,806	\$	203,492		
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	2,851	\$	35,409	\$	34,883	\$	3,377		
Deposits		185,049		138,989		123,923		200,115		
Total liabilities	\$	187,900	\$	174,398	\$	158,806	\$	203,492		
Totals - All Agencies		Balance					ı	Balance		
	July 1, 2	015, as restated	A	dditions	De	eductions	Jun	e 30, 2016		
ASSETS										
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	522,363	\$	188,761	\$	197,156	\$	513,968		
Receivables-notes, mortgages and leases	-	120,891				2,759		118,132		
Total assets	\$	643,254	\$	188,761	\$	199,915	\$	632,100		
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	2,851	\$	35,409	\$	34,883	\$	3,377		
Deposits		640,403		150,593		162,273		628,723		
Total liabilities	\$	643,254	\$	186,002	\$	197,156	\$	632,100		

# Westminster, Maryland Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activites - Internal Service Funds											
		Health Risk Benefits Management			Auto Damage		Insurance Deductibles		Workers Compensation			Total
ASSETS												
Current assets:	Φ.	0.055.000	Φ.	070 074	Φ.	200 055	•	470 400	Ф	4 007 040	Φ.	45.004.000
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables, net	\$	9,855,992 106	\$	670,371 -	\$	328,055 -	\$	172,108 -	\$	4,337,843	\$	15,364,369 106
Total assets	\$	9,856,098	\$	670,371	\$	328,055	\$	172,108	\$	4,337,843	\$	15,364,475
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	504,769	\$	2,931	\$	355	\$	-	\$	16,825	\$	524,880
Unearned revenue		2,963		-		-		-		-		2,963
Long-term liabilities due within one year:												
Unpaid claims due within one year		1,933,794		18,067		-		-		893,516		2,845,377
Total long-term due within one year		1,933,794		18,067		-		-		893,516		2,845,377
Total current liabilities		2,441,526		20,998		355		-		910,341		3,373,220
Noncurrent liabilities:												
Unpaid claims		19,533		182		-		-		1,046,899		1,066,614
Total noncurrent liabilities		19,533		182		-		-		1,046,899		1,066,614
Total liabilities		2,461,059		21,180		355		-		1,957,240		4,439,834
NET POSITION												
Unrestricted		7,395,039		649,191		327,700		172,108		2,380,603		10,924,641
Total net position	\$	7,395,039	\$	649,191	\$	327,700	\$	172,108	\$	2,380,603	\$	10,924,641

### THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

**Governmental Activites - Internal Service Funds** 

	Governmental Activités - Internal Service i unus								
	Health Benefits	Risk Management	Auto Damage	Insurance Deductibles	Workers Compensation	Total			
Operating revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 17,664,878	\$ 26,463	\$ 61,888	\$ -	\$ 1,128,385	\$ 18,881,614			
Total operating revenues	17,664,878	26,463	61,888	-	1,128,385	18,881,614			
Operating expenses:									
Insurance claims	15,719,514	8,350	129,223	3,894	826,432	16,687,413			
Total operating expenses	15,719,514	8,350	129,223	3,894	826,432	16,687,413			
Operating income (loss)	1,945,364	18,113	(67,335)	(3,894)	301,953	2,194,201			
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):									
Penalties and interest	33,500	-	-	-	-	33,500			
Medicare Part D	251,635	-	-	-	-	251,635			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) Income (loss) before	285,135	-	-	-	-	285,135			
transfers	2,230,499	18,113	(67,335)	(3,894)	301,953	2,479,336			
Transfers in					2,078,650	2,078,650			
Change in net position	2,230,499	18,113	(67,335)	(3,894)	2,380,603	4,557,986			
Total net position - beginning of year	5,164,540	631,078	395,035	176,002		6,366,655			
Total net position - end of year	\$ 7,395,039	\$ 649,191	\$ 327,700	\$ 172,108	\$ 2,380,603	\$ 10,924,641			

# THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activites - Internal Service Funds							
	Health	Risk	Auto	Insurance	Workers			
	Benefits	Management	Damage	Deductibles	Compensation	Total		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	A 47 004 070	<b>A</b> 00 100	<b>A</b> 04.000	•	<b>A</b> 4 400 005	<b>*</b> 40 004 044		
Receipts from customers and users Receipts from other funds	\$ 17,664,878	\$ 26,463	\$ 61,888	\$ -	\$ 1,128,385 1,130,808	\$ 18,881,614 1,130,808		
Payments to suppliers	(15,464,726)	(17,170)	(128.868)	(3,894)	1,130,000	(15,614,658)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	2,200,152	9.293	(66,980)	(3,894)	2.259.193	4,397,764		
Net easil provided (ased) by operating activities	2,200,132	3,233	(00,300)	(5,554)	2,200,100	4,557,704		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	2,078,650	2,078,650		
Net cash provided by					2,070,000	2,010,000		
noncapital financing activities	-	_	-	-	2,078,650	2,078,650		
3					,,	,,		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Medicare Part D	251.635	_	-	_	_	251,635		
Net cash provided by capital								
and related financing activities	251,635	-	-	-	-	251,635		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest on investments and cash	33,500					33,500		
Net cash provided by investing activities	33,500	9.293	(00,000)	(2.004)	4 227 042	33,500 6,761,549		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Equity in pooled cash and investments at beginning of year	2,485,287 7,370,705	9,293 661,078	(66,980) 395,035	(3,894) 176,002	4,337,843	8,602,820		
Equity in pooled cash and investments at end of year	\$ 9,855,992	\$ 670,371	\$ 328,055	\$ 172,108	\$ 4.337.843	\$ 15,364,369		
Equity in pooled dustriand invosationis at one or your	Ψ 0,000,002	Ψ 010,011	Ψ 020,000	Ψ 172,100	Ψ 1,007,040	Ψ 10,001,000		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to net cash								
provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,945,364	\$ 18,113	\$ (67,335)	\$ (3,894)	\$ 301,953	\$ 2,194,201		
Adjustments to reconcile operating								
income (loss) to net cash provided (used)								
by operating activities:								
Effect of Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						4 0 4 0 4 4 5		
Claims Liability	-	-	-	-	1,940,415	1,940,415		
Accounts receivable	51,667	(0.020)	-	-	16,825	51,667 219,822		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Unearned revenue	211,462 (8,341)	(8,820)	355	-	10,825	(8,341)		
Total adjustments	254,788	(8,820)	355	<del></del>	1.957.240	2,203,563		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 2,200,152	\$ 9,293	\$ (66,980)	\$ (3,894)	\$ 2,259,193	\$ 4,397,764		
p. 37. dod (dodd) by operating dominio	<u> </u>	- 0,200	+ (55,500)	+ (5,56-1)	<del>-</del> -,=00,700	+ 1,001,101		

#### Schedule 6

#### THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

#### Westminster, Maryland Capital Projects Fund

# Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures and Encumbrances Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Description	Total Appropriation	Prior Years Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Encumbered	Unexpended Appropriation
Governmenta 4021 General Gove						
	Replacement 03	<b>\$</b> 2,920,666	\$ 1,848,981	\$ 8,490	\$ 25,265	\$ 1,037,930
8199 Government (		7,000,000	2,799,626	8,998	-	4,191,376
8274 Records Mana	•	436,000	392,649	2,280	-	41,071
	es - Optical Scan	449,458	31,237	66,316	-	351,905
	System Replacement	950,000	665,891	235,685	-	48,424
	New Courtroom	2,820,000	1,126,697	1,385,492	120,004	187,807
8485 Piney Run Da	m Repairs	290,000	88,791	-	-	201,209
8579 Energy Perfor	mance Ph III	4,541,852	920,637	3,060,981	-	560,234
8589 Courthouse A	nnex Renov	210,000	-	-	-	210,000
8590 Payroll/HR Sy	stem Rplcmnt	1,000,000	-	263,609	437,359	299,032
	Accessibility 92	909,600	839,124	-	-	70,476
	tem Improvements	9,035,082	7,820,178	1,050,173	50,600	114,131
	verlays (Fr 9658)	1,639,143	1,155,147	483,996	-	-
	temic Renovations	6,324,101	5,240,431	587,065	-	496,605
9957 General Gove	rnment Unallocated	31,808				31,808
	Total	38,557,710	22,929,389	7,153,085	633,228	7,842,008
Т	otal General	38,557,710	22,929,389	7,153,085	633,228	7,842,008
4023 Health						
8519 SIP-ADA Res	troom Addition	70,800	<u> </u>	3,000	<u> </u>	67,800
٦	otal Health	70,800	-	3,000	-	67,800
4031 Public Safety		_				
8003 EOC Relocati	on 03	6,168,500	6,158,064	-	-	10,436
8163 ** CC Public Sat	ety Training Cntr	7,025,000	5,944,341	741,108	214,733	124,818
8264 ** Carroll County	800 MHz & 911	21,057,287	18,714,149	1,933,083	306,568	103,487
8480 PS Emergenc		275,000	107,875	-	-	167,125
	Parking Stormwater	300,000	-	825	-	299,175
8592 Army Reserve		1,800,000	-	-	-	1,800,000
8596 911 BU Syste		696,430	-	-	696,430	-
9022 Regional Water		1,099,800	671,034	4,600	5,600	418,566
	Total	38,422,017	31,595,463	2,679,616	1,223,331	2,923,607
Tota	l Public Safety	38,422,017	31,595,463	2,679,616	1,223,331	2,923,607
4041 Highways & S		_				
8308 Ridenour Way		20,000	-	-	-	20,000
8321 ** Ridge Road Ir	•	160,600	67,941	32,509	1,066	59,084
	Slvd Improvements	3,700,000	80	-	-	3,699,920
8438 Windy Hills	. =	81,000	2,100	-	-	78,900
	nagement FY13	9,846,208	9,195,050	33,635	-	617,523
	nagement FY14	9,985,936	9,420,655	7.500	=	565,281
8476 ** Rohrbaugh Ro	oad	800,000	325,866	7,500	-	466,634
8494 Pooledale 8504 ** Pavement Ma	nagament EV1E	10,500	2 620 900	- 6 444 F04	-	10,500
	nagement FY15 servation FY15	10,210,001	2,639,899	6,444,521	-	1,125,581
8505 Pavement Pre 8506 Gorsuch Rd R		1,040,021	-	1,040,021	-	1,000,000
8507 Unpaved Roa		1,000,000 2,124,761	517,424	- 721,728	-	885,609
•	nnts-Challendon	260,000	203,975	721,720	_	56,025
8511 Washington R		143,000	200,910	-	24,680	118,320
•	nagement FY16	10,675,001	-	- 881,751	5,574,264	4,218,986
	servation FY16	1,110,000	-	-	-	1,110,000
8587 Safe Routes -		29,200	-	-	_	29,200
8609 Monroe Aveni		32,240	-	-	_	32,240
9604 Ridge Road R		50,000	3,102	-	_	46,898
•	ty Improvements	1,175,585	970,338	- -	- -	205,247
9847 Small Drainag		2,076,207	1,774,069	15,460	_	286,678
Jo Oman Brainag	Total	54,530,260	25,120,499	9,177,125	5,600,010	14,632,626
	. 0.00	5.,500,200	_0,0,.00	5,111,120	3,500,010	,502,020

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#### Schedule 6

#### THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

### Westminster, Maryland

#### Capital Projects Fund

# Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures and Encumbrances Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

	<u>Description</u>	Total Appropriation	Prior Years Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Encumbered	Unexpended Appropriation
4043	Bridges					
8032	Silver Run Valley Rd-BigSilRun	790,300	36,230	19	-	754,051
8322	Babylon road over Silver Run	902,000	-	45,350	-	856,650
8323	McKinstry'sMill Rd/Sam's Creek	947,000	-	-	-	947,000
8332	Hughes Shop over Bear Branch	1,428,000	- 	-	-	1,428,000
8383	Bixler's Church Rd/Big Pipe Cr	721,000	11,296	13,811	-	695,893
8384	Shepard Mill/Little Pipe Crk	3,990,400	11,212	89 53.070	- 45 000	3,979,099
8385 8512	White Rock Rd/Piney Run Cape Horn Rd	943,000 501,000	42,075	53,979	45,293 113,691	801,653 387,309
8588	Stone Chap Rd/Little Pipe Crk	207,000	-	-	113,091	207,000
9684	Bridge Inspection & Inventory	410,605	322,665	47,365	12,992	27,583
9686	Clean & Paint Structural Steel	1,413,250	627,104	394,611	7,505	384,030
9882	Bridge Maint/Structural Repair	657,000	402,282	154,359	-	100,359
9916	Saw Mill Rd Bridge/Bear Run	745,758	281,491	-	-	464,267
	Total	13,656,313	1,734,355	709,583	179,481	11,032,894
4045	Buildings	_				
8591	Maint Center Vehicle Wash	700,000	-	322,159	12,500	365,341
9956	Fleet-Lifts Replacements	488,915	476,307			12,608
	Total	1,188,915	476,307	322,159	12,500	377,949
4049	General Public Works	_				
9902	Public Works-Unallocated	604,652				604,652
	Total	604,652	-	-	-	604,652
	Total Public Works	69,980,140	27,331,161	10,208,867	5,791,991	26,648,121
4061	Board of Education	_				
8041	School Surveillance	692,446	689,127	3,319	-	-
8133	Manchester Valley High School	70,685,300	69,130,978	4,964	-	1,549,358
8288	Full Day K-Freedom ES	1,801,601	1,801,377	-	-	224
8289	SC High School Fine Arts Add	17,815,941	15,965,792	-	-	1,850,149
8290	Westminster HS HVAC Replace	11,880,118	9,962,467	1,494	-	1,916,157
8292 8325	Open Space Classroom Enclosure William Win Elem Kinder Additi	8,000,000 2,430,997	7,480,741 1,341,132	68,644	-	450,615 1,089,865
8326	Winfield Elem Kindergarten Add	1,301,000	870,256	- -	-	430,744
8348	Mt. Airy Middle School	19,907,260	19,281,248	86,536	_	539,476
8349	Full Day K-Robert Moton ES	1,871,420	1,479,853	-	_	391,567
8350	Hampstead ES-HVAC Replace	1,478,559	1,395,128	-	-	83,431
8351	Hampstead ES Roof Replace	787,000	377,228	8,420	-	401,352
8377	Charles Carroll Ele Heat Plant	200,000	79,687	-	-	120,313
8378	Freedom Elem Roof Replacement	780,000	232,457	-	-	547,543
8379	BOE - Roof Replacements	118,000	-	-	-	118,000
8404	Freedom ES Heat Plant Convrsn	1,462,000	618,531	-	-	843,469
8405	William Winchester ES Roof Rpl	543,000	206,524	-	-	336,476
8424	West Middle Roof Replacement	1,289,000	687,358	-	-	601,642
8481 8482	Carroll Springs Roof Replcmnt Taneytown ES Roof Replacmnt	417,000	208,580	-	-	208,420
8483	Manchester ES HVAC Replc	550,000 2,146,000	268,340 668,770	1,197,444	_	281,660 279,786
8484	Manchester ES Roof Replcmnt	672,000	-	16,879	_	655,121
8486	BOE Energy Efficiency Project	642,243	573,661	-	_	68,582
8501	CareerTech Cntr Roof Replcmnt	1,250,000	24,370	710,028	_	515,602
8502	Mechanicsville Rood	719,000	17,763	400,612	-	300,625
8503	Sykesville Middle Windows	164,000	36,549	123,465	-	3,986
8581	S. Carroll HS-Roof Replcmnt	283,000	-	35,532	-	247,468
8582	Westminster Elem-Roof Rplcmnt	848,000	-	23,924	-	824,076
8583	Westminster HS-Roof Rplcmnt	264,000	-	56,128	-	207,872
9554	Handicapped Accessibility	1,504,684	1,321,805	2,777	-	180,102
9745	Relocatables	5,607,376	5,441,883	154,343	-	11,150
9746	BOE-General Roofing Improvements	1,852,936	1,215,034	58,666	-	579,236

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continued

### Westminster, Maryland

#### Capital Projects Fund

# Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures and Encumbrances Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Description	Total Appropriation	Prior Years Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Encumbered	Unexpended Appropriation
9748	BOE-Paving	5,142,241	3,888,064	948,529	-	305,648
9792	BOE Technology Improvements	9,042,105	8,430,976	43,240	=	567,889
9850	School Construction-General	· · · · -	522,994	(226,108)	-	(296,886)
9885	Winters Mill High School	25,252,267	25,165,238	-	-	87,029
9973	NC Middle School Renovations	11,130,621	10,955,969	-	-	174,652
9974	HVAC-Improvement & Replacement	169,187	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	169,187
	Total	210,700,302	190,339,880	3,718,836	-	16,641,586
4062	Community College					
8516 **	OOO Gooding improvements	670,000	=	523,407	=	146,593
8517	CCC-Systemic Renovations	50,000	-	7,529	-	42,471
9782	Comm Coll-Technology Total	6,850,600 7,570,600	5,421,098 5,421,098	581,187 1,112,123		848,315 1,037,379
	Total	7,570,600	5,421,096	1,112,123	-	1,037,379
	Total Education	218,270,902	195,760,978	4,830,959	-	17,678,965
4071	Recreation & Parks					
8121	Leister Park	1,963,299	1,759,720	64,812	41,817	96,950
8175	Westminster Veterans Mem Park	3,407,596	1,283,125	58,558	57,718	2,008,195
8232 **		858,835	708,975	115,164	-	34,696
8282 *	Westminster Comm Pond Renovate	392,300	341,488	50,812	_	-
8330 *	Bennett Cerf Park Revitalize	231,951	229,476	2,475	_	_
8411 *	Westminster Community Trail	198,000	191,375	6,625	-	-
8439 **	•	253,259	209,099	32,912	-	11,248
8477	Union Mills Restoration	248,900	98,555	8,787	-	141,558
8510	Union Mills-ADA Bathroom	70,000	· -	· -	-	70,000
8513	Gov Brown Trail Phase I	200,000	-	-	-	200,000
8514	MacBeth Trail Connection	128,000	-	27,045	-	100,955
8515	Westminster Comm Trail PhsII	40,000	=	-	=	40,000
8577	MD Bikeways Program	131,600	-	-	-	131,600
8687	Wmster Comm Trl-Cmrc Cntr	45,000	-	7,990	-	37,010
9139	Recs & Parks/Local-Unallocated	30,693	-	-	-	30,693
9736	Town Fund	394,336	302,000	3,070	-	89,266
9925 **	. o. = o op o	467,348	362,989	103,799	-	560
9926 **	ranngola r and	6,159,633	5,401,007	546,235	114,350	98,041
	Total	15,220,750	10,887,809	1,028,284	213,885	3,090,772
4076	Self-Help Projects					
8426	Hodges/Eldbg Elem Ballfld Mix	8,400	-	8,400	-	-
8446	Charles Car Storage/Ball Mix	5,212	3,179	2,033	-	-
8447	N. Carroll Bat Cage/Bleachers	5,100	-	-	-	5,100
8466	Ball Field Mix Multiple Loc SH	5,784	4,544	1,240	-	-
8470	Chrls Car Pitch Mac/Nets SH	5,637	3,913	1,233	-	491
8489	Sandymount/DP Field Repair SH	5,390	-	3,665	1,725	-
8491	Freedom Area Field/Sod/Mix SH	9,430	1,920	1,520	-	5,990
8492	Mayeski Prk Topsoil/Mix SH	3,330	-	3,330	-	-
8493	Mayeski Prk Balldiamod Mix SH	3,300	-	3,300	-	-
8497	FRC-Basketball BB SH	4,336	2,928	1,408	-	-
8498	NCRC-Shed/Fld Hamp SH	6,510	-	-	-	6,510
8499	NCRC-Xmas Tree Prk Fields SH	20,000	=	=	=	20,000
8571	Hampstead Lions Clb Trail-SH	14,065	7.050	-	-	14,065
8573 8574	Jaycee Park Storage Shed-SH	8,203 4,735	7,253	950 4.725	-	-
8574 8575	Mayeski Park Ball Mix	4,725	-	4,725	-	-
8575 8597	S. Carroll HS Backstop-SH	10,750	-	10,750	-	-
859 <i>1</i> 8598	Carroll Arts-Console Lghtng SH Charles Car-Fence ChrTwnRd SH	11,006 3,043	<del>-</del>	11,006 3,043	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>
8598 8599	N Carroll-SGar Elem HghtAdj SH	3,043 1,968	<del>-</del> -	3,043 1,968	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>
8600	N Carroll-Soccer Goal SH	6,280	<u>-</u>	6,280	<u>-</u>	_
8601	West-Bleacher Jaycee Pk SH	10,209	-	10,209	-	-
8602	West-Wrestling Mats SH	8,002	- -	8,002	- -	<u>-</u>
8603 *	West-Avondale Bsbl Fld SH	11,591	-	11,591	-	-
3000		,00 1		. 1,001		

#### Westminster, Maryland Capital Projects Fund

# Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures and Encumbrances Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Description	Total Appropriation	Prior Years Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Encumbered	Unexpended Appropriation
8604	Charles Car-Soccer Goals SH	2,860	-	2,852		8
8610	Freedom Soccer Storage SH	3,800	_	-,002	2,110	1,690
8611	NC Field Hockey Goals SH	2,080	_	2,080	_,	-
8612	NC Flat Goals SH	4,699	-	-,	-	4,699
8613	Westminster JC Prk Fence SH	7,855	=	6,780	-	1,075
8614	Westminster Field Expand SH	11,786	-	, -	11,786	, -
8615	Mayeski Baseball Fld Mix SH	5,144	-	-	-	5,144
8616	Mayeski Softball Fld Mix SH	3,674	-	-	-	3,674
8617	Winfield Lions Club Fld Mix SH	2,204	-	-	-	2,204
8618	Bohde's Tot Lot-Krimgold SH	20,000	-	-	-	20,000
9735	Community Self Help	4,524	-	-	-	4,524
	Total	240,897	23,737	106,365	15,621	95,174
	Total Culture and Recreation	15,461,647	10,911,546	1,134,649	229,506	3,185,946
4081	Library/Senior Centers					
8479	Taneytown Sr Cntr Add'l Park	352,000	-	174,272	15,196	162,532
9822	Library-Technology Improvemnts	3,215,900	2,911,724	146,701	-	157,475
	Total	3,567,900	2,911,724	320,973	15,196	320,007
	Total Library/Senior Centers	3,567,900	2,911,724	320,973	15,196	320,007
4091	Conservation & Open Space					
9002 **		22,089,803	15,921,307	38,941	-	6,129,555
9007	Ag Land Preservation	151,110,495	137,346,189	7,284,046	-	6,480,260
9701	Infrestructure/Plan Studies	377,167	317,167	10,920	-	49,080
9702	Traffic Impact Studies/Develop	137,692	130,629	-	-	7,063
9851	Rural Legacy-Easement Purchase	22,026,728	21,215,638	702,780	<u> </u>	108,310
	Total	195,741,885	174,930,930	8,036,687	-	12,774,268
4092	Water Resources					
8294	Reservoir Development	20,611,401	8,933,571	_	-	11,677,830
8295	Storm Water Facility Maint	3,035,000	2,908,205	5,177	-	121,618
8328	Environmental Compliance	1,279,500	257,084	68,408	39,067	914,941
	Total	24,925,901	12,098,860	73,585	39,067	12,714,389
4093	Watershed Improvements					
8523	Elderwood Village Sec F&B	2,279,355	116,804	11,530	-	2,151,021
8524	Manchester Skate Park	826,043	38,915	28,113	-	759,015
8526	Finksburg Industrial Park	2,561,846	223,003	1,070	2,337,753	20
8528	Carroll Co Tree Planting #1	139,579	94,338	4,070	15,971	25,200
8529	Carroll Co Tree Planting #2	255,161	138,659	51,758	28,580	36,164
8530	Carroll Co Tree Planting #3	534,676	226,381	171,727	87,102	49,466
8531 **	•	2,674,495	2,256,231	271,420	4,500	142,344
8532	Sullivan Rd Phase 2	99,098	88,187	-	-	10,911
8533	Miller/Watts Pond	1,279,053	80,405	885,287	305,247	8,114
8534	Windmere/Libman	38,534	31,343	-	-	7,191
8536	Langdon Property	65,000	36,856	26,093	=	2,051
8537	Braddock Manor West	635,898	38,410	453,222	-	144,266
8538	Carroll Co Maint Center Pond	904,545	35,848	250,415	575,242	43,040
8540	Eldersburg Estates Sec 3-5	550,000	475,296	10,436	<u>-</u>	64,268
8543	Willow Pond/Eden Farms	242,200	13,530	27,319	132,248	69,103
8561	Piney Run Sediment Study	25,800	15,515	8,290	-	1,995
8576	Farm Museum ESD	111,695	13,544	95,033	-	3,118
8578	Blue Ridge Manor	10,000	2,300	2,082	-	5,618
8584	Stormwtr Facility Renovat FY16	280,000	-	72,649	-	207,351
8593	Shannon Run/Hawks Ridge	113,230	43,230	23,830	-	46,170
8594	Watershed Plan Review	31,000	-	24,733	5,860	407
8595	Local Watershed Modeling	65,000	-	53,327	11,253	420
8605	8 Small Crossings	30,000	-	19,108	-	10,892
8606	6 Whispering Valley	50,000	-	19,575	-	30,425

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Schedule 6

#### Westminster, Maryland Capital Projects Fund

# Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures and Encumbrances Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Total	Prior Years	Current Year		Unexpended
	<u>Description</u>	Appropriation	Expenditures	Expenditures	Encumbered	Appropriation
8607	13 Merridale Gardens	55,000	-	16,121	-	38,879
8608	1 Roberts Mill Regional Pond	4,000	=	3,800	=	200
9920	Watershed Assessment & Improve	8,387,733	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	8,387,733
	Total	22,248,941	3,968,795	2,531,008	3,503,756	12,245,382
Т	otal Conservation and Natural Resources	242,916,727	190,998,585	10,641,280	3,542,823	37,734,039
	Total Governmental Activities	\$ 627,247,843	\$ 482,438,846	\$ 36,972,429	\$ 11,436,075	\$ 96,400,493

## THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland Capital Projects Fund

# Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures and Encumbrances Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Description	A	Total ppropriation	Prior Years Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Encumbered	Unexpended Appropriation
В	usiness-type Activities						
0044	Bureau of Utilities		0.007.000	Ф 0.40 <del>7.</del> 405	Ф 400 000	Φ.	A 574
6311	Water & Sewer Meters	\$	2,967,862	\$ 2,497,195	\$ 466,093	\$ -	\$ 4,574
6332	Tank Painting		1,113,032	248,591	190,207	10,350	663,884
6344	HWWTP-Effluent Chillers		2,436,967	621,844	=	=	1,815,123
6358	8-12-16 Mains/Hydraulic Loop		634,221	<del>-</del>		-	634,221
6359	Hydrant Replacement		1,451,350	1,269,945	103,576	-	77,829
6374	Relief Sewer No. 2		164,000	7,500	4,500	=	152,000
6376	Relief Sewer No. 4		108,500	6,500	20,277	-	81,723
6378	Relief Sewer No. 6		3,162,000	313,815	11,000	-	2,837,185
6382	Relief Sewer No. 10		405,300	-	-	-	405,300
6385	Sewer Study Update		765,000	187,647	-	-	577,353
6388	Pleasant Valley Backup Well 04		280,993	270,771	10,222	-	- -
6390	Sykesville Eleva W/Tank #6 04		62,000		-,	_	62,000
6403	Sanitary Sewer Manhole Rehab		1,732,200	757,623	359,483	165,402	449,692
6409	FD Looping Monroe (Okla-Benn)		74,800	707,020	-	100,402	74,800
6413	Hampstead Sludge Tank Renovate		158,200	138,392	_	_	19,808
6418	North Pump Station Wet Well		·	·	22.496	-	521,128
			730,000	186,386	22,486	-	
6419	Freedom Waste Water TP-ENR		10,500,000	1,685,992	3,747,551	-	5,066,457
6421	Sanitary Sewer Main Lining		2,066,701	1,030,105	652,639	227,623	156,334
6422	Gravity Sewer Main		1,980,400	70,772	174,197	217,317	1,518,114
6423	N Carroll Farms Pump Stat Rehb		266,000	234,721	14,022	-	17,257
6425	Water Main Loops FY12		489,000	356	6,521	-	482,123
6426	W. Hampstead Sewer Upgrade		147,600	-	5,100	-	142,500
6428	Water Main Blow-Off Replcmts		420,300	150,033	125,603	=	144,664
6429	Water Service Line Replacement		702,300	435,581	196,908	_	69,811
6430	Hampstead Grit Removal		18,340,000	776,197	380,340	607,633	16,575,830
6432	Asset Management System		200,000	-	102,828	96,729	443
6433			·	_	69,024	30,723	124,976
	Bark Hill WTP-Improvmnts		194,000	400.040		-	•
6434 *			776,250	163,643	542,646	-	69,961
6435	Freedom WTP-Sludge Press		285,000	-	-	-	285,000
6436	Piney Run Pump Station Imprv		305,000	688	11,812		292,500
	Total		52,918,976	11,054,297	7,217,035	1,325,054	33,322,590
	Solid Waste						
6520	Hoods Mill Remediation	_	1,174,626	936,472	7,027	6,404	224,723
6521	Northern Landfill Remediation		1,014,000	818,593	85,855	-	109,552
6528	John Owings LF Remediation		800,000	617,675	-	3,858	178,467
			·	017,073		·	
6534	Nrthn Landfill-Cap Cells 1&2		3,960,000	242.404	53,413	133,234	3,773,353
6535	Northern Landfill Office		322,000	313,494	-	-	8,506
6536	Northern LF-Leachate Ponds		460,000	-	-	49,719	410,281
6537	Bark Hill Remediation/Maint		5,000	-	-	-	5,000
6538	Hodges Remediation/Maint		480,112		41,465		438,647
	Total		8,215,738	2,686,234	187,760	193,215	5,148,529
	Fiber Network						
6602	Fiber Equipment Replacement	_	1,100,000	853,550	136,666	-	109,784
	Total	-	1,100,000	853,550	136,666	-	109,784
	Septage						
6704	Westminster Sept Screen/Grit	_	4,500,000	348,766	67,666	<u>-</u>	4,083,568
0704	Total		4,500,000	348,766	67,666	-	4,083,568
	Airmort						
0015	Airport	_		<b>22.</b> :			<b>a</b> = == *
6818	Grounds & Facility Impr (9541)		340,180	294,351	16,195	-	29,634
6821	Airport Runway Extension		49,655,934	=	15,852	-	49,640,082
6822	AP Master Plan Study Phase 1		333,332	287,400	15,000	-	30,932
6823	Environmental Assessment Study		169,067		169,067		
	Total		50,498,513	581,751	216,114	-	49,700,648
	Total Business-type Activities	\$	117,233,227	\$ 15,524,598	\$ 7,825,241	\$ 1,518,269	\$ 92,365,119
			,,	· -,-= -,3	· ,;-·	, , ,	, ,,,,,,,,

<sup>\*</sup> Completed CIP projects put into service during FY16

<sup>\*\*</sup> Partially completed CIP projects put into service during FY16

#### Westminster, Maryland Schedule of Long-Term Indebtedness June 30, 2016

	Amount Outstanding July 1, 2015	New Debt Activity	Principal Payments For Year 2016	Amount Outstanding June 30, 2016	Interest Payments For Year 2016
Governmental Activities	July 1, 2015		<u> </u>	3 dife 50, 2010	101 1cai 2010
General Obligation Bonds					
Volunteer Fire Dept. Project - 2003	\$ 660,000	\$ -	\$ 155,000	\$ 505,000	\$ 21,665
Volunteer Fire Dept. Project - 2004	829,398	_	152,733	676,665	31,100
General Obligation Bonds- 2005	2,160,990	_	2,160,990	-	43,220
Volunteer Fire Dept. Project- 2005	1,145,000	_	195,000	950,000	44,275
General Obligation Bonds-2006	2,696,755	_	1,348,379	1,348,376	80,903
General Obligation Refunding Bonds- Jan 2007	11,938,239	_	3,136,809	8,801,430	439,446
General Obligation Bonds-2007	10,609,636	_	7,746,796	2,862,840	1,590,059
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2007	3,790,000	_	560,000	3,230,000	153,975
General Obligation Bonds-Nov 2008	15,554,627		3,620,816	11,933,811	660,055
General Obligation Bonds-Nov 2009 Series A	12,776,648	_	2,344,161	10,432,487	464,183
General Obligation Bonds-Nov 2009 Series B	33,577,761	_	2,511,101	33,577,761	1,734,776
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Oct 2010 Series A	4,608,199		1,820,460	2,787,739	73,959
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Oct 2010 Series B	855,000		295,000	560,000	14,150
General Obligation Bonds-Oct 2010 Series D	17,773,031		967,987	16,805,044	670,581
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2011	9,368,134	_	1,943,398	7,424,736	355,884
General Obligation Bonds-2011	16,620,000	-	740,000	15,880,000	608,850
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-2012		-	740,000		678,038
General Obligation Bonds-2012 General Obligation Bonds-2012	16,220,345	-	1.075.000	16,220,345	
9	19,310,000		1,075,000	18,235,000	629,112
General Obligation Bonds-2013	24,665,000	-	1,340,000	23,325,000	1,051,475
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Taxable Pension 2013	4,524,000	-	912,000	3,612,000	91,123
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-2014	52,576,682	-	2,966,146	49,610,536	2,155,125
General Obligation Bonds- 2014	15,000,000	- 015 001	750,000	14,250,000	555,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-2015	-	6,015,081	-	6,015,081	98,915
General Obligation Bonds- 2015	277.250.445	28,000,000	24 220 675	28,000,000	434,907
Total General Obligation Bonds	277,259,445	34,015,081	34,230,675	277,043,851	12,680,776
T II Allere e					
Farmers Home Administration	210.512		25.451	105.101	T 055
Federal Loan - 1972	210,642	-	25,451	185,191	7,377
Federal Loan - 1974	97,136	-	8,580	88,556	3,544
Federal Loan - 1979	355,267		16,761	338,506	12,964
Total Farmers Home Administration	663,045		50,792	612,253	23,885
General Obligation Debt					
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2002	396,000			396,000	21,937
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2002  Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2003	530,930	-	-	530,930	27,354
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2003  Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2004	100,000	-	-	100,000	4,937
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2004  Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2005		-	-	2,179,934	106,200
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,179,934 1,346,000	<del>-</del>	-		
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2006		-	-	1,346,000 2,584,000	62,012 136,980
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2007	2,584,000	-	-		
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2009	2,215,126	-	-	2,215,126	132,908
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2010	4,662,430	-	-	4,662,430	243,702
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2011	13,115,500	-	-	13,115,500	786,930
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2013	445,320	-	-	445,320	23,379
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2014	3,475,344	-	-	3,475,344	182,456
Installment Purchase Agreements FY 2016		473,924		473,924	12,441
Total General Obligation Debt	31,050,584	473,924		31,524,508	1,741,236
Purchase Agreements	4.000.00				
Johnson Controls/Suntrust	1,338,916	-	210,379	1,128,537	52,922
Johnson Controls/AAIG	4,536,852	712		4,537,564	134,452
Total Purchase Agreements	5,875,768	712	210,379	5,666,101	187,374
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 314,848,842	\$ 34,489,717	\$ 34,491,846	\$ 314,846,713	\$ 14,633,271

#### Westminster, Maryland Schedule of Long-Term Indebtedness June 30, 2016

	Amount Outstanding July 1, 2015	New Debt Activity	Principal Payments For Year 2016	Amount Outstanding June 30, 2016	Interest Payments For Year 2016
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>					
General Obligation Bonds					
Bureau of Utilities					
General Obligation Bonds - 2005	\$ 20,139	\$ -	\$ 20,139	\$ -	\$ 403
General Obligation Bonds - 2006	28,883	-	14,442	14,441	857
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Jan 2007	109,511	-	28,774	80,737	4,031
General Obligation Bonds- 2007	5,008,570	-	3,756,833	1,251,737	140,148
General Obligation Bonds- 2008	1,563,731	-	364,019	1,199,712	66,356
General Obligation Bonds- 2009 Series A	408,162	-	74,887	333,275	14,829
General Obligation Bonds- 2009 Series B	1,072,240	-	-	1,072,240	55,397
General Obligation Bonds- 2010 Series A	2,352	-	929	1,423	38
General Obligation Bonds- 2010 Series D	12,430	-	677	11,753	469
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2011	418,538	-	93,486	325,052	15,874
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2012	198,550	-	200.244	198,550	8,399
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2014	5,446,058	2 079 540	200,244	5,245,814	215,681
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2015	-	2,978,549	-	2,978,549	48,981
Solid Waste Fund					
Gereral Obligation Refunding Bonds- Jan 2007	178,130	-	46,804	131,326	6,557
General Obligation Bonds- 2007	321,795	-	241,371	80,424	9,004
General Obligation Bonds- 2008	86,642	-	20,165	66,477	3,677
General Obligation Bonds- 2009 Series A	5,190	-	952	4,238	189
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2011	789,646	-	157,250	632,396	30,023
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2014	406,860		92,826	314,034	17,407
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2015	-	191,370	-	191,370	3,147
Airport Fund					
General Obligation Bonds - 2001	770,000	-	110,000	660,000	32,642
General Obligation Bonds- 2005	3,871	-	3,871	-	77
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-2007	124,120	-	32,613	91,507	4,569
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-2010 Series A	34,451	-	13,609	20,842	553
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-2010 Series D	24,539	-	1,337	23,202	926
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2011	258,680	-	55,866	202,814	9,818
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2012	18,716	-	-	18,716	754
General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Nov 2014	85,400		25,785	59,615	2,736
Septage Fund					
General Obligation Bonds - 2006	24,359	_	12,180	12,179	740
General Obligation Refunding Bonds- Nov 2012	62,391	_	, <u>-</u>	62,391	2,759
Total General Obligation Bonds	17,483,954	3,169,919	5,369,059	15,284,814	697,041
Notes Payable- Bureau of Utilities					
Water Quality Loan - Maryland Department					
of the Environment - 2000	188,124	_	29,377	158,747	6,606
Total Notes Payable	188,124	<u>_</u>	29,377	158,747	6,606
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 17,672,078	\$ 3,169,919	\$ 5,398,436	\$ 15,443,561	\$ 703,647
Total Business-type Activities	Ψ 17,072,076	φ 5,107,719	φ 5,570,450	φ 13,443,301	φ /05,04/

\$ 332,621,708

#### THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

#### Westminster, Maryland

#### Schedule of Investments for

#### Governmental Activities, Business Type Activities, and Trust Funds June 30, 2016

	Length (in Days)	Maturity Date	Rate (%)	Market Value	Totals
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES and Business Type Activites					
Federal Home Loan Bank	360	27-Oct-16	0.35	\$ 27,994,680	
Federal Home Loan Bank	360	28-Oct-16	0.40	5,001,200	
Federal Home Loan Bank	360	17-Feb-17	0.72	5,001,500	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	720	27-Oct-17	0.80	5,000,550	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	720	1-Jun-18	1.10	5,002,650	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-Nov-21	5.66	231,447	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-Aug-22	5.69	154,138	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-Aug-22	5.44	231,206	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-Nov-22	5.05	277,776	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-Aug-23	5.05	105,888	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-Nov-24	4.86	2,105,918	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-Aug-25	4.75 4.93	1,323,369	
Treasury Bonds Treasury Bonds	20 yrs 20 yrs	15-Nov-26 15-Feb-27	4.93 4.72	1,913,478 1,202,720	
Treasury Bonds	20 yrs	15-1 eb-27 15-Aug-29	4.72	2,576,318	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Aug-29 15-Nov-21	5.83	71,367	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-21	5.92	32,418	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Aug-22	5.78	58,644	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-22	5.39	93,030	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Aug-23	5.42	19,038	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-24	5.12	673,642	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-25	4.76	381,685	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-26	4.95	248,875	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Feb-27	4.73	167,066	
Treasury Strips	8 yrs	15-May-17	3.15	1,196,172	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-May-24	4.39	763,338	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-May-29	4.42	85,206	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Feb-30	4.76	1,009,454	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Feb-30	4.61	206,756	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Aug-29	4.55	600,012	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-29	4.76	499,339	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-May-30	4.11	1,464,701	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Aug-30	3.90	1,683,121	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-30	4.44	2,046,874	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-May-31	4.46	2,129,831	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-May-31	4.33 2.91	2,603,127	
Treasury Strips Treasury Strips	20 yrs 20 yrs	15-Nov-32 15-Nov-33	3.88	320,275 2,167,551	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-33 15-Feb-34	3.69	259,163	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-35	2.90	78,052	
Treasury Strips	20 yrs	15-Nov-35	2.90	234,156	
State and Local Government Series	15 yrs	15-May-24		51,000	
U.S Bank			0.35	5,099,000	
Maryland Local Government Investment Pool			0.37	12,722,245	
Branch Banking & Trust-Money Rate Savings			0.35	85,013,591	\$ 180,101,567
					*,
TRUST FUNDS					
<u>Pension</u>					
Wilmington Trust Employee Pension Account				66,722,573	
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)					
Maryland Local Government Investment Pool-OPEB				5,434,336	
Wilmington Trust Master OPEB Investment Trust				61,907,667	
<u>LOSAP</u>					
Wilmington Trust LOSAP account				8,309,704	
Law Officer's Pension				40.445.004	450 500 441
Wilmington Trust Law Officer's Pension Account				10,145,861	152,520,141

TOTAL

## THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland

# Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule By Source June 30, 2016

Land	\$ 34,569,392
Buildings and contents	193,393,561
Improvements other than buildings	73,666,509
Automobiles, machinery and equipment	46,727,086
Roads and bridges	572,280,713
Construction in progress	9,727,788
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 930,365,049

Investments in governmental funds capital assets by source:

General fund revenues	\$ 187,063,160
Special revenue funds	836,729
State grants	69,637,964
Federal grants	21,501,874
General obligation bonds	164,334,445
Contributions	143,314,482
Various funding sources-pre 1980 infrastructure	343,676,395
Total investments in governmental funds capital assets by source	\$ 930,365,049

### THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland

#### Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule By Function JUNE 30, 2016

		Land			Buildings and Contents	Improvements Other Than Buildings			utomobiles, Machinery and Equipment		Roads and ridges	onstruction in Progress	 Total
	General government	\$	18,733,767	\$	166,404,588	\$	18,612,538	\$	12,405,142	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 216,156,035
	Public safety		1,773,152		19,294,456		28,428,647		17,319,455		-	-	66,815,710
	Public works		3,185,773		770,185		-		14,470,988	56	55,363,474	-	583,790,420
	Judicial		-		211,861		-		430,863		-	-	642,724
	Health		43,709		16,844		-		87,286		-	-	147,839
205	Human Services		-		-		-		84,270		-	-	84,270
5	Education		-		-		-		43,412		-	-	43,412
	Culture and recreation		3,827,148		4,000,555		15,314,846		1,726,708		-	-	24,869,257
	Conservation and natural resources		7,005,843		-		7,817,434		-		-	-	14,823,277
	Economic development		-		2,695,072		3,493,044		158,962		6,917,239	-	13,264,317
	Construction in progress		-		-		-		-		-	9,727,788	9,727,788
	Subtotal		34,569,392	-	193,393,561	-	73,666,509		46,727,086	57	72,280,713	 9,727,788	 930,365,049
	Less accumulated depreciation				(57,716,768)		(25,706,578)		(33,086,786)	(42	27,444,011)	 	 (543,954,143)
	Net governmental funds capital assets	\$	34,569,392	\$	135,676,793	\$	47,959,931	\$	13,640,300	\$ 14	4,836,702	\$ 9,727,788	\$ 386,410,906

## THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland

# Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes by Function For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Governmental Funds Capital Assets July 1, 2015	Additions		Net of Fransfers and etirements	Governmental Funds Capital Assets June 30, 2016
General government	\$211,593,075	\$ 5,049,485	\$	(486,525)	\$ 216,156,035
Public safety	39,207,698	27,999,966		(391,954)	66,815,710
Public works	580,533,923	3,572,307		(315,810)	583,790,420
Judicial	630,518	-		12,206	642,724
Health	147,839	-		-	147,839
Human services	217,370	-		(133,100)	84,270
Education	43,412	-		-	43,412
Cultural and recreation	19,009,455	5,964,638		(104,836)	24,869,257
Conservation and natural resources	12,313,323	2,527,718		(17,764)	14,823,277
Economic development	13,259,197	5,120		-	13,264,317
Construction in progress	38,549,035	11,392,309	(4	10,213,556)	9,727,788
Subtotal	915,504,845	 56,511,543	(4	11,651,339)	930,365,049
Less accumulated depreciation	(531,304,974)	(13,808,562)		1,159,393	(543,954,143)
Net governmental funds capital assets	\$ 384,199,871	\$ 42,702,981	\$(4	10,491,946)	\$ 386,410,906

# Statistical

## Section







Farmers' Markets with fresh produce, baked goods, plants, soaps, cheeses, etc. from our local farmers. Various Farmers' Markets throughout the county from May-October.

## THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland

#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Carroll County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the County's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u> <u>Page(s)</u>
Financial Trends These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time
Revenue Capacity These tables contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue sources and property tax
Debt Capacity These tables contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future
Economic and Demographic Information  These tables offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.  223-224
Operating Information These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.  225-234

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

## THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland

#### Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	 2016	2015		2014	2013	2012		2011	2010	2009		2008
Governmental Activities												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 204,983,963	\$ 218,185,5	21	\$ 204,437,083	\$ 211,465,620	\$ 215,928,941	\$	224,468,499	\$ 249,331,687	\$ 269,641,878	\$	255,882,342
Restricted	8,145,020	1,765,5	63	7,792,322	8,354,576	6,438,836		6,438,332	7,402,357	8,561,570		13,278,406
Unrestricted	(36,637,182)	(54,174,6	14)	 (44,518,647)	 (50,148,292)	 (45,963,471)		(51,077,932)	 (45,926,141)	 (7,378,808)		84,677,964
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	 176,491,801	165,776,4	70	 167,710,758	 169,671,904	 176,404,306		179,828,899	 210,807,903	 270,824,640		353,838,712
Business-Type Activities												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	116,560,509	111,957,7	14	102,696,222	103,109,748	102,205,828		104,568,783	93,558,513	95,654,846		82,575,108
Restricted	20,607,431	25,663,7		22,938,152	17,019,197	12,503,774		370,116	1,308,820	9,435,295		6,788,158
Unrestricted	(11,089,051)	(12,222,9	27)	1,599,083	 (4,118,863)	 (3,535,427)		5,063,524	 4,257,842	 (5,246,129)		6,594,607
Table Table Name	124 070 000	125 200 5	0.1	107.000 457	116.010.000	111 124 125		110 000 122	00 105 175	00.044.012		05.057.072
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	 126,078,889	125,398,5	81	 127,233,457	 116,010,082	 111,174,175	_	110,002,423	 99,125,175	 99,844,012		95,957,873
Primary government												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	321,544,472	330,143,2	35	307,133,305	314,575,368	318,134,769		329,037,282	342,890,200	365,296,724		338,457,450
Restricted	28,752,451	27,429,3	57	30,730,474	25,373,773	18,942,610		6,808,448	8,711,177	17,996,865		20,066,564
Unrestricted	 (47,726,233)	(66,397,5	41)	 (42,919,564)	 (54,267,155)	(49,498,898)		(46,014,408)	 (41,668,299)	 (12,624,937)	_	91,272,571
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 302,570,690	\$ 291,175,0	51	\$ 294,944,215	\$ 285,681,986	\$ 287,578,481	\$	289,831,322	\$ 309,933,078	\$ 370,668,652	\$	449,796,585

Fiscal years 2008-2012 were reclassified per GASB standards.

Fiscal year 2012 was restated to reflect unearned revenue.

Fiscal year 2014 was restated to reflect a correction to net Investment in Capital Assets.

Fiscal year 2014 and prior have not been restated for GASB 68 and 71.

Fiscal year 2015 was restated to reflect a correction to unrestricted net position.

Westminster, Maryland Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

		2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Exper	nses										
Gover	nmental Activities:										
(	General government	\$ 41,378,683	\$ 49,409,874	\$ 57,641,753	\$ 74,177,030	\$ 75,568,819	\$ 89,394,541	\$ 79,073,880	\$ 74,296,486	\$ 70,411,246	\$ 63,412,621
F	Public safety	45,677,379	43,979,786	42,220,945	36,029,829	37,356,463	37,244,642	37,798,060	38,658,117	35,583,985	28,609,006
F	Public works	31,583,099	38,511,223	35,383,930	29,857,345	28,764,355	29,582,890	33,974,607	30,238,005	30,496,143	20,775,987
ŀ	Health	4,400,381	4,280,644	4,504,233	4,546,895	4,666,495	4,939,762	4,963,980	4,868,271	4,454,550	4,397,039
I	Human services	14,032,995	6,875,694	1,234,170	1,208,120	1,204,489	1,249,949	1,418,139	1,346,366	1,228,095	1,131,873
E	Education	196,452,853	191,534,142	192,529,402	192,972,220	186,244,744	185,038,583	209,838,466	219,824,282	188,609,030	168,198,541
(	Culture and recreation	4,992,787	4,637,178	2,617,282	3,208,030	3,418,694	3,257,483	4,143,870	2,606,230	2,596,212	2,772,654
I	Libraries	14,452,299	14,145,909	13,909,531	13,150,071	11,540,245	11,277,792	9,971,261	7,740,076	9,269,078	7,511,036
(	Conservation of natural resources	12,140,369	8,936,174	11,395,342	5,116,229	4,701,163	20,163,969	14,288,096	29,125,383	17,487,058	16,711,700
F	Economic development	4,234,039	4,822,656	6,723,025	4,572,817	2,239,352	5,370,598	6,018,687	5,988,296	4,715,075	3,076,751
J	udicial	8,670,838	7,283,903	6,222,691	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
I	nterest on long-term debt	12,894,133	11,851,872	12,506,841	12,347,384	13,401,465	12,522,525	12,553,680	10,282,801	8,963,131	8,984,385
Total	Governmental Activities Expenses	390,909,855	386,269,055	386,889,145	377,185,970	369,106,284	400,042,734	414,042,726	424,974,313	373,813,603	325,581,593
Rucin	ess-Type Activities:										
	Bureau of Utilities	11,600,209	11,046,657	11,328,410	10,801,048	11,090,468	11,890,461	10,489,645	8,169,257	10,056,546	7,849,747
c	Solid Waste	9,996,571	9,550,820	6,319,530	12,108,283	8,727,891	8,830,209	8,961,015	7,487,843	7,648,918	7,935,237
N	Airport	823,047	733,816	800,811	689,380	1,769,112	618,045	829,611	777,692	3,097,618	2,086,621
200	Septage	629,136	604,130	536,068	489,064	532,369	475,718	474,195	388,398	395,824	402,898
	Firearms	113,399	106,373	100,324	97,706	92,935	79,627	76,281	77,475	393,824 74,497	58,238
	Fiber Network	1,116,618	1,230,506	673,718		,	215,017	70,261	11,413	74,497	30,230
		24,278,980	23,272,302	19,758,861	733,785	540,436 22,753,211	22,109,077	20.830.747	16,900,665	21,273,403	18.332.741
	Business-Type Activities Expenses	\$ 415,188,835	\$ 409,541,357	\$ 406,648,006	\$ 402,105,236	\$ 391,859,495	\$ 422,151,811	\$ 434,873,473	\$ 441,874,978	\$ 395,087,006	\$ 343,914,334
Total	Primary Government Expenses	\$ 413,166,633	\$ 409,341,337	\$ 400,048,000	\$ 402,103,230	\$ 391,839,493	\$ 422,131,611	\$ 434,873,473	\$ 441,674,976	\$ 393,087,000	\$ 343,914,334
	ram Revenues										
	nmental Activities:										
(	Charges for Services:										
	General government	11,743,274	17,670,046	14,450,607	14,820,757	7,466,568	8,361,578	7,579,919	7,483,309	10,755,039	9,364,742
	Public safety	2,665,141	1,950,898	1,836,510	1,891,508	2,048,892	2,305,294	2,544,149	2,938,203	3,294,542	3,840,410
	Public works	3,491,642	216,246	1,781,862	1,559,051	1,588,668	1,560,090	1,530,974	1,520,812	1,672,368	1,456,792
	Health	5,391	6,684	55,405	58,946	124,065	44,320	12,190	15,541	12,492	8,155
	Human Services	79,675	86,275	6,600	6,600	6,600	6,600	284,014	367,238	367,238	284,564
	Education	-	-	257,816	480,685	487,464	457,698	393,951	425,150	409,266	749,353
	Culture and recreation	1,867,103	1,621,589	832,906	928,603	1,008,187	875,200	860,865	772,204	818,931	907,465
	Conservation of natural resources	86,209	41,587	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Economic development	-	-	525,158	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Operating Grants and Contributions	14,740,101	16,502,681	16,136,623	16,116,178	16,372,579	17,944,093	16,201,809	14,075,463	13,824,732	12,841,014
(	Capital Grants and Contributions	5,339,545	7,396,017	8,372,841	3,282,495	6,177,426	10,461,443	17,297,018	3,212,403	6,797,218	7,453,139
Total	Governmental Activities Program Revenues	40,018,081	45,492,023	44,256,328	39,144,823	35,280,449	42,016,316	46,704,889	30,810,323	37,951,826	36,905,634

Westminster, Maryland Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

		2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Busi	ness-Type Activities:										
	Charges for Services:										
	Bureau of Utilities	\$ 10,359,334	\$ 10,233,000	\$ 8,906,129	\$ 8,490,173	\$ 8,630,730	\$ 7,843,041	\$ 7,519,559	\$ 7,668,003	\$ 7,344,470	\$ 6,281,659
	Solid Waste	6,327,333	6,637,638	6,801,739	7,243,944	7,307,108	5,907,344	6,534,243	6,626,896	6,609,679	6,461,528
	Airport	763,759	727,987	649,572	650,660	675,683	518,581	671,258	2,222,010	1,840,449	2,041,458
	Septage	1,134,701	946,123	710,536	682,663	608,688	603,550	449,263	387,636	536,845	482,599
	Firearms	150,087	153,687	148,106	145,699	126,696	111,984	104,713	55,120	59,400	79,649
	Fiber Network	116,613	37,558	7,619,387	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Operating Grants and Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,064,797	-
	Capital Grants and Contributions	2,581,093	1,970,091	2,933,307	2,012,594	2,073,793	1,908,142	1,963,862	2,520,888	2,079,422	1,562,378
	l Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	21,432,920	20,706,084	27,768,776	19,225,733	19,422,698	16,892,642	17,242,898	19,480,553	19,535,062	16,909,271
Tota	l Primary Government Program Revenues	61,451,001	66,198,107	72,025,104	58,370,556	54,703,147	58,908,958	63,947,787	50,290,876	57,486,888	53,814,905
Not	(Expense)/Revenue										
	ernmental Activities	(350,891,774)	(340,777,032)	(342,632,817)	(338,041,147)	(333,825,835)	(358,026,418)	(367,337,837)	(394,163,990)	(335,861,777)	(288,675,959)
	ness-Type Activities	(2,846,060)	(2,566,218)	8,009,915	(5,693,533)	(3,330,513)	(5,216,435)	(3,587,849)	2,579,888	(1,738,341)	(1,423,470)
	l Primary Government Net Expense	(353,737,834)	(343,343,250)	(334,622,902)	(343,734,680)	(337,156,348)	(363,242,853)	(370,925,686)	(391,584,102)	(337,600,118)	(290,099,429)
1014	Transary Government Net Expense	(333,737,034)	(343,343,230)	(334,022,702)	(343,734,000)	(337,130,340)	(303,212,033)	(370,723,000)	(371,304,102)	(337,000,110)	(270,077,127)
Gen	eral Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets										
	ernmental Activities:										
	Taxes:										
2	Property taxes	\$ 199,281,166	\$ 195,465,262	\$ 197,220,873	\$ 203,601,066	\$ 208,296,512	\$ 201,573,213	\$ 189,079,529	\$ 174,354,873	\$ 158,112,936	\$ 148,644,728
21	Income tax	146,049,675	144,994,220	131,714,052	118,168,038	121,921,970	95,516,527	99,973,903	120,230,118	106,921,331	108,435,386
0	Recordation	14,093,918	11,888,637	10,576,850	8,520,674	7,612,907	9,154,578	9,220,249	14,948,705	18,902,094	22,782,302
	Admission and amusement tax	387,725	353,937	262,098	296,890	379,990	246,184	335,125	386,186	405,295	393,659
	Agricultural transfer tax	143,429	59,558	365,510	159,227	24,977	24,199	181,458	439,268	390,420	501,049
	Hotel tax	315,319	284,101	309,992	298,498	284,602	287,850	287,495	311,049	321,676	191,117
	State shared, unrestricted	-	-	948,717	620,224	724,807	1,172,339	10,300,922	11,744,961	12,729,241	12,313,362
	Investment earnings and miscellaneous, unrestricted	4,171,190	2,068,767	1,721,180	3,048,631	782,346	2,107,298	4,563,217	8,753,090	8,622,196	6,988,995
	Transfers	(2,835,317)	(325,053)	(2,447,601)	(4,312,006)	(12,980,697)	(2,761,088)	(2,791,980)	(3,314,850)	(8,497,061)	(2,893,223)
Tota	l Governmental Activities	361,607,105	354,789,429	340,671,671	330,401,242	327,047,414	307,321,100	311,149,918	327,853,400	297,908,128	297,357,375
Ruci	ness-Type Activities:										
	Investment earnings and miscellaneous, unrestricted	672,988	404,594	756,859	383,547	582,930	422,785	751,926	2,279,730	2,174,966	1,496,621
	Gain on sale of capital asset	18,063	1,695	9,000	3,677	302,730	35,395	731,720	93,425	2,174,200	1,470,021
	Transfers	2,835,317	325,053	2,447,601	4,312,006	12,980,697	2,761,088	2,791,980	3,314,850	8,497,061	2,893,223
	l Business-Type Activities	3,526,368	731,342	3,213,460	4,699,230	13,563,627	3,219,268	3,543,906	5,688,005	10,672,027	4,389,844
	l Primary Government	365,133,473	355,520,771	343,885,131	335,100,472	340,611,041	310,540,368	314,693,824	333,541,405	308,580,155	301,747,219
	ernmental Activities	10,715,331	14,012,397	(1,961,146)	(7,639,905)	(6,778,421)	(50,705,318)	(56,187,919)	(66,310,590)	(37,953,649)	8,681,416
	ness-Type Activities	680,308	(1,834,876)	11,223,375	(994,303)	10,233,114	(1,997,167)	(43,943)	8,267,893	8,933,686	2,966,374
	l Primary Government Change in Net Position	\$ 11,395,639	\$ 12,177,521	\$ 9,262,229	\$ (8,634,208)	\$ 3,454,693	\$ (52,702,485)	\$ (56,231,862)	\$ (58,042,697)	\$ (29,019,963)	\$ 11,647,790
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Note:

Fiscal year 2011 and 2012 was restated to reflect GASB standards.

Fiscal year 2015 reflects the reclassification of activities by functions.
Fiscal year 2014 was restated to reflect a correction to Net Investments in Capital Assets.

Fiscal year 2015 was restated to reflect a correction to net position.

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## THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland

#### Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Second   S		2016		2015	2014	2013	2012		2011	2010		2009	2008	2007
Restricted   20,002,009   27,423,001   20,003,406   23,004,205   23,007,203   18,009,005   20,005,000   20,	General Fund (1)					 				 ,				 
Commitmed   20,830,350   20,398,120   19,852,000   19,752,000   19,777,263   20,160,000   20,160,160   20,1	Nonspendable	\$ 26,66	8,918	\$ 29,004,124	\$ 29,209,160	\$ 29,140,848	\$ 27,853,715	\$	30,274,746					
Assigned   12,880,717   18,488,967   22,015,700   16,264,913   20,046,475   16,809,717   16,80	Restricted	30,92	6,309	27,423,603	26,052,436	23,584,205	25,272,233		18,998,982					
10,840,140   7,628,022   6,922,173   16,132,542   14,827,375   16,809,377   16,80	Committed	20,82	0,350	20,398,120	19,825,000	19,765,000	19,777,263		20,165,000					
Copinal Projects Fund   Copi	Assigned	22,58	0,717	18,458,967	22,035,700	16,264,913	20,946,437		9,782,490					
Capital Projects Fund   Restricted   7,518,934   292,775   36,834,193   40,629,996   37,134,531   33,780,969   37,134,53	Unassigned	10,84	0,140	7,628,502	6,922,173	16,132,542	14,827,375		16,809,377					
Restricted   7,518,034   292,775   290,881,503   36,834,193   40,629,996   37,134,531   33,780,969   33,780,969   37,134,531   37,134,531   33,780,969   37,134,531   33,780,969   37,134,531   37,134,531   33,780,969   37,134	Total General Fund	111,83	6,434	102,913,316	104,044,469	104,887,508	108,677,023		96,030,595					
Part	Captial Projects Fund													
Non-Major Governmental Funds: (1)   Special Revenues Fund   Special Revenues	Restricted	7,51	8,934	292,775	-	-	-		-					
Non-Major Governmental Funds: (1)   Special Resembs Fund   Restricted   626,086   1,472,788   1,543,563   1,159,415   2,227,030   4,361,704   603,773   7,203,593   1,606,331   1,275,957   911,792   603,773   7,203,593   7,203,593   1,606,331   1,275,957   911,792   603,773   7,203,593   7,203,593   7,203,593   1,20	Assigned	24,23	5,426	29,083,530	36,834,193	40,629,996	37,134,531		33,780,969					
Special Resemines Fund   Restricted   626,086	Total Capital Projects Fund	31,75	4,360	29,376,305	36,834,193	40,629,996	37,134,531		33,780,969					
Restricted   G20,086   1,472,788   1,543,653   1,159,415   2,227,030   4,361,704   603,723   6	Non-Major Governmental Funds: (1)													
Committed   67,2372   2,203,593   1,606,331   1,275,997   911,792   603,723     Assigned   1,608,421   821,612   821,612   1,275,997   1	Special Revenues Fund													
Nasigned   1,08,421   821,612   -	Restricted	62	6,086	1,472,788	1,543,563	1,159,415	2,227,030		4,361,704					
Classing   Class   C	Committed	67	2,372	2,203,593	1,606,331	1,275,957	911,792		603,723					
Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	Assigned	1,60	8,421	821,612	-	-	-		-					
Total Governmental Funds- as restated   S   146,497,673   S   136,787,614   S   144,028,556   S   147,952,876   S   148,950,376   S   134,755,415	Unassigned					 	 -		(21,576)					
Unassigned General Fund Balance as a Percentage of General Fund Expenditures  2.9% 2.5% 2.4% 5.2% 4.8% 5.5%  General Fund Reserved Unreserved, undesignated Unreserved, undesignated Unreserved, undesignated Capital Projects Fund Reserved for Encumbrances Unreserved and designated Unreserved and designated Unreserved and designated Unreserved undesignated Unreserved	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	2,90	6,879	4,497,993	3,149,894	 2,435,372	 3,138,822	_	4,943,851					
as a Percentago of General Fund Expenditures 2.9% 2.5% 2.4% 5.2% 4.8% 5.5%  General Fund Expenditures 2.9% 2.5% 2.4% 5.2% 4.8% 5.5%  General Fund Seserved	Total Governmental Funds- as restated	\$ 146,49	7,673	\$ 136,787,614	\$ 144,028,556	\$ 147,952,876	\$ 148,950,376	\$	134,755,415					
Ceneral Fund Expenditures   2.9%   2.5%   2.4%   5.2%   4.8%   5.5%	Unassigned General Fund Balance													
General Fund         \$ 39,429,507         \$ 34,538,703         \$ 34,265,738         \$ 36,345,385           Unreserved         27,868,281         34,623,762         30,997,138         31,787,678           Unreserved, undesignated         7,993,646         8,103,281         14,858,762         7,302,102           Total General Fund         75,291,434         77,265,746         80,121,638         75,435,165           Capital Projects Fund         8,000,200,000         14,173,039         19,967,975         39,912,191         11,023,565           Unreserved and designated         29,143,318         25,951,067         45,904,401         93,792,138           Total Capital Projects Fund         43,316,357         45,919,042         85,816,592         104,815,703           Non-Major Governmental Funds         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460           Unreserved, undesignated         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460           Total Other Governmental Funds         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460	as a Percentage of													
Reserved         \$ 39,429,507         \$ 34,538,703         \$ 34,265,738         \$ 36,345,385           Unreserved and designated         27,868,281         34,623,762         30,997,138         31,780,678           Unreserved, undesignated         7,993,646         8,103,281         14,858,762         7,302,102           Total General Fund         75,291,434         77,265,746         80,121,638         75,435,165           Captial Projects Fund           Reserved for Encumbrances         14,173,039         19,967,975         39,912,191         11,023,565           Unreserved and designated         29,143,318         25,951,067         45,904,401         93,792,138           Total Capital Projects Fund         43,316,357         45,919,042         85,816,592         104,815,703           Nos-Major Governmental Funds         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460           Unreserved, undesignated         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460	General Fund Expenditures		2.9%	2.5%	2.4%	5.2%	4.8%		5.5%					
Unreserved and designated         27,868,281         34,623,762         30,997,138         31,787,678           Unreserved, undesignated         7,993,646         8,103,281         14,858,762         7,302,102           Total General Fund         75,291,434         77,265,746         80,121,638         75,435,165           Capital Projects Fund           Reserved for Encumbrances         14,173,039         19,967,975         39,912,191         11,023,565           Unreserved and designated         29,143,318         25,951,067         45,904,401         93,792,138           Total Capital Projects Fund         43,316,357         45,919,042         85,816,592         104,815,703           Non-Major Governmental Funds         5pecial Revenues Fund         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460           Unreserved, undesignated         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460														
Unreserved, undesignated         7,993,646         8,103,281         14,858,762         7,302,102           Total General Fund         75,291,434         77,265,746         80,121,638         75,435,165           Captial Projects Fund										\$	\$		\$	\$
Total General Fund   Total G														
Capital Projects Fund       14,173,039       19,967,975       39,912,191       11,023,565         Unreserved for Encumbrances       29,143,318       25,951,067       45,904,401       93,792,138         Total Capital Projects Fund       43,316,357       45,919,042       85,816,592       104,815,703         Non-Major Governmental Funds:       Special Revenues Fund         Unreserved, undesignated       4,940,003       3,338,527       2,340,051       9,973,460         Total Other Governmental Funds       4,940,003       3,338,527       2,340,051       9,973,460														
Reserved for Encumbrances       14,173,039       19,967,975       39,912,191       11,023,565         Unreserved and designated       29,143,318       25,951,067       45,904,401       93,792,138         Nor-Major Governmental Funds:         Special Revenues Fund         Unreserved, undesignated       4,940,003       3,338,527       2,340,051       9,973,460         Total Other Governmental Funds       4,940,003       3,338,527       2,340,051       9,973,460	Total General Fund									 75,291,434		77,265,746	 80,121,638	 75,435,165
Unreserved and designated         29,143,318         25,951,067         45,904,401         93,792,138           Total Capital Projects Fund         43,316,357         45,919,042         85,816,592         104,815,703           Special Revenues Fund         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460           Unreserved, undesignated         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460           Total Other Governmental Funds         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460	Captial Projects Fund													
Total Capital Projects Fund         43,316,357         45,919,042         85,816,592         104,815,703           Non-Major Governmental Funds:         Special Revenues Fund         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460           Unreserved, undesignated         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460           Total Other Governmental Funds         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460	Reserved for Encumbrances									14,173,039		19,967,975	39,912,191	
Non-Major Governmental Funds:         Special Revenues Fund         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460           Unreserved, undesignated         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460           Total Other Governmental Funds         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460														
Special Revenues Fund         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460           Unreserved, undesignated         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460           Total Other Governmental Funds         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460	Total Capital Projects Fund									 43,316,357		45,919,042	 85,816,592	 104,815,703
Unreserved, undesignated         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460           Total Other Governmental Funds         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460	Non-Major Governmental Funds:													
Total Other Governmental Funds         4,940,003         3,338,527         2,340,051         9,973,460														
Total Governmental Funds         \$ 123,547,794         \$ 126,523,315         \$ 168,278,281         \$ 190,224,328	Total Other Governmental Funds									 4,940,003	_	3,338,527	 2,340,051	 9,973,460
	Total Governmental Funds									\$ 123,547,794	\$	126,523,315	\$ 168,278,281	\$ 190,224,328

Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

(1) In FY 2011 GASB 54 was implemented.

In FY 2014 there was a change in law of how unassigned fund balanced must be used. Part of what would have gone to unassigned is now assigned for future fiscal years. FY 2015 was restated to reflect corrections in fund balances.

## Local Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal	Property	Income	F	Recordation	Amusement	9	11 Service	Other	
Year	 Taxes	 Tax		Tax	Tax		Fees-Tax	 Tax	Total
2007	\$ 158,112,936	\$ 110,300,274	\$	18,902,094	\$ 405,295	\$	1,600,475	\$ 1,439,455	\$ 290,760,529
2008	174,354,873	117,976,994		14,948,705	386,186		1,240,906	1,757,335	310,664,999
2009	189,079,529	112,763,102		9,220,249	335,125		1,196,731	1,797,810	314,392,546
2010	201,526,399	108,140,073		9,154,578	246,184		1,163,737	1,478,009	321,708,980
2011	208,296,512	116,171,871		7,612,907	379,990		1,039,337	1,172,805	334,673,422
2012	203,601,066	127,249,915		8,520,674	296,890		1,037,075	1,718,042	342,423,662
2013	197,727,477	127,555,768		10,021,395	288,173		1,028,501	1,751,744	338,373,058
2014	195,528,915	131,659,596		10,576,850	262,098		1,039,244	2,065,786	341,132,489
2015	194,029,688	139,356,969		11,888,637	353,937		1,089,823	1,912,584	348,631,638
2016	199,281,166	148,005,117		14,093,918	387,725		1,092,094	676,830	363,536,850
Change									
2007-2016	26.0%	34.2%		-25.4%	-4.3%		-31.8%	-53.0%	25.0%

In fiscal year 2012, real property tax rate reduced from \$1.048 to \$1.028 per \$100 of assessed value. In fiscal year 2013, real property tax rate reduced from \$1.028 to \$1.018 per \$100 of assessed value. In fiscal year 2012, personal property tax rate reduced from \$2.62 to \$2.57 per \$100 of assessed value. In fiscal year 2013, personal property tax rate reduced from \$2.57 to \$2.545 per \$100 of assessed value. In fiscal year 2014, personal property tax rate reduced from \$2.545 to \$2.515 per \$100 of assessed value. Effective January 1, 2015 income tax rate reduced from \$3.04% to 3.03% of taxable income.

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
REVENUES										
Taxes-Local (see Table 4)	\$363,536,850	\$348,631,638	\$341,132,489	\$338,373,058	\$342,423,662	\$334,673,422	\$321,708,980	\$314,392,546	\$310,664,999	\$290,760,528
Taxes-State Shared	-	-	952,204	1,635,475	1,236,284	1,447,227	1,219,154	10,800,922	12,244,961	12,729,242
Impact fees	_	184,605	206,711	295,755	1,575,933	1,148,592	1,304,575	869,347	1,350,460	1,669,793
Licenses and permits	3,033,852	1,600,930	1,475,869	1,518,884	1,382,219	1,364,820	1,310,176	1,288,525	1,666,970	1,781,585
Intergovernmental revenues	19,316,866	20,290,637	22,898,130	18,978,536	15,316,915	26,455,936	30,841,686	15,042,612	16,773,453	14,253,803
Charges for services	4,167,021	4,445,797	4,576,701	4,732,420	4,810,478	4,981,149	5,008,757	5,239,049	5,788,013	5,732,717
Fines and forfeits	78,600	99,840	92,532	95,487	92,355	101,128	86,168	90,840	100,509	86,754
Interest and gain on investments	4,597,299	2,477,109	2,225,527	(829,835)	6,800,763	1,244,055	2,989,913	5,463,426	10,537,502	11,112,070
Miscellaneous revenues	9,383,285	9,808,553	10,054,257	5,840,925	3,758,082	3,249,099	4,396,040	3,349,723	4,101,008	5,953,948
Total revenues	404,113,773	387,539,109	383,614,420	370,640,705	377,396,691	374,665,428	368,865,449	356,536,990	363,227,875	344,080,440
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government	37,065,282	44,974,142	60,974,579	63,738,334	69,611,957	69,373,934	72,086,446	69,035,233	65,771,932	60,783,464
Public safety	44,211,285	42,721,116	41,484,155	35,585,271	35,914,325	35,396,452	34,748,084	35,256,843	34,222,625	28,595,412
Public works	17,986,907	17,139,292	13,275,887	9,565,709	8,831,776	10,649,104	12,586,032	11,325,405	10,861,774	9,425,523
Health	4,400,381	4,269,673	4,301,492	4,307,983	4,494,155	4,707,292	4,712,680	4,731,958	4,368,725	4,339,691
Human services	14,017,504	6,855,878	1,232,576	1,199,706	1,185,304	1,226,927	1,391,110	1,319,630	1,200,206	1,131,873
Education	191,621,893	186,866,867	185,008,583	180,570,971	173,557,501	174,935,761	177,855,179	172,156,658	155,480,987	151,674,483
Library	14,084,487	13,687,211	13,417,275	11,000,246	8,497,632	8,645,019	8,413,733	8,170,171	7,717,198	6,782,100
Culture and recreation	4,236,257	4,182,624	1,759,651	2,721,536	2,569,590	2,639,789	1,877,029	1,665,731	1,648,268	2,106,832
Conservation of natural resources	2,084,571	2,000,988	966,448	856,440	839,957	822,510	792,207	800,054	821,409	718,552
Economic development	4,004,475	4,586,843	6,484,527	4,324,885	1,970,523	5,089,136	5,640,224	5,690,821	4,351,843	3,067,166
Judicial	8,710,327	7,310,970	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	36,972,429	41,331,365	48,515,249	33,646,285	30,304,655	44,842,000	77,047,071	127,778,575	86,014,727	55,671,218
Debt service:										
Principal	28,171,532	28,145,359	26,984,558	25,641,361	27,087,742	23,431,934	22,889,828	24,029,542	23,487,007	20,336,962
Interest	13,339,242	13,339,130	13,656,778	13,646,029	14,154,056	13,914,992	12,802,086	10,470,693	9,543,326	9,237,763
Total expenditures	420,906,572	417,411,458	418,061,758	386,804,756	379,019,173	395,674,850	432,841,709	472,431,314	405,490,027	353,871,039
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	6									
over (under) expenditures	(16,792,799)	(29,872,349)	(34,447,338)	(16,164,051)	(1,622,482)	(21,009,422)	(63,976,260)	(115,894,324)	(42,262,152)	(9,790,599)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US										
Transfers in	20,549,077	22,733,370	24,670,471	26,836,782	21,745,757	13,778,283	12,035,023	16,037,191	26,594,904	14,957,047
Transfers out	(25,232,077)	(23,058,423)	(25,978,861)	(35,484,572)	(26,057,763)	(16,018,252)	(14,780,223)	(18,829,171)	(29,909,754)	(17,812,601)
Refunding bonds issued	6,015,081	52,576,682	4,524,000	16,220,345	9,873,957	14,690,327	(7,936,995)	-	-	-
Payments to escrow agent	(6,727,641)	(59,780,169)	(4,478,621)	(19,357,902)	(11,299,208)	(14,593,220)	-	-	(6,786,798)	(24,849,347)
Bonds issued	28,000,000	15,000,000	26,000,000	21,460,000	18,750,000	21,192,091	64,508,850	72,088,000	27,100,000	44,092,000
Bonds premium	3,145,496	8,549,374	2,480,740	5,152,394	2,756,696	2,894	2,371,214	1,874,448	672,349	1,180,352
Issuance of debt-long-term notes	473,924	4,536,852	3,475,344	445,320		13,115,500	4,662,430	2,956,796	2,495,343	5,994,265
Total other financing sources	26,223,860	20,557,686	30,693,073	15,272,367	15,769,439	32,167,623	60,860,299	74,127,264	20,166,044	23,561,716
Net change in fund balances	\$ 9,431,061	\$ (9,314,663)	\$ (3,754,265)	\$ (891,684)	\$ 14,146,957	\$ 11,158,201	\$ (3,115,961)	\$ (41,767,060)	\$ (22,096,108)	\$ 13,771,117
Debt Service as a percentage of										
Noncapital Expenditures	10.2%	10.4%	10.2%	10.3%	9.9%	8.7%	8.6%	7.5%	8.3%	11.2%

Note: Implementation of GASB 43 & 45 was fiscal year 2008. Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

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## THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland

### Assessed Valuation and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Real	l Property						Personal I	rope	erty					
							Asses	sed V	alue				Estimated		<b>Grand Total</b>	Total
Fiscal	Assessed		Estimated	Direct					Public				Market	Direct	Estimated	Direct
Year	Value		Market Value	Tax Rate	U	nincorporated	 Incorporated		Utilities		Total	_	Value	Tax Rate	 Market Value	Tax Rate
2007	\$ 14,922,575,656	\$	14,922,575,656	1.048%	\$	12,180,910	\$ 259,445,570	\$	258,703,530	\$	530,330,010	\$	530,330,010	2.620%	\$ 15,452,905,666	1.102%
2008	17,292,769,748		17,292,769,748	1.048		11,266,340	267,238,630		277,840,350		556,345,320		556,345,320	2.620	17,849,115,068	1.097
2009	19,863,606,197		19,863,606,197	1.048		11,958,790	273,972,690		271,526,820		557,458,300		557,458,300	2.620	20,421,064,497	1.091
2010	21,523,794,240		21,523,794,240	1.048		11,285,650	276,475,340		266,070,820		553,831,810		553,831,810	2.620	22,077,626,050	1.087
2011	20,362,487,659		20,362,487,659	1.048		10,631,520	258,758,007		275,237,500		544,627,027		544,627,027	2.620	20,907,114,686	1.089
2012	19,164,115,652		19,164,115,652	1.028		10,201,300	388,879,330		266,415,290		665,495,920		665,495,920	2.570	19,829,611,572	1.080
2013	18,276,387,823		18,276,387,823	1.018		10,738,930	253,571,870		268,124,550		532,435,350		532,435,350	2.545	18,808,823,173	1.061
2014	18,023,463,105		18,023,463,105	1.018		10,646,050	266,503,440		248,768,830		525,918,320		525,918,320	2.515	18,549,381,425	1.060
2015	17,942,543,249		17,942,543,249	1.018		10,629,226	273,646,180		268,730,010		553,005,416		553,005,416	2.515	18,495,548,665	1.063
2016	18,171,558,916		18,171,558,916	1.018		13,124,970	268,899,780		279,437,200		561,461,950		561,461,950	2.515	18,733,020,866	1.063

Real property is reassessed every three years. Real property is assessed at market value.

In fiscal year 2012, real property tax rate reduced from \$1.048 to \$1.028 per \$100 of assessed value.

In fiscal year 2013, real property tax rate reduced from 1.028 to 1.018 per 100 of assessed value.

In fiscal year 2012, personal property tax rate reduced from \$2.62 to \$2.57 per \$100 of assessed value.

In fiscal year 2013, personal property tax rate reduced from \$2.57 to \$2.545 per \$100 of assessed value.

In fiscal year 2014, personal property tax rate reduced from \$2.545 to \$2.515 per \$100 of assessed value

The total personal property assessed value is equal to the estimated market value.

## Real Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$100 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Direct	t Rate								Ov	erlappi	ng Rates							
Fiscal	Car	roll	S	tate of												New	U	nion	Mt.
Year	Cou	inty	Ma	aryland	Tar	eytown	Syk	esville	Mar	nchester	Wes	stminster	Han	pstead	V	/indsor	B	ridge	Airy
2007	\$	1.048	\$	0.112	\$	0.32	\$	0.33	\$	0.184	\$	0.44	\$	0.20	\$	0.1600	\$	0.30	\$ 0.1830
2008		1.048		0.112		0.32		0.33		0.184		0.44		0.20		0.2000		0.30	0.1740
2009		1.048		0.112		0.32		0.33		0.184		0.44		0.20		0.2000		0.30	0.1650
2010		1.048		0.112		0.32		0.33		0.184		0.44		0.20		0.2000		0.30	0.1650
2011		1.048		0.112		0.32		0.33		0.204		0.58		0.20		0.2000		0.30	0.1695
2012		1.028		0.112		0.32		0.33		0.216		0.58		0.20		0.2000		0.30	0.1695
2013		1.018		0.112		0.37		0.35		0.216		0.57		0.20		0.2000		0.30	0.1695
2014		1.018		0.112		0.37		0.35		0.216		0.56		0.20		0.2000		0.30	0.1695
2015		1.018		0.112		0.37		0.35		0.216		0.56		0.20		0.2115		0.30	0.1695
2016		1.018		0.112		0.37		0.35		0.216		0.56		0.22		0.2615		0.30	0.1695

The real property tax rates indicated for the incorporated towns only apply within town limits and are in addition to the county and state taxes.

Sources: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation.

## Principal Taxpayers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

### 2016

		•	Assessed	T	ax Amount	% of Total
Taxpayer	Type of Business		Valuation		Paid	Assessed Value
Baltimore Gas & Electric	Utilities	\$	187,974,020	\$	4,723,957	1.00%
Colonial Pipeline Co.	Pipeline transrefined petroleum		26,248,210		660,142	0.14%
Verizon-Maryalnd	Communications		26,105,150		656,544	0.14%
Carroll Lutheran Village	Retirement Village		58,024,900		590,693	0.31%
Penguin Random House	Warehouse Distribution		37,137,197		522,980	0.20%
Lehigh Cement Co. Inc	Manufacturer		35,058,636		513,065	0.19%
Potomac Edison	Utilities		17,504,250		440,232	0.09%
Wal-Mart Real Estate	Retail		31,014,700		389,611	0.17%
Stag Hampstead LLC	Warehouse Distribution		31,718,467		322,894	0.17%
Fairhaven Inc	Assisted Living		30,941,700		314,986	0.17%
		\$	481,727,230	\$	9,135,104	2.58%
	Total Assessed Valuation	\$	18,733,020,866			

#### 2007

	2007				
		Assessed	Т	ax Amount	% of Total
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Valuation		Paid	Assessed Value
Baltimore Gas & Electric	Utilities	\$ 153,935,910	\$	4,033,121	1.00%
Verizon-Maryland	Communications	62,171,650		1,628,897	0.40%
Carroll Lutheran Village	Retirement Village	52,830,207		553,661	0.34%
Colonial Pipeline Co.	Pipeline transrefined petroleum	20,470,050		536,315	0.13%
Random House Inc.	Warehouse Distribution Center	39,570,306		521,730	0.26%
Potomac Edison	Electric Utility	17,147,390		449,262	0.11%
Cranberry Mall Properties LLC	Mall	39,014,900		409,714	0.25%
Fairhaven Inc.	Assisted Living	34,384,100		360,345	0.22%
Hampstead 2004 LLC	Power Tools	31,499,900		330,119	0.20%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	Commercial Stores	26,610,180		311,765	0.17%
		\$ 477,634,593	\$	9,134,929	3.08%
	Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 15,452,905,666			

Property is reassessed every three years.

## Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total	Collected with Fiscal Year of the		(	Collected in	Total Collection to Date	ns	Outstanding	Percent of Deliquent
Ended June 30,	Tax Levy for Fiscal Year	Amount	Percent of Levy		Subsequent Years	Amount	Percent of Levy	Deliquent Taxes	Taxes to Tax Levy
2007	\$ 170,111,804	\$ 169,106,817	99.41%	\$	1,004,987	\$ 170,111,804	100.00%	\$ -	0.00%
2008	195,748,704	194,780,453	99.51%		968,251	195,748,704	100.00%	-	0.00%
2009	222,097,403	221,514,565	99.74%		581,541	222,096,106	99.99%	1,297	0.00%
2010	239,661,702	238,543,223	99.53%		1,109,292	239,652,515	99.99%	9,187	0.00%
2011	227,189,307	226,056,851	99.50%		1,104,085	227,160,936	99.99%	28,371	0.01%
2012	210,211,465	209,114,927	99.48%		1,026,736	210,141,663	99.97%	69,802	0.03%
2013	198,667,855	197,845,421	99.59%		753,274	198,598,695	99.97%	69,160	0.03%
2014	195,963,262	195,202,000	99.61%		671,347	195,873,347	99.95%	89,915	0.05%
2015	195,700,755	194,784,554	99.53%		756,216	195,540,770	99.92%	159,985	0.08%
2016	198,567,653	197,837,002	99.63%		-	197,837,002	99.63%	730,651	0.37%

The total Tax Levy is adjusted each year based on prior year abatements.

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## THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland

## Bureau of Utilities Water and Sewer Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Wat	er							Sew	er			
Fiscal Year	•	arterly e Rate	T	ier 1*	Ti	ier 2*	<u>T</u>	ier 3*	•	arterly se Rate	T	ier 1*	<u>T</u>	ier 2*	Ti	er 3*
2007	\$	7.64	\$	3.29	\$	4.02	\$	4.47	\$	10.06	\$	5.14	\$	6.38	\$	7.18
2008		8.23		3.35		4.18		4.69		11.61		5.70		6.71		6.60
2009		8.90		3.63		4.54		5.11		12.58		5.19		6.83		7.85
2010		8.41		4.02		4.67		5.07		11.95		5.91		7.06		7.82
2011		6.97		4.62		5.00		5.28		9.97		7.27		8.13		8.77
2012		6.97		4.62		5.00		5.28		9.97		7.27		8.13		8.77
2013		6.75		5.18		5.42		5.59		9.66		7.64		8.29		8.77
2014		7.37		5.75		5.93		6.07		10.45		8.15		8.69		9.15
2015		9.03		6.26		6.41		6.54		12.75		8.65		9.14		9.62
2016		9.03		6.26		6.41		6.54		12.75		8.65		9.14		9.62

Tiers are based on the following usages

Tier 1 0-10,000 gals.

Tier 2 10,001-30,000 gals.

Tier 3 30,001 gals. and up

\*Per 1,000 gallons

The standard household meter size is 5/8" and the average household usage for fiscal year 2016 was 13,000 gals. per quarter.

## Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities							Business-T	ype Ac	tivities				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds(1)	General Obligation Debt		Other Notes		Purchase greements	General Obligation Bonds (1)	Asse with	Special essment Debt Government emmitment	 Total Primary Government	% of Personal Income (3)	% of Market Property Value (2)	Per pita (3)
2007	\$ 218,904,371	\$ 7,136,864	\$	4,107,759	\$	2,725,443	\$ 13,781,251	\$	4,511,880	\$ 251,167,568	2.59%	1.63%	\$ 1,450
2008	219,672,038	7,136,864		3,473,927		2,583,004	22,345,826		3,742,952	258,954,611	2.68%	1.45%	1,486
2009	271,851,752	9,351,990	)	1,969,903		2,432,323	28,139,243		2,936,297	316,681,508	2.27%	1.55%	1,811
2010	308,741,636	14,014,420	)	937,965		2,268,571	27,878,604		2,090,052	355,931,248	2.02%	1.61%	2,130
2011	307,155,888	27,129,920		200,000		2,097,835	26,190,843		1,202,259	363,976,745	2.08%	1.74%	2,167
2012	300,214,844	27,129,920		-		1,919,820	23,758,129		271,865	353,294,578	2.15%	1.78%	2,096
2013	304,173,204	27,575,240		-		1,734,212	21,687,221		244,664	355,414,541	2.30%	1.89%	2,097
2014	304,903,421	31,050,584		-		1,540,690	19,575,054		216,757	357,286,506	2.51%	1.93%	2,094
2015	297,878,654	31,050,584		-		5,875,768	17,483,954		188,125	352,477,085	N/A	1.91%	2,053
2016	299,706,818	31,524,508		-		5,666,101	15,284,816		158,748	352,340,991	N/A	1.88%	2,040

Notes: N/A not available.

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) Bond premium/discounts and other unamortized charges are included.
- (2) See Table 6, Assessed Valuation and Estimated Market Value of Taxable Property, for Estimated Market Values of Taxable Property.
- (3) See Table 15, Demographic Statistics, for personal income and population data.

## Ratios of Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	eneral Obligation Bonds & Debt Outstanding	Percent of Actual Property Value (1)	Percent of Personal Income (2)	Ca	Per pita (2)
2007	\$ 239,822,486	1.55%	3.68%	\$	1,384
2008	249,154,728	1.39%	3.59%		1,430
2009	309,342,985	1.52%	4.31%		1,769
2010	350,634,660	1.59%	4.88%		1,997
2011	360,476,651	1.72%	4.87%		2,146
2012	351,102,893	1.77%	4.61%		2,082
2013	353,435,665	1.88%	4.32%		2,078
2014	355,529,059	1.91%	3.98%		2,083
2015	346,413,192	1.87%	N/A		2,017
2016	346,516,142	1.85%	N/A		2,007

Notes: N/A not available.

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> See Table 6, Assessed Valuation and Estimated Market Value of Taxable Property, for Estimated Market Values of Taxable Property.

<sup>(2)</sup> See Table 15, Demographic Statistics, for personal income and population data.

## Computation of Legal Debt Margin June 30, 2016

June 30, 2010		
Net assessed value- Real Property	\$ 18,171,558,916	
Debt limit - 6% of net total assessed value (1)		\$ 1,090,293,535
Assessed Value-Personal Property	561,461,950	
Debt limit- 15% of net assessed value (1)		 84,219,293
Debt Limit- (6%/15%) of net assessed value		1,174,512,828
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit:		
Total Bonded Debt	\$ 324,465,428	
Less- Agricultural Preservation Program Self Supporting Debt	31,524,508	
Less- Fire Company Loans- Self Supporting Debt	7,295,843	
Less - Bureau of Utilities bonds	12,713,285	
Less - Septage bonds	74,571	
Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit		 272,857,221
Legal debt margin		\$ 901,655,607

Note: (1) Recommended limit - Carroll County does not have a legal debt limit.

Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

## Schedule of Legal Debt Margin 2007-2016

Fiscal Year		Assessed Value	Legal Debt Limitation		Legal Borrowing Limitation		Debt Subject to Limitation		Legal Debt Margin	Ratio of Debt Subject to Limitation To Legal Borrowing Limitation
2007	\$	15,441,306,101	6%/15%	\$	974,208,067	\$	211,725,319	\$	762,482,748	21.73%
2008	Ψ	17,902,568,898	6%/15%	Ψ	1,124,225,213	Ψ	214,237,099	Ψ	909,988,114	19.06%
2009		20,409,412,280	6%/15%		1,274,735,984		268,496,244		1,006,239,740	21.06%
2010		22,066,168,625	6%/15%		1,373,814,980		303,156,906		1,070,658,074	22.07%
2011		20,895,165,478	6%/15%		1,302,726,361		301,960,750		1,000,765,611	23.18%
2012		19,813,576,019	6%/15%		1,248,709,194		292,937,714		955,771,480	23.46%
2013		18,789,765,921	6%/15%		1,175,305,137		287,113,093		888,192,044	24.43%
2014		18,514,343,538	6%/15%		1,158,193,261		286,486,025		871,707,236	24.74%
2015		18,495,548,665	6%/15%		1,159,503,407		273,161,300		886,342,107	23.56%
2016		18,733,020,866	6%/15%		1,174,512,828		272,857,221		901,655,607	23.23%

## Computation of Direct And Overlapping Debt June 30, 2016

Jurisdiction	 Real Property Assessed Valuation (1)	Percent of Assessed Valuation to Overlapping Jurisdictions	or rata Share of Direct Debt to risdicitons(2)	<u> </u>	Overlapping Debt(3)	Total Direct and Overlapping Debt
Hampstead	\$ 541,671,473	2.98%	\$ 10,017,091	\$	3,843,799	\$ 13,860,890
Manchester	460,691,564	2.54%	8,538,057		155,843	8,693,900
Mt. Airy	832,549,225	4.58%	15,395,395		6,492,938	21,888,333
New Windsor	126,666,045	0.70%	2,353,008		-	2,353,008
Sykesville	390,174,132	2.15%	7,227,096		605,307	7,832,403
Taneytown	558,078,996	3.07%	10,319,621		15,990,483	26,310,104
Union Bridge	68,397,366	0.38%	1,277,347		1,329,006	2,606,353
Westminster	1,623,873,347	8.94%	30,051,273		14,536,658	44,587,931
Unincorporated areas	13,569,456,768	74.66%	251,718,539		-	251,718,539
County-wide Totals	\$ 18,171,558,916	100.00%	\$ 336,897,427	\$	42,954,034	\$ 379,851,461

Note: (1) Assessed valuations of real property for each town are from the TASS 153 County report.

(2) See Note 8.

(3) Overlapping debt is provided by each municipality

Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

Incorporated Municipalities.

## **Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Fiscal Year			Personal Income S in thous.)	r Capita nal Income (2)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2007	173,208	\$	6,516,268	\$ 38,694	28,575	3.70%
2008	174,249		6,944,986	41,147	28,261	3.80%
2009	174,909		7,176,136	42,264	27,745	6.60%
2010	167,134		7,192,191	44,247	27,524	6.50%
2011	167,929		7,400,133	45,507	27,201	6.80%
2012	168,570		7,612,765	48,919	26,937	6.60%
2013	169,519		8,180,090	49,477	26,506	6.20%
2014	170,643		8,928,631	53,200	26,153	5.40%
2015	171,702		N/A	N/A	25,706	4.80%
2016	172,703		N/A	N/A	25,551	4.30%

Source: (1) Carroll County Department of Comprehensive Planning, June 2016. FY 2010 reflects the 2010 Census data. All other fiscal years are estimates.

- (3) Carroll County Board of Education Approved Operating Budget Fiscal Year 2015-2016.
- (4) Maryland Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation, Office of Labor Market Analysis and Information.

<sup>(2)</sup> Maryland Department of Planning, Planning Data Services, from U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, April 2015.

## Major Employers Fiscal Year 2015 and Eight Years Ago

#### 2015

		Total	Percentage of Total County
Firm	Product/Service	Employment *	<b>Employment</b>
Board of Education of Carroll County **	Elementary and secondary school systems	3,630	6.47%
Carroll Hospital Center	General hospital	1,997	3.56%
Springfield Hospital Center	Mental health services	833	1.48%
Jos. A. Bank Clothiers	Corporate HQ/ Distribution	778	1.39%
Penguin Random House, Inc.	Book warehousing and distribution	753	1.34%
EMA/Fairhaven	Retirement/Assisted Living	700	1.25%
McDaniel College	Higher education	621	1.11%
Carroll County Government***	Local government	592	1.05%
Carroll Communinty College	Higher education	509	0.91%
EVAPCO	Cooling Equipment Manufacturer	440	0.78%
	Total	10,853	19.33%
	Annual Average Employment in Carroll County****	56,144	

#### 2007

Firm	Product/Service	Total Employment	Percentage of Total County Employment
Board of Education of Carroll County **	Elementary and secondary school systems	3,689	6.57%
Carroll Hospital Center	General hospital	1,761	3.14%
Random House	Book warehousing and distribution	900	1.60%
Springfield Hospital Center	Mental health services	833	1.48%
Carroll County Government ***	Local government central office	656	1.17%
McDaniel College	Higher education	623	1.11%
Fairhaven (Episcopal Ministries)	Life care retirement community	603	1.07%
Jos. A. Bank Clothiers	Corporate HQ/ Distribution	527	0.94%
Carroll Community College	Higher education	509	0.91%
General Dynamic Robotic Systems	Technology Manufacturing	480	0.85%
·	Total	10,581	18.85%
	Annual Average Employment in Carroll County	55,764	

Notes: \* As of July 15, 2014.

\*\* Does not include hourly employees such as substitutes, aides, etc.

\*\*\* Central offices only. Excludes Sheriff's Department, Courts, etc.

\*\*\*\* As of June 2014.

Source: Carroll County Department of Economic Development.

The County's Annual Average Employment is from the Maryland Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation

Annual Employment and Payroll Reports. Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

Carroll County Department of Land Use, Planning and Development

## THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

# Westminster, Maryland Full-Time County Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/program	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government										
County Commissioners										
Legislative	6	5	5	6	5	9	9	8	9	11
Public Information	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2
* Farm Museum	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	9	10	10
* Building Construction	2	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-
* Facilities	48	50	51	47	47	48	-	-	-	-
* Fleet	24	23	23	22	23	24	-	-	-	-
* Permits	23	22	22	22	22	22	-	-	-	-
* Airport Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	2
Judicial Services	74	70	68	68	68	69	73	75	73	72
County Attorney	9	10	11	12	10	10	10	10	10	10
Comptroller	34	34	33	34	34	34	35	36	37	37
Administrative Services										
Administrative Services- Admin	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Human Resources and Personnel Svcs	12	11	12	13	12	13	13	16	17	17
Management Analysis	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	2
TV Production	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Production & Distribution Svcs	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Technology Services	30	29	27	27	25	25	25	25	27	25
Management and Budget	15	15	14	15	15	14	16	18	16	18
Land Use, Planning and Development	51	48	47	45	46	43	43	43	45	42
* General Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	103	118	127	122
Human Services	48	51	55	50	48	48	45	54	56	51
Public Safety										
Sheriff Services	245	249	253	242	230	211	204	209	197	196
Emergency Services	41	36	36	34	37	30	31	32	36	35
Public Works										
* Supervision & Administration	8	7	5	4	3	2	2	4	4	4
* Airport	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Roads	104	100	101	101	100	99	97	105	112	108
* Engineering	19	18	18	19	18	19	20	22	23	21
Bureau of Utilities-Operations	31	32	31	32	33	33	32	33	34	30
Solid Waste-Operations	15	18	17	20	20	20	19	20	20	20
Social Services	12	12	17	16	17	17	16	16	15	15
Education	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
*Culture and Recreation	26	26	25	32	31	31	22	27	27	27
Conservation of Natural Resources										
Soil Conservation Service	4	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	6	6
Economic Development										
Economic Development	6	8	7	6	6	6	6	7	7	7
BERC	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	8	8	10
* Tourism	8	8	8	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
Total Full Time Employee Totals	911	905	910	892	875	854	855	913	930	907
Part Time Employees	7	5	5	6	5	5	8	12	14	15
Total Employees	918	910	915	898	880	859	863	925	944	922
~ ~	$\overline{}$				$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$		$\overline{}$		

Source: Department of the Comptroller

<sup>\*</sup> Denotes departments affected by reorganizations.

## **Operating Indicators by Function/Program**

		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008		2007
General Information		2010		2015		2011		2015		2012		2011		2010		2007		2000		2007
Population		172,703		171,702		170,643		169,519		168,570		167,929		167,134		174,909		174,249		173,208
Registered Voters		124,340		120,076		119,595		116,523		112,931		112,688		110,336		109,428		106,828		106,853
General Government		124,340		120,070		119,393		110,323		112,931		112,000		110,330		109,428		100,828		100,833
Building Permits Issued for Residential		278		287		329		340		246		187		201		159		255		335
	¢.	49,644	\$	53,298	\$	54,620	Φ	56,305	\$		\$	31,803	\$	32,699	\$	26,308	\$	44,316	\$	57.126
Estimated Value (\$ in thousands) Residential	\$		Ф		Ф		\$		Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф	,
Building Permits Issued for other purposes	Φ.	2,452	Φ.	2,082	•	1,681	Φ.	1,775	Φ.	1,826	Φ.	1,828	Φ.	1,745	•	1,908	Ф	2,534	Φ.	2,727
Estimated Value (\$ in thousands) Other	\$	81,606	\$	90,926	\$	70,835	\$	80,519	\$	71,994	\$	66,314	\$	52,397	\$	108,861	\$	177,729	\$	102,781
Fire and Emergency Service																				
Paid Firemen		120		120		120		120		120		120		115		115		112		92
Active Volunteers (estimated)		725		725		725		700		714		714		704		663		675		675
Dispatched Incidents		N/A		N/A		18,786		18,731		18,488		18,216		18,081		17,848		17,584		16,357
911 Calls Received		N/A		N/A		71,437		62,319		60,037		60,752		59,565		61,140		59,186		57,761
Police Protection																				
Resident Troopers		-		-		-		15		30		46		46		46		46		46
Sheriff's Department		116		106		106		101		87		64		64		64		66		64
Citations/Warnings		23,460		25,195		23,410		19,579		16,940		16,551		15,845		17,805		14,802		16,551
911 Calls for Service		N/A		N/A		19,880		19,242		14,670		18,293		18,293		17,721		12,779		6,083
Detention Center																				
Detention Center Officers		97		91		91		91		92		92		92		95		93		93
Total Prisoner Days		82,527		95,793		88,565		82,994		84,739		93,252		92,144		100,430		98,155		107,711
Water																				
Daily Average Usage (mgd)		2.03		2.02		2.05		2.18		2.28		2.07		2.05		2.08		2.18		2.16
Plants Daily Capacity (mgd)		7.39		7.39		7.39		7.39		7.39		7.39		7.39		7.39		3.39		3.39
Number of Customer Accounts		8,582		8,521		8,474		8,428		8,382		8,323		8,268		8,256		8,247		8,230
Wastewater		0,502		0,521		0,474		0,420		0,502		0,323		0,200		0,230		0,247		0,230
Daily Average Usage (mgd)		2.65		2.89		2.64		2.63		2.86		2.83		2.71		2.59		2.95		2.89
Plants Daily Capacity (mgd)		4.45		4.45		4.45		4.45		4.45		4.45		4.45		4.45		4.45		4.45
Number of Customer Accounts		9,166		9,107		9,040		8,995		8,953		8,891		8,844		8,816		8,793		8,766
Solid Waste		2,100		2,107		2,040		0,773		0,233		0,071		0,044		0,010		0,773		0,700
Tons In		99,402		95,480		95,758		96,908		101,616		105,683		85,942		81,447		100,195		108,608
Tons Recycled		23,125		20,502		21.182		21.181		30,587		30.154		20.155		20,322		20,652		21.080
Tons into Landfill		5,097		13,100		17,271		12,840		12,809		13,588		11,576		12,370		14,051		8,969
Tons Transferred		94,304						,				91,306								
		94,304		82,380		78,487		84,068		87,153		91,300		74,364		69,078		86,144		100,028
Education		2 100		2 129		2.152		0.154		2.162		2 100		2 200		2.251		2 200		2 275
Number of Teachers		2,199		2,128		2,152		2,154		2,163		2,198		2,209		2,251		2,209		2,375
Number of Students		25,551		25,706		26,153		26,506		26,937		27,201		27,524		27,745		28,261		28,575
Community College																				
Full Time Equivalent Students (FTE's)		2,664		2,803		2,920		3,167		3,173		3,347		3,138		2,920		2,867		2,517
Faculty-Full Time		79		85		82		84		79		77		73		75		63		63
Faculty-Part Time		215		196		199		212		296		580		527		545		143		417
Airport																				
Fuel Sales (gals)		276,020		252,457		329,762		270,784		279,664		304,837		255,099		280,319		471,700		503,574
Tie Downs Occupied		12		12		12		15		15		25		25		25		25		25
Corporate Hangars Occupied		7		7		7		7		7		7		6		6		6		7
T Hangars Occupied		82		82		82		82		82		82		82		82		82		82
Libraries																				
Number of volumes (estimated)		603,439		600,018		555,600		557,220		548,749		570,742		552,892		551,376		517,239		511,026
Circulation	3	,790,887	3	3,970,949	3	,987,246	4	4,200,368		4,402,122	4	,295,264	4	4,214,073	3	3,885,584		3,606,169	3	3,421,828
Senior Centers																				
Outside Groups using facilities		2,731		2,381		2,280		1,998		2,007		3,213		2,516		2,922		3,156		3,133
Volunteer Hours performed at Centers		54,499		51,448		54,857		57,402		49,518		44,689		41,493		39,311		39,352		42,957
Meals Served		39,360		37,124		34,357		33,606		30,446		33,297		29,171		26,020		25,188		27,242
Seniors Attending Activities		310,949		295,793		273,041		274,588		271,716		241,749		243,226		159,518		129,635		173,707
=																				

N/A: Information is not available for the years indicated.

## THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

## Westminster, Maryland

## **Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program**

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Information			·					, .		
Area in Square Miles	455.52	455.52	455.52	455.52	455.52	455.52	455.52	455.52	455.52	455.52
Miles of Roads Paved	993	915	905	903	899	896	896	893	891	888
Miles of Roads Unpaved	69	70	80	80	80	83	83	84	86	87
Number of Bridges	153	151	151	151	145	147	147	147	147	147
Acres in Agricultural Land										
Preservation	68,929	66,642	65,761	62,366	62,078	60,002	57,627	54,858	50,711	46,998
Fire and Emergency Service										
Stations	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Detention Center										
Capacity	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185
Water										
Water Mains (miles)	144	141	140	139	139	139	139	135	135	134
Treatment Plants	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Water Tanks	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Wastewater										
Sewer Mains (miles)	130	128	127	125	125	125	125	125	122	121
Treatment Plants	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Pumping Stations	22	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Solid Waste										
Active Landfills	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Recreation and Culture										
Parks (1)	32	32	32	32	32	31	29	28	27	27
Acreage	4,773	4,773	4,773	4,773	4,773	4,629	4,652	4,478	4,478	4,478
Education										
Elementary	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	22
Middle	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
High	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7
Vocational technical	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Special/Alternative Education	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
College	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Airport										
Runway (feet)	5,100	5,100	5,100	5,100	5,100	5,100	5,100	5,100	5,100	5,100
T Hangars Available	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82
Corporate Hangars Available	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Tie Downs Available	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52
Apron Area (acres)	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6
Firearms Facility	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Libraries	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5
Senior Centers	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

Note: (1) Includes two proposed reservoirs. Source: Carroll County Government.

## Bureau of Utilities - Revenue and Expenses Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Revenue										
Usage charges	10,359,334	\$ 10,233,000	\$ 9,272,482	\$ 8,676,619	\$ 8,312,844	\$ 8,446,852	\$ 7,620,404	\$ 7,328,198	\$ 7,305,990	\$ 7,119,000
Service charges	10,557,554	Ψ 10,233,000	φ	Ψ 0,070,017	798	11,838	4,680	421	54,991	64,593
Penalties and interest	452,880	222,120	480,963	577,270	179,147	382,493	209,239	442,379	1,815,891	1,526,835
Operating transfer - County	189,350	199,420	193,390	202,790	199,511	(305,031)	200,200	206,980	629,850	212,000
Capital contributions (1)	887,006	482,614	775,916	1,008,491	335,174	523,776	426,563	75,395	855,655	291,282
Maintenance fee	1,467,824	1,462,477	1,455,846	1,454,435	1,443,774	1,438,797	1,432,610	1,428,013	1,427,782	1,421,568
		793	262,830	265,575	176,530	172,040	217,957	190,940	307,022	
Other	12 256 204								· <del></del>	160,877
Total revenue	13,356,394	12,600,424	12,441,427	12,185,180	10,647,778	10,670,765	10,111,653	9,672,326	12,397,181	10,796,155
Expenses										
Salaries	2,551,327	2,443,101	2,510,322	2,298,153	2,358,994	2,341,948	2,394,033	2,499,181	2,241,162	2,027,979
Operating expenses	6,308,098	5,692,128	5,795,999	5,434,123	5,605,458	6,280,389	5,129,427	3,157,883	5,652,991	3,861,160
Depreciation	2,185,471	2,204,733	2,285,154	2,279,024	2,266,863	2,275,618	1,914,768	1,579,651	1,534,088	1,515,493
Interest	499,729	706,695	736,935	789,748	859,153	992,506	1,051,417	932,542	628,305	406,980
Other	55,584	-	-	-	-	-	-,,	-	-	-
Total expense	11,600,209	11,046,657	11,328,410	10,801,048	11,090,468	11,890,461	10,489,645	8,169,257	10,056,546	7,811,612
_										
Excess (deficiency) of										
revenue over (under) expense:	1,756,185	\$ 1,553,767	\$ 1,113,017	\$ 1,384,132	\$ (442,690)	\$ (1,219,696)	\$ (377,992)	\$ 1,503,069	\$ 2,340,635	\$ 2,984,543

Note: (1) Adoption of GASB 33 requires all capital contributions be treated as revenue and presented separately within the financial statements.

Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

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## Solid Waste Fund - Revenue and Expenses Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013		2012	2011	 2010	 2009	2008	2007
Revenue											
Charge for services	\$ 6,201,012	\$ 6,023,220	\$ 5,862,657	\$	6,165,482	\$ 6,647,622	\$ 6,713,042	\$ 5,435,007	\$ 6,133,596	\$ 6,269,365	\$ 6,353,183
Penalties and interest	214,039	2,573	21,644		19,936	15,624	14,773	211,945	302,752	447,743	631,268
Proceeds from sales of											
recyclables	123,621	317,760	546,110		628,089	596,322	591,880	461,818	391,872	340,424	227,025
Capital contributions-equip.											
transferred from County	47,133	-			-	-	-	15,888	-	-	-
Gain on sale of fixed assets	12,431	-	-		78,616	3,677	-	35,395	-	-	-
Other	2,700	476,079	265,732		256,367	186,955	186,399	10,519	8,775	17,107	29,471
Operating transfer - County	2,415,000	 125,632	1,115,000		6,445,000	2,545,000	2,545,000	 2,545,000	 2,545,000	2,645,000	 2,645,000
Total revenue	9,015,936	6,945,264	7,811,143		13,593,490	9,995,200	10,051,094	8,715,572	9,381,995	9,719,639	9,885,947
Expense											
Salaries	1,523,060	1,435,456	1,436,414		1,524,733	1,522,883	1,604,911	1,633,798	1,633,309	1,387,457	1,335,170
Operating expenses	7,866,631	7,444,156	4,218,417		9,874,810	6,459,000	6,453,160	6,652,203	5,363,689	5,817,255	6,162,316
Depreciation	551,842	577,666	564,037		585,096	621,723	615,658	472,313	266,818	203,133	174,008
Interest	55,038	93,541	100,662		123,644	124,285	 156,480	 202,701	 224,027	241,073	263,743
Total expense	9,996,571	9,550,819	6,319,530		12,108,283	8,727,891	8,830,209	8,961,015	7,487,843	7,648,918	7,935,237
Excess (deficiency) of											
revenue over expense	\$ (980,635)	\$ (2,605,555)	\$ 1,491,613	\$	1,485,207	\$ 1,267,309	\$ 1,220,885	\$ (245,443)	\$ 1,894,152	\$ 2,070,721	\$ 1,950,710
Tipping Fee per ton	\$ 62.00	\$ 62.00	\$ 62.00	\$	62.00	\$ 62.00	\$ 60.00	\$ 58.00	\$ 76.00	\$ 61.00	\$ 58.00

## Airport Fund - Revenue and Expenses Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2016	2015	 2014	2013	2012	 2011	2010	2009	2008		2007
	Revenue											
	Rent	\$ 694,754	\$ 667,119	\$ 638,096	\$ 586,247	\$ 588,932	\$ 611,167	\$ 462,981	\$ 470,011	\$ 495,278	\$	450,749
	Fuel sales	69,005	60,589	75,846	63,270	61,685	64,016	53,570	197,646	1,715,510		1,378,850
	Capital contributions (1)	179,130	25,000	186,719	434,316	233,646	111,220	48,969	460,454	91,598		366,572
	Capital contributions-County	30,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		5,603,372
	Land sale	5,632	902	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1,064,797
	Operating transfer-County	-	-	-	2,000,000	-	-	-	40,000	40,000		40,000
	Other	318	592	9,009	55	43	 691	2,030	3,601	 11,222		10,850
	Total revenue	978,839	 754,202	 909,670	 3,083,888	 884,306	 787,094	 567,550	 1,171,712	 2,353,608		8,915,190
230	Expenses											
0	Salaries	235,452	198,133	200,002	199,851	188,612	212,539	247,203	256,173	236,788		184,513
	Operating expenses	158,637	175,804	153,102	216,549	1,312,582	124,103	308,329	267,209	2,359,958		1,612,527
	Operating expenses-capital (2)	204,719	120,000	194,565	5,438	-	15,892	-	-	255,400		36,061
	Interest	48,478	65,301	70,822	78,281	84,437	93,960	104,350	113,327	122,044		130,092
	Depreciation	175,761	174,578	182,320	188,935	183,140	171,551	169,729	140,983	123,428		123,428
	Operating transfer-County	-	-	-	-	 -	 -	-	 -	 	_	41,446
	Total expense	823,047	 733,816	 800,811	 689,054	 1,768,771	 618,045	 829,611	 777,692	 3,097,618		2,128,067
	Excess (deficiency) of											
	revenue over expense:	\$ 155,792	\$ 20,386	\$ 108,859	\$ 2,394,834	\$ (884,465)	\$ 169,049	\$ (262,061)	\$ 394,020	\$ (744,010)	\$	6,787,123

<sup>(1)</sup> Capital contributions include reimbursements from the Federal Aviation Administration and the Maryland Aviation Administration.

Note: (1) Adoption of GASB 33 requires all capital contributions be treated as revenue and presented separately within the financial statements. Source: Carroll County Department of the Comptroller.

<sup>(2)</sup> Operating expense reimbursed by the Federal Aviation Adminstration and the Maryland Aviation Administration.

## THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

# Westminster, Maryland Retired Members of the Carroll County Pension Plan by Type of Benefit As of June 30, 2015

Amount of	# of Retired		Type of R	Retirement				Option	Selected		
Monthly Benefit	Members	1	2	3	4	Unmod	A	В	С	D	Е
Deferred	185										
\$ 1 - \$250	65	60		5		24	7	11	19	2	2
251 - 500	80	70	5	5		21	10	9	27	3	10
501-750	45	38	7			14	6	12	8	1	4
751 - 1000	17	13	4			5	2	3	3		4
Over 1,000	5	5					1		3		

Type of Retirement:

- 1 Normal Retirement for age and/or service
- 2 Early Retirement
- 3 Beneficiary Payment, normal or early retirement
- 4 Beneficiary Payment, death in service

Option Selected:

Unmodified: Life Annuity, member only

- A Beneficiary receives lump sum of unused contributions
- B Life Annuity of member, with ten years certain and continuous
- $\ensuremath{\mathrm{C}}$  Beneficiary receives 100 percent of member's reduced monthly benefit
- D Beneficiary receives 75 percent of member's reduced monthly benefit
- E Beneficiary receives 50 percent of member's redcued monthly benefit

## Carroll County Employee Pension Plan Average Benefit Payments Last Ten Fiscal Years

Years of Credited Service													
Retirement Effective Date		0 - 5		5 - 10	1	0 - 15		15 - 20		20 - 25		25 - 30	
Period 7/1/05 to 6/30/06													
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	51	\$	333	\$	1,685	\$	2,199	\$	1,225	\$	_	
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$	2,102	\$	1,872	\$	2,373	\$	3,151	\$	2,839	\$	_	
Number of Retired Members	Ψ	1	Ψ	4	Ψ	9	Ψ	9	Ψ	6	Ψ	_	
rumber of Retired Wellbers		•		-						Ü			
Period 7/1/06 to 6/30/07													
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	70	\$	370	\$	1,773	\$	4,959	\$	2,407	\$	_	
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$	1,675	\$	1,872	\$	2,373	\$	3,553	\$	2,858	\$	_	
Number of Retired Members		2		4		9		15		8		-	
Period 7/1/07 to 6/30/08													
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	137	\$	447	\$	2,125	\$	6,625	\$	4,404	\$	-	
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$	2,065	\$	1,939	\$	2,572	\$	3,498	\$	3,385	\$	-	
Number of Retired Members		4		5		12		18		13		-	
Period 7/1/08 to 6/30/09													
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	198	\$	934	\$	3,207	\$	9,320	\$	6,777	\$	_	
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$	2,065	\$	2,605	\$	2,705	\$	3,457	\$	3,365	\$	_	
Number of Retired Members	Ψ	4	Ψ	7	Ψ	14	Ψ	25	Ψ	17	Ψ	_	
Period 7/1/09 to 6/30/10													
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	206	\$	1,276	\$	4,144	\$	11,327	\$	10,647	\$	609	
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$	1,879	\$	3,030	\$	2,706	\$	3,631	\$	3,574	\$	3,544	
Number of Retired Members		5		11		19		30		30		1	
Period 7/1/10 to 6/30/11													
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	518	\$	1,736	\$	5,999	\$	13,356	\$	17,581	\$	622	
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$	2,314	\$	2,909	\$	2,849	\$	3,886	\$	3,649	\$	3,544	
Number of Retired Members	Ψ	9	Ψ	15	Ψ	26	Ψ	32	Ψ	36	Ψ	1	
Trumber of Remed 1120116015				10								•	
Period 7/1/11 to 6/30/12													
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	822	\$	2,499	\$	8,352	\$	15,819	\$	19,982	\$	762	
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$	2,512	\$	2,992	\$	2,963	\$	3,856	\$	3,685	\$	3,620	
Number of Retired Members		11		19		31		34		38		2	
Period 7/1/12 to 6/30/13													
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	1,089	\$	3,107	\$	9,970	\$	17,569	\$	21,338	\$	1,793	
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$	2,614	\$	2,897	\$	3,043	\$	3,818	\$	3,708	Ф \$	3,408	
Number of Retired Members	Ψ	15	Ψ	22	Ψ	36	Ψ	38	Ψ	40	Ψ	3,400	
Traineer of Retired Weinberg		15		22		50		50		10			
Period 7/1/13 to 6/30/14													
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	1,356	\$	4,366	\$	11,337	\$	20,840	\$	23,544	\$	4,255	
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$	2,730	\$	2,874	\$	3,099	\$	3,750	\$	3,797	\$	3,621	
Number of Retired Members		17		28		39		43		43		8	
Period 7/1/14 to 6/30/15													
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	1,738	\$	7,062	\$	15,280	\$	27,295	\$	25,804	\$	11,100	
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$	2,850	\$	2,952	\$	3,171	\$	3,879	\$	3,781	\$	3,749	
Number of Retired Members	4	18	Ψ	36	Ψ	47	4	52	4	44	Ψ	15	

### THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY

## Westminster, Maryland

## Retired Members of the Carroll County Certified Law Officers Pension Plan by Type of Benefit As of June 30, 2016

Amount of	# of Retired		Type of F	Retirement		Option Selected					
Monthly Benefit	Members	1	2	3	4	Unmod	A	В	С	D	Е
Deferred	1										
\$ 1 - \$250	0										
251 - 500	1	1							1		
501-750	2	2					1		1		
751 - 1000	0										
Over 1,000	5	5							2	1	2
		2 - Early Ret 3 - Beneficia	Retirement for tirement ary Payment, 1	age and/or ser normal or early death in service	retirement	A - Beneficia B - Life Ann C - Beneficia D - Beneficia	eted: Life Annuity, Arry receives lu uity of membe Arry receives 10 Arry receives 50	mp sum of ur er, with ten ye 00 percent of 5 percent of n	nused contribu ars certain an member's red nember's redu	d continuous uced monthly ced monthly	benefit benefit

## Carroll County Certified Law Officer's Pension Average Benefit Payments Last Six Fiscal Years

Years of Credited Service

	Years of Credited Service											
Retirement Effective Date	0 -	- 5	5 -	10	1	0 - 15	1	5 - 20	2	0 - 25	2	5 - 30
Period 7/1/09 to 6/30/10												
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	_	\$	_	\$	354	\$	_	\$	_	\$	911
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$	_	\$	_	\$	5,059	\$	_	\$	_	\$	4,488
Number of Retired Members		-		-		1		-		-		1
Period 7/1/10 to 6/30/11												
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	-	\$	-	\$	709	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,366
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,059	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,488
Number of Retired Members		-		-		1		-		-		1
Period 7/1/11 to 6/30/12												
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	-	\$	-	\$	723	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,393
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,059	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,488
Number of Retired Members		-		-		1		-		-		1
Period 7/1/12 to 6/30/13.												
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	-	\$	-	\$	737	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,483
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,059	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,488
Number of Retired Members		-		-		1		-		-		2
Period 7/1/13 to 6/30/14												
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,391	\$	130	\$	2,947	\$	5,316
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,010	\$	4,338	\$	4,612	\$	4,553
Number of Retired Members		-		-		2		1		2		3
Period 7/1/14 to 6/30/15												
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,411	\$	390	\$	1,209	\$	7,869
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,010	\$	4,338	\$	4,175	\$	4,678
Number of Retired Members		-		-		2		1		1		4

Carroll County Certified Law Officer's Pension was established during fiscal year 2010.

# Single Audit

## Section









No matter what season, there is always an event going on in Carroll County. Pictured above are just a few events that happen in Carroll County. Pictured at the top left is the Hampstead Vol. Fire Dept carnival. Top right is a hay ride at the Fall Harvest Days at the Carroll County Farm Museum. Bottom left is a vendor from the Maryland Wine Festival held at the Carroll County Farm Museum. Bottom right is a picture from the Annual Corn Roast held at The Homestead at Union Mills.



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance with Other Matters Based on an
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The County Commissioners of Carroll County Westminster, Maryland

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carroll County, Maryland, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Carroll County, Maryland's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2016. The County's financial statements include the operations of the Carroll County Community College, the Carroll County Board of Education, the Industrial Development Authority of Carroll County, and the Carroll County Public Library for the year ended June 30, 2016. Our audit described below, did not include operations of these entities as they are engaged under separate audits in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Carroll County, Maryland's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Carroll County, Maryland's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carroll County, Maryland's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be material weaknesses as item 2016-001 and 2016-002.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Carroll County, Maryland's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Carroll County, Maryland's Response to Findings

Carroll County, Maryland's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Carroll County, Maryland's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Baltimore, Maryland December 22, 2016

CohnReynickLLP



## Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required By the Uniform Guidance

The County Commissioners of Carroll County Westminster, Maryland

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Carroll County, Maryland's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Carroll County, Maryland's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Carroll County, Maryland's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Carroll County, Maryland's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Carroll County, Maryland's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

The County's financial statements include the operations of the Carroll County Community College, the Carroll County Board of Education, the Industrial Development Authority of Carroll County, and the Carroll County Public Library for the year ended June 30, 2016, component units which may have received federal awards, and which are not included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the year ended June 30, 2016. Our audit described below did not include operations of these entities as they are engaged under separate audits. The results of these audits are separately reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance, if required.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Carroll County, Maryland's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Carroll County, Maryland complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Carroll County, Maryland is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Carroll County, Maryland's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carroll County, Maryland's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Baltimore, Maryland December 22, 2016

CohnReynickZIF

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through to Subrecipients	Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Direct Housing Section 8 Grants				
Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Cluster (14.871)				
FSS FED FY16	14.871	\$ -	\$ 71,133	
HUD Housing FY16	14.871	-	4,954,929	
HUD Housing Admin FY16	14.871	-	412,609	
HUD Housing FY17	14.871	-	8,384	
HUD Housing FY15	14.871	-	(2,423)	
HUD Housing FY11	14.871	-	2,423	
Housing Counseling FY05	14.871	-	216	
Total Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Cluster (14.871)			5,447,271	
Continium of Care FFY13	14.267	-	2,418	
Continuum of Care FFY16	14.267		2,349	
Total U.S. Department of HUD Section 8 Grants			5,452,038	
U.S. Department of Housing & Community Development				
Passed Through Maryland Department of Community Developme				
Emergency Solutions FY15	14.231	43,139	43,139	
ARC-CDBG FY17	14.218	452,253	452,253	
Total U.S. Department of HCD MD Community Development		495,392	495,392	
U.S. Department of Labor Passed Through Howard County Manpower Resources Employment and Training Assistance WIA Cluster (17.259 / 17.278)				
BERC-Title I Adult FY15	17.278	-	139,951	
BERC-Title I Dislc Worker FY15	17.278	-	520,569	
BERC-Youth FY15	17.259	-	65,881	
BERC-Admin FY15	17.278	-	37,717	
BERC-Title I Adult FY16	17.278	-	3,848	
BERC-Title I Dislc Worker FY16	17.278	-	2,252	
BERC-Youth FY16	17.259	-	508,221	
BERC-Admin FY16	17.278	-	139	
BERC-WEX FY15	17.259	-	442	
Economically Disadvantaged Youth FY10	17.259	<del>-</del>	1,026	
Total WIA Cluster (17.259 / 17.278)			1,280,046	
Total U.S. Department of Labor			1,280,046	

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through Maryland Office on Aging			
Aging Cluster (93.044 / 93.045)			
Title III, Part C FY15	93.045	-	118,479
Home Delivered Meals FY15	93.045	-	33,877
Home Delivered Meals FY16	93.045	-	66,099
Title III, Part B FY15	93.044	-	101,579
Title III, Part B FY16	93.044	-	173,752
Title III, Part C FY16	93.045	-	176,028
Total Aging Cluster (93.044 / 93.045)		-	669,814
Title III, Part D FY15	93.043	-	3,758
Title III, Part E FY15	93.052	-	22,094
Title III, Part D FY16	93.043	-	9,000
Title III, Part E FY16	93.052	-	42,796
Ombudsman FY15	93.042	-	92
Ombudsman FY16	93.042	-	10,360
SMP-Exp FFY16	93.779	-	2,504
SMP FY16	93.779	-	1,300
SHIP/SMP FY15	93.779	-	3,754
SHP FY16	93.779	-	1,027
MIPPA FY15	93.779	-	5,363
Access to Recovery FY13	93.959		15,686
Total U.S. Department of HHS Through MD Office on Aging	g		787,548
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through Maryland State Department of Human Resou			
Circuit Ct Child Support FY15	93.563	-	4,330
St Atty Child Support FY15	93.563	-	124,818
Sheriff Child Support FY15	93.563	-	29,899
Circuit Ct Child Support FY16	93.563	-	16,644
State's Atty Child Support FY16	93.563	-	335,948
Sheriff Child Support FY16	93.563	405.004	78,697
Safe & Stable FY16	93.556	125,824	125,824
Family Preservation FY16	93.558	356,250	356,250
Sheriff CCAIC Training Enhance FY16	93.643	-	1,978
Drug Ct FY15 Shoriff CCAIC Training Enhance FV15	16.738	-	7,794
Sheriff CCAIC Training Enhance FY15	93.643		2,235
Total U.S. Department of HHS Through MD St Department	of HR	482,074	1,084,417

Fordered Overstan/Danagery Title	Federal CFDA	Pass-through to	Former distance
Federal Grantor/Program Title	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
Veterans Administration			
Passed Through Maryland Office On Aging			
Veterans Directed Home FY15	64.022	-	910
Veterans Directed Home FY16	64.022		14,232
Total U.S. Veterans Administration Passed Through MD Off	ice On Aging		15,142
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through Maryland Department of Health & Mental Hygic	ene		
MAP FY15	93.779	-	24,108
MFP FY15	93.779	-	3,047
MAP FY16	93.779	-	79,779
MA Waiver FY16	93.779	-	239,260
MFP FY16	93.779		10,038
Total U.S. Department of HHS Through MD Department of H	нмн		356,232
II C. Department of Transportation			
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed Through Maryland State Highway Administration Sheriff Highway Safety FY15	20.600		13,296
Section 5311 FY16	20.509	_	100,119
Section 5307 FY16	20.509	-	261,524
Section 5307 F 110 Section 5311 Capital FY16	20.509		212,285
Older Driver FY16	20.614	_	582
UPWP FY16	20.205	_	33,160
UPWP FY15	20.205	_	22,580
Clean & Paint Structural Steel Bridges	20.205		292,247
Clean & Faint Structural Steel Bridges	20.203		292,247
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			935,793
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed Through Maryland Emergency Management Administra			
Emergency Planners	97.008	-	121,917
Est Emergency Operations Center	97.008	-	3,920
Est Sustainable HLS ecerc prog	97.008	-	983
Respond to all Hazrds	97.008	-	21,523
UASI-Law Enforcement	97.008	-	32,612
UASI-Hazmat	97.008	-	25,001
UASI-MCCV	97.008	-	10,093
UASI-Incident Mgmt Software	97.008	-	20
Emer Notification System Softww	97.008	-	4,218
Mass Care Sheltering Supplies	97.008	-	9,841
UASI-Function'l Need Comm Supp UASI FFY15 Emg Planners	97.008 97.008	-	558 20,076
SHSP RESP FFY15	97.008 97.008	<u>-</u>	20,076 7,827
UASI LAW FFY15	97.008	_	24,356
UASI HAZM FFY15	97.008	<u>-</u>	10,707
UASI-MCCV FFY15	97.008	-	14,558
			, -

	Federal CFDA	Pass-through to	
Federal Grantor/Program Title	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
UASI ENS FFY15	97.008		40,720
Adult Drug Court FY12	16.738	-	21,560
Drug Court FY15	16.740	-	7,794
Drug Disposal FY16	93.243	-	162
Immigration & Custom Enforcement (ICE)	16.590		3,487
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			381,933
U.S. Department of Agriculture Aging Commodities			
USDA	10.568		36,740
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			36,740
U.S. Department of Energy			
Passed Through State Department of Human Resources			
Weatherization EmPower	81.042	-	12,982
Weatherization FY15	81.042	-	438
Weatherization Admin FY15	81.042		(1,128)
Total U.S. Department of Energy			12,292
U.S. Department of Justice Passed Through			
The Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention			
Adventure Diversion Prog FY16	16.523	86,749	86,749
Natl Network Children Advocacy Ctr FY16	16.582	-	8,186
VAWA FY15 State's Atty	16.588	-	13,668
VAWA FY16 State's Atty	16.588	-	41,590
VAWA FY16 Sheriff	16.588		15,000
Total of U.S. Department of Justice NNC		86,749	165,193
Federal Aviation Administration			
Airport Improvement Program:			
AP Master Plan Study Phase 1	20.106	-	13,500
Conduct Enviromental Assessment Study	20.106		152,160
Total Federal Aviation Administration			165,660
Total Federal Programs	s	\$ 1,064,215	\$ 11,168,426

### Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2016

### Note 1 - Basis of presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Carroll County, Maryland under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in OMB Circular A-87 for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments or cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Carroll County, Maryland, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the Carroll County, Maryland.

### Note 2 - Summary of significant accounting policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Grant revenues are recorded for financial reporting purpose when expenditures are made in accordance with requirements of respective grants. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### Note 3 - Indirect cost rate

Carroll County, Maryland has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2016

## I. Summary of Independent Auditor's Results

### **Financial Statements** Type of Auditor's report issued: \_\_<u>X</u>\_\_\_ Yes Material weakness(es) identified? \_\_\_\_ No Significant deficiency (ies) identified? \_\_\_\_\_ Yes \_\_\_X\_ None Reported Noncompliance material to financial \_\_\_\_\_ Yes statements noted? \_\_\_X\_\_ No **Federal Awards** Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? \_\_\_\_\_ Yes \_\_\_X\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_ Yes \_\_\_X\_ None Reported Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance \_\_\_\_\_ Yes X No **Identification of Major Programs** Fiscal Year 06/30/2016 Expenditures Name of Federal Program or Cluster **CFDA Number** Housing Choice Voucher (HCVP) Cluster \$ 5,447,271 14.871 Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee? \_\_X\_\_\_ Yes \_\_\_\_ No

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2016

### II. Financial Statement Findings

Finding No. 2016 - 001

#### **Material Weakness**

#### Condition/Context

The June 30, 2016, financial statements of the County reflect prior period adjustments pertaining to improper recording of revenue in the below-listed governmental funds and governmental activities. The effect of the adjustments is summarized below.

Grants Fund Increase fund balance by \$1,770,272

Increase fund balance by \$655,477 and an unrelated

Capital Fund offsetting decrease of fund balance by \$303,003

General Fund Increase of fund balance of \$244,767

The above adjustments to governmental funds of \$2,367,513 also increase net position of the governmental activities by that amount.

#### Criteria

COSO/Internal Control Framework defines control activities as "policies and procedures that help to ensure management's directives are carried out. "Management review controls are defined as, "the activities of a person, different than the preparer, through analyzing and performing oversight activities performed, and is an integral part of any internal control structure." COSO/Internal Control Framework state that control activities must be in place for there to be adequate internal control procedures over financial reporting. Furthermore, these control activities should be performed timely to ensure financial transactions are recorded in the correct reporting period in compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and the standards set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

#### Cause

The errors were due to amounts being improperly recorded as unearned revenue based on an improper understanding of the sources and uses of grant funds caused by an inefficient decentralization of grant administration. The employees responsible for understanding the grant terms are segregated from those responsible for proposing and approving revenue recognition related entries.

#### Effect

A prior period restatement was recorded to correct the error.

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### Recommendations

We recommend that the County ensure the individuals responsible for proposing and approving journal entries have a working understanding of the terms of the agreements that impact revenue recognition. Additionally, we recommend the County's accounting function review reconciliations of each grant at least quarterly to ensure all sources and uses recorded to the grant within the financial system are consistent with external reporting to grantor agencies which is performed by various departments of the County. In order to fulfill these recommendations, the County should consider identifying one position whose roles include understanding the terms of the grant agreements, review quarterly reconciliations of each grant against the financial system and being responsible for proposing yearend revenue recognition entries.

#### Views of the Responsible Officials and Corrective Action Plan

The County has identified staff to work with the grants manager to review grant agreements and understand the terms of these agreements, reconcile the grants quarterly against the financial system, and make sure revenue is recognized properly at year-end.

#### Finding No. 2016 - 002

#### **Material Weakness**

#### Condition/Context

There were prior period adjustments related to improper fund classification. The effect of the adjustments to the following governmental funds and governmental activities is summarized below.

Agricultural Transfer Fund Decrease fund balance by

\$481,181 for activities that did not qualify as a special revenue fund.

Impact Fee Fund Decrease fund balance by

\$467,479 for activities that did not qualify as a special revenue fund.

Capital Fund Increase fund balance by \$481,181

related to the agricultural transfer tax noted above. The \$467,479 related to the impact fees should have been reported as unearned revenue resulting

in no charge to fund balance.

Agency Fund Decrease in Assets and Liabilities

of \$396,876 for balances that did not qualify as an agency fund. This is now properly accounted for within the

general fund.

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### Criteria

COSO/Internal Control Framework defines control activities as "policies and procedures that help to ensure management's directives are carried out." Management review controls are defined as, "the activities of a person, different than the preparer, through analyzing and performing oversight activities performed, and is an integral part of any internal control structure." COSO/Internal Control Framework state that control activities must be in place for there to be adequate internal control procedures over financial reporting. Furthermore, these control activities should be performed timely to ensure financial transactions are recorded in the correct reporting period in compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and the standards set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

#### Cause

The errors were due to initial improper fund classification. The impact fee and agricultural transfer tax funds did not meet the definition of a special revenue fund since their intended purpose was to fund certain capital projects. The Carroll County drug task force, Sheriff's Department and law enforcement activities agency funds did not meet the definition of an agency fund as the County was not holding funds in a purely custodial nature for a third party. The County did not perform and document an annual review of fund classifications to ensure each fund met their respective definitions per GASB 54.

#### **Effect**

A prior period restatement was recorded to correct the error.

#### Recommendations

We recommend that when the County establishes a new fund that a review is performed and documented to ensure that the fund meets the definition as prescribed by the GASB for appropriate fund presentation and classification. We also recommend the County review and document their review of the fund classifications annually to ensure each fund continues to meet the definitions of the fund type.

### Views of the Responsible Officials and Corrective Action Plan

The County agrees with the finding and has recorded a prior period adjustment to restate the fund classifications. The County has established a plan that GASB Standards will be applied to all new funds created in the future and all funds will be reviewed annually to ensure compliance.

#### III. Major Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

### Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2016

### Finding No. 2015-001

#### Condition

A prior period restatement was necessary to correctly record assets placed into service in prior years. The effect of the adjustment was an increase in Capital Assets to Governmental Activities of \$3,343,980 and to Business type Activities of \$7,697,795 with a corresponding increase to Net Position, Net Invested in Capital Assets, for the respective amounts.

#### Criteria

COSO/Internal Control Framework defines control activities as "policies and procedures that help to ensure management's directives are carried out." Management review controls are defined as, "the activities of a person, different than the preparer, through analyzing and performing oversight activities performed, and is an integral part of any internal control structure." COSO/Internal Control Framework state that control activities must be in place for there to be adequate internal control procedures over financial reporting. Furthermore, these control activities should be performed timely to ensure financial transactions are recorded in the correct reporting period in compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and the standards set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

#### Status

Management has satisfactorily addressed all findings noted

#### Finding No. 2015-002

#### Condition

For 1 of 1 subrecipients selected for audit testing, at the time the subaward was made, the County's Department of Citizen Services did not identify the CFDA title and number, award number, and name of Federal awarding agency.

#### Criteria

According to OMB Circular A-133, at the time of the subaward, the pass through entity is responsible for identifying to the subrecipient the Federal award information (i.e., CFDA title and number; award name and number; if the award is research and development; and name of Federal awarding agency) and applicable compliance requirements.

#### Status

Management has satisfactorily addressed all findings noted.

### Finding No. 2015-003

#### Condition

A sample of 40 files tested for failed inspection purposes found 1 file which documented the County's Bureau of Housing did not take prompt and vigorous action to enforce family obligations for family caused defects. The unit in question did not pass inspection until 27 days after the required corrective period.

### Criteria

24 CFR 982.158(d) and 982.404 state that for units under HAP contract that fail to meet HQS, the PHA must require the owner to correct any life threatening HQS deficiencies within 24 hours after the inspection and all other HQS deficiencies within 30 calendar days or within a specified PHA-approved extension. If the owner does not correct the cited HQS

### Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2016

deficiencies within the specified correction period, the PHA must stop (abate) HAP beginning no later than the first of the month following the specified correction period or must terminate the HAP contract. The owner is not responsible for a breach of HQS as a result of the family's failure to pay for utilities for which the family is responsible under the lease or for tenant damage. For family-caused defects, if the family does not correct the cited HQS deficiencies within the specified correction period, the PHA must take prompt and vigorous action to enforce the family obligations.

#### Status

Management has satisfactorily addressed all findings noted.



## Department of the Comptroller

Carroll County Government 225 North Center Street Westminster, Maryland